

Statistical Bulletin

Transport Series

Trn / 2011 / 1

20 June 2012



Key Reported Road Casualties Scotland 2011

This bulletin presents *provisional* statistics of reported injury road accidents (i.e. road accidents reported to the police in which one or more people were killed or injured) in Scotland in 2011. Final figures will be published in October 2012.

1. Main Points

- 1.1 There were a total of **12,763** road casualties reported in 2011, (575 or 4% fewer than 2010), the lowest figure recorded. Of which there were:
 - **186 fatalities**: 22 (or 11%) fewer than 2010
 - 1,873 seriously injured: 95 (or 5%) less than 2010
 - **10,704 slightly** injured: 458 (or 4%) fewer than 2010

[Table 2]

- 1.2 In 2011 there were 1,315 child casualties reported, 63 (5%) fewer than in 2010. This included **7** fatalities, of which 5 were passengers in cars. **[Table 4]** This is an increase of 3 from last year but conclusions on trend cannot be made from a single years data as the numbers are small and fluctuate from year to year. Trends using a three year average to smooth out fluctuations are included in Table 7.
- 1.3 In 2011 there were:
 - 7,768 car users injured (-6% on 2010); including 89 fatalities (-15% on 2010).
 - 2,057 pedestrian casualties (+2% on 2010); incl. 43 fatalities (4 less than 2010).
 - 807 motorcyclist casualties (-4%); including 33 fatalities (2 less than 2010)
 - 824 pedal cyclist casualties (+6%); including 7 fatalities (the same as 2010)
 - 502 bus and coach user casualties in 2011 (7% lower than 2010). [Table 3] These figures take no account of changes in modal choice so changes could be because more or less people are travelling by a particular mode.
- 1.4 **Male** road casualties fell by 3 per cent (to 7,293 in 2011), with fatalities falling by 5 per cent (to 139). **Female** road casualties fell by 6 per cent (to 5,463) with fatalities falling by 24 per cent (to 47). 18 per cent (2,239) of all casualties were aged 16–22, of which 1,273 were male (10% of all casualties) and 1,032 were female (8% of all casualties). [**Table 12**]
- 1.5 There are 5 national **targets** for casualty reductions by 2020 a reduction compared to the baseline has been achieved in each case:
 - 186 people were killed in 2011, 36 per cent below the 2004-08 baseline average level (target of 40%). This updates National Indicator 32 to reduce deaths on Scotland's roads.
 - 1,873 people were seriously injured in 2011, 28 per cent below the 2004-08 baseline average level (target of 55%)
 - On average 5 children were killed between 2009 and 2011: 65 per cent below the 2004-08 average (target of 50%).
 - 203 children were seriously injured in 2011: 38 per cent below the 2004-08 average (target of 65%).

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2. Background

- 2.1 This bulletin presents *provisional* statistics of reported injury road accidents (i.e. road accidents in which one or more people were killed or injured) in Scotland in 2011. These figures were extracted from the Transport Scotland's reported road accident statistical database on 23 May 2012. Final 2011 figures will appear in *Reported Road Casualties Scotland 2011* and may differ slightly due to late returns and amendments. For similar reasons, the figures given here for 2010 and earlier years may differ slightly from those published previously.
- 2.2 The statistics are the numbers of injury road accidents which were **reported by the police**. Each accident is classified according to the severity of its most seriously injured casualty. Very few, if any, fatal accidents do not become known to the police. However, there could be many non-fatal injury accidents which are *not* reported by the public to the police, and are therefore *not* counted in these statistics because the police can only report accidents of which they are aware. Transport Scotland are looking at alternative data sources to estimate the levels of under reporting.
- 2.3 The Scottish Road Safety Framework published on 15 June 2009, outlined Scottish specific 2020 targets. The **casualty reduction targets** for 2020 are described in section 10.4. Progress towards them is covered in section 8, tables 5 to 9 and the charts on page 11.
- 2.4 Key Reported Road Casualties Scotland 2011 is one of a series of Transport Statistics publications, most of which focus on particular aspects of transport and cover them in depth. A comprehensive statistical picture of transport activity is given in the compendium Scottish Transport Statistics volume, the Transport and Travel in Scotland bulletin and the Key Transport Statistics card. Key Reported Road Casualties Scotland 2011 is followed in October by Reported Road Casualties Scotland, a volume which includes extensive analyses of the numbers of accidents, vehicles and casualties.

http://www.transportscotland.gov.uk/analysis/statistics/publications

2.5 We welcome comments and feedback on these statistics.

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3. Reported numbers of Accidents (Table 1)

3.1 Table 1 shows the downward trend of injury road **accidents** recorded by the police since 1989. In 2011, there were 9,969 accidents in which someone was killed or injured, 3 per cent fewer than in 2010. There were 176 fatal accidents in 2011 13 (7%) fewer than in 2010 and the lowest number since records of fatal accidents began in 1970. In 2011, there were 1,669 serious injury accidents - a decrease of 43 (3%) on 2010 - and 8,124 slight injury accidents reported in 2011 - 3 per cent fewer than 2010 - the lowest since current records began.

Table 1: Injury Road Accidents by Severity, 1970 - 2011

-			Fatal		
	Fatal	Serious	and	Slight	All
-			Serious		Severities
1970	758	7,860	8,618	13,515	22,133
1975	699	6,912	7,611	13,041	20,652
1980	644	7,218	7,862	13,926	21,788
1985	550	6,507	7,057	13,587	20,644
1990	491	5,237	5,728	14,443	20,171
1996	316	3,315	3,631	12,442	16,073
1997	340	3,312	3,652	12,994	16,646
1998	339	3,318	3,657	12,862	16,519
1999	285	3,209	3,494	11,921	15,415
2000	297	3,007	3,304	11,828	15,132
2001	309	2,840	3,149	11,575	14,724
2002	274	2,684	2,958	11,385	14,343
2003	301	2,495	2,796	11,121	13,917
2004	283	2,331	2,614	11,305	13,919
2005	264	2,252	2,516	10,922	13,438
2006	293	2,257	2,550	10,560	13,110
2007	255	2,049	2,304	10,202	12,506
2008	245	2,242	2,487	9,671	12,158
2009	196	1,998	2,194	9,362	11,556
2010	189	1,712	1,901	8,394	10,295
2011 prov.	176	1,669	1,845	8,124	9,969

Accidents can involve more than one casualty; casualty numbers are presented in table 2.

4. Reported numbers of Casualties by Severity (Table 2)

- 4.1 In 2011, 186 people were **killed** in road accidents in Scotland, 22 (11%) fewer than 2010 and the lowest since current records began more than 60 years ago. Since 1978, there has been a clear, steady long-term downward trend. More recent years' figures appear to have been fluctuating around a less pronounced downward trend.
- 4.2 In 2011 there were 1,873 **seriously injured** in road accidents: 95 (5%) less than in 2010 and the lowest since records started in 1950. The long-term trend, has generally been downward since the early 1980s.
- 4.3 There were 10,704 people reported as **slightly injured** in 2011 which was 458 (4%) fewer than in 2010. This is the lowest number recorded. Between 1970 and the late 1990s, the figures fluctuated between 17,000 and 21,000. However, the reductions in figures every year since 1997 suggest a clear downward trend.

Table 2: Casualties by Severity, 1950 - 2011

	Killed	Serious	Killed and	Slight	All
		injury	Serious	injury	Severities
1950	529	4,553	5,082	10,774	15,856
1955	610	5,096	5,706	15,193	20,899
1960	648	6,632	7,280	19,035	26,315
1965	743	8,744	9,487	22,340	31,827
1970	815	10,027	10,842	20,398	31,240
1975	769	8,779	9,548	19,073	28,621
1980	700	8,839	9,539	19,747	29,286
1985	602	7,786	8,388	18,899	27,287
1986	601	7,422	8,023	18,094	26,117
1987	556	6,707	7,263	17,485	24,748
1988	554	6,732	7,286	18,139	25,425
1989	553	6,998	7,551	19,981	27,532
1990	546	6,252	6,798	20,430	27,228
1991	491	5,638	6,129	19,217	25,346
1992	463	5,176	5,639	18,534	24,173
1993	399	4,454	4,853	17,561	22,414
1994	363	5,208	5,571	17,002	22,573
1995	409	4,930	5,339	16,855	22,194
1996	357	4,041	4,398	17,318	21,716
1997	377	4,047	4,424	18,205	22,629
1998	385	4,072	4,457	18,010	22,467
1999	310	3,765	4,075	16,927	21,002
2000	326	3,568	3,894	16,624	20,518
2001	348	3,410	3,758	16,153	19,911
2002	304	3,229	3,533	15,742	19,275
2003	336	2,957	3,293	15,463	18,756
2004	308	2,766	3,074	15,428	18,502
2005	286	2,666	2,952	14,933	17,885
2006	314	2,635	2,949	14,320	17,269
2007	281	2,385	2,666	13,572	16,238
2008	270	2,575	2,845	12,746	15,591
2009	216	2,287	2,503	12,541	15,044
2010	208	1,968	2,176	11,162	13,338
2011 prov.	186	1,873	2,059	10,704	12,763
1994 - 1998 average	378	4,460	4,838	17,478	22,316
2004 - 2008 average	292	2,605	2,897	14,200	17,097
2007 - 2011 average	232	2,218	2,450	12,145	14,595
2011 percentage change:					
on 2010	-11%	-5%	-5%	-4%	-4%
on 04-08 average	-36%	-28%	-29%	-25%	-25%
on 94-98 average	-51%	-58%	-57%	-39%	-43%

^{1.} Figures for 2010 and earlier years may differ slightly to those previously published due to late returns, or corrections to earlier returns.

2. Although regular records of the numbers of casualties began in 1947, the level of severity was only collected from 1950 and the number of injury road accidents weren't collected until 1970.

^{4.4} There were a total of 12,763 casualties (of all severities) reported in 2011: 575 (4%) lower than in 2010 and the lowest number recorded. Between around 1970 and 1990, the figures fluctuated around a general downward trend, with numbers falling from the short-term peak in 1989 & 1990 (of over 27,000). Since 1998, there has been a consistent reduction every year, with numbers dropping below 20,000 in 2001 - the first for almost 50 years.

Figure 1: Killed from 1950 to 2011

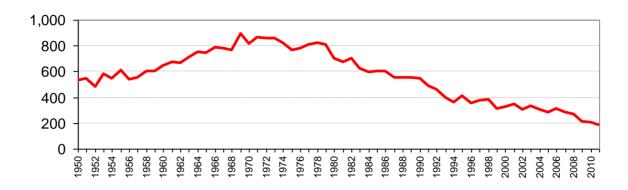
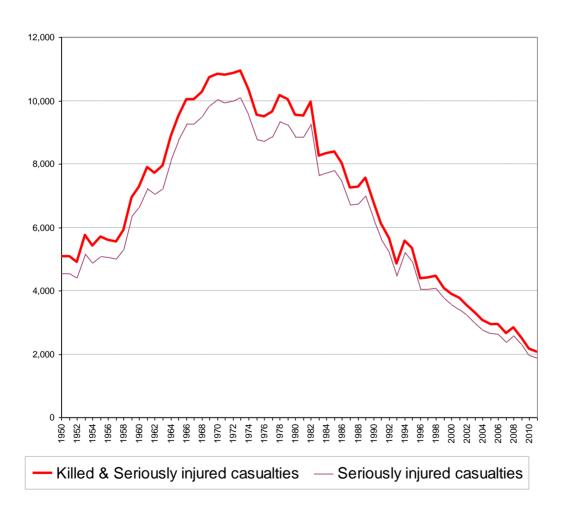


Figure 2: Killed & Seriously injured casualties and Seriously injured casualties, 1950 - 2011



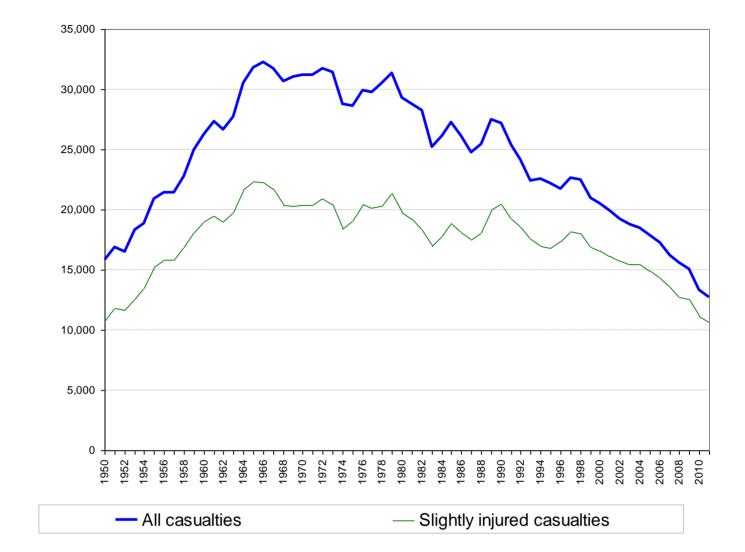


Figure 3: All casualties and Slightly injured casualties, 1950 - 2011

5. Casualties by Type of Road (Table 3)

- 5.1 In 2011, **non built-up roads** (defined in section 10.3) accounted for two-fifths of the total number of reported casualties (40%: 5,095 out of 12,763). However, they accounted for two thirds of those killed (66%: 122 out of 186) and almost a half of the total number of killed and seriously injured combined (48%: 997 out of 2,059). This will be at least in part due to the higher average speed as non built-up roads are those with a speed limit of greater than 40 mph.
- 5.2 Compared with the 2004-08 average, there's been a greater reduction in casualties on **non built-up roads** (29%) than built-up roads (22%). The reduction in non built-up roads fatalities was also greater at 42 per cent (non built up) and 22 per cent (built-up). Non built-up roads also had a greater reduction in those seriously injured (33% vs. 24%).

Table 3: Casualties by built-up and non built-up roads, mode of transport and severity, 2009-2011 & 2004-08 average

Pedestrian 2004-08 average 2009 2010 2011 prov. % change on 2010 on 04-08 average	46 33 33	Serious 609	All	Killed	Serious	All	Killed	Serious	
2004-08 average 2009 2010 2011 prov. % change on 2010	33	609							
2004-08 average 2009 2010 2011 prov. % change on 2010	33	609							
2009 2010 2011 <i>prov.</i> % change on 2010	33	609							
2010 2011 <i>prov.</i> % change on 2010			2,723	18	47	133	65	656	2,8
2010 2011 <i>prov.</i> % change on 2010									
2011 <i>prov.</i> % change on 2010	33	481	2,107	14	28	92	47	509	2,1
% change on 2010		432	1,912	14	25	102	47	457	2,0
S	35	476	1,955	8	36	102	43	512	2,0
on 04-08 average	*	10%	2%	*	*	0%	*	12%	2
	*	-22%	-28%	*	*	-23%	-33%	-22%	-28
Pedal cycle									
2004-08 average	5	111	673	4	23	83	9	134	7
2004 00 average	J		010	7	20	00		104	•
2009	3	123	704	2	29	100	5	152	8
2010	1	115	688	6	23	93	7	138	7
2011 <i>prov</i> .	3	120	733	4	36	91	7	156	8
% change on 2010	*	4%	7%	*	*	-2%	*	13%	(
on 04-08 average	*			*	*		*		ç
on 04-06 average		8%	9%			9%		16%	,
Motor cycle									
2004-08 average	6	159	561	36	212	489	42	371	1,0
	_				= - /				
2009	8	121	499	35	211	522	43	332	1,0
2010	6	122	400	29	197	445	35	319	8
2011 <i>prov</i> .	9	113	426	24	179	381	33	292	8
% change on 2010	*	-7%	7%	*	-9%	-14%	*	-8%	-4
on 04-08 average	*	-29%	-24%	*	-15%	-22%	*	-21%	-23
_									
Car	04	227	4.700	4.44	000	E 044	400	4.050	40.0
2004-08 average	21	337	4,762	141	920	5,844	162	1,258	10,6
2009	18	293	4,249	98	842	5,331	116	1,135	9,5
2010	15	233	3,864	90	669	4,436	105	902	8,3
2011 <i>prov.</i>	12	208	3,757	77	548	4,011	89	756	7,7
% change on 2010	*	-11%	-3%	-14%	-18%	-10%	-15%	-16%	-6
on 04-08 average	*	-38%	-21%	-45%	-40%	-31%	-45%	-40%	-27
Bus/Coach									
2004-08 average	0	50	669	0	5	80	1	55	7
Ŭ									
2009	0	32	430	0	4	43	0	36	4
2010	0	39	416	1	13	124	1	52	5
2011 <i>prov.</i>	1	45	410	0	5	92	1	50	5
% change on 2010	*	*	-1%	*	*	-26%	*	-4%	-7
on 04-08 average	*	*	-39%	*	*	16%	*	-9%	-33
ŭ			- · ·					2.3	
Other modes of transpo		. =		. =	= =	-		. = =	
2004-08 average	4	42	489	10	90	591	14	132	1,0
2009	1	32	435	4	91	532	5	123	9
2010	4	31	401	9	69	457	13	100	8
2011 <i>prov.</i>	4	36	387	9	71	418	13	107	8
	4 *	30 *		9 *			*		
% change on 2010		*	-3%	*	3%	-9%		7%	-(
on 04-08 average	*	*	-21%	*	-21%	-29%	*	-19%	-2
All casualties									
2004-08 average	82	1,309	9,877	209	1,297	7,220	292	2,605	17,0
ŭ		•						•	•
2009	63	1,082	8,424	153	1,205	6,620	216	2,287	15,0
2010	59	972	7,681	149	996	5,657	208	1,968	13,3
2011 <i>prov.</i>	64	998	7,668	122	875	5,095	186	1,873	12,7
% change on 2010	8%	3%	0%	-18%	-12%	-10%	-11%	-5%	
on 04-08 average	-22%	-24%	-22%	-42%	-33%	-29%	-36%	-28%	-2

Figures for 2010 and earlier years may differ slightly to those previously published due to late returns, or corrections to earlier returns.

^{*} indicates that a percentage change is not shown because the denominator is 50 or fewer.

6. Casualties by Mode of Transport (Table 3)

- 6.1 Figures on numbers of casualties by mode should be compared with data on mode use, for example as published in the road traffic or personal travel sections of Scottish Transport Statistics. Traffic estimates in table 5.2 show car traffic volumes fell by 3 per cent between 2007 and 2010. Over the same period cycling volumes increased by 24 per cent. Data for 2011 will be published in August as part of Transport and Travel in Scotland.
- 6.2 In 2011 there were 7,768 **car users** reported injured in road accidents; almost two thirds of all casualties (61%: 7,768 out of 12,763) and a 6 per cent fall on 2010. Of these, of 89 were killed and 756 seriously injured (decreases of 15% and 16% on 2010 respectively). Non built-up roads accounted for over half of all car user casualties (52%: 4,011 out of 7,768) but a much higher percentage of car user fatalities (87%: 77 out of 89) or those seriously injured (72%: 548 out of 756). Again likely due to higher average speeds on these types of roads.
- 6.3 There were 2,057 **pedestrian** casualties recorded in 2011: a sixth of all casualties (16%: 2,057 out of 12,763). Perhaps because of the greater vulnerability of pedestrians, 2 per cent of pedestrian casualties were killed (43 out of 2,057) and 25 per cent seriously injured (512 out of 2,057). On the other hand 1 per cent of all car users were killed (89 out of 7,768) and 10 per cent were seriously injured (756 out of 7,768). 95 per cent of pedestrian casualties occurred on **built-up** roads (1,955 out of 2,057). 35 per cent of pedestrian casualties on **non built-up** roads were seriously injured (36 out of 102) compared with 24 per cent on built-up roads (476 out of 1,955).
- Together, **all other modes of transport** accounted for a fifth (23%) of casualties in 2011 (2,938 out of 12,763) and for a roughly similar proportion of the total number of seriously injured (32%: 605 out of 1,873). In 2011, 807 **motor cycle** casualties were reported (4% fewer than 2010), of whom 292 (36%) suffered serious injuries (33 died). There were 824 **pedal cyclist** casualties recorded in 2011, 6 per cent more than in 2010. 156 (19%) of them were seriously injured (7 died). A total of 502 **bus and coach** users were reported injured, of whom 50 were seriously injured (one died) these low proportions presumably being due to the greater protection of their passengers by buses and coaches. The number of bus and coach user casualties fell by 7 per cent in 2011.

7. Child Casualties (Table 4)

- 7.1 There were 1,315 **child** casualties reported in 2011 representing 10 per cent of all casualties (1,315 out of 12,763) and a reduction of 63 (or 5%) on 2010. Of these, 203 were seriously injured and 7 died, 5 of the deaths were as passengers in cars. This was 3 more deaths than in 2010 but the numbers of fatalities are small, so care should be taken when drawing conclusions from year on year changes and trends should be looked at over the longer term. The three year average used to monitor progress against the Road Safety Framework targets shows individual years as fluctuatiing around the longer term trend.
- 7.2 There were 645 child **pedestrian** casualties recorded in 2011. They accounted for 31 per cent of all pedestrian casualties of all ages (645 out of 2,057). Of the child pedestrian casualties, 139 were seriously injured (2 died). The number killed was one more than in 2010 and the number of seriously injured was 11 less than in 2010.
- 7.3 In 2011, there were 460 child casualties in **cars**, 6 per cent of all car user casualties (460 out of 7,768). Of the child casualties in cars, 34 were seriously injured (5 died): a fall of 6 serious and 4 more killed than in 2010. In 2011, there were 135 child **pedal cycle** casualties (16% of the total of 824 pedal cycle casualties of all ages), 53 child **bus and coach** user casualties (11% of the total of 502 of all ages) and 22 other child casualties. The child pedal cycle casualties included 23 who were seriously injured (none died).

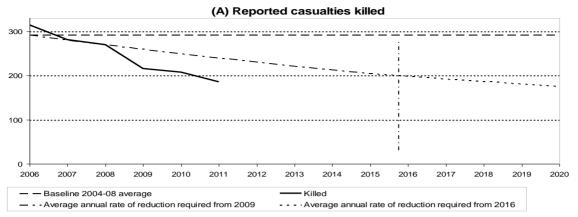
Table 4: Child casualties by built-up and non built-up roads, mode of transport and severity, 2008-2010 & 2004-08 average

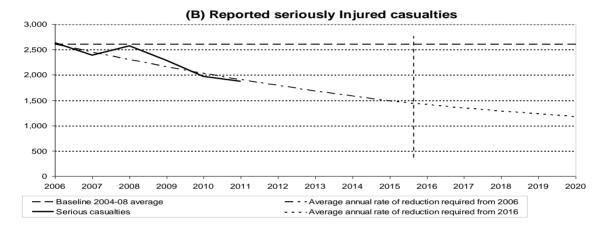
Mode of	Bı	uilt-up roads	S	Non	built-up roa	ıds	All	roads	
Transport	Killed	Serious	All	Killed	Serious	All	Killed	Serious	Al
5 1 4 2									
Pedestrian		c · -	070	_	_	0.4	_	0.10	
2004-08 average	4	210	976	2	9	21	6	218	997
2009	1	147	660	0	8	14	1	155	674
2010	1	146	635	0	4	8	1	150	643
2011 <i>prov.</i>	2	135	630	0	4	15	2	139	645
% change on 2010	*	-8%	-1%	*	*	*	*	-7%	0%
on 04-08 average	*	-36%	-35%	*	*	*	*	-36%	-35%
Pedal cycle									
2004-08 average	2	27	194	1	2	9	2	29	203
2009	1	25	142	0	1	6	1	26	148
2010	1	22	137	0	1	9	1	23	146
2011 <i>prov.</i>	0	21	130	0	2	5	0	23	13
% change on 2010	*	*	-5%	*	*	*	*	*	-8%
on 04-08 average	*	*	-33%	*	*	*	*	*	-33%
Car									
2004-08 average	1	18	316	6	44	353	6	62	670
2009	0	22	258	3	40	290	3	62	548
2010	1	13	233	0	27	272	1	40	505
2011 prov.	1	8	204	4	26	256	5	34	460
% change on 2010	*	*	-12%	*	*	-6%	*	*	-9%
on 04-08 average	*	*	-35%	*	*	-28%	*	-45%	-31%
Bus/Coach									
2004-08 average	0	3	68	0	0	20	0	3	88
2009	0	2	44	0	0	9	0	2	53
2010	0	4	44	0	3	10	0	7	54
2011 prov.	0	3	42	0	1	11	0	4	53
% change on 2010	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	-2%
on 04-08 average	*	*	-38%	*	*	*	*	*	-39%
Other									
2004-08 average	1	9	39	0	3	23	1	13	62
2009	0	5	21	0	3	29	0	8	50
2010	0	3	25	1	0	5	1	3	30
2011 prov.	0	3	19	0	0	3	0	3	22
% change on 2010	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
on 04-08 average	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	-64%
All child casualties									
2004-08 average	7	267	1,593	8	59	426	15	325	2,019
2009	2	201	1,125	3	52	348	5	253	1,47
2010	3	188	1,074	1	35	304	4	223	1,378
2011 <i>prov</i> .	3	170	1,025	4	33	290	7	203	1,31
% change on 2010	*	-10%	-5%	*	*	-5%	*	-9%	-5%
on 04-08 average	*	-36%	-36%	*	-44%	-32%	*	-38%	-35%

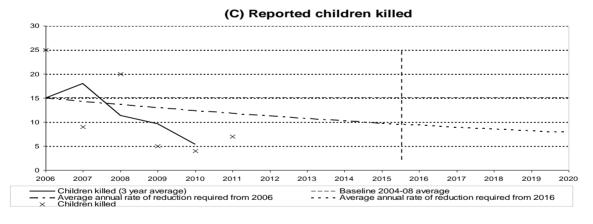
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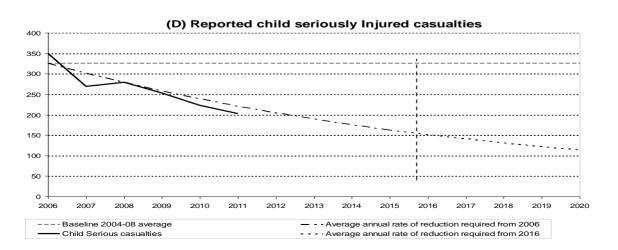
^{2 *} indicates that a percentage change is not shown because the denominator is 50 or fewer.

Figure 4: Progress towards the 2020 casualty reduction targets









8. Progress towards the casualty reduction targets for 2020 (Tables 5-9)

Target: 40% reduction in those killed by 2020

8.1 There were 186 people killed in 2011, **36 per cent** below the 2004-08 baseline average level. Section 10.5 shows the relevant "indicative line" figure for 2011 (the reduction needed to achieve the 2020 target by means of a constant annual percentage reduction) is 18 per cent below the 2004-08 baseline average. *Table 5* shows that the reduction required for people killed has exceeded this for cars.

Table 5: People killed by mode of transport, 1994 – 2011

	Pede-	Pedal	Motor	Car	Bus/	Goods ¹	Other ²	All road
	strian	cycle	cycle		coach			users
1994-98 ave	104	11	31	209	3	15	5	378
1994	111	5	24	197	9	14	3	363
1995	121	11	33	221	1	19	3	409
1996	106	15	29	185	3	14	5	357
1997	87	9	37	219	2	16	7	377
1998	96	13	33	223	1	13	6	385
1999	89	8	30	169	1	11	2	310
2000	72	12	40	182	1	15	4	326
2001	76	10	49	194	0	14	5	348
2002	73	8	46	154	0	21	2	304
2003	63	14	50	189	1	14	5	336
2004	76	7	42	167	3	12	1	308
2005	66	16	34	153	0	15	2	286
2006	61	10	58	175	0	8	2	314
2007	60	4	40	160	0	15	2	281
2008	60	9	34	153	1	8	5	270
2009	47	5	43	116	0	5	0	216
2010	47	7	35	105	1	8	5	208
2011 <i>prov.</i>	43	7	33	89	1	9	4	186
2004-08 average	65	9	42	162	1	12	2	292
2007-11 average	51	6	37	125	1	9	3	232
2007 Travolago	01	Ü	07	120	•	Ü	Ö	202
Numbers in 2011 implied by target	53	8	34	133	1	10	2	239
2011 % change:	*	*	*	-15%	*	*	*	-11%
on 2010								
on 04-08 ave	-33%	*	*	-45%	*	*	*	-36%

 $^{^{\}star}\,$ A percentage change is not shown if the denominator is $\,$ 50 or fewer.

^{1.} Light goods vehicles and heavy goods vehicles.

^{2.} Taxis, minibuses and other modes of transport.

Target: 55% reduction in those seriously injured by 2020

8.2 There were 1,873 serious injuries in 2011, 28 per cent below the 2004-08 baseline level. Two fifths of the 1,873 people who were reported as seriously injured in 2011 were **car users**. The 2011 figure for serious car casualties (756) was 40 per cent below the 2004-08 average. There were 512 seriously injured **pedestrians** reported in 2011, 22 per cent fewer than the 2004-08 average. **Goods vehicle** serious casualties were 23 per cent lower and **motorcycle** serious casualties were 21 per cent lower. Serious casualties were smaller for the remaining categories of road user (**pedal cyclists**: 16; **bus/coach** users: 9; and others: 13).

Table 6: People seriously injured by mode of transport, 1994 – 2011

	Pede-	Pedal	Motor	Car	Bus/	Goods ¹	Other ²	All road
	strian	cycle	cycle		coach			users
1994-98 ave	1,272	238	324	2,292	93	156	84	4,464
1994	1,536	311	329	2,607	141	197	87	5,208
1995	1,466	281	362	2,432	104	192	93	4,930
1996	1,173	201	271	2,108	93	123	72	4,041
1997	1,124	201	321	2,146	53	120	82	4,047
1998	1,060	197	338	2,167	75	150	85	4,072
1999	1,054	181	401	1,835	82	133	79	3,765
2000	925	164	435	1,796	79	106	63	3,568
2001	842	161	405	1,758	62	115	67	3,410
2002	820	144	410	1,628	59	120	48	3,229
2003	712	125	367	1,511	69	114	59	2,957
2004	674	121	353	1,414	63	83	58	2,766
2005	677	116	371	1,304	63	83	52	2,666
2006	688	131	352	1,258	57	91	58	2,635
2007	594	147	381	1,110	33	87	33	2,385
2008	645	155	396	1,203	59	65	52	2,575
2009	509	152	332	1,135	36	73	50	2,287
2010	457	138	319	902	52	60	40	1,968
2011 <i>prov.</i>	512	156	292	756	50	63	44	1,873
2004-08 average	656	134	371	1,258	55	82	51	2,605
2007-11 average	543	150	344	1,021	46	70	44	2,218
Numbers in 2011 implied by target	480	98	271	921	40	60	37	1,907
2011 % change: on 2010	12%	13%	-8%	-16%	-4%	5%	*	-5%
on 04-08 ave	-22%	-16%	-21%	-40%	-9%	-23%	-13%	-28%

^{*} A percentage change is not shown if the denominator is 50 or fewer.

^{1.} Light goods vehicles and heavy goods vehicles.

^{2.} Taxis, minibuses and other modes of transport.

Target: 50% reduction in children killed by 2020

8.3 Five of the seven children who were killed in 2011 were in cars and the other two were pedestrians. Due to small numbers and year to year fluctuations this target is measured using a three year average. An average of 5 children a year were killed in the 2009-2011 period, 65 per cent below the 2004-2008 baseline.

Table 7: Children killed by mode of transport, 1994 - 2011

	Pede-	Pedal	Motor	Car	Bus/	Goods ¹	Other ²	All road	3 year
	strian	cycle	cycle		coach			users	Average ³
1994-98 ave	17	3	0	8	1	0	0	30	
1994	18	4	1	10	4	-	-	37	
1995	16	3	-	11	-	-	-	30	31
1996	16	6	1	3	1	-	-	27	28
1997	15	1	-	9	-	1	-	26	28
1998	18	3	-	9	1	-	1	32	28
1999	17	1	-	6	-	-	1	25	26
2000	13	4	-	4	-	-	-	21	22
2001	14	4	-	2	-	-	-	20	18
2002	12	-	-	2	-	-	-	14	17
2003	5	2	-	10	-	-	-	17	14
2004	8	-	1	3	-	-	-	12	13
2005	5	4	-	1	-	-	1	11	16
2006	9	5	-	10	-	1	-	25	15
2007	4	1	-	4	-	-	-	9	18
2008	4	2	1	13	-	-	-	20	11
2009	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	5	10
2010	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	4	5
2011 <i>prov</i> .	2	-	-	5	-	-	-	7	
2004-08 average	6	2	0	6	-	0	0	15	
2007-11 average	2	1	0	5	-	-	-	9	
2009-11 average									5
2009-11 avg % change									
on 04-08 ave									-65%
									33,3

^{1.} Light goods vehicles and heavy goods vehicles.

Target: 65% reduction in children seriously injured by 2020

8.4 There were 203 children seriously injured in 2011, 38 per cent below the 2004-08 baseline level. About two-thirds of the 203 children recorded as seriously injured in 2011 were **pedestrians**: 139, 36 per cent below the 2004-08 average. There were 34 child **car** seriously injured casualties recorded in 2011, a fall of 45 per cent from the 2004-08 average. The numbers of serious casualties for other modes of transport were much lower and the differences between the 2004 -08 average were also much smaller.

^{2.} Taxis, minibuses and other modes of transport.

^{3.} All averages rounded to whole percentages.

Table 8: Children seriously injured by mode of transport, 1994 - 2011

	Pede- strian	Pedal cycle	Motor cycle	Car	Bus/	Goods ¹	Other ²	All road users
1004.00.00			-	136		0	40	
1994-98 ave	546	96	5	130	10	8	10	812
1994	656	140	5	151	20	12	8	992
1995	622	110	7	142	9	13	17	920
1996	524	94	3	115	14	3	10	763
1997	490	77	4	129	3	6	10	719
1998	437	61	8	144	5	6	5	666
1999	413	68	5	102	2	2	8	600
2000	365	61	7	90	7	5	5	540
2001	339	52	7	108	5	6	7	524
2002	328	46	7	109	9	7	7	513
2003	268	46	5	83	5	2	6	415
2004	239	40	9	74	3	3	4	372
2005	239	26	11	68	6	2	5	357
2006	239	35	10	60	4	0	2	350
2007	181	28	4	51	1	1	3	269
2008	194	18	5	56	2	1	3	279
2009	155	26	2	62	2	1	5	253
2010	150	23	3	40	7	0	0	223
2011 <i>prov.</i>	139	23	2	34	4	0	1	203
2004-08 average	218	29	8	62	3	1	3	325
2007-11 average	164	24	3	49	3	1	2	245
Numbers in 2011 implied by target 2011 % change:	149 -7%	20	5	42 *	2	1	2	221 -9%
on 2010 on 04-08 ave	-36%	*	*	-45%	*	*	*	-38%

 $^{^{\}ast}\,$ A percentage change is not shown if the denominator is $\,$ 50 or fewer.

Target: 10% reduction in slight casualties by 2020 (per 100 million vehicle kilometres)

- 8.5 Table 9 shows that the 2010 slight casualty rate was 25.67 casualties per 100 million vehicle kilometres (As 2010 is the latest year for which there is an estimate of the total volume of traffic for Scotland as a whole). This was 21 per cent below the 2004-08 baseline average and exceeds the 2020 target.
- 8.6 Around two-thirds of slight casualties reported in 2011 were **car users**. The total number of car user slight casualties recorded in 2011 was 6,923, 25 per cent below the 2004-08 average. There were 1,502 **pedestrian** slight casualties reported, 30 per cent less than the 2004-08 average. **Bus and coach** user slight casualties totalled 451 in 2011, 35 per cent fewer than the 2004-08 average, the recorded number of **pedal cyclist** slight

^{1.} Light goods vehicles and heavy goods vehicles.

^{2.} Taxis, minibuses and other modes of transport.

casualties (661) was 8 per cent below the baseline average, and reported **goods vehicle** user slight casualties (382) were 24 per cent fewer than the baseline average and recorded **motorcyclist** slight casualties (482 in 2011) were 24 per cent below the 2004-08 average.

Table 9: Slight casualties by mode of transport, 1994 - 2011

	Pede-	Pedal	Motor	Car	Bus/	Goods ¹	Other ²	All road		Slight
	strian	cycle	cycle		coach			users	Traffic	casualty rate
								numbers	mill veh-km	per 100 mill veh-km
1994-98 ave	3,009	1,034	580	10,859	912	583	501	17,478	37,653	46.42
1994	3,083	1,068	577	10,123	1,084	669	398	17,002	36,000	47.2
1995	3,048	1,031	576	10,321	802	579	498	16,855	36,737	45.8
1996	3,047	1,081	550	10,740	902	499	499	17,318	37,777	45.8
1997	2,944	1,062	590	11,669	886	525	529	18,205	38,581	47.19
1998	2,921	930	605	11,444	887	643	580	18,010	39,168	45.98
1999	2,620	828	594	10,901	841	609	534	16,927	39,770	42.50
2000	2,607	708	655	10,675	854	542	582	16,623	39,561	42.0
2001	2,487	745	724	10,342	761	595	499	16,153	40,065	40.3
2002	2,423	676	711	10,050	801	621	460	15,742	41,535	37.9
2003	2,215	663	697	10,055	822	537	474	15,463	42,038	36.7
2004	2,328	648	599	10,024	849	561	419	15,428	42,705	36.1
2005	2,308	649	677	9,532	794	495	478	14,933	42,718	34.9
2006	2,104	640	658	9,272	706	484	456	14,320	44,120	32.4
2007	2,049	563	640	8,793	590	506	431	13,572	44,666	30.3
2008	1,887	566	612	8,314	527	467	373	12,746	44,470	28.6
2009	1,643	647	646	8,329	437	423	416	12,541	44,219	28.3
2010	1,510	636	491	7,293	487	386	359	11,162	43,488	25.6
2011 <i>prov.</i>	1,502	661	482	6,923	451	382	303	10,704		
2004-08 average	2,135	613	637	9,187	693	503	431	14,200		32.5
2007-11 average	1,718	615	574	7,930	498	433	376	12,145		
Rate in 2010 implied by target										31.8
2011 % change: on 2010	-1%	4%	-2%	-5%	-7%	-1%	-16%	-4%		
on 04-08 ave	-30%	-8%	-24%	-25%	-35%	-24%	-30%	-25%		-21%

^{1.} Light goods vehicles and heavy goods vehicles.

9. Accidents and Casualties by Police Force and Local Authority area (Tables 10 & 11)

9.1 Tables 10 and 11 show the reported numbers of accidents and casualties in each Police Force area and each Local Authority area. These are *provisional* figures, which are subject to a higher degree of revision from late returns and amendments. In addition, there can be quite large percentage year-to-year fluctuations in the figures for areas (as roads are often the boundary between areas/forces) within Scotland, particularly for those with the lower numbers. Therefore, the annual average for the latest five years may be a better guide to the "normal" level of the numbers than the figures for the latest year.

^{2.} Taxis, minibuses and other modes of transport.

^{3.} Relates to 2010 data as 2011 traffic estimates not yet available.

Table 10: Accidents by police force area, council and severity, 04-08, 07-11 averages and 2011

Table 10: Accidents b			-		2011	-		007-2011 ave	rage
	20	004-08 aver	age	(1	orovisional)		(provisiona	I)
Police force									
Council	Fatal	Serious	All	Fatal	Serious	All	Fatal	Serious	All
Northern	29	148	754	19	92	567	27	111	661
Highland	25	124	634	18	83	488	25	95	558
Orkney Islands	1	6	35	-	2	13	0	4	26
Shetland Islands	2	6	38	-	4	32	1	4	33
Eilean Siar	2	11	47	1	3	34	1	8	44
Grampian	41	238	1,206	22	268	1,016	29	277	1,210
Aberdeen City	5	74	423	8	93	360	5	82	415
Aberdeenshire	30	131	608	10	153	518	20	165	626
Moray	6	33	175	4	22	138	4	30	169
Tayside	28	234	986	23	166	750	26	187	852
Dundee City	3	61	290	2	50	237	4	52	252
Angus	11	67	294	5	48	220	9	52	243
Perth & Kinross	14	105	401	16	68	293	14	84	357
Fife	15	134	663	11	80	448	11	97	555
Lothian & Borders	37	388	2,698	20	327	2,173	29	341	2,366
Edinburgh, City of	9	177	1,403	9	162	1,180	7	156	1,233
West Lothian	9	64	463	2	58	383	5	58	412
Midlothian	3	36	226	2	26	177	3	31	202
East Lothian	4	31	208	1	24	159	3	27	187
Scottish Borders	12	80	399	6	57	274	10	70	333
Central	14	140	679	9	94	545	9	115	614
Clackmannanshire	2	16	89	2	7	65	2	13	77
Stirling	7	65	288	6	50	220	5	53	256
Falkirk	5	58	302	1	37	260	2	50	282
Strathclyde	91	839	5,586	63	567	4,152	73	714	4,647
Glasgow, City of	18	264	1,870	13	168	1,280	14	223	1,512
Argyll & Bute	11	67	298	4	48	230	9	57	269
West Dunbartonshire	4	32	209	4	21	145	2	23	166
East Dunbartonshire	2	24	172	-	16	140	2	19	144
Inverclyde	1	31	194	1	23	155	2	26	173
Renfrewshire	8	63	441	7	49	353	5	55	356
East Renfrewshire	2	19	129	2	11	116	2	18	110
North Lanarkshire	11	95	742	11	57	569	9	82	642
South Lanarkshire	15	102	721	10	72	512	13	93	596
North Ayrshire	6	52	291	4	34	229	5	39	229
East Ayrshire	7	47	259	4	33	204	5	38	218
South Ayrshire	7	44	262	3	35	219	5	41	233
Dumfries & Galloway	12	106	455	9	75	318	8	91	392
Scotland	268	2,226	13,026	176	1,669	9,969	212	1,934	11,297

Note: Latest year is provisional, see paragraph 9.1

Table 11: Casualties by police force area, council and severity, 04-08, 07-11 averages and 2011

	20	004-08 avera	age		2011 (provisional)		7-2011 ave (provisiona	
Police force									
Council	Killed	Serious	All	Killed	Serious	All	Killed	Serious	All
Northern	33	189	1,111	22	109	795	31	138	971
Highland	28	160	942	21	98	685	29	119	826
Orkney Islands	1	7	47	-	2	26	0	4	36
Shetland Islands	2	8	51	-	5	46	1	5	50
Eilean Siar	2	14	71	1	4	38	1	10	59
Grampian	46	288	1,550	23	311	1,235	33	329	1,501
Aberdeen City	6	82	496	8	97	407	5	90	474
Aberdeenshire	33	166	824	11	190	663	22	202	816
Moray	7	41	230	4	24	165	5	37	211
Tayside	30	278	1,291	25	199	987	28	216	1,097
Dundee City	3	65	351	2	52	297	4	54	305
Angus	12	83	401	5	57	290	9	61	319
Perth & Kinross	15	131	539	18	90	400	16	101	473
Fife	18	159	872	11	92	597	12	115	720
Lothian & Borders	38	437	3,453	22	349	2,667	31	378	2,984
Edinburgh, City of	9	188	1,673	10	166	1,371	8	163	1,459
West Lothian	9	78	659	2	63	497	6	67	571
Midlothian	3	41	297	3	27	224	3	34	265
East Lothian	4	36	267	1	29	207	4	31	237
Scottish Borders	12	95	557	6	64	368	11	83	451
Central	15	168	911	9	110	717	9	133	806
Clackmannanshire	2	20	117	2	10	90	2	15	100
Stirling	7	82	392	6	57	293	5	63	342
Falkirk	5	66	401	1	43	334	2	54	364
Strathclyde	97	958	7,288	65	619	5,342	79	801	5,994
Glasgow, City of	18	281	2,332	13	176	1,577	14	236	1,868
Argyll & Bute	12	87	427	5	58	316	10	73	382
West Dunbartonshire	4	34	271	4	21	180	2	25	204
East Dunbartonshire	2	26	222	-	16	178	2	21	183
Inverclyde	2	36	256	1	26	208	2	29	225
Renfrewshire	8	70	567	7	52	481	5	61	459
East Renfrewshire	2	24	165	2	12	154	2	19	136
North Lanarkshire	12	107	1,012	11	59	747	10	90	852
South Lanarkshire	16	121	960	11	79	669	14	107	790
North Ayrshire	6	64	387	4	39	280	5	45	297
East Ayrshire South Ayrshire	8 8	56 53	338 353	4	43 38	266 286	6 6	46 49	288 310
·									
Dumfries & Galloway	14	127	621	9	84	423	9	107	522
Scotland	292	2,605	17,097	186	1,873	12,763	232	2,218	14,595

Note: Latest year is provisional, see paragraph 9.1

Table 12 Casualties by gender, severity and age, 2002 - 2011

All severities															
Male	Killed	Serious	Under 5	5-11	12-15	16-22	23-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70 and over	Total ¹	Child 0-15	Adult 16+
	2 224	2,145	210	871	579	2,240	1,434	2,249	1,539	943	521	478	11,086	1,660	9,404
2003		1,918	192	735	552	2,145	1,344	2,091	1,523	980	578	489	10,657	1,479	9,150
2004		1,807	191	667	539	2,038	1,392	2,070	1,519	976	571	480	10,473	1,397	9,046
2005		1,745	157	603	496	2,165	1,364	1,892	1,578	932	523	480	10,204	1,256	8,934
2006		1,672	152	557	451	2,099	1,378	1,662	1,511	946	505	447	9,723	1,160	8,548
2007	207	1,631	130	500	427	2,041	1,300	1,556	1,475	879	521	458	9,302	1,057	8,230
2008	3 191	1,684	127	449	407	1,869	1,256	1,486	1,424	866	477	469	8,843	983	7,847
2009	162	1,485	105	399	302	1,845	1,197	1,412	1,398	821	511	445	8,451	806	7,629
2010	146	1,274	109	376	336	1,459	1,050	1,275	1,272	816	461	377	7,541	821	6,710
2011	139	1,216	122	364	271	1,273	970	1,201	1,312	855	514	404	7,293	757	6,529
						•		•	·				,		·
						Al	l sever	ities				70 and		Child	Adult
Female	Killed	Serious	Under 5	5-11	12-15	16-22	23-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	over	Total ¹	0-15	16+
2002		1,084	143	507	432	1,345	1,000	1,492	1,136	873	522	704	8,176	1,082	7,072
2003	3 105	1,039	126	452	422	1,321	1,019	1,502	1,137	828	565	693	8,086	1,000	7,065
2004		958	116	450	430	1,424	1,009	1,460	1,078	835	535	667	8,016	996	7,008
2005	77	919	113	375	418	1,375	931	1,295	1,112	820	542	670	7,658	906	6,745
2006	70	962	108	345	404	1,460	908	1,257	1,123	781	519	619	7,532	857	6,667
2007	74	753	96	328	332	1,377	930	1,074	953	760	482	579	6,916	756	6,155
2008	3 79	890	106	304	295	1,305	920	1,032	1,027	691	476	577	6,737	705	6,028
2009	54	802	96	283	288	1,239	901	1,013	992	718	486	556	6,587	667	5,905
2010	62	693	61	256	240	1,032	835	916	913	635	416	478	5,787	557	5,225
2011	47	656	82	226	249	966	711	868	827	599	423	500	5,463	557	4,894
All severities															
Total	V:II	Contact	llmd	E 44	10 15				40.40	E0	60.00	70 and	Tatal 1	Child	Adult
Total			Under 5			16-22		30-39				over	Total 1	0-15	16+
	304	3,229	355				2,434					1,183	19,275		
2003	336	2,957 2,766	318	1,188		3,467 3,463		3,594				1,187	18,756 18,502		
	308	2,766	307 280	1,119 978		3,463		3,530 3,187				1,151 1,153	17,885		
	314	2,635	265	902		3,559	2,296		2,634			1,153	17,005		
2007		2,835		829			•		2,429			1,066	16,238		
2007		2,575	229 234	629 753		3,419 3,174	2,231 2,179	2,519			953	1,041	15,591		
	216	2,287		682		3,084		2,425			993 997	1,047	15,044		
2008		1,968	201 170	632		3,06 4 2,491		2,425			997 877	855	13,338		
		·													
2011	186	1,873	205	590	520	2,239	1,681	2,069	2,139	1,454	937	904	12,/03	1,315	11,423

^{1.} Includes unknown ages and gender

10. Sources and definitions

10.1 The sources of the data

The figures in this bulletin were compiled from the "Stats 19" statistical returns made by police forces. These cover all accidents in which a vehicle is involved that occur on roads (including footways) and result in personal injury, *if* they become known to the police. As noted in section 2.2, there could be many non-fatal injury accidents which are *not* reported by the public to the police, and are therefore *not* counted in these statistics because the police can only include in their returns details of the accidents of which they are aware. More information about this is given in *Reported Road Casualties Scotland 2009*, in the section entitled *Comparison of the police 'Stats 19' road casualty figures with some other figures for Scotland*. The vehicle(s) involved in the accident need not be moving, and need not be in collision - for example, the returns include accidents involving people alighting from buses. Damage only accidents (i.e. accidents which do not involve personal injury) are not included in these statistics. Transport Scotland are looking at alternative data sources to estimate the levels of under reporting.

10.2 The definition of "severity" used in the Road Accident statistics

The classification of the severity of an accident (as "fatal", "serious" or "slight") is determined by the severity of the injury to the most severely injured casualty. The police usually record this information soon after the accident occurs. However, if further information becomes available which would alter the classification (for example, if a person dies within 30 days of the accident, as a result of the injuries sustained in the accident) the police change the initial classification of the severity.

For the purposes of the Road Accidents statistical returns:

- a *fatal injury* is one which causes death less than 30 days after the accident;
- a *fatal accident* is an accident in which at least one person is fatally injured;
- a **serious injury** is one which does *not* cause death less than 30 days after the accident, *and* which is in one (or more) of the following categories:
 - (a)an injury for which a person is detained in hospital as an in-patient
 - or (b)any of the following injuries (whether or not the person is detained in hospital):fractures, concussion, internal injuries, crushings, severe cuts and lacerations, severe general shock requiring treatment
 - or (c)any injury causing death 30 or more days after the accident;
- a serious accident is one in which at least one person is seriously injured, but no-one suffers a fatal injury;
- a "slight" injury is any injury which is neither "fatal" nor "serious" for example, a
 sprain, bruise or cut which is not judged to be severe, or slight shock requiring roadside
 attention;
- a "slight" accident is one in which at least one person suffers "slight" injuries, but noone is seriously injured, or fatally injured.

Over the years, improvements in vehicle design, and the provision and use of additional safety features, together with changes in the law (e.g. on the fitting and wearing of seat belts), will all have helped to reduce the severity of the injuries suffered in some accidents. Road safety measures should also have reduced the levels of injuries sustained. For example, if traffic calming schemes reduce average speeds, people may suffer only "slight injury" in collisions that previously would have taken place at higher speeds and so might previously have resulted in "serious injury".

However, it is also possible that some of the changes shown in the statistics of "serious" injuries" and "slight injuries" may be due to changes in administrative practices, which may have altered the proportion of accidents which is categorised as "serious". For example, the distinction between "serious" and "slight" injuries could be affected by factors such as changes in hospitals' admission policies. All else being equal, the number of "serious injury" cases would rise, and the number of "slight injury" cases would fall, if it became standard procedure for a hospital to keep in overnight, for precautionary reasons, casualties with a particular type of injury. The increase in the number of "serious" injury accidents in 1994 was partly attributed to a change in the health boards' policies in admitting more child casualties for overnight observation, which in turn changed the classification of many injuries from "slight" to "serious". The number of child casualties recorded as having serious injuries in 1994 was 35 per cent higher than in the previous year. There could also be changes in hospitals' procedures that would reduce the numbers of "serious injury" cases. In addition, there is anecdotal evidence that changes in procedures for assigning severity codes may affect the categorisation of injuries. For example, different severity codes might be assigned by a police officer who was at the scene of an accident and by a clerk who bases the code on a police officer's written description of the accident.

10.3 Some other definitions

Built-up roads: accidents which occur on "built-up" roads are those which occur on roads which have speed limits of up to 40 miles per hour (*ignoring* temporary speed limits on roads for which the normal speed limit is over 40mph).

Children: people under 16 years old.

Pedestrians: includes people riding toy cycles on the footway, people pushing bicycles, occupants of prams or wheelchairs, and people who alight safely from vehicles and are subsequently injured.

10.4 Scottish specific casualty reduction

Scotland's Road Safety Framework was launched in June 2009. It set out the vision for road safety in Scotland, the main priorities and issues and included Scotland-specific targets and milestones which will be adopted from 2010. These targets and milestones are:

Target	2015 milestone % reduction	2020 target % reduction		
People killed	30%	40%		
People seriously injured	43%	55%		
Children (aged < 16) killed *	35%	50%		
Children (aged < 16) seriously injured	50%	65%		

^{*} As numbers are small, a 3 year average is included in the table to smooth out large fluctuations in the numbers.

Each reduction target will be assessed against the 2004/08 average. In addition to the targets a 10 per cent reduction target in the slight casualty rate will continue to be adopted.

The 4 main targets differ to previous targets in that deaths have been separated out from serious injuries as, in recent years, trends have been different - serious injuries falling steadily but deaths declining at a lower rate. These targets will be discussed more in future publications.

10.5 The calculation of the "indicative lines" shown in the graphs

One way of assessing progress towards the targets is to compare actual casualty numbers in each year with an indicative line that starts at the baseline figure in 2006 and falls, by a constant percentage reduction in each subsequent year, to the target for 2010. This is the approach adopted by the GB Road Safety Advisory Panel. The indicative line starts at the baseline figure in 2006 as that is the middle year of the baseline period. Other approaches could have been used: there are many ways of producing lines that indicate how casualty numbers might fall fairly steadily to the targets for 2020.

The method adopted to produce the indicative target lines shown in Figure 4 involves a constant percentage reduction in each year after 2006 to the 2015 milestone, then a constant percentage reduction between 2015 and 2020. The resulting indicative target lines represent the percentages of the baseline averages which are shown in the table below. They are not straight lines, because of the compounding over the years effect of constant annual percentage reductions (to two decimal places, the falls are: 3.89 per cent p.a. for killed to meet the 2015 milestone and 3.02 between 2015 and 2020. For seriously injured casualties the falls are 6.06 per cent and 4.61 per cent. For child killed 4.67 per cent and 4.37 or seriously injured 7.41 per cent and 6.90.

	Killed		Serious		Child killed		Child serious	
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
	baseline (milestone	reduction from	baseline (milestene	reduction from	baseline	reduction from	baseline	reduction from
	(milestone from	baseline	(milestone from	baseline	(milestone from	baseline	(milestone from	baseline
	2015)	(milestone)	2015)	(milestone)	2015)	(milestone)	2015)	(milestone)
2006	100%	,	100%	,	100%	,	100%	,
2007	96.1%	3.9%	93.9%	6.1%	95.3%	4.7%	92.6%	7.4%
2008	92.4%	7.6%	88.3%	11.7%	90.9%	9.1%	85.7%	14.3%
2009	88.8%	11.2%	82.9%	17.1%	86.6%	13.4%	79.4%	20.6%
2010	85.3%	14.7%	77.9%	22.1%	82.6%	17.4%	73.5%	26.5%
2011	82.0%	18.0%	73.2%	26.8%	78.7%	21.3%	68.0%	32.0%
2012	78.8%	21.2%	68.7%	31.3%	75.0%	25.0%	63.0%	37.0%
2013	75.8%	24.2%	64.6%	35.4%	71.5%	28.5%	58.3%	41.7%
2014	72.8%	27.2%	60.7%	39.3%	68.2%	31.8%	54.0%	46.0%
2015	70.0%	30.0%	57.0%	43.0%	65.0%	35.0%	50.0%	50.0%
2015	100%		100%		100%		100%	
2016	97.0%	3.0%	95.4%	4.6%	95.6%	4.4%	93.1%	6.9%
2017	94.1%	5.9%	91.0%	9.0%	91.5%	8.5%	86.7%	13.3%
2018	91.2%	8.8%	86.8%	13.2%	87.5%	12.5%	80.7%	19.3%
2019	88.5%	11.5%	82.8%	17.2%	83.7%	16.3%	75.1%	24.9%
2020	85.8%	14.2%	79.0%	21.0%	80.0%	20.0%	69.9%	30.1%

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To provide relevant and reliable information, analysis and advice that meet the needs of government, business and the people of Scotland.

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To produce statistics and analysis relevant to user needs by
 - Developing our understanding of customer requirements to ensure statistics are kept relevant and analysis is well targeted;
 - Developing the range of statistics and analysis we produce;
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- 2. To ensure effective use of our statistics by
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ISSN 1351 3869 ISBN 978-1-908181-35-0

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