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# **Reported Road Casualties Scotland 2022**

**A National Statistics  
Publication for Scotland**

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## Supporting Information

This publication presents detailed statistics about the circumstances of personal injury road accidents in Scotland that were reported by the police using the Stats 19 statistical returns.

**Given their size and detail, the tables referred to throughout the text are published separately. These tables are available as excel files on the [Reported Road Casualties publication page](#).**

Each accident is classified according to the severity of the injury to the most seriously injured person involved in the accident. These statistics are used to inform public debate and support policy on road safety (through education and engineering programs).

This publication also includes statistics related to further analysis on specific road safety topics. For example:

- Valuation of road accident and casualties: Table 9 presents estimates of the value of preventing reported road accidents in GB and Scotland, based on DfT analysis.
- Drink drive estimates: Table 22 presents estimates of the levels of accidents and casualties involving drivers and riders with illegal alcohol levels using Procurator Fiscal data.

Over the years there has been debate over whether the term 'collision' should be used rather than 'accident' when referring to incidents involving vehicles on roads where people are injured. Police Scotland and more recently, the Department for Transport are now using the term 'collision'. To bring our publications into line with these we have replaced the reference to 'accidents' in this publication with 'collisions' and have done the same in our Key Reported Road Casualties Scotland publication.

## The status of the statistics

Most of the data used in this publication were extracted from Transport Scotland's Road Collisions statistical database on the **11 September 2023**. The statistics given here may differ slightly from those published elsewhere (e.g. provisional figures published in *Key Reported Road Casualty Statistics* in May) because they were extracted on a different date and wouldn't incorporate any later changes (e.g. due to late returns or late corrections). Any late returns will be incorporated into the next available publication.

The information held in Transport Scotland's Road Collision Statistics database was collected by the police following each collision, and subsequently reported to Transport Scotland. Transport Scotland's statistics may differ slightly from the local authorities as changes or corrections that local authorities may have made, for use at local level, to their own data may not always be accounted for in the Transport Scotland database.

In mid-2019, Police Scotland started to use a new collision recording system. The introduction of this new system has changed the way casualty severity is recorded, making direct comparisons difficult. For the years 2004 to 2019, this publication uses figures for slight casualties, slight collisions, serious casualties, and serious collisions that have been adjusted in order to maximise comparability with figures for the most recent years. This does mean that the figures for serious and slight collision and casualties are not comparable prior to 2004. More information is set out in the following section.

## Changes in severity reporting and 'adjustments' to figures

In the summer of 2019, Police Scotland started using CRASH (Collision Reporting and Sharing), an injury-based reporting system, for recording the data that feeds this publication. Before the introduction of CRASH, police officers would use their own judgement, based on official guidance, to determine the severity of the casualty (either 'slight' or 'serious'). CRASH is an injury-based recording system where the officer records the most severe injury for the casualty. The system then automatically converts the injuries to a severity level from 'slight' to 'serious'.

Since CRASH removes the uncertainty that arises from officers having to assess the severity of casualties based on their own judgement, severity information collected in this way is expected to be more accurate and consistent. However, the move to an injury-based reporting system tends to result in more casualties being classified as 'serious', which means that the number of serious and slight casualties are not comparable with earlier years.

The Department for Transport has carried out analysis which adjusts historical figures so that they reflect the numbers that would have been reported if CRASH had been used to record the casualty severity in those years. Within this publication, these adjusted figures are used to report on serious casualties, serious collisions, slight casualties, and slight collision for the years 2004 to 2019. This means that the adjusted figures for 2004 to 2019 are comparable with figures for 2020 and 2021, but not with figures for years prior to 2004.

As the adjustments relate only to serious and slight casualties, figures for total casualties and fatalities are unaffected

More information on the methodology used to produce these adjusted figures is available from the [Department for Transport](#).

## The years covered in the tables

Some tables present a time series so that any trends can be identified. However, more detailed tables provide figures in the form of 5-year annual averages (e.g. 2018-2022), and do not present figures for the latest single year. This smooths out levels of variation often present with low numbers of collisions and casualties. If readers require versions of the detailed tables for single years, these can be provided on request.

## Road casualty reduction targets

In many of the tables, the latest figures are compared with the annual averages for the period 2014-18. This is to allow comparison against the baseline period for the Scotland's 2030 casualty reduction targets published within the [Road Safety Framework to 2030](#).

This publication discusses these targets in more detail, monitoring progress and exploring differences between modes of travel. Due to the changes in casualty severity recording, progress against some of the targets is measured using the adjusted figures produced by the Department for Transport, which show what historical figures would have looked like if the CRASH system had been used previously.

## Estimates of the total volume of road traffic

Some tables include estimates of traffic volumes, or collision or casualty rates calculated from them. The traffic estimates were provided by the Department for Transport (DfT), which produces estimates of the total volume of road traffic for Scotland and for other parts of Great Britain. Care should be taken when using these estimates and a detailed description can be found in Appendix D of this publication.

## Review of Stats 19

National & local government police forces across Great Britain work closely to achieve an agreed standard for the system for collecting & processing statistics on road collisions involving personal injury. The statistics are subject to regular reviews

as part of the continued drive to improve quality and meet user needs whilst minimising the burden of collection.

The most recent STATS19 review started in autumn 2018 and has made a number of recommendations on changes to STATS19 going forward. These were based on evidence and detailed discussion with the review group.

Key recommendations can be found in the full [STATS19 review report](#).

For further information please contact: [STATS19REVIEW@dft.gov.uk](mailto:STATS19REVIEW@dft.gov.uk)

## Office for Statistics Regulation compliance check

In 2019, these statistics were assessed against the Code of Practice for Official Statistics by the Office for Statistics Regulation (OSR). The outcome of the review was that these statistics should continue to be classified as national statistics. More information about the findings of the review is available on the [OSR website](#).

Further details on the role of the UKSA and the assessment process can also be found via [the OSR website](#).

## Other Scottish Transport Statistics

*Reported Road Casualties Scotland* is one of a series of Transport Statistics publications. Details of other Transport Scotland statistics can be found at <http://www.transportscotland.gov.uk/analysis/statistics>.

### Key articles from previous editions of Reported Road Casualties Scotland

Article	Version of RRCS where article can be found
Estimating under- counting of Road Casualties in Scotland	RRCS 2010 <a href="http://bit.ly/2xSFW9v">http://bit.ly/2xSFW9v</a>
Priorities in Scotland's Road Safety Framework to 2020- An assessment of relative levels and trends	RRCS 2011 <a href="http://bit.ly/2yHMoz6">http://bit.ly/2yHMoz6</a>
Comparison of police casualty statistics with other sources	RRCS 2011 <a href="http://bit.ly/2yHMoz6">http://bit.ly/2yHMoz6</a>
Vulnerable road users	RRCS 2014 <a href="http://bit.ly/2yqZLrx">http://bit.ly/2yqZLrx</a>
In Focus: Pedal and motorcycle casualties	RRCS 2013 <a href="http://bit.ly/2yXQcxb">http://bit.ly/2yXQcxb</a>
Road User Factsheet	RRCS 2017 <a href="https://bit.ly/2IVRkbl">https://bit.ly/2IVRkbl</a>

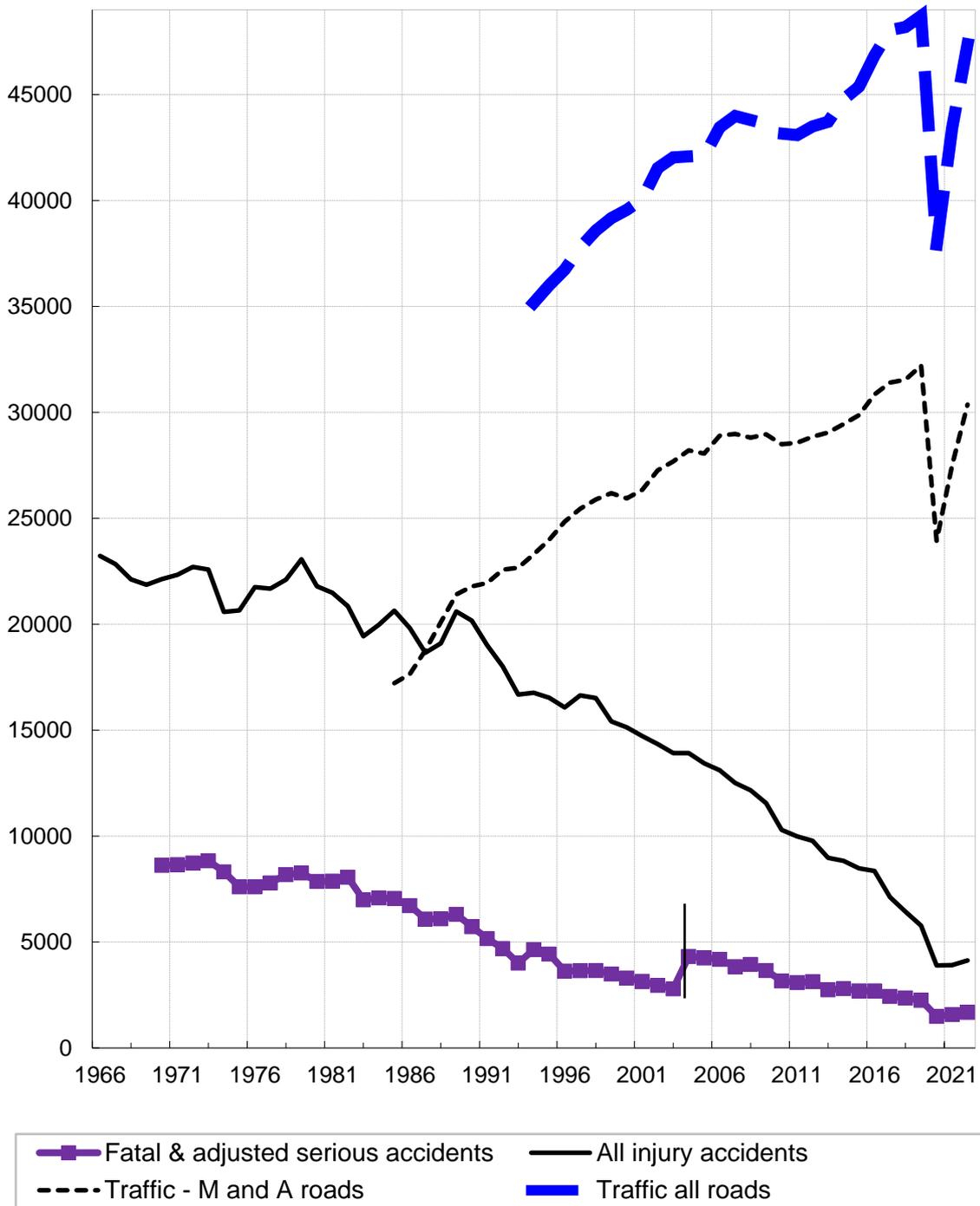
Article	Version of RRCS where article can be found
Casualty rates for local authority roads by local authority area, and the likely range of random year-to-year variation in these figures	RRCS 2018 <a href="https://bit.ly/2SW0GZg">https://bit.ly/2SW0GZg</a>

We welcome suggestions for improving the usefulness of the data and the publications. Comments and enquiries should be sent to the address overleaf.

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Figure 1 - Reported collisions by severity 1966 to 2022

**Figure 1 Reported accidents by severity, 1966 to 2022**



Note for Figure 1: Due to changes in the way casualty severities are recorded, figures for serious collisions prior to 2004 are not comparable with later years.

# Trends in the reported numbers of Injury Road Collisions and Casualties

## Main Points

Table 1 shows the long-term trends in the reported numbers of injury road collisions and casualties, the population of Scotland, the number of vehicles licensed, the length of the road network and the volume of traffic. Information on the severities of the collisions, and of the injuries suffered by the casualties, is provided in Table 2. The numbers of injury road collisions were first recorded separately in 1966, while the numbers of casualties are available back to 1938, with annual collection of data starting in 1950. Figures 1 to 7 illustrate the trends in the reported numbers of injury road collisions and casualties including (in some cases) indications of the likely range of random year-to-year variations.

As mentioned in the introduction, injury collisions not reported by the public to the police won't appear in the returns. Note that each collision will result in one or more casualties. For example a fatal collision could result in two fatalities and a serious injury which would count as one collision and 3 casualties.

**As outlined in the Supporting Information section, Police Scotland's move to CRASH, an injury-based reporting system, has resulted in changes in severity reporting for serious and slight casualties and collisions. For years 2004-2019, this publication uses figures that have been adjusted for comparability. Table 2 provides a comparison between the adjusted figures and the figures 'as recorded'.**

## Collisions

- In 2022, there were 153 fatal collisions, 17 (13%) more than in 2021.
- In 2022 there were 1,527 serious injury collisions.
- In 2022 there were 2,454 slight injury collisions.

## Casualties

- There were 173 people killed in road collisions in Scotland in 2022, 32 more than in 2021.
- 1,776 people were seriously injured in road collisions in 2022.

- 3,672 people were slightly injured in road collisions in 2022.
- There were a total number of 5,621 casualties in 2022 – 506 (10%) more than in 2021.

The figures have been increasing steadily since the lows that were seen during the pandemic years of 2020 and 2021. Apart from fatalities, the figures are lower than they were prior to the pandemic.

## Reported Collisions

In 1966 there were just over 23,200 injury road collisions and the annual total remained around this level until 1973. Numbers then dropped considerably in 1974 and 1975 to about 20,600. This was the time of a fuel crisis when a national speed limit of 50 mph was introduced and the volume of traffic in Great Britain fell by 3% in 1974. Collision numbers increased again in 1976 and reached a peak of nearly 23,100 in 1979.

In the early 1980s numbers began to fall, and did so particularly sharply in 1983 when the total number of injury collisions fell by 7% in a single year to 19,400, serious collisions fell by 13% to just over 6,400, and fatal collisions fell by 11% to 568. The 1981 Transport Act came into force in 1983 and changed the law relating to drink driving, with the introduction of evidential breath testing. Compulsory front seatbelt wearing and new procedures for licensing learner motorcyclists were also introduced in 1983. After 1983 the total number of injury collisions increased again to over 20,600 in 1985, and the number of serious collisions rose to just over 6,500 while fatal collisions continued a downward trend.

By 1987 the total number of injury collisions had fallen to under 18,700, but in 1989 it rose to just over 20,600. 1989 was the most recent peak in the total number of injury collisions. Since 1989, the total number of injury collisions has fallen in 28 out of 32 years, and in 2020 it was at the lowest level ever recorded. The 2022 figure of 4,134 was 226 more than in 2021.

Since the late 1980s, the number of **fatal collisions** has fallen considerably e.g. from 517 in 1987 to 135 in 2021. For **serious collisions**, the trend has also been downwards. The number of **slight collisions** did not share such a clear downward trend between 1970 and 1998, oscillating between 12,000 and 15,000 with a recent peak level of 14,443 in 1990. However, they fell below 12,000 in 1999. The 2022 figure was 2,454.

## Reported Casualties

As the numbers of collisions have fallen, so have the numbers of casualties. Therefore, this section does not repeat the previous section's detailed analysis of how the numbers have changed. Details can be found in Table 2.

### Numbers killed

In 2022 there were 173 people killed in road collisions in Scotland, 32 more than in 2021. With a few exceptions, figures fell in each year since 1978, showing a clear, steady long-term downward trend, particularly between 1982 and 1994. Since then, figures have been fluctuating around a less pronounced downwards trend. The number in 2022 was the highest in the last seven years.

### Numbers seriously injured

In 2022 there were 1,776 people seriously injured in road collisions. The long-term trend shows that the number of serious casualties peaked in the early 1970s at around 10,000 and has generally fallen since the early 1980s. The long-term downward trend appeared to level off at around 4,050 in the mid to late nineties, but the downward trend subsequently resumed. The number of people seriously injured in 2022 increased by 10% on 2021.

### Numbers slightly injured

In 2022 there were 3,672 people slightly injured. Between 1970 and 1990, the figures fluctuated between 17,000 and 21,000. The fall between 1990 and 1995 was followed by an apparent levelling-off at around 17-18,000 in each of the years from 1996 to 1999. However, 2004 to 2021 showed consecutive falls continuing downward trend. The number of people slightly injured in road collisions in 2022 increased by 9% on 2021.

### Total numbers of casualties

In 2021 there was a total of 5,621 casualties, 506 (10%) more than in 2021 (the third lowest number recorded). Between about 1970 and 1990, the figures fluctuated around a general downward trend. Subsequently, the casualty figures fell markedly from the level of the most recent short-term peak (over 27,000 in both 1989 and 1990), before appearing to level off. However, the downward trend resumed from 1999 to 2020.

## Reported Collisions by road type and severity

Table 4 shows separate figures for trunk roads and local authority roads. Trunk roads accounted for a minority of the total number of collisions in 2022: 35% of fatal collisions, 18% of serious collisions, and 18% of all collisions. The trunk road network's share of collision numbers in previous years were broadly similar.

Collision trends for different types of road will be affected by developments in the surrounding area (new city and town bypasses, construction of new roads with high average traffic flows etc.) Therefore, figures do *not* provide an accurate measure of the comparative change in the road safety performance of different types of road.

Several changes were made to the trunk road network with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April 1996. Appendix E refers to them, and explains why the 1994-98 averages for trunk roads and for local authority major roads have been calculated by counting collisions which occurred prior to 1<sup>st</sup> April 1996 on the basis of whether they occurred on roads which were part of the post- 1 April 1996 trunk road network.

### Collision rates

Collision rates showing the number of collisions per 100 million vehicle kilometres are contained in parts (b) and (c) of table 5. These are calculated by dividing the numbers of collisions on each type of road by the estimated volumes of traffic on those roads, which were provided by the Department for Transport, and which are available for all types of road with effect from 1993. The five-year average collision rates were calculated by dividing the total number of collisions which occurred in each five-year period by the total of the estimated volumes of traffic for the same period, rather than by calculating the averages of the individual collision rates for the five years.

Collision rates have fallen markedly since the early 1990s. The overall fatal collision rate has dropped from 0.63 per 100 million vehicle kilometres in 2005 to 0.32 in 2022 and the overall collision rate (all severities) reduced from 31.93 per 100 million vehicle kilometres to 8.73. Motorways had consistently lower collision rates than A roads. Leaving aside the relatively low rate for fatal collisions, minor roads (taken together as a group) tend to have higher collision rates than major roads, and collision rates tend to be higher for built-up roads (roads with speed limits of up to 40 mph) than for non built-up roads (ones with higher speed limits).

Part C of the table shows that estimated collision rates vary considerably by police force area. Some of this variation may be attributed to the distribution of traffic by road type within individual areas.

## Collisions by month by road type

Table 6 refers.

The numbers of injury collisions over the years 2018-2022 were fairly evenly spread throughout the year, with minor peaks in January and July. (Months are standardised to 30 days to allow comparison).

On average, there were 12 fatal collisions per month in the years 2018 to 2022. Over the five year period, the number did not vary greatly between the months: the lowest average was 9, and the highest was 17.

## Collisions by light condition and road type

Table 7 refers.

Using annual averages over the period 2018-2022, 6.6% of injury road collisions on non built-up roads in darkness (32 out of 485) resulted in one or more deaths compared with 1.7% of collisions on built-up roads in darkness (18 out of 1,065) and 5.1% of collisions on non built-up roads in daylight (67 out of 1,326).

## Car driver collision rates

Table 18b refers.

This table includes all car drivers involved in injury collisions regardless of whether they were injured or not, on the basis of whatever information is known about their ages and their sex. For example, someone whose sex was known, but whose age was not known, will be included in the all ages total for the appropriate sex. The grand total includes those for whom neither the age nor the sex was known.

As the car driver collision rates shown for each sex and age group are on a per head of population basis, rather than based on the numbers of driving licence holders or on the distance driven, they can provide only a general indication of the relative collision rates for each group. The statistics do *not* provide a measure of the relative risk of each group as car drivers, because they do not take account of the differing levels of car driving by each group.

## Age & Gender

Car driver collision rates per head of population vary markedly by age and sex. In 2022, the overall rate was 1.1 collisions per thousand population aged 17+. The peak occurs for males in the 17-25 age group, with a rate of 2.0 per thousand

population in 2022. This rate is over one and a half times those of females of the same age (1.1 per thousand in 2022).

The overall male car driver collision rate in 2022 was 1.3 per thousand population; the same as 2021 with rates for all age groups being slightly higher than the previous year except for 26-34 which was the same as 2021. The overall female car driver collision rate in 2022 was 0.8 per thousand population and all age groups showed slight increases from the previous year except for ages 17-25.

Between 2012 and 2022, the male car driver collision rate fell from 3.3 to 1.6 per thousand population, while the female car driver collision rate has declined slowly from 2.1 to 0.8 per thousand in 2022. As a result, the overall, ratio of male to female car driver collision rates has remained the same at 1.6 : 1 between 2012 and 2022.

## Reported casualties by type of road

Table 23 refers.

In 2022, non built-up roads accounted for two-fifths of the total number of casualties (44%: 2,455 out of 5,621). However, because speeds are higher on non built-up roads than elsewhere (the definition is roads with a speed limit of more than 40mph), they accounted for almost three quarters of those killed (74%: 128 out of 173) and for just under half of the total number of seriously injured (46%: 823 out of 1,776).

Compared with 2012, the fall in the total number of casualties has been 53% for non built-up roads and 58% for those elsewhere. The numbers killed on built-up roads has fallen by 32% whereas those on non built-up ones have risen by 16%. Over the years, some traffic will have been transferred away from built-up roads by the opening of city and town bypasses, and by the construction of non built-up roads with higher average traffic volumes. Therefore, these figures do *not* provide an accurate measure of the comparative change in the road safety performance of built-up and non built-up roads.

## Casualties by mode of transport

Table 23 refers.

A total of 3,198 car users were injured in road collisions in 2022, representing 57% of all casualties. Of these car users, 101 died. There were 912 pedestrian casualties (16% of the total), of whom 33 died, 480 pedal cycle casualties (9% of the total), of whom 2 died, and 467 motorcycle casualties (8% of the total), of whom 25 died. Because of the numbers of car user, pedestrian, pedal cyclist and motorcyclist casualties, the figures for each of these four groups of road users are the subject of

separate sections, which follow this one, and are followed by a section on child casualties, which gives details of their modes of transport.

Together, all the modes of transport other than the four mentioned above accounted for 564 casualties in 2022 (10% of the total), and for smaller percentages of the numbers of seriously injured. These included 117 bus and coach users injured in 2022, of whom 20 suffered serious injuries (none died). There were also 211 casualties who were travelling in light goods vehicles (2 died), 36 people in heavy goods vehicles (5 died), 74 users of taxis (2 died), 16 users of minibuses (none died) and 110 people with another means of transport (3 died).

## Car user casualties

A total of 3,198 car users were injured in road collisions in 2022, representing 57% of all casualties. Of these people, a total of 817 were seriously injured, 101 died. Non built-up roads accounted for over a half of all car user casualties (56%: 1,798 out of 3,198). Perhaps because average speeds are higher on non-built up roads, they accounted for much higher percentages of the total numbers of car users who were killed (80%: 81 out of 101) or were seriously injured (65%: 529 out of 817). (see *Table 23*)

The number of car users killed in 2022 was 46 more than the 2021 figure and the total number of casualties of all severities was up by 10%. Since 2012, the number killed has increased by 38%, and there has been a fall of 58% in the total number of car user casualties. (see *Table 23*)

Looking at the annual average over the years 2018-2022, the casualty rate for 16-22 year old car users was 1.42 per thousand population. This was much higher than the rate for car users in the older age groups, which varied from 0.49 to 1.23 per thousand population. (see *Table 32*)

On average, over the years 2018-2022, 68% of car user fatalities occurred on roads with a speed limit of 60 mph. Such roads accounted for 37% of the total number of car user casualties of all severities, where more casualties occurred on roads with a 30 mph limit (42%). (see *Table 33*)

## Adult car users

On weekdays, the peak time for adult car user casualties was from 4pm to 6pm. The 4pm to 5pm average of 246 (the average over the years 2018-2022) was 65% higher than the average of 149 in the morning 8am to 9am peak. (see *Table 28*)

Adult car user casualties varied by month, with fewest in April and most in August. August had 33% more adult car user casualties than April (annual averages over the years 2018-2022; months standardised to 30 days). (see *Table 29*)

Friday had the peak numbers of adult car user casualties over the years 2018-2022 with 17% more than the average daily number of adult car user casualties. (see *Table 30*)

## Pedestrian casualties

There were 912 pedestrian casualties in 2022: 16% of all casualties. Of these, 367 were seriously injured and 33 died. Presumably due to their greater vulnerability, a higher proportion of the total number of people who were killed (19%) and seriously injured (21%) were pedestrians. In addition, 40% of pedestrian casualties were seriously injured (367 out of 912) compared with serious for all modes of 32% (1,776 out of 5,621). 93% of pedestrian casualties occurred on built-up roads (851 out of 912) in 2021. (see *Table 23*)

The overall number of pedestrian casualties was 18% higher than 2021. Since 2012, the number of pedestrians killed has fallen by 26 and there has been a 54% reduction in the total number of pedestrian casualties. Looking at the annual average for the period 2018 to 2022, the 12-15 age-group had the highest 'all severities' pedestrian casualty rates (0.55 per thousand population). (see *Tables 23 & 32*)

The overall pedestrian 'all severities' casualty rate for males was 0.22 per thousand population, compared with 0.15 per thousand for females, using the averages for the period 2018 to 2022. (see *Table 34*)

## Adult pedestrian casualties

On average in the period 2018 to 2022, the peak time for adult pedestrian casualties during the week was from 4pm to 6pm; at weekends it was from 5pm to 7pm. (see *Table 28*)

November and December were the peak months for adult pedestrian casualties, with each having 40% and 38% respectively more than the monthly average. Adult pedestrian casualties in the four winter months, November to February, were 25% more than the monthly average (annual averages over the years 2018-2022; months standardised to 30 days). (see *Table 29*)

Friday has the highest numbers of adult pedestrian casualties; 20% more than the daily average over the period 2018 to 2022. (see *Table 30*)

## Pedal Cycle Casualties

There were 480 pedal cycle casualties in 2022, 32 less than the previous year. The number of seriously injured pedal cycle casualties in 2022 was 180. There were 2 pedal cycle fatalities in 2022, 8 less than 2021. Since 2012 there has been a 47% decrease in all pedal cycle casualties and the number of fatalities has fluctuated between 2 and 13. In 2022, 88% of pedal cycle casualties were on built-up roads (see *Table 23*). It should be noted that pedal cycle traffic is estimated to have seen a decrease of 3% in 2022 compared with 2021.

In terms of the averages for the period 2018 to 2022, the pedal cycle casualty rate per head of population was highest for those aged 23-25 (0.17 per thousand population). Of course, it must be remembered that, as noted earlier, per capita casualty rates do not provide a measure of the relative risk, because they do not take account of the levels of usage of (in this case) pedal cycles. (see *Table 32*)

### Adult pedal cycle casualties

Using the averages for the period 2018 to 2022, on weekdays, the peak numbers of adult pedal cycle casualties occurred from 4 pm to 6 pm and from 8 am to 9 am. At weekends the numbers were smaller, but appear to peak between 10 am to 2 pm. (see *Table 28*)

The peak months of the year for adult pedal cycle casualties were June and August which were 28-40% more than the monthly average (2018-2022 annual averages standardised to 30 days). (see *Table 29*)

The day of the week with the peak numbers of adult pedal cycle casualties was Tuesday, 19% higher than the daily average, over the years 2018-2022. There were substantially fewer adult pedal cycle casualties on Sunday, 35% less than the daily average. (see *Table 30*)

### Motorcyclist casualties

A total of 467 motorcyclists were injured in road collisions in 2022, representing 8% of all casualties. Of these, 280 were seriously injured and 25 died. 53% of all motorcyclist casualties occurred on non built-up roads but (perhaps because of their higher average speeds) such roads accounted for 60% of those seriously injured, and 80% of those killed. (see *Table 23*)

The number of motorcyclist casualties in 2022 was 2% lower than in the previous year and the number killed decreased by 5. The total number of motorcycle casualties rose each year from 1999 to a peak in 2001; since then, it has tended to

decline. As a result, the figure for all casualties in 2022 was 46% lower than in 2012. Four more motorcyclists died in 2022 than in 2012. (see *Table 23*)

On average, over the years 2018 to 2022, the motorcyclist casualty rate was highest for the 16-25 and 50-59 age groups (0.15 per thousand population); other age-groups had smaller casualty rates. (see *Table 32*)

Looking at the averages for the period 2018 to 2022, the peak time of day for adult motorcyclist casualties was 4pm to 6pm on weekdays (see *Table 28*), the peak months of the year were June (68 casualties) and August (66 casualties, amidst a general peak from May to September (see *Table 29*) and there were more casualties from Friday to Sunday than on any of the other days (see *Table 30*).

## Child (0-15) casualties

There were 587 child casualties in 2022, representing 10% of the total number of casualties of all ages. Of the child casualties, 176 were seriously injured, and three died (see *Table 24*).

There were two less children killed in 2022 than in 2021. The total number of child casualties increased by 92 on 2021. Since 2012, the number of children killed has increased by one. (see *Table A and Table 25*)

In terms of the averages for the period 2018 to 2022, on weekdays, the peak time for child casualties was from 3 pm to 6 pm, with 43% of all weekday casualties in those three hours. A further 17% occurred in the three hours between 6 pm and 9 pm. There was another peak in the morning, between 8 am and 9 am. There was no real clear peak at weekends: the numbers of casualties were very broadly the same each hour from 12 noon to 7 pm (see *Table 27*)

August was the peak month for child casualties, with 36% more than in an average month. June had 20% more than an average month. (2018-2022 annual averages standardised to 30 days). (see *Table 29*)

Using the averages for 2018 to 2022, Friday was the peak day of the week for child casualties, with 28% more than an average day. Sunday, on the other hand, had 21% less than an average day. (see *Table 30*)

## Child (0-15) casualties by mode of transport

In 2022, there were 295 child pedestrian casualties. They accounted for 32% of all pedestrian casualties of all ages (295 out of 912). Of the child pedestrian casualties, 115 were seriously injured and 1 died. (see *Table 24*)

There were 44 child pedal cycle casualties in 2022 (9% of the total of 480 pedal cycle casualties of all ages). The child pedal cycle casualties included 12 who were seriously injured, none died. (see *Table 24*)

In 2022, there were 196 child casualties in cars, 6% of the total number of car user casualties of all ages (196 out of 3,272). Of the child casualties in cars, 21 were seriously injured (one died). (see *Tables 23 and 25*)

## **Child (0-15) casualty rates (per head of population)**

Children's casualty rates (per head of population) increase with age: using the averages for the years 2018-2022 taken together, for children aged 0-4 the rate was 0.35 per thousand population, whereas it was 0.69 per thousand for those aged 5-11 and for the 12-15 age group it was 1.02 per thousand. The pedestrian casualty rate for younger children (0-4 years) was 32% of that for 5-11 and 18% of the 12-15 year old rate. (see *Table 32*)

The pedestrian casualty rate for boys in the 0-4 age group was more than twice that for girls. The difference between the sexes was even more pronounced in driver or rider casualty rates. (see *Table 34*)

The overall child pedestrian casualty rate at 0.20 per thousand child population was almost twice the corresponding rate for adult pedestrian casualties. (see *Table 32*)

## **Emergency hospital admissions for Road Traffic Collisions, by ethnic group**

A new table U has been added to the Excel data tables which provides a time series showing the number of emergency hospital admissions for injury collisions by ethnic group.

# Motorists, breath testing and drink-driving

## Breath testing of drivers

Tables 19, 20, and 21 refer.

These tables cover all motorists who were known to be involved in injury road collisions (excluding, for example, those untraced drivers involved in hit and run collisions). Here, a motorist is defined as the driver or the rider of a motor vehicle (including, for example, motorcyclists)

In 2022, 57% of motorists involved in injury collisions were asked for a breath test (this ranged from 38% to 72% across the police force divisions). The breath test proved positive (or the motorist refused to take the test) for 3.8% of those drivers breathalysed. This represented 2.2% of the total number of motorists involved in collisions (including those who were not asked for a breath test). Although there was a general downward trend in these percentages, in the last couple of years these have been rising as seen in Table 19.

Tables 20 and 21 show the time and day of the collision (Table 20) and for a number of years (Table 21). Table 21 shows that, in 2022, of the 146 positive / refused cases, 39% occurred between 9 pm and 3 am (11% between 9 pm and midnight, plus 29% between midnight and 3 am). Table 20 shows that, using 2018 to 2022 averages, the number of positive / refused cases, expressed as a percentage of motorists involved in collisions, was highest (at around 12%) between midnight and 6 am, but varied depending upon the day of the week, from 7% (the average for 3 am to 6 am for Monday-Thursday) to 14% (3 am to 6 am on Saturdays and Sundays). Table 20 shows that, although the period from 9 pm to midnight had the highest number of positive / refused cases, the equivalent percentages were not as high, because between 9 pm and midnight there were many more motorists involved in collisions than between midnight and 3 am.

## Drink-drive collisions and casualties

Table 22 shows the estimates (made by the Department for Transport) of the numbers of injury road collisions involving illegal alcohol levels. They are higher than the number of drivers with positive breath test results (or who refused to take the breath test) as they include allowances for the numbers of cases where drivers were not breath tested because of the severity of their injuries, or because they left the scene of the collision. Information about blood alcohol levels of road users who died within 12 hours of being injured in a road collision is supplied by the Procurators Fiscal.

The estimates show that the numbers of drink-drive collisions and casualties both fell by 69% between 2011 and 2021 (the latest year for which estimates are available): from a rounded estimate of 490 to roughly 150 (collisions) and from around 670 to some 210 (casualties). While fluctuating from year to year, the number of people killed as a result of drink-drive collisions is estimated to have remained the same in 2011 as it is in 2021 at 10. The adjusted number of serious casualties is estimated to have dropped by 61% (from roughly 180 in 2011 to some 70 in 2021).

# Comparisons of Scottish figures against those of other countries

## Casualty rates: against England & Wales

Tables C to F refer.

Historically, killed casualty rates per head of population in Scotland have been above those for England & Wales, whereas the serious and total casualty rate is usually lower in Scotland than in England & Wales. In 2022, Scotland's casualty rates were 22% higher (killed), 26% lower (serious) and 53% lower (all severities).

### Child rates

In 2022, the Scottish rates were 7% higher (serious) than those in England and Wales and 29% lower (all severities). In the case of serious and all severities this represented an improvement in Scotland's figures relative to England & Wales (compared with the 2014-18 average).

Due to the relatively small number of fatalities a 5 year average is used for comparison here. In the period 2018-2022, child fatality rates in Scotland were on average 23% higher than England and Wales, however, in three of the five years the rates were lower.

It should be noted that the ratio of the fatality rates for Scotland and for England and Wales can fluctuate markedly from year to year, particularly for the child fatality rates due to the relatively small numbers in Scotland (which may be subject to year-to-year changes which are large in percentage terms). Therefore, subsequent paragraphs do not refer to the fatality rates for children using different modes of transport. In addition, it should be remembered the rates for some other sub-groups may be affected by year-to-year fluctuations: for example, the numbers are relatively small for most categories of child killed and seriously injured casualties in Scotland.

### Mode of transport

The casualty rates of car users in Scotland have typically been substantially higher than those of England & Wales for killed and seriously injured casualties, while for all severities the rate has been much lower. In 2022, Scotland's car user fatality rate was 60% higher than that of England & Wales, the seriously injured rate was 10% lower and the all severity car user rate was 51% lower. For child car users, the seriously injured rate was 14% lower in Scotland and the all severities rate was 40% less than that of England and Wales.

In 2022, the pedestrian killed rate per thousand was 2% higher in Scotland than England & Wales, and the serious and all severities rates were 28% and 46% lower respectively. The child pedestrian casualty rates in Scotland were lower for killed (16%) and all severities (14%) but higher for seriously injured (21%) compared to those for England & Wales.

Pedal cyclists casualty rates (all ages) in Scotland were substantially lower than in England & Wales in 2022 for seriously injured (49% lower) and for all severities (66% lower). The child pedal cycle casualty serious rate was 48% lower and the all severities rate 60% lower in Scotland than in England & Wales.

Further information about the numbers of casualties in England and Wales, and for Great Britain as a whole, can be found in [Reported road casualties Great Britain 2022](#) which is published by the Department for Transport.

## Road deaths: International comparison 2021 & 2022 (provisional)

Tables G and H refer.

### Introduction

This section compares Scotland's road death rates in 2021 and 2022 (provisional) with the fatality rates of some countries in Western Europe and some developed countries world-wide. The comparisons involve a total of up to 42 countries (including Scotland, and count *each* of the UK, Great Britain, England, Wales and Northern Ireland as individual countries). The fatality rates were calculated on a per capita basis (the statistics given are rates per million population), and the countries were then listed in order of their fatality rates in Table G sections (a), (b), (c) and (d). In cases where two countries appear to have the same rate, the order takes account of decimal places which are not shown in the tables. A table of car user fatality rates which were calculated on a per motor vehicle basis is no longer shown due to a lack of consistent data.

Tables G and H were provided by the Department for Transport, which obtained the figures for foreign countries from the [International Road Traffic and Accident Database \(IRTAD\)](#).

In accordance with the commonly agreed international definition, most countries define a fatality as being due to a road collision if death occurs within 30 days of the collision. However, the official road collision statistics of some countries limit the fatalities to those occurring within shorter periods after the collision. The numbers of deaths, and the death rates, which appear in the IRTAD tables take account of the

adjustment factors used by the Economic Commission for Europe and the European Conference of Ministers of Transport to represent standardised 30-day numbers of deaths.

## Latest Results

In 2022, Scotland's provisional overall road death rate of 32 per million population was the eleventh lowest of the 40 countries surveyed (counting each of Scotland, England, Wales and Northern Ireland as separate countries, but *not* counting the overall GB and UK figures).

## Pedestrians

In 2021, Scotland's pedestrian fatality rate was 7 per million population. Scotland ranked 20 of the 33 countries for which figures are available (again counting Scotland, England, Wales and Northern Ireland separately, and again *not* counting the GB and UK figures).

## Car Users

When the car user fatality rate is calculated on a per capita basis, Scotland has a car user fatality rate of 7 per million population: the twentieth lowest of 33 countries, again *not* counting the GB and UK figures.

## Age

The fatality rates per head of population for up to 35 countries (including Scotland, England, Wales and Northern Ireland as separate countries, but not counting the overall GB and UK figures) are shown, for each of four broad age-groups, in Table H. Again, the ordering takes account of decimal places not shown in the table. The Scottish rate is the tenth lowest for casualties aged 0-14. It was the fourteenth lowest for those aged 15-24, tenth lowest for those aged 25-64 and twelfth lowest for 65+ (in each case, *not* counting the overall GB and UK figures).

International comparisons of road safety are based on road death rates, as this is the only basis for which there is an international standard definition. As indicated above, the OECD IRTAD tables provide comparable figures for each country, after making adjustments to the data for countries which do not collect their figures on the standard basis. One should not try to compare different countries' overall road collision casualty rates (i.e. the total numbers killed or injured, relative to the population of each country) because there is no internationally-adopted standard definition of an injury road collision. There are considerable differences between countries in the coverage of their injury road collision statistics. For example, many

countries count only collisions which result in someone being admitted to hospital – so their figures would not include the kinds of collision which, in Britain, are classified as causing only slight injuries or certain types of serious injury. Because many countries' definitions of injury road collisions are much narrower than the definition used in the UK, their reported numbers of injury road collisions will appear low relative to ours – so comparing the reported numbers of people injured in road collisions may provide a misleading impression of different countries' road safety records.

# Casualty Reduction Targets: Scotland's Road Safety Framework to 2030

## Introduction

Transport Scotland has published a [Road Safety Framework to 2030](#). The following section provides information on the progress made towards the four main casualty reduction targets outlined in the framework. Each reduction target is assessed against a baseline of the 2014-2018 average.

Target	2030 target % reduction
People killed	50%
People seriously injured	50%
Children (aged < 16) killed	60%
Children (aged < 16) seriously injured	60%

As outlined previously, the number of serious and slight casualties cannot be directly compared to previously recorded figures due to changes in severity reporting.

Progress against the serious casualty reduction targets are therefore based on adjusted figures.

To illustrate the reductions necessary the following table shows the 2014 to 2018 baseline, the latest position, as well as the level of casualties inferred by the 2030 targets.

	2014-2018 average	2022	2030 target
People killed	174	173	87
People seriously injured	2,771	1,776	1,454
Children (aged < 16) killed (3 year average)	6	5	2
Children (aged < 16) seriously injured	264	176	111

Charts showing performance are presented in figure 8. More detail about the calculation of these indicative lines is included in the methodology of assessment section.

## Summary of Progress

### The 2022 figures show:

- 173 people were reported as killed in 2022, 0.3 per cent (1) below the 2014-2018 average of 174.
- 1,776 people were reported as seriously injured in 2022, 36 per cent (995) below the 2014-2018 average of 2,771.
- 3 children were reported as killed in 2022, meaning the average for the 2020-2022 period was 5 a year, this is 17 per cent (1) below the 2014-2018 average of 6.
- 176 children were reported as seriously injured in 2022, 33 per cent (88) below the 2014-2018 average of 264.

Figure 8 shows progress towards the casualty reduction targets for 2022.

Figure 8 (A) - Reported casualties killed

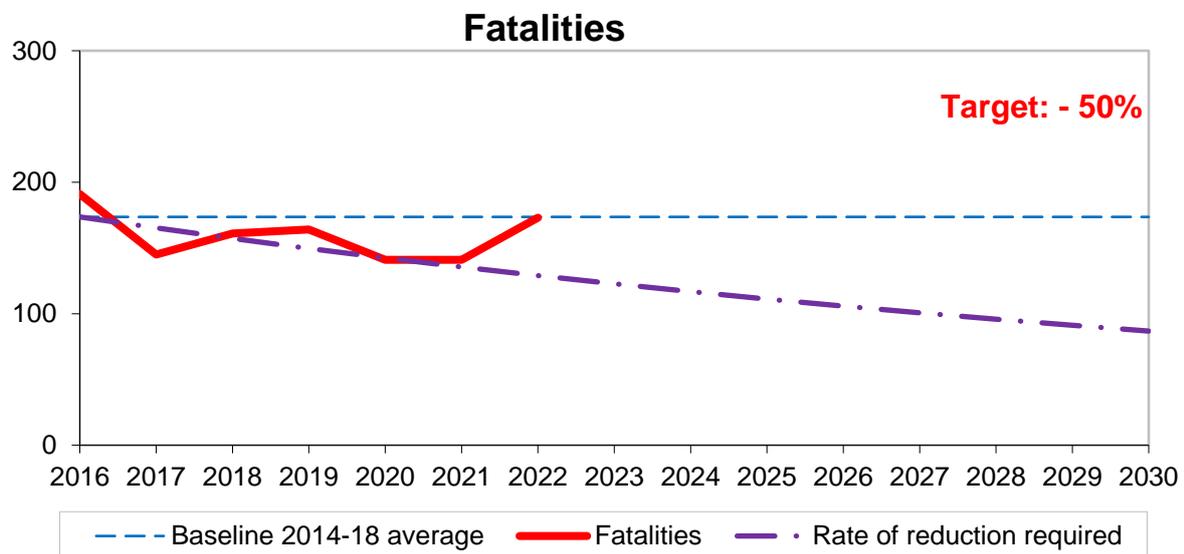


Figure 8 (B) - Reported seriously injured

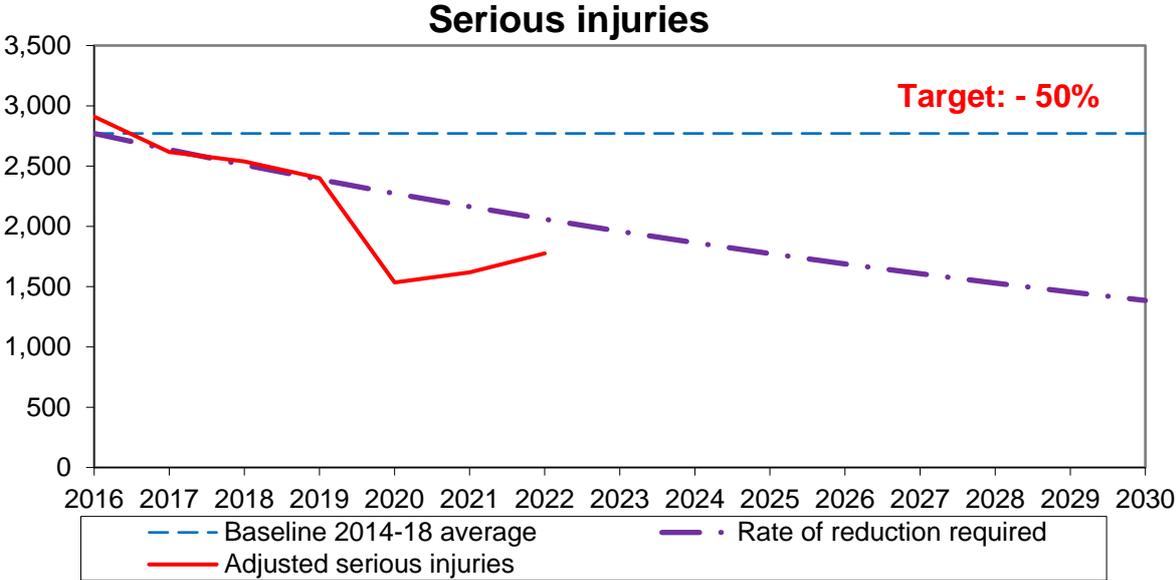


Figure 8 (C) - Reported children killed

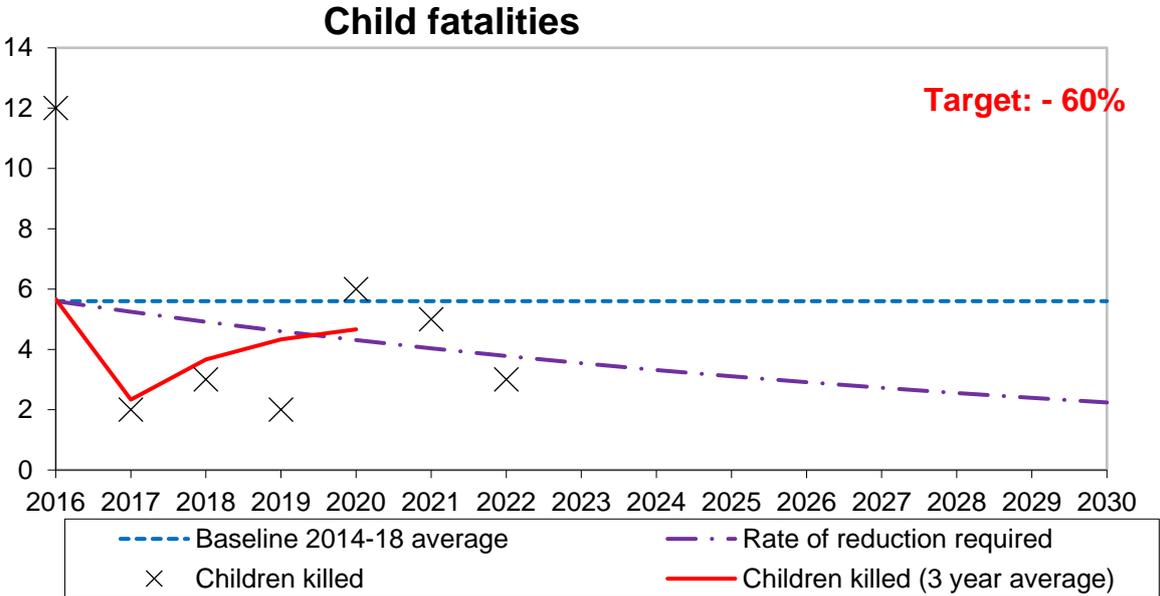
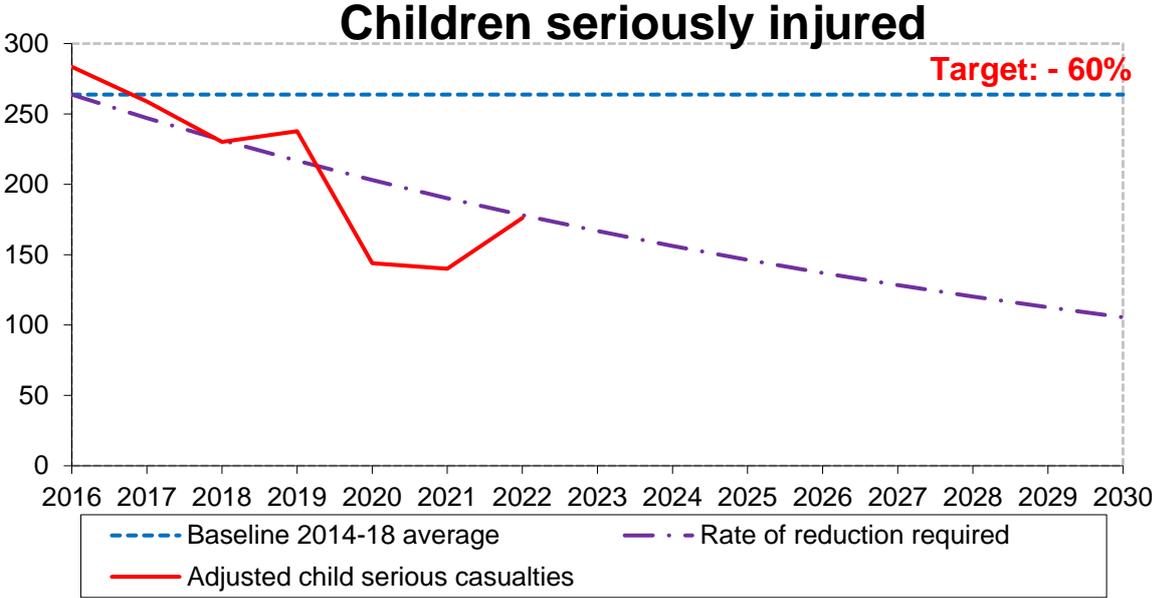


Figure 8 (D) - Reported child seriously Injured casualties



## Commentary

### Numbers killed

There were 173 people killed in 2022, a 0.3% reduction from the 2014-18 baseline average. The decrease seen to 2022 is not on track to meet the framework target for 2030 (a reduction of 50% from 2014-18 baseline).

Figure 8(A) shows that the total number of fatalities in 2022 was above the indicative line required to achieve the target.

### Numbers Seriously Injured

There were 1,776 serious injuries in 2022, a 36% reduction since the 2014-18 baseline level.

Figure 8(B) shows that, the reduction is on track to meet the framework target for 2030 (a reduction of 50% from 2014-18 baseline).

### Children killed

Due to the relatively small numbers involved and the impact of year-to-year fluctuations this target is measured using a three-year average. An average of 5 children a year were killed in the 2020-2022 period, a 17% reduction from the 2014-2018 baseline. Figure 8(C) shows that the reduction was above the indicative line required to achieve the target.

### Children seriously injured

There were 176 child serious injuries in 2021, a 33% reduction since the adjusted 2014-18 baseline level. Figure 8(D) shows that the reduction is currently on track to meet the framework target for 2030 (a reduction of 33% from 2014-18 baseline).

### Other statistics for monitoring progress

Table 40 shows the baseline figures for each local authority area relating to the targets for the numbers killed (separately for trunk roads, local authority roads and all roads), along with the corresponding figures for each of the past ten years and the latest five years' averages. Table 42 shows figures for each Police Force division related to all killed and children killed.

## Method for assessing progress towards the casualty reduction targets

One way of assessing progress towards the targets is to compare actual casualty numbers in each year with an indicative line that starts at the baseline figure in 2016 (mid-point of the 2014 to 2018 average) and falls, by a constant percentage reduction in each subsequent year, to the target for 2030. Other approaches could have been used: there are many ways of producing lines that indicate how casualty numbers might fall fairly steadily to the targets for 2030.

The method adopted to produce the indicative target lines shown in Figure 8 involves a constant percentage reduction in each year after 2016 to 2030. The resulting indicative target lines represent the percentages of the baseline averages which are shown in the table below. They are not straight lines, because of the compounding over the years effect of constant annual percentage reductions (to two decimal places, the falls are: 4.83% per annum for both killed and serious to meet the 2030 target. For both children killed and seriously injured casualties the fall is 6.34%.

**Table 1a** Constant percentage reductions needed to achieve 2030 targets

	Killed and Serious (50% reduction)		Child killed and serious (60% reduction)	
	% baseline (milestone from 2016)	% reduction from baseline (milestone)	% baseline (milestone from 2016)	% reduction from baseline (milestone)
2016	100%		100%	
2017	95.17%	4.83%	93.66%	6.34%
2018	90.57%	9.43%	87.73%	12.27%
2019	86.20%	13.80%	82.17%	17.83%
2020	82.03%	17.97%	76.97%	23.03%
2021	78.07%	21.93%	72.09%	27.91%
2022	74.30%	25.70%	67.52%	32.48%
2023	70.71%	29.29%	63.25%	36.75%
2024	67.30%	32.70%	59.24%	40.76%
2025	64.04%	35.96%	55.49%	44.51%
2026	60.95%	39.05%	51.97%	48.03%
2027	58.01%	41.99%	48.68%	51.32%
2028	55.20%	44.80%	45.59%	54.41%
2029	52.54%	47.46%	42.71%	57.29%
2030	50.00%	50.00%	40.00%	60.00%

## The likely range of random year-to-year variation in road collision and casualty numbers for Scotland as a whole

Because road collisions may occur at random, the numbers of collisions, and the numbers of casualties in those collisions, can fluctuate from year to year. Figures 2 to 5 show, for Scotland as a whole, the numbers of:

- fatal road collisions (1972 to 2022);
- road deaths (1949 to 2022);
- people killed or seriously injured (1950 to 2022);
- children killed or seriously injured (1981 to 2022).

The number of years covered by each chart reflects the availability of the relevant figures. The blue dots are the values in each year, and the blue lines indicate the year-to-year variation. The grey dashed lines show the likely range of random year-to-year variation in the figures: based on statistical theory, one would expect that only about 5% of years would have figures outwith these ranges. Appendix G describes how these ranges were produced: the limits of the likely ranges of values are calculated in a similar way to 95% confidence intervals. It also explains why they cannot be produced for all years. It should be noted that figures for combined fatal and serious, serious and slight severities prior to 2004 cannot be compared to later years due to changes in the way casualty severities were recorded from 2004 onwards.

Figure 2 - Scottish fatal reported road collisions: 1972 onwards

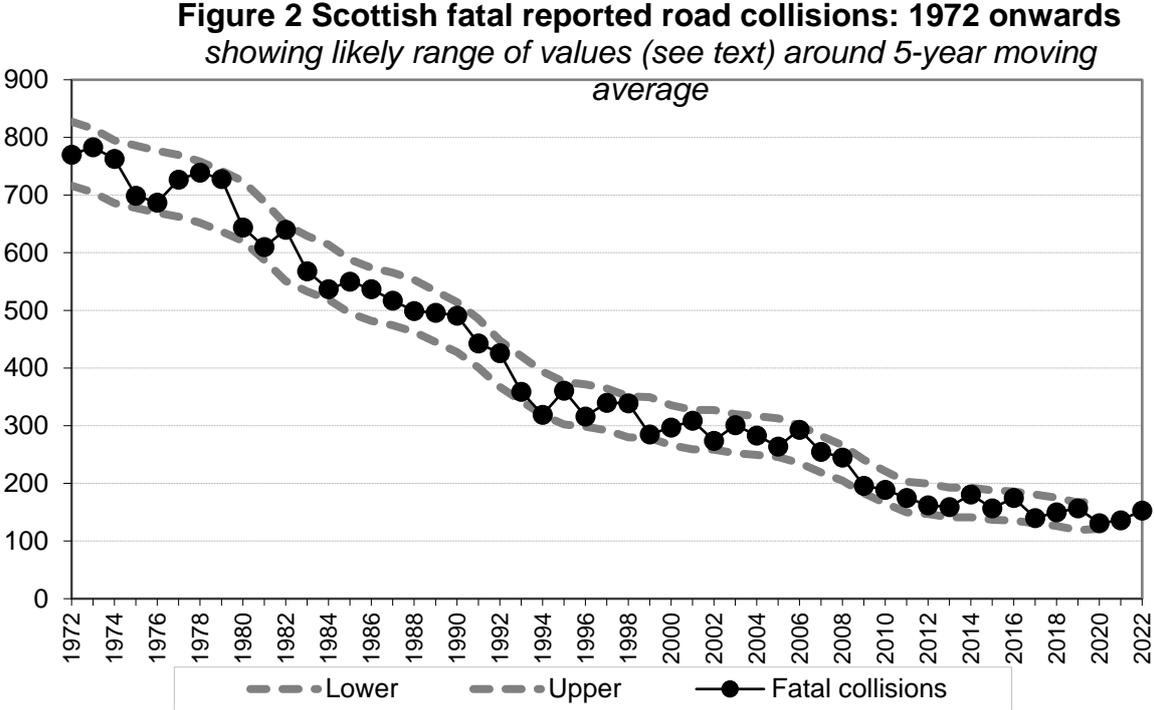


Figure 3 Scottish reported road collision deaths:1949 onwards

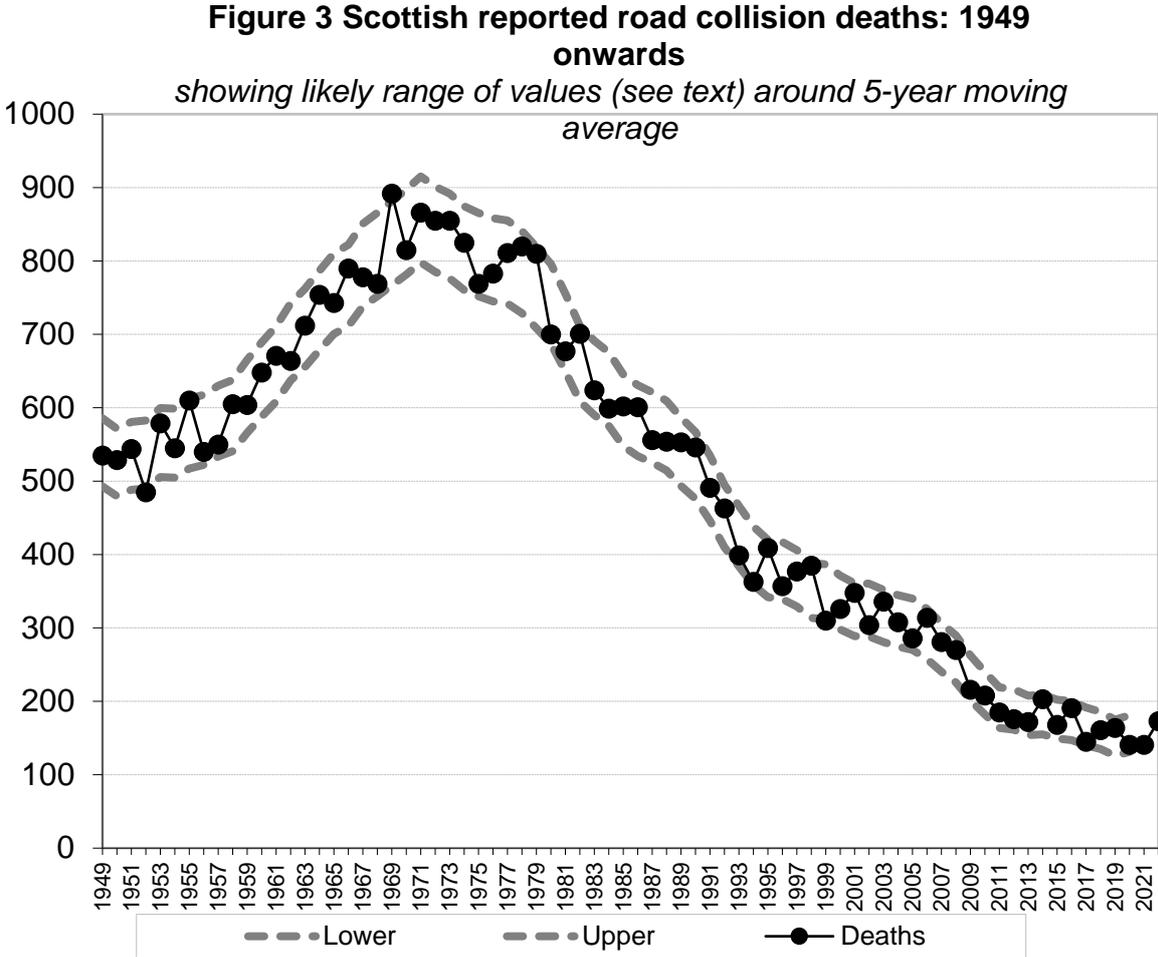
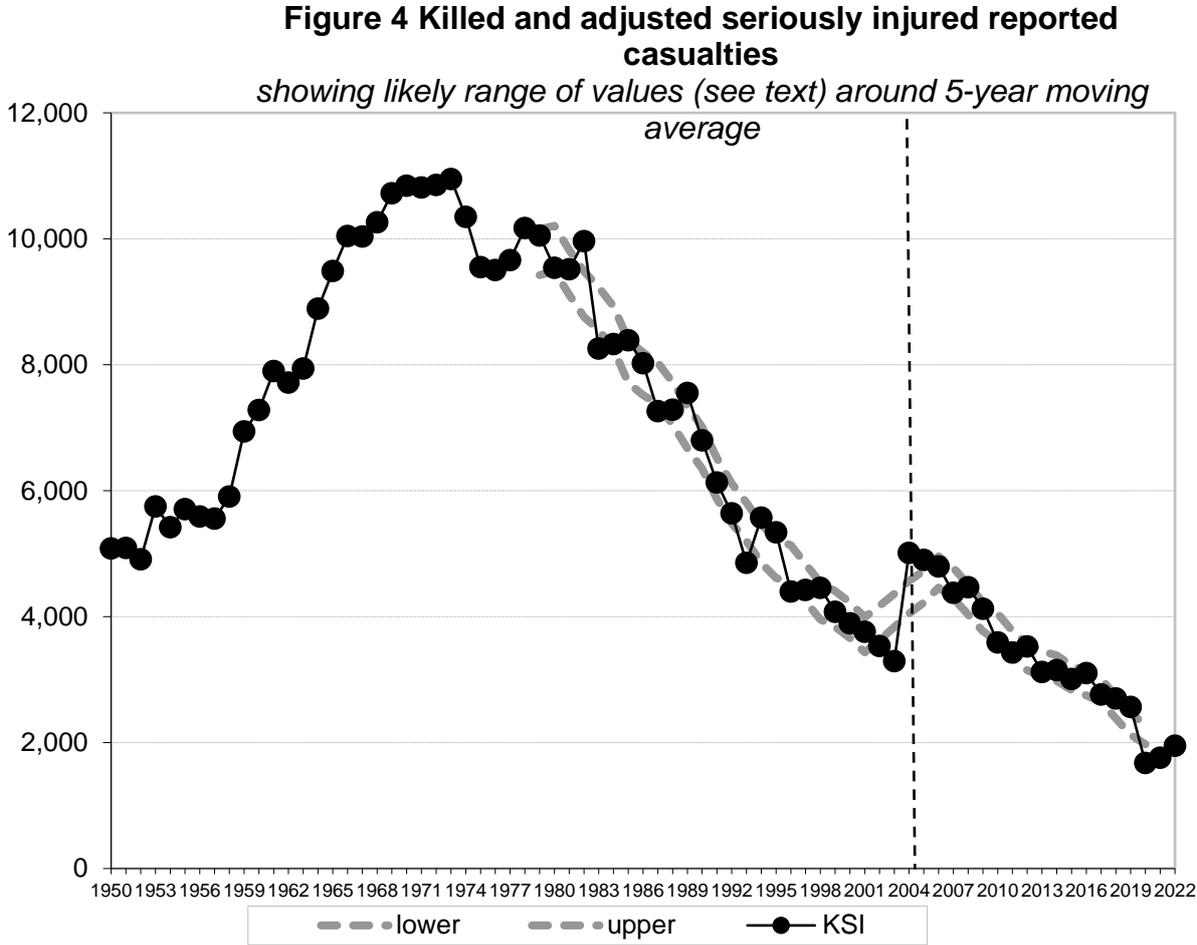
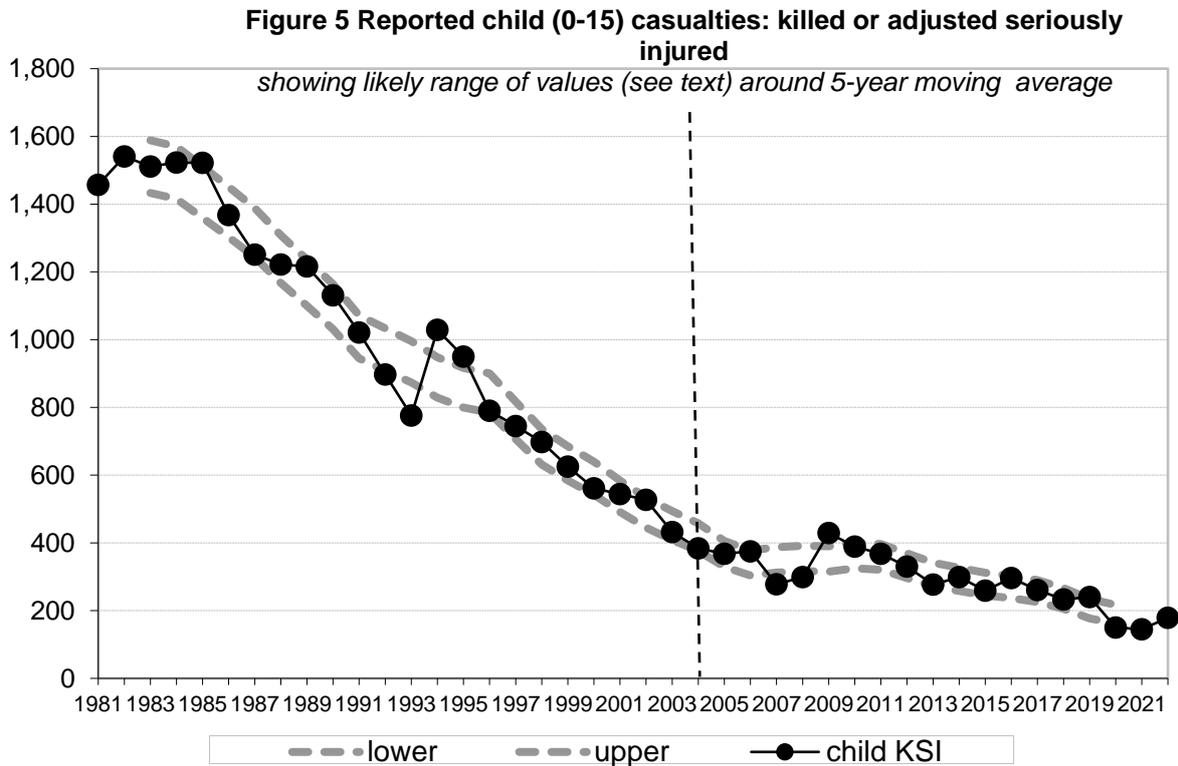


Figure 4 Killed and seriously injured reported casualties



Note for figure 4: Due to changes in the way casualty severities are recorded, serious figures in 2004 are not comparable with previous years.

Figure 5 Reported child (0-15) casualties: killed or seriously injured



Note for figure 5: Due to changes in the way casualty severities are recorded, serious figures in 2004 are not comparable with previous years.

## Fatal collisions, and deaths in road collisions

Figures 2 and 3 show that the number of fatal collisions is within its likely range of values in every year, and the number of road deaths is within its likely range of values in all but three years. These results are reasonable: one would expect a few years' figures to be outside the likely range of random year-to-year variation, given that there are over 40 years' figures for fatal collisions and over 60 years' figures for road collision deaths. Figures 2 and 3 therefore show that, despite the large percentage changes such as the falls in deaths of 19% between 1998 and 1999, and of 13% between 2001 and 2002, the figures almost always remain within the expected ranges. Hence, one should not put too much weight on a single large percentage change.

## Killed or seriously injured (KSI) casualties

Figure 4 has many years' figures (around a third) outwith the calculated likely range of values. The reason for this is that *statistical variability is not the only reason for*

*year-to-year changes* – other factors have contributed to sharp falls and rises in KSI casualty numbers. For example, the sharp fall shown in 1983 may be partly due to the introduction of seat belt wearing (for drivers and front seat passengers in most cars and light vans). Similarly, the sharp rise in 1994 may be due in part to the change in hospital practices where more casualties were kept in overnight for observation.

*Such factors change the underlying rate of occurrence of collisions and/or casualties*, and therefore, in effect, introduce a break into the series of moving average values. The method used to calculate the likely range of random variation cannot take account of the effect of such changes.

Only Figure 4 has figures outwith the calculated interval due to the likely ranges of random year-to-year variation calculated for small numbers being quite wide in percentage terms. This is because, for a Poisson process (see Appendix G), by definition, the greater the frequency of occurrence of events, the smaller the proportion that the standard deviation of the frequency (which is the square root of that number) represents of that number. For example:

- with 100 cases, the square root is 10 – or 10% of the value;
- with 400 cases, the square root is 20 – 5% of the value;
- with 10,000 cases, the square root is 100 – only 1% of the value.

As a result, if a factor (like the introduction of the compulsory wearing of front seat belts) were to cause the same percentage fall in each of the four types of collision and casualty numbers used in the charts, the following might be observed. The percentage fall could be *within* the relatively wide percentage range of likely random variation around the *smaller* numbers, but *outwith* the relatively narrow percentage range of likely random variation around the *larger* numbers. The ranges in Figures 2, 3 and 5 appear to be sufficiently wide to encompass the effects of changes such as those mentioned above. That is, the effects of the changes in their first years may fall within the likely range of random variation.

Of course, over the longer-term, such changes should make significant contributions to the reductions in casualty numbers and their severity. However, the intervals in Figure 4 include a much smaller than expected proportion of the figures. This is because the likely range of random variation for KSI casualties represents only a small percentage of the total, and factors like those mentioned above appear to have had a greater percentage effect than was seen in their first years.

## Children killed or seriously injured

Figure 5 shows the year-to-year fluctuations in the numbers of children killed or seriously injured (for the years for which figures are readily available) are generally within the expected ranges. The exceptions are around 1994, when health boards' policies changed, with the result that more child casualties were admitted to hospitals for overnight observation. This changed the classification of many injuries from slight to serious.

When changes in operational practice or to administrative processes have a marked effect on the statistics, the resulting year-to-year changes can be much greater than those expected due to normal random year-to-year variation – so it is not surprising there are figures outwith the expected ranges around 1994.

# Contributory factors to reported road collisions

## Summary

This section describes the scope and limitations of the information on contributory factors collected as part of the road collision reporting system and presents Scottish results from the seventeenth year of collection.

- Driver/rider errors or reactions were reported in 54% of all reported collisions with failed to look properly the most common type (involved in 27%).
- Travelling too fast for the conditions or excessive speed was reported in 9% of all reported collisions and 22% of fatal collisions.
- Pedestrian only factors were reported in 17% of fatal collisions whilst failed to look properly and loss of control were the most frequently reported driver/rider factors (involved in 20% and 31% of fatal collisions respectively).

## Introduction

From 2005, all police forces across Great Britain reported contributory factors as part of the stats19 collection. These were developed to provide insight into why and how road collisions occur. Their aim is to help identify the key actions and failures that led directly to the actual impact, to aid investigation of how it might have been prevented. Care should always be taken when interpreting the factors as they:

- reflect the reporting officer's opinion at the time of reporting the collision (or the opinion of a person whose duties include deciding which CFs should be recorded based on the officer's report).
- are based on the information which was available at that time, so may not be the result of subsequent extensive investigation (indeed, subsequent enquiries could result in the reporting officer opinion changing).

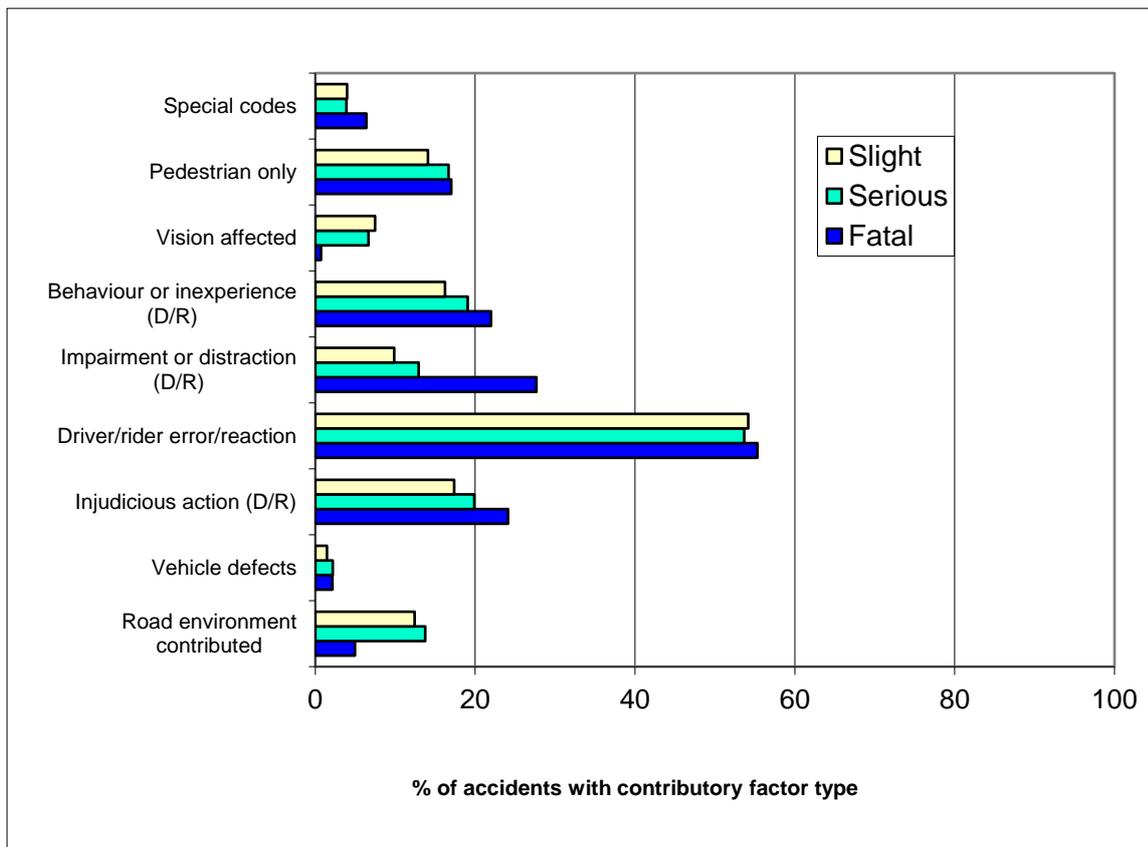
A reporting office attending the scene of a road collision may select up to 6 contributory factors (from a list of 77) to assign to that collision. Multiple factors may be listed against any participant or vehicles in the collision, (therefore percentages in the tables provided may not sum to 100).

Because of this, analysis of contributory factor information requires careful consideration; figures will differ depending on the focus of the analysis. Care should be taken when interpreting tables provided here which consider different aspects of the data (i.e. collisions, vehicles/participants, casualties and frequencies).

This section presents analysis from collisions in Scotland reported to the police in 2021, with the following background note describing the collection of the contributory factor system in more detail.

Note that most tables are by individual contributory factor so care needs to be taken when carrying out analysis. Adding together numbers for individual contributory factors will result in some double counting e.g. some collisions will have 'exceeding speed limit' and 'driving too fast for the conditions' recorded as a factor.

Figure 11 - Contributory factor type: Reported collisions by severity, 2022



## Collisions

### Categories

Each of the 77 contributory factors fits into one of nine categories. Figure 11 shows the percentage of collisions reported to the police with associated contributory factors in each these categories.

- Driver/rider error was the most frequently reported category for each type of severity of collision and was reported in 54% of collisions reported to the police).

- Pedestrian contributory factors (where the factor has been attributed to an injured or uninjured pedestrian involved in the collision), were reported in 15% of reported collisions, rising to 17% of fatal collisions.
- Injudicious action (including travelling too fast for conditions, following too close or exceeding speed limit) was involved in 19% of all reported collisions and 24% of fatal collisions.
- Road environment factors were reported in 13% of reported collisions.

## Factors

On average there were 1.7 contributory factors listed per reported collision with more factors recorded for fatal collisions and fewer for slight collisions. Table M shows the numbers (and percentages) of reported collisions in which each contributory factor was reported.

- Failed to look properly was the most frequently reported contributory factor, involved in 27 % of all reported collisions. This was followed by careless / reckless or in a hurry (13%), failed to judge other person's speed and loss of control (both 12%), poor turn/manoeuvre (8%), pedestrian failed to look properly (8%), Slippery road (7%) and travelling too fast for the conditions (6%) were also in the top six.
- Travelling too fast for the conditions or excessive speed was reported in 9% of all reported collisions and 22% of fatal collisions (Note that the individual percentages for each of these factors cannot simply be added together to obtain combined totals.)
- For fatal collisions, loss of control was the most frequently reported driver/rider factor involved in 31% of collisions. Failed to look properly was reported in 20%, careless/reckless or in a hurry in 17% and exceeding the speed limit in 16%. Pedestrian wearing dark clothing at night were involved in 6% and pedestrians who failed to look properly were involved in 4% of fatal collisions.

Table M also shows how the incidence of some CFs varies with the severity of the collision. For example: *loss of control* is cited in 12% of all collisions for which CFs were recorded but 31% of fatal collisions and *exceeding speed limit* is cited in 5% of all collisions but 16% of fatal ones.

Note that repeats of the same contributory factor within an collision are excluded from the table, however an collision will appear more than once if more than one different contributory factor is reported.

## Changes over time

Table N compares the top ten contributory factors listed in 2022 against previous years. These top ten factors remained the same in all five years, though the order and frequency changed over the 17 years of collection.

## Vehicle & pedestrians

Table O shows the number and percentage of vehicles assigned each type of contributory factor (for each vehicle involved in an collision reported to the police). Table P shows this for pedestrians only.

Tables O & P show that:

- Failed to look properly was the most frequently reported factor both overall (reported in 16% of all vehicles' factors), and for every vehicle except motorcyclists.
- Loss of control (15%) was the most commonly reported factor for motorcyclists.
- Careless/reckless or in a hurry (D/R) was the second most common factor reported for cars or taxis (8%).
- Failed to judge other person's path/speed, poor turn or manoeuvre and Cyclist entering road from pavement were the second most common factors associated with cyclists (associated with 4% of bicycles).
- Failed to judge other person's speed/path was the second most common factor reported for goods vehicles (reported in 9%).
- Careless, reckless or in a hurry was associated with a total of 8% of all vehicles involved in reported collisions.
- Pedestrians involved in collisions were most likely to have failed to look properly as an associated contributory factor (recorded in 39% of all pedestrian collisions), followed by careless / reckless /in a hurry (14%) and impaired by alcohol, failed to judge vehicles path or speed and crossed road masked by stationary/parked vehicle (all 9%).

Table O also shows that many contributory factors were rarely recorded for most vehicles, for example:

- loss of control was recorded for 15% of motorcycles but only 3% of vehicles in the bus/coach/minibus grouping;
- sudden braking was recorded for 6% of buses but for only 1% of all vehicles involved.

On average, fewer contributory factors were recorded for pedal cycles (an average of 0.48 per pedal cycle involved in a reported collision) and bus or coaches (an average of 0.50), compared to an overall average of 0.83 factors per all vehicles.

Note that percentages differ from Tables M & N which presents the percentage of collisions with each contributory factor. As more than one vehicle may be involved in an collision, the average number of factors associated with an individual vehicle is generally lower.

## Pairing of factors

Table Q shows the most frequent pairs of contributory factors assigned to the same reported road collision participant in 2022.

- The most frequently-occurring combination is driver/rider failed to look properly + (driver/rider) failed to judge other person's path/speed, which was recorded on 154 occasions.
- As would be expected, the CFs identified (earlier) as most frequent to appear in several of the most frequently-occurring combinations – for example, (driver/rider) failed to look properly occurs in the first three of the most frequently-occurring combinations.

However, the numbers indicate that even the most frequently-occurring combination of CFs arose in only a small proportion of all collisions.

## Casualties

Tables R & S show the number (and percentage) of fatal and seriously injured casualties involved in collisions where each contributory factor was reported. Unsurprisingly the pattern is similar to that seen in Tables M & N showing the number of collisions with each factor reported

Note a casualty will appear in the tables against each (unique) factor associated with the collision (resulting in the casualty) and therefore may appear more than once. As with the collision tables, repeats of the same contributory factor within an collision are excluded.

## Fatalities

Table R shows the Contributory Factors associated with the largest numbers of deaths were:

- Loss of control – 54 deaths (representing 34% of all deaths in collisions for which CFs were recorded);

- (driver/rider) failed to look properly– 29 deaths (18%);
- Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R) – 28 deaths (18%);
- Exceeding the speed limit – 26 deaths (17%);
- Illness or disability (mental/physical) (D/R)– 21 deaths (13%);
- Travelling too fast for the conditions – 17 deaths (11%)
- Poor turn or manoeuvre – 16 deaths (10%);

## Seriously injured

Table S shows the CFs associated with the largest numbers of serious injured were:

- (driver/rider) failed to look properly – 388 (representing 25% of all serious injuries in collisions for which CFs were recorded);
- loss of control – 270 serious injuries (17%);
- (driver/rider) careless / reckless / in a hurry – 238 (15%)
- (driver/rider) failed to judge other persons path/speed –175 serious injuries (11%) ;
- Poor turn or manoeuvre – 128 (8%);
- Travelling too fast for the conditions – 119 (8%)
- Pedestrian failed to look properly – 119 (8%)
- Slippery road (due to weather) – 117 (7%)

## Overall frequencies of recording

In 2022 at least one contributory factor was recorded in 99.9% of reported collisions where a police officer attended the scene (3,395). A total of 5,821 factors were recorded, resulting in an average of 1.7 factors per collision.

Around 85% (4,921) of all factors listed related to vehicles (and their drivers/rider) and the road environment. Around 13% (730) related to pedestrians who were casualties. Relatively few related to uninjured pedestrians (33 or 0.6%).

Table T presents a ranking of all 77 factors by the frequency of reporting in 2022. (Note that figures differ from earlier tables as repeats of factors within the same collision are counted). It is apparent that some CFs are not used often – many were used fewer than 100 times.

Note that data relating to all reported CFs were used to produce Tables O to T. In cases where the same CF applies to more than one vehicle in the same collision, it is counted once for each of them. These tables therefore differ from Tables M & N (which exclude repeats of the same CF within an collision).

## Possible vs. Very likely

Reporting officers record whether it was thought **very likely** or just **possible** that a factor contributed to the occurrence of the collision. Table T also shows how often each CF was described as very likely, and how often as possible.

Overall, just under three quarters of CFs (74%) were described as very likely, but the percentage varied markedly between different CFs. Excluding those used fewer than 100 times, the following were described as **very likely** on at least 72% of occasions on which they were used:

- Disobeyed Give Way or Stop sign or marking (89%)
- Pedestrian failed to look properly (85%)
- Impaired by alcohol (D/R) (84%)
- Loss of control (82%)
- (driver/rider) failed to look properly (79%)
- Poor turn or manoeuvre (77%)
- (driver/rider) Careless / reckless /in a hurry (76%)
- Pedestrian careless / reckless /in a hurry (75%)
- Slippery road (due to weather) (72%)
- Failed to judge other person's path/speed (driver/rider) (72%)

and the following were described as very likely between 60 and 68 of the occasions on which they were used:

- Travelling too fast for the conditions (68%)
- Exceeding speed limit (68%)
- Following too close (65%)
- Dazzling sun (60%)

## Conclusion

The collection of contributory factors has been part of the GB wide police reporting system for 17 years. It is clear contributory factor information can provide useful indications of the circumstances that may have led to a reported road collision. These can also be attributed to the different participants within the collision, which can help build a picture of how the collision may have occurred.

However, there are limitations to the system and care should be taken when both analysing and interpreting the results. This should help ensure the data is used in the correct manner and that consistent messages/results are achieved by users.

We welcome comments on the analysis presented here or any questions regarding the contributory factor system.

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## Background: The collection of Contributory Factor data

Guidance on recording road collisions is provided in the Department for Transport's *Stats20* document which includes the following points on CFs:

- CFs reflect the reporting officer's opinion at the time of reporting, and may not be the result of extensive investigation;
- subsequent enquiries could result in a change in the reporting officer's opinion;
- the CFs are largely subjective, and depend upon the skill and experience of the investigating officer to reconstruct the events which led directly to the collision;
- the need to exercise judgement when recording CFs is unavoidable;
- CFs should be identified on the basis of evidence from sources such as witness statements and vehicle and site inspections;
- the evidence may be of variable quality, so the officer should record very likely or possible for each CF;

- when there is conflicting evidence (e.g. conflicting witness statements), the reporting officer should decide on the most credible account of the collision and base the codes on this, taking into account all other available evidence.

Some CFs may be less likely than others to be recorded, since clear evidence of them may not be available, or may be very difficult to obtain, after an collision has occurred (e.g. in the case of the nervous, uncertain or panic factor). Participants and witnesses may provide incomplete or conflicting accounts of what happened. The CF data therefore depend upon the skill and experience of the reporting officer to reconstruct the events which led directly to the collision, and so are more subjective in nature than other Stats 19 data. This should be kept in mind when using these results.

Regardless of the number of vehicles involved in the collision, *at most six* sets of CF data can be recorded per collision. Each set contains three pieces of information:

- a factor which is thought to have contributed to the occurrence of the collision – selected from list of 77 , such as:
  - exceeding speed limit (CF code 306);
  - travelling too fast for the conditions (307);
  - failed to look properly (405);
  - impaired by alcohol (501);
  - impaired by drugs (illicit or medicinal) (502)
- the participant in the collision to whom the factor is related:
  - whether this is a:
    - Vehicle – in which case the factor may relate to the driver/rider or to the road environment;
    - Casualty – a pedestrian or a passenger in a vehicle; or
    - Uninjured pedestrian.
  - if a Vehicle or a Casualty, the relevant Stats 19 reference
- whether it was thought very likely or just possible this factor contributed to the occurrence of the collision

Therefore more than one factor may be recorded for the same participant and any given factor may be recorded for two or more different participants, subject to the limit of a maximum of six sets of CF data per collision.

Appendix B of this publication illustrates the CF codes and their descriptions, including a brief set of completion instructions for the reporting officer. More detailed

information is available in the DfT's Stats 20 document (pages 10; 84 -101) and the procedure for allocating them – for example:

- the CFs may be recorded in any order (so nothing can be inferred from the order in which they appear);
- more than one CF may be related to the same road user; and
- the same CF may be related to more than one road user.

## Worked example

Clearly, there could be a lot of CF information in the case of an collision which involved several vehicles, if it was thought that several of them contributed to its occurrence. The following is an example of the potential complexity of the CF data. Car 1 is rapidly travelling along a straight road when Car 2 suddenly appears in front of it, having emerged from a pub car park. The driver of Car 1 brakes sharply, to avoid a collision. As Car 2 drives off, Car 1 is hit from behind by a motorcycle, whose rider and passenger are both killed. The following *might* be recorded as the CF data for this collision:

CF no.	Participant	Contributory Factor	How likely?
1	Car 1	Exceeding speed limit	Possible
2	Car 2	Impaired by alcohol	Possible
3	Car 2	Failed to look properly	Very likely
4	Car 1	Sudden braking	Very likely
5	Motorcycle	Following too close	Very likely
6	Motorcycle	Exceeding speed limit	Possible

This collision has *three* participants and *six* CFs, two of which are the *same* (exceeding speed limit) but apply to *different* participants (Car 1 and Motorcycle). This example will be referred to from time to time, when describing some of the CF results.

## Quality

As the CFs were added to the Stats 19 data specification at the start of 2005, the results for 2005 could have been affected by teething troubles. In June 2006, the Liaison Group on Road Collision Statistics (LGRAS) discussed a paper on aspects of the quality of the data. It also remains the case the recording of CFs varies between Police Forces. In 2009, there were around 2.1 CFs per collision for Scotland; varying between 1.5 and 2.6 between Forces. In addition, while most Police Forces' CFs are allocated by the reporting officer, in one Force they are allocated by a small

team of specialist CRASH investigators. It may be that a higher degree of accuracy exists for fatal and serious collisions than for slight collisions, as the former may be attended by more experienced road policing officers.

On introduction inconsistencies arose between the CF code and the Type of Participant code (around 3-4% in 2005). The most frequent problem was the combination of the CF code for pedestrian failed to look properly with the Type of Participant code for a Vehicle. In such cases, it wasn't possible to deduce (from the data) which was incorrect. Since then additional quality assurance was introduced leading to an improvement in quality (currently around 1% of cases).

There may be other changes in some of the patterns of the reporting of CFs, as a result of such discussions, the introduction of additional computer cross-checks of the data, Police Forces' increasing experience of the collection and recording of such information, and the use of the data by the Police, local authorities and central government.

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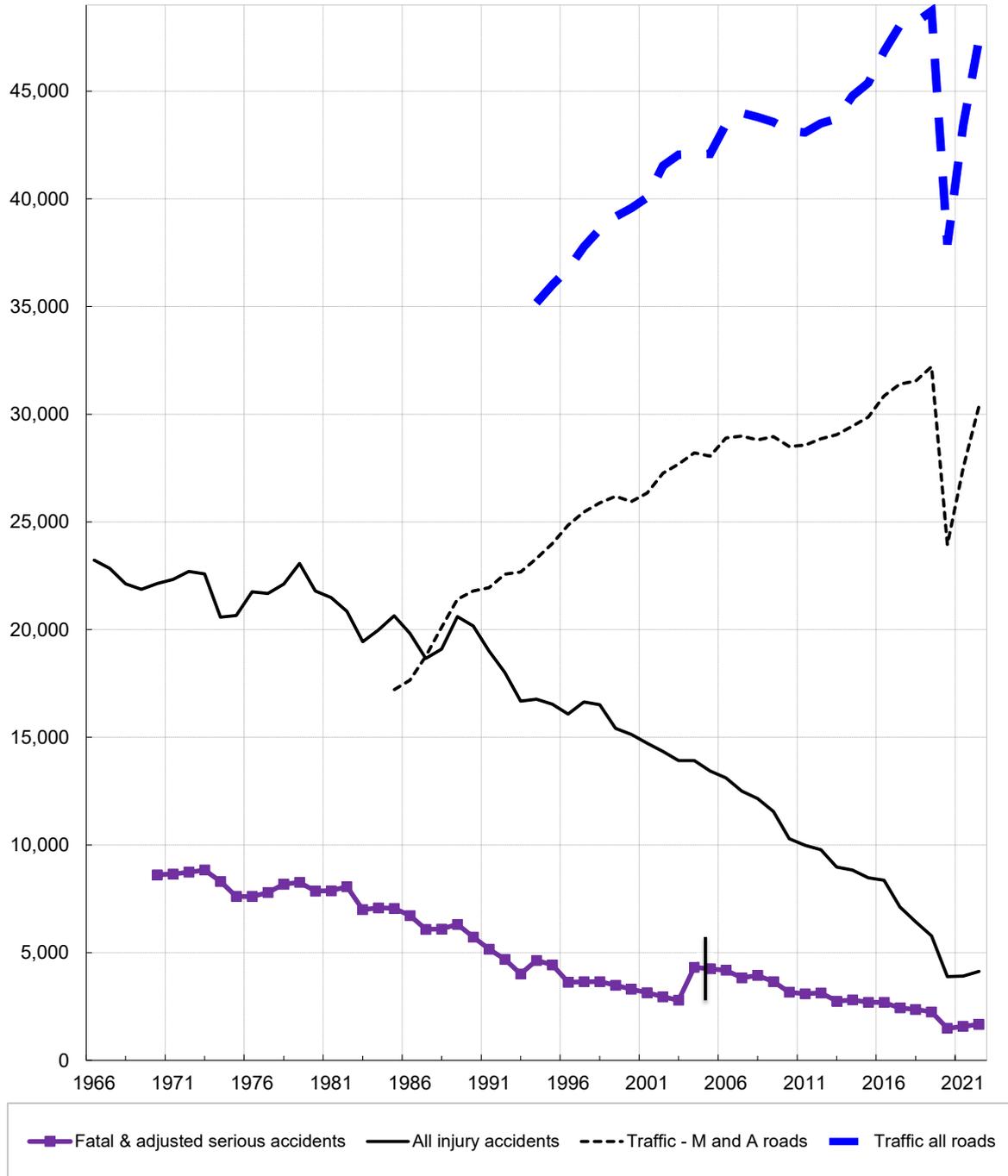
**Figure 1 Reported collisions by severity, 1966 to 2022**

Collisions Traffic  
Numbers million

**Figure 1 Reported accidents by severity, 1966 to 2022**

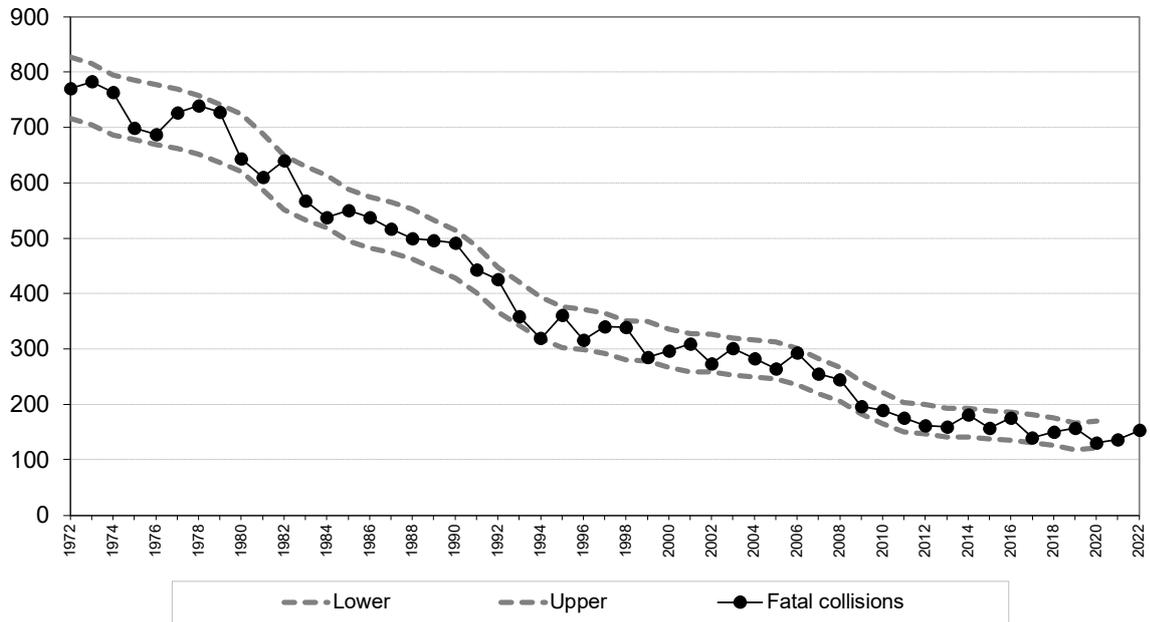
Accidents - numbers

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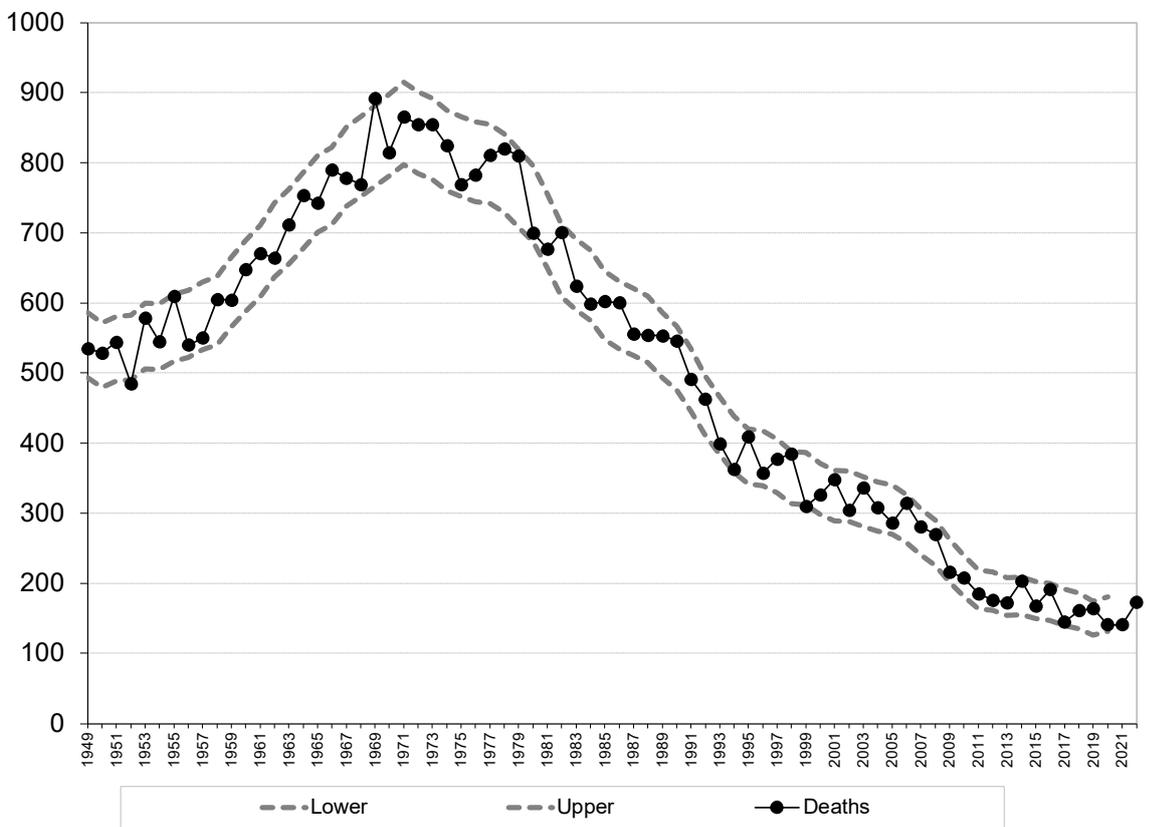


Due to changes in the the way casualty severities are recorded, serious figures prior to 2004 are not comparable with previous years.

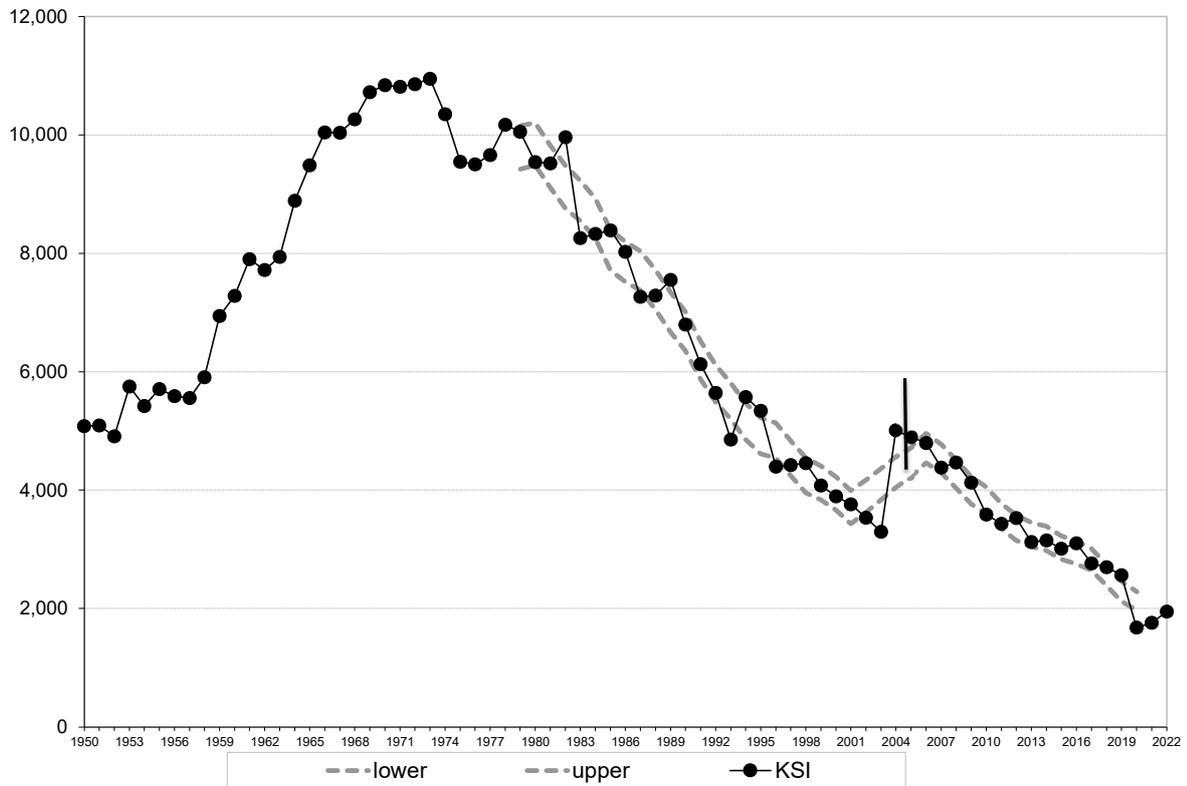
**Figure 2 Scottish fatal reported road collisions: 1972 onwards**  
 showing likely range of values (see text) around 5-year moving average



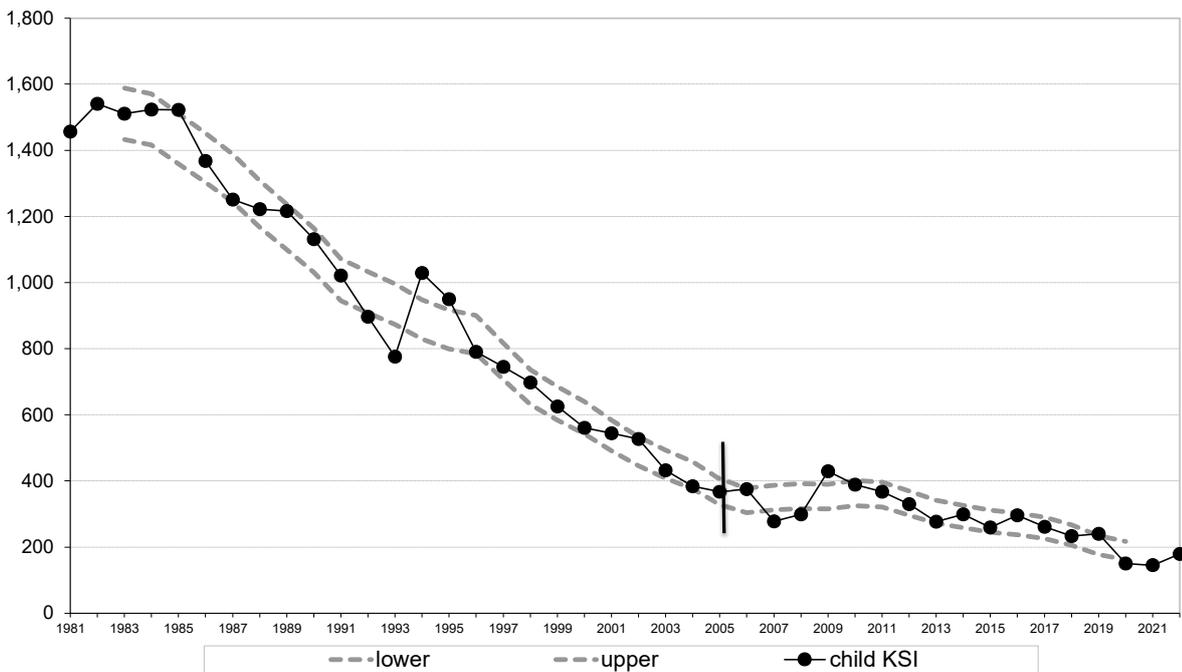
**Figure 3 Scottish reported road collision deaths: 1949 onwards**  
 showing likely range of values (see text) around 5-year moving average



**Figure 4 Killed and adjusted seriously injured reported casualties**  
 showing likely range of values (see text) around 5-year moving average

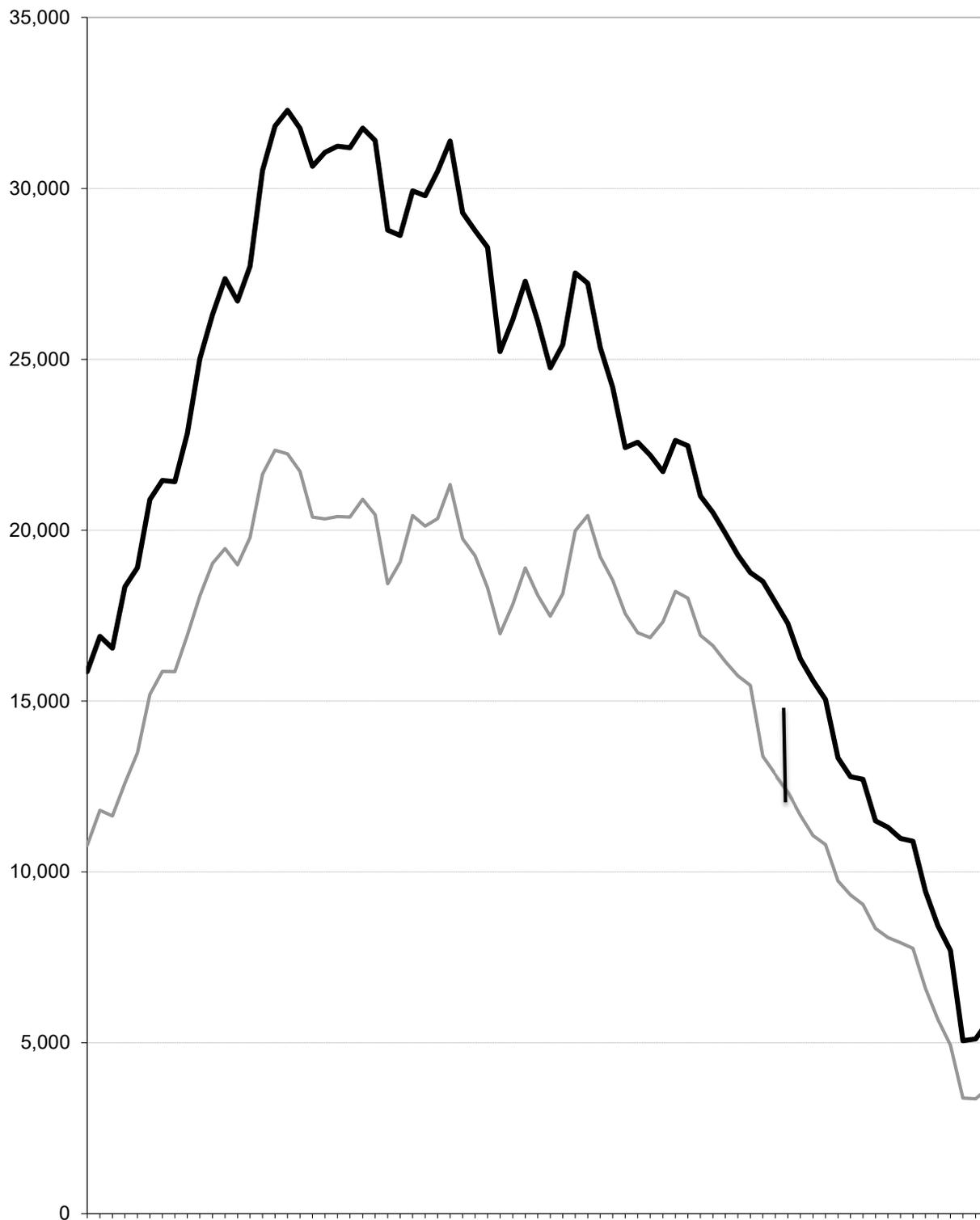


**Figure 5 Reported child (0-15) casualties: killed or adjusted seriously injured**  
 showing likely range of values (see text) around 5-year moving average

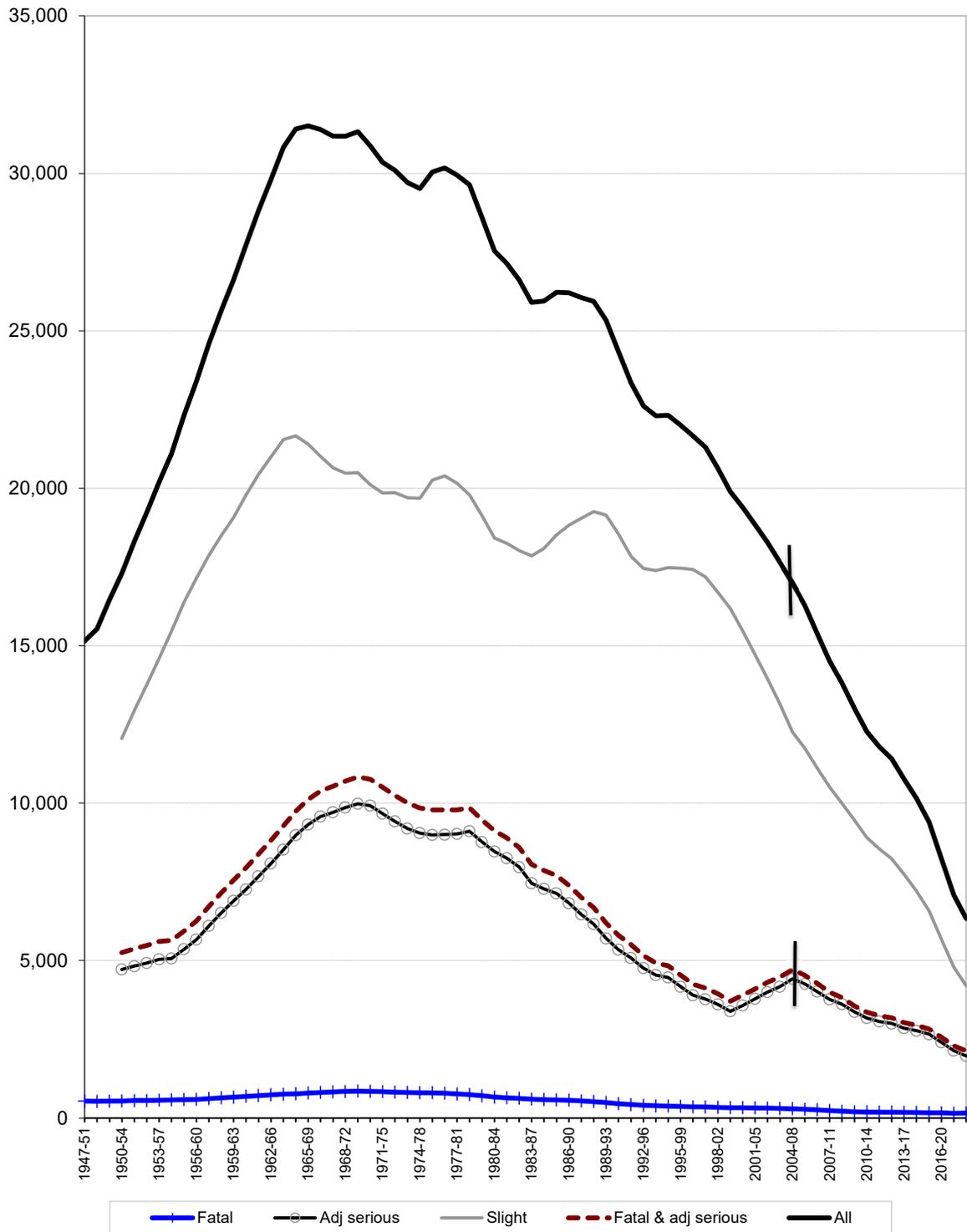


**Figure 6**

**Reported casualties: Total and Slightly injured - from 1950**



**Figure 7 Reported casualties: 5 year moving average (1947-51 to 2018-22)**



Due to changes in the the way casualty severities are recorded, serious and slight figures prior to 2004 are not comparable with previous years.

Figure 8a

Progress towards the 2030 casualty reduction targets

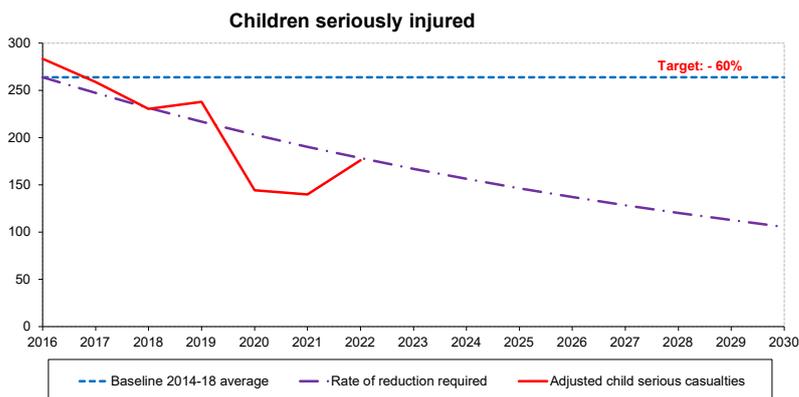
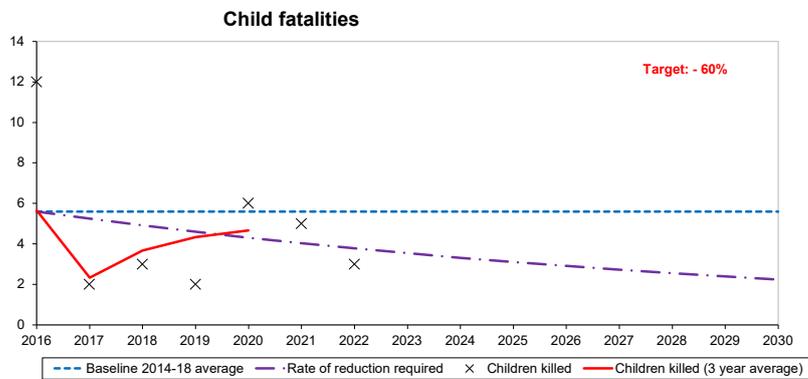
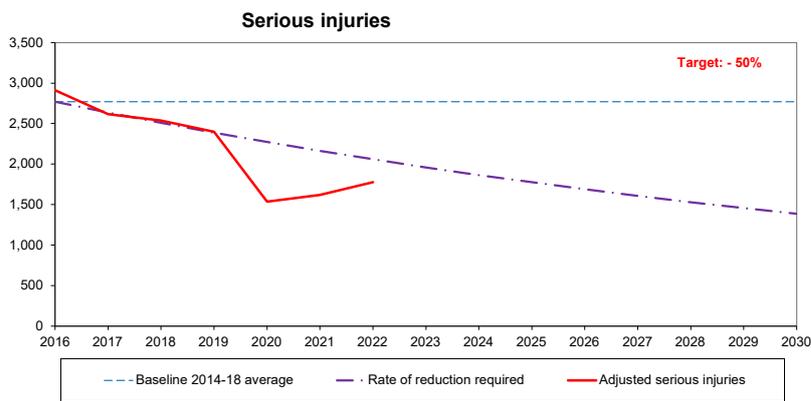
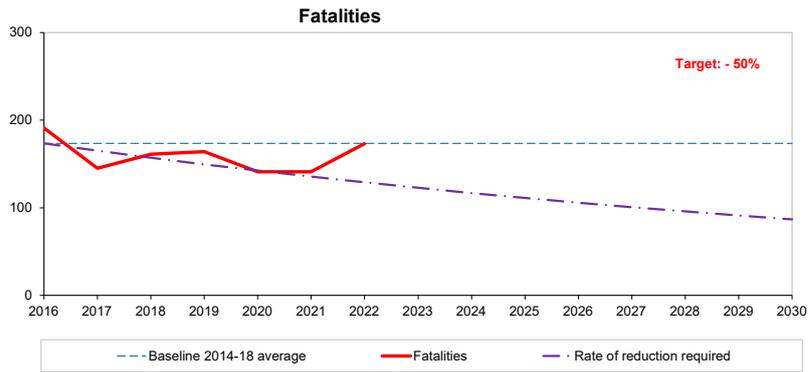
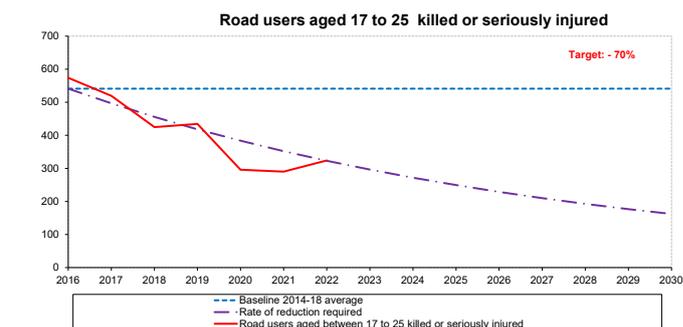
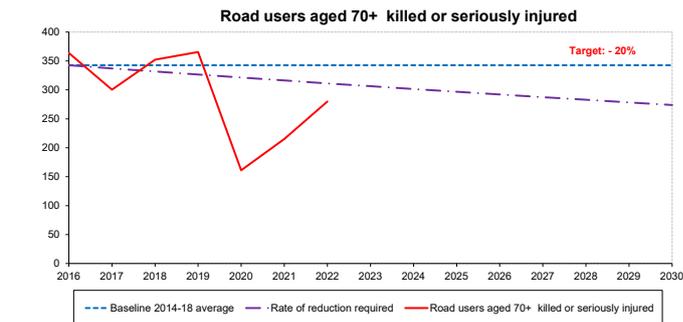
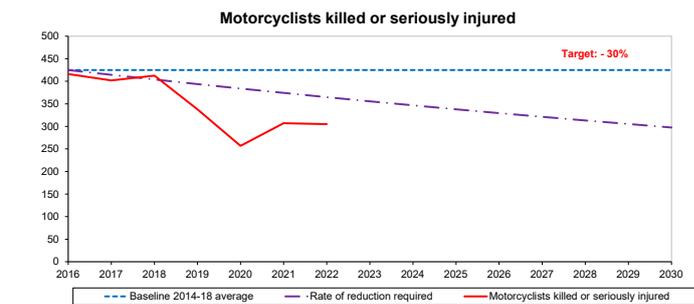
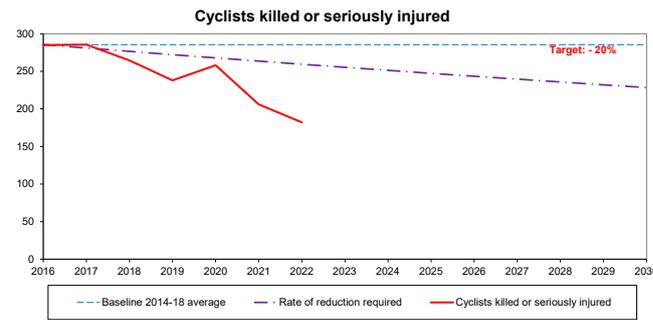
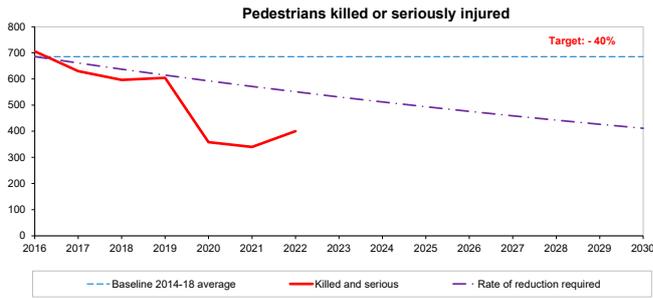


Figure 8B

Progress towards the 2030 casualty reduction targets



**Table 1a DfT serious/slight adjusted and unadjusted collisions, 2004 to 2022**

	DfT adjusted serious	DfT adjusted Slight	Dft unadjusted d Serious	Dft unadjusted d Slight	DfT Serious/SI ight total
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>2,439</b>	<b>5,207</b>	<b>1,412</b>	<b>6,235</b>	<b>7,648</b>
2004	4,042	9,524	2,313	11,253	13,566
2005	3,987	9,128	2,238	10,877	13,115
2006	3,894	8,818	2,240	10,473	12,713
2007	3,584	8,500	2,029	10,056	12,085
2008	3,700	8,175	2,241	9,635	11,876
2009	3,458	7,882	1,998	9,342	11,340
2010	2,977	7,121	1,709	8,389	10,098
2011	2,915	6,873	1,670	8,121	9,791
2012	2,969	6,541	1,714	7,796	9,510
2013	2,592	6,206	1,420	7,378	8,798
2014	2,626	5,986	1,482	7,134	8,616
2015	2,542	5,756	1,419	6,881	8,300
2016	2,518	5,641	1,428	6,731	8,159
2017	2,294	4,621	1,366	5,550	6,916
2018	2,215	4,032	1,367	4,880	6,247
2019	2,095	3,423	1,626	3,892	5,518
2020	1,363	2,402	1,363	2,402	3,765
2021	1,445	2,327	1,445	2,327	3,772
2022	1,527	2,454	1,527	2,454	3,981
<b>2022 change on 2021</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>5.5</b>			<b>5.5</b>
<b>2021 change on 14-18 average</b>	<b>-37.4</b>	<b>-52.9</b>			<b>-47.9</b>

Source: Department for Transport.

The unadjusted figures in this table are National Statistics

The adjusted figures in this table are Experimental Statistics

Unadjusted figures in this table may not match those in other tables in this publication as DfT close their database each year but Transport Scotland keep theirs open.

Figures for serious and slight injuries are as reported by police. Since 2016, changes in severity reporting systems for a large number of police forces mean that serious injury figures, and to a lesser extent slight injuries, are not comparable with earlier years. Adjustments to account for the change have been produced.

More information on the change and the adjustment process is available at the following address.

[https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/833813/annex-update-severity-adjustments-methodology.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/833813/annex-update-severity-adjustments-methodology.pdf)

**Table 1b DfT serious/slight adjusted and unadjusted casualties, 2004 to 2022**

	DfT adjusted serious	DfT adjusted Slight	Dft unadjuste d Serious	Dft unadjuste d Slight	DfT Serious/SI ight total
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>2,771</b>	<b>7,208</b>	<b>1,628</b>	<b>8,353</b>	<b>9,981</b>
2004	4,703	13,380	2,741	15,342	18,083
2005	4,613	12,861	2,643	14,831	17,474
2006	4,482	12,330	2,614	14,199	16,813
2007	4,097	11,660	2,365	13,393	15,758
2008	4,195	11,066	2,572	12,691	15,263
2009	3,909	10,796	2,281	12,424	14,705
2010	3,381	9,735	1,964	11,152	13,116
2011	3,244	9,325	1,873	10,699	12,572
2012	3,349	9,049	1,956	10,442	12,398
2013	2,949	8,344	1,662	9,631	11,293
2014	2,949	8,078	1,692	9,339	11,031
2015	2,840	7,931	1,597	9,176	10,773
2016	2,910	7,763	1,693	8,980	10,673
2017	2,617	6,593	1,578	7,633	9,211
2018	2,538	5,677	1,580	6,635	8,215
2019	2,401	4,927	1,843	5,486	7,329
2020	1,535	3,386	1,535	3,386	4,921
2021	1,618	3,356	1,618	3,356	4,974
2022	1,776	3,672	1,776	3,672	5,448
<b>2022 change on 2021</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>9.4</b>			<b>9.5</b>
<b>2022 change on 14-18 average</b>	<b>-35.9</b>	<b>-49.1</b>			<b>-45.4</b>

Source: Department for Transport.

The unadjusted figures in this table are National Statistics

The adjusted figures in this table are Experimental Statistics

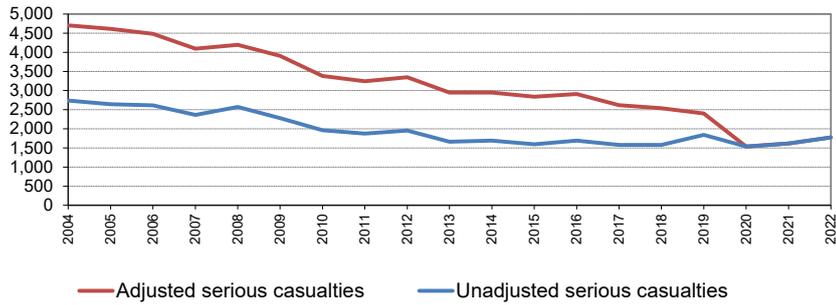
Unadjusted figures in this table may not match those in other tables in this publication as DfT close their database each year but Transport Scotland keep theirs open.

Figures for serious and slight injuries are as reported by police. Since 2016, changes in severity reporting systems for a large number of police forces mean that serious injury figures, and to a lesser extent slight injuries, are not comparable with earlier years. Adjustments to account for the change have been produced.

More information on the change and the adjustment process is available at the following address.

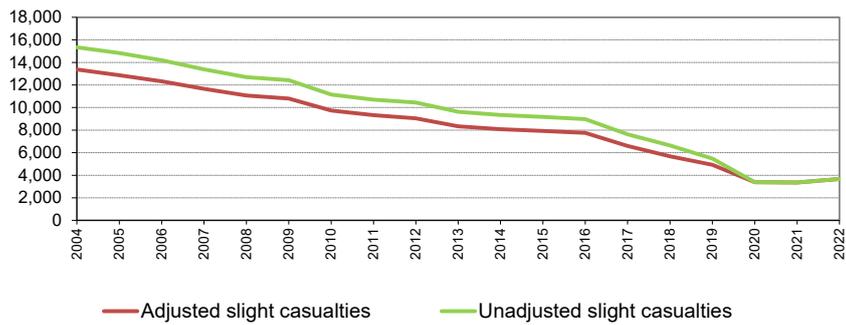
[https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/833813/annex-update-severity-adjustments-methodology.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/833813/annex-update-severity-adjustments-methodology.pdf)

**Figure A: DfT Adjusted/unadjusted serious casualties, 2004 to 2022**



Source: Department for Transport.  
 The unadjusted figures in this chart are National Statistics  
 The adjusted figures in this chart are Experimental Statistics

**Figure B: DfT Adjusted/unadjusted slight casualties, 2004 to 2022**



Source: Department for Transport.  
 The unadjusted figures in this chart are National Statistics  
 The adjusted figures in this chart are Experimental Statistics

**Table A: Summary of reported road injury collision and reported casualty statistics: 2007 to 2022**

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<b>Collisions</b>																
Fatal	255	245	196	189	175	162	159	181	157	175	140	150	157	131	136	153
Fatal & adjusted serious	3,839	3,945	3,654	3,166	3,090	3,131	2,751	2,807	2,699	2,693	2,434	2,365	2,252	1,494	1,581	1,680
All severities	12,507	12,159	11,556	10,295	9,985	9,777	8,974	8,833	8,477	8,355	7,118	6,432	5,774	3,896	3,908	4,134
<b>Collisions on built-up(1) roads</b>																
Fatal	71	82	56	56	61	64	44	67	47	44	44	43	52	50	43	43
Fatal & adjusted serious	2,099	2,165	1,875	1,686	1,734	1,770	1,547	1,617	1,542	1,539	1,397	1,294	1,262	853	857	914
All severities	7,782	7,464	6,991	6,341	6,359	6,165	5,747	5,703	5,401	5,466	4,592	4,037	3,660	2,476	2,382	2,532
<b>Collisions on non built-up(1) roads</b>																
Fatal	184	163	140	133	114	98	115	114	110	131	96	107	105	81	93	110
Fatal & adjusted serious	1,740	1,781	1,779	1,480	1,357	1,361	1,205	1,191	1,157	1,154	1,037	1,070	990	641	724	766
All severities	4,725	4,695	4,565	3,954	3,626	3,612	3,227	3,130	3,076	2,889	2,526	2,395	2,114	1,420	1,526	1,602
<b>Drink-drive collisions and casualties(2)</b>																
Collisions	670	660	660	530	490	440	330	340	340	410	270	280	230	190	150	..
Casualties (all severities)	940	960	920	750	680	580	450	460	470	580	410	400	350	250	210	..
Fatal casualties	30	40	30	20	20	10	20	20	20	30	10	20	20	20	10	..
<b>Killed by mode of transport</b>																
Pedestrian	60	60	47	47	43	59	38	59	44	32	38	34	44	34	38	33
Pedal cycle	4	9	5	7	7	9	13	8	5	8	5	6	9	11	10	2
Motorcycle	40	34	43	35	33	21	23	30	27	30	29	33	25	16	30	25
Car	160	153	116	105	89	73	89	94	75	106	64	75	75	71	55	101
Other (eg taxi, bus, goods)	17	14	5	14	13	14	9	12	17	15	9	13	11	9	8	12
All modes of transport	281	270	216	208	185	176	172	203	168	191	145	161	164	141	141	173
<b>Adjusted seriously injured casualties by mode</b>																
Pedestrian	1,019	1,029	849	772	831	770	687	699	694	674	592	562	560	324	302	367
Pedal cycle	242	252	259	251	271	300	282	292	287	277	280	258	229	247	196	180
Motorcycle	538	564	512	455	421	483	408	452	386	386	373	380	313	241	277	280
Car	1,983	2,032	1,993	1,619	1,442	1,511	1,339	1,294	1,253	1,349	1,165	1,142	1,134	622	712	817
Other (eg taxi, bus, goods)	314	319	297	284	279	285	233	212	220	225	207	196	165	101	131	132
All modes of transport	4,097	4,195	3,909	3,381	3,244	3,349	2,949	2,949	2,840	2,910	2,617	2,538	2,401	1,535	1,618	1,776
<b>Adjusted slightly injured casualties by mode</b>																
Pedestrian	1,598	1,494	1,280	1,191	1,182	1,123	1,007	982	947	947	722	650	609	455	431	512
Pedal cycle	460	466	527	522	546	588	587	589	503	504	434	372	321	353	306	298
Motorcycle	462	441	459	354	351	359	341	338	322	293	213	226	175	162	149	162
Car	7,802	7,453	7,411	6,571	6,232	5,992	5,523	5,357	5,366	5,224	4,430	3,841	3,302	2,085	2,146	2,280
Other (eg taxi, bus, goods)	1,339	1,211	1,118	1,097	1,014	987	886	812	793	794	794	584	520	331	324	420
All modes of transport	11,660	11,066	10,796	9,735	9,325	9,049	8,344	8,078	7,931	7,763	6,593	5,677	4,927	3,386	3,356	3,672
<b>All casualties by mode, by sex and by age</b>																
Pedestrian	2,704	2,593	2,199	2,013	2,065	1,979	1,734	1,745	1,690	1,663	1,363	1,256	1,253	813	771	912
Pedal cycle	714	730	804	781	824	905	886	895	797	790	728	638	591	611	512	480
Motorcycle	1,061	1,042	1,021	845	806	867	775	826	735	709	620	640	522	419	456	467
Car	10,063	9,670	9,579	8,301	7,777	7,665	6,964	6,786	6,713	6,697	5,707	5,085	4,614	2,778	2,913	3,198
Other (eg taxi, bus, goods)	1,697	1,557	1,440	1,398	1,313	1,296	1,133	1,050	1,042	1,039	1,015	805	726	441	463	564
<b>All modes of transport</b>	<b>16,239</b>	<b>15,592</b>	<b>15,043</b>	<b>13,338</b>	<b>12,785</b>	<b>12,712</b>	<b>11,492</b>	<b>11,302</b>	<b>10,977</b>	<b>10,898</b>	<b>9,433</b>	<b>8,424</b>	<b>7,706</b>	<b>5,062</b>	<b>5,115</b>	<b>5,621</b>
Male	9,302	8,843	8,450	7,541	7,310	7,217	6,509	6,433	6,183	6,122	5,298	4,845	4,344	3,100	3,088	3,384
Female	6,917	6,738	6,587	5,787	5,469	5,489	4,973	4,865	4,784	4,767	4,134	3,569	3,352	1,962	2,027	2,235
Child: 0 - 15	1,816	1,689	1,473	1,378	1,316	1,167	1,052	1,029	971	999	900	754	769	493	495	587
Young adult: 16-22	3,419	3,175	3,086	2,491	2,243	2,299	1,893	1,883	1,690	1,605	1,398	1,100	1,007	734	706	773
Adult: 23-59	8,931	8,706	8,450	7,713	7,360	7,404	6,770	6,651	6,630	6,604	5,615	5,026	4,476	3,072	3,026	3,109
Older adults: 60+	2,044	2,000	1,997	1,732	1,845	1,836	1,752	1,725	1,673	1,674	1,497	1,517	1,440	763	887	1,151
<b>Child<sup>4</sup> killed by mode of transport</b>																
Pedestrian	4	4	1	1	2	1	5	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	1	1
Pedal cycle	1	2	1	1	-	1	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-
Car	4	13	3	1	5	-	2	4	-	7	-	-	-	2	2	1
Other (eg m/c, taxi, bus...)	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	1
All modes of transport	9	20	5	4	7	2	9	7	4	12	2	3	2	6	5	3
<b>Child<sup>4</sup> adjusted seriously injured casualties by mode</b>																
Pedestrian	310	309	253	245	236	206	164	191	170	181	167	146	146	80	94	115
Pedal cycle	52	39	46	43	42	38	28	30	22	16	21	25	30	24	17	12
Car	104	100	106	82	70	70	65	54	55	75	54	54	55	30	24	27
Other (eg m/c, taxi, bus...)	19	21	19	15	12	14	12	16	8	12	17	5	6	10	5	22
All modes of transport	485	469	424	385	361	328	268	292	255	284	259	230	238	144	140	176
<b>All child<sup>4</sup> casualties by mode</b>																
Pedestrian	882	831	674	642	646	521	462	499	460	478	401	334	332	226	243	295
Pedal cycle	174	150	148	146	135	121	112	81	71	55	67	64	74	60	59	44
Car	633	569	548	506	460	451	404	389	373	419	328	316	306	181	172	194
Other (eg m/c, taxi, bus...)	127	139	103	84	75	74	74	60	67	47	104	40	57	26	21	54
All modes of transport	1,816	1,689	1,473	1,378	1,316	1,167	1,052	1,029	971	999	900	754	769	493	495	587
<b>Collision costs (£ million)(3)</b>																
						1,541	1,399	1,468	1,344	1,413	1,201	1,184	1,223	952	973	1,102

1. Built-up roads have a speed limit of up to 40mph; Non built-up roads have a speed limit of over 40mph  
 2. Estimates, adjusted for under-reporting as described in the text accompanying Table 22. The latest year's estimates are not yet available.  
 3. Estimated total costs (including damage only collisions) at 2017 prices, calculated as described in the text accompanying Tables 9 to 11.  
 4. Child 0-15 years

**Table B: Summary of reported injury Collisions and casualties injured in those collisions by police force division, council and sev**

	Collisions				Casualties				Child casualties
	Fatal	Serious	Slight	Total	Killed	Serious	Slight	Total	All severities
<b>North East <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>17</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>368</b>	<b>46</b>
Aberdeen City	1	25	41	67	1	28	53	82	13
Aberdeenshire	12	76	55	143	12	105	120	237	30
Moray	4	18	15	37	4	19	26	49	3
<b>Tayside</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>388</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>541</b>	<b>62</b>
Dundee City	-	39	96	135	-	40	141	181	32
Angus	1	35	60	96	1	45	85	131	11
Perth & Kinross	7	70	80	157	8	85	136	229	19
<b>Argyll &amp; West Dunbartons</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>13</b>
Argyll & Bute	8	33	37	78	11	47	60	118	5
West Dunbartonshire	2	10	27	39	2	14	37	53	8
<b>Forth Valley</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>37</b>
Clackmannanshire	2	13	10	25	2	15	13	30	7
Stirling	-	44	48	92	-	50	92	142	17
Falkirk	5	30	47	82	5	37	68	110	13
<b>Dumfries &amp; Galloway</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>Ayrshire</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>34</b>
North Ayrshire	5	37	53	95	5	44	72	121	10
East Ayrshire	5	41	42	88	6	47	71	124	14
South Ayrshire	6	32	33	71	6	37	50	93	10
<b>Greater Glasgow</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>690</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>602</b>	<b>883</b>	<b>95</b>
Glasgow City	7	204	391	602	7	223	534	764	87
East Dunbartonshire	1	18	11	30	1	23	19	43	3
East Renfrewshire	2	23	33	58	2	25	49	76	5
<b>Lothians &amp; Scottish Borde</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>478</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>76</b>
West Lothian	7	51	117	175	7	57	203	267	36
Midlothian	1	31	74	106	1	31	106	138	14
East Lothian	4	40	59	103	4	43	96	143	18
Scottish Borders	8	42	44	94	10	52	75	137	8
<b>Edinburgh</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>507</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>442</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>64</b>
<b>Highlands &amp; Islands</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>15</b>
Highland	24	88	94	206	32	118	158	308	14
Orkney Islands	3	3	5	11	4	4	9	17	-
Shetland Islands	-	4	2	6	-	4	5	9	-
Eilean Siar	-	3	6	9	-	4	8	12	1
<b>Fife</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>Renfrewshire &amp; Inverclyde</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>27</b>
Inverclyde	1	16	16	33	1	22	27	50	8
Renfrewshire	4	46	71	121	4	53	108	165	19
<b>Lanarkshire</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>444</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>57</b>
North Lanarkshire	5	72	143	220	6	77	202	285	37
South Lanarkshire	9	76	139	224	10	84	190	284	20
<b>Scotland</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>1,527</b>	<b>2,454</b>	<b>4,134</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>1,776</b>	<b>3,672</b>	<b>5,621</b>	<b>587</b>
<i>of which:</i>									
<i>Built up roads</i>	43	871	1,618	2,532	45	953	2,168	3,166	464
<i>Non- built up roads</i>	110	656	836	1,602	128	823	1,504	2,455	123

1. In 2015 the police created a new North East division by combining Aberdeen, Moray and Aberdeenshire councils.

**Table B: Summary of reported injury collisions by council and severity**

Note: A road collision may contain one or more casualties who are injured, each collision is recorded once in the tables below, irrespective of the number of casualties. Collision severity is based on the severity of the most severely injured casualty from that collision. For more information see appendix D.

<b>Fatal</b>	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Aberdeen City	3	7	7	7	4	6	4	3	2	2	3	1	2	1
Aberdeenshire	21	22	10	14	22	22	18	16	7	8	8	7	12	12
Angus	7	6	5	5	3	6	8	6	9	2	3	3	3	1
Argyll & Bute	5	15	4	4	9	4	6	8	4	8	9	6	9	8
Clackmannanshire	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	3	1	2
Dumfries & Galloway	9	4	9	7	12	10	9	12	11	6	7	5	9	6
Dundee City	5	5	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	0
East Ayrshire	4	5	4	3	4	2	1	4	2	5	6	2	6	5
East Dunbartonshire	2	4	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
East Lothian	5	3	1	0	1	2	3	3	3	2	1	2	0	4
East Renfrewshire	1	1	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2
Edinburgh, City of	6	4	9	13	8	10	3	9	6	5	6	6	3	5
Eilean Siar	0	2	1	2	1	4	1	0	0	1	2	1	1	0
Falkirk	3	1	1	10	3	2	3	1	0	2	4	2	4	5
Fife	6	13	11	6	11	10	12	9	5	9	14	11	2	8
Glasgow City	18	10	13	7	4	13	15	7	7	9	9	13	9	7
Highland	24	21	18	13	17	19	14	17	15	22	21	13	13	24
Inverclyde	2	1	1	1	0	1	2	2	3	0	1	3	2	1
Midlothian	3	1	2	2	5	0	3	6	2	1	1	0	2	1
Moray	4	4	4	3	3	2	2	5	5	5	4	3	4	4
North Ayrshire	4	5	4	2	3	3	4	5	4	2	2	1	4	5
North Lanarkshire	10	2	11	4	5	5	7	3	6	5	5	8	6	5
Orkney Islands	0	0	0	4	2	2	0	1	1	0	2	1	2	3
Perth & Kinross	9	17	16	10	10	13	6	10	12	13	6	3	5	7
Renfrewshire	2	1	7	8	4	8	1	3	2	4	2	1	2	4
Scottish Borders	12	8	6	9	4	6	6	11	7	12	6	5	8	8
Shetland Islands	0	1	0	0	1	1	3	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
South Ayrshire	3	7	3	3	4	2	5	7	7	1	2	2	6	6
South Lanarkshire	16	11	10	9	5	12	5	17	6	14	12	8	7	9
Stirling	5	4	6	4	4	7	8	2	5	4	5	9	5	0
West Dunbartonshire	1	1	4	3	0	2	1	3	2	1	1	2	2	2
West Lothian	4	1	2	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	6	5	5	7
<b>Total</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>153</b>

**Adjusted serious**

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Aberdeen City	131	116	134	134	132	109	94	72	52	59	51	38	27	25
Aberdeenshire	277	242	221	229	182	189	153	149	124	120	96	69	81	76
Angus	82	71	75	67	65	49	52	45	49	54	42	40	48	35
Argyll & Bute	108	94	84	80	70	74	73	78	73	65	81	30	36	33
Clackmannanshire	23	22	16	27	22	15	19	23	14	16	13	8	11	13
Dumfries & Galloway	156	116	120	114	96	111	95	86	79	109	78	37	66	66
Dundee City	90	65	78	68	59	61	36	48	46	35	48	48	39	39
East Ayrshire	65	61	60	56	44	47	58	52	46	57	38	29	32	41
East Dunbartonshire	34	35	32	37	21	28	23	24	25	19	28	12	13	18
East Lothian	52	56	46	46	44	54	48	45	53	52	46	28	32	40
East Renfrewshire	28	35	27	25	22	25	27	28	30	24	23	12	18	23
Edinburgh, City of	281	271	311	324	287	309	295	315	260	222	231	130	148	163
Eilean Siar	13	11	8	10	5	11	9	8	6	7	12	4	6	3
Falkirk	83	69	67	88	65	66	72	71	69	49	38	25	39	30
Fife	174	154	132	143	126	122	123	136	113	118	125	95	76	78
Glasgow City	373	341	303	342	270	304	296	304	271	263	242	181	183	204
Highland	217	160	167	153	136	131	120	134	111	147	138	88	88	88
Inverclyde	39	39	40	37	27	32	30	30	22	26	34	12	14	16
Midlothian	59	52	47	56	44	55	60	47	52	43	37	20	25	31
Moray	60	46	41	52	52	50	40	36	29	22	24	20	13	18
North Ayrshire	78	48	61	62	58	60	68	52	57	54	57	37	34	37
North Lanarkshire	160	136	124	126	121	119	112	119	121	110	106	64	50	72
Orkney Islands	10	9	5	5	7	7	4	10	5	4	7	2	4	3
Perth & Kinross	141	110	104	113	103	90	75	66	78	81	70	48	64	70
Renfrewshire	89	91	89	82	60	64	74	79	72	62	66	36	37	46
Scottish Borders	127	115	98	98	93	86	91	76	74	71	64	41	46	42
Shetland Islands	13	9	9	10	9	6	8	10	5	3	8	4	5	4
South Ayrshire	83	58	65	55	47	59	59	65	64	51	50	30	35	32
South Lanarkshire	175	132	136	126	118	137	126	132	115	102	106	75	71	76
Stirling	80	76	75	75	83	61	69	57	54	55	48	30	28	44
West Dunbartonshire	42	39	38	33	37	26	28	38	36	28	23	20	19	10
West Lothian	114	96	104	97	85	69	106	84	87	86	65	50	57	51
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,458</b>	<b>2,977</b>	<b>2,915</b>	<b>2,969</b>	<b>2,592</b>	<b>2,626</b>	<b>2,542</b>	<b>2,518</b>	<b>2,294</b>	<b>2,215</b>	<b>2,095</b>	<b>1,363</b>	<b>1,445</b>	<b>1,527</b>

Note: Care should be taken when comparing low figures for some of the smaller areas in some of the tables due to relatively large fluctuations from year to year.

**Table B: Summary of reported injury collisions by council and severity (cont'd)**

<b>All severities</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>
Aberdeen City	445	350	364	385	349	273	229	175	155	137	118	71	61	67
Aberdeenshire	687	599	518	533	462	419	347	334	252	242	199	118	140	143
Angus	232	192	220	202	178	141	145	111	135	126	98	127	122	96
Argyll & Bute	282	275	232	211	208	193	227	178	174	156	142	81	92	78
Clackmannanshire	77	69	64	84	69	62	62	69	48	34	35	23	19	25
Dumfries & Galloway	388	360	319	320	303	311	278	269	236	259	199	119	149	190
Dundee City	281	219	237	227	185	168	126	135	120	96	130	147	114	135
East Ayrshire	215	201	204	173	162	164	205	179	131	163	103	87	70	88
East Dunbartonshire	147	141	140	114	102	101	94	93	88	59	73	45	37	30
East Lothian	174	199	159	170	154	178	158	158	158	128	106	82	90	103
East Renfrewshire	103	104	116	97	98	92	93	95	95	71	67	50	55	58
Edinburgh, City of	1,192	1,179	1,181	1,167	1,157	1,263	1,110	1,140	905	772	741	438	482	507
Eilean Siar	39	42	35	28	20	37	32	24	17	21	25	13	20	9
Falkirk	303	240	261	270	248	229	250	235	216	166	129	85	108	82
Fife	588	556	447	421	420	410	428	452	317	328	304	245	216	234
Glasgow City	1,511	1,336	1,284	1,316	1,082	1,243	1,206	1,279	1,077	910	867	592	553	602
Highland	616	475	488	514	443	432	379	383	309	393	337	215	208	206
Inverclyde	146	165	155	136	120	130	110	112	91	79	99	42	36	33
Midlothian	207	193	177	216	165	188	189	166	134	119	116	73	95	106
Moray	197	141	137	129	119	92	81	75	60	50	54	31	28	37
North Ayrshire	225	177	230	205	188	179	192	186	165	147	129	93	92	95
North Lanarkshire	664	585	569	512	510	482	451	483	444	382	345	191	202	220
Orkney Islands	27	27	13	22	23	24	12	25	11	10	24	9	13	11
Perth & Kinross	396	330	293	313	279	224	201	175	204	184	128	130	149	157
Renfrewshire	312	320	354	336	254	257	258	289	260	211	163	120	105	121
Scottish Borders	363	307	274	263	255	221	221	202	185	173	149	85	102	94
Shetland Islands	42	30	32	30	25	24	25	26	16	13	21	11	8	6
South Ayrshire	266	198	219	202	190	200	193	205	157	125	122	77	71	71
South Lanarkshire	596	511	514	454	455	503	456	466	395	383	335	231	184	224
Stirling	254	229	220	214	239	169	196	177	141	127	127	80	74	92
West Dunbartonshire	173	161	145	133	142	111	119	128	114	85	75	46	43	39
West Lothian	408	384	384	380	370	313	404	331	308	283	214	139	170	175
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,556</b>	<b>10,295</b>	<b>9,985</b>	<b>9,777</b>	<b>8,974</b>	<b>8,833</b>	<b>8,477</b>	<b>8,355</b>	<b>7,118</b>	<b>6,432</b>	<b>5,774</b>	<b>3,896</b>	<b>3,908</b>	<b>4,134</b>

Note: Care should be taken when comparing low figures for some of the smaller areas in some of the tables due to relatively large fluctuations from year to year.

**Table B: Summary of reported casualties injured in collisions by council and severity**

Note: The following tables contain all casualties resulting from collisions; therefore the total number of casualties will be equal to or more than the number of collisions in a given year.

**Killed**

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Aberdeen City	4	7	7	8	4	6	5	3	2	2	3	1	2	1
Aberdeenshire	22	26	11	14	23	25	19	17	7	8	10	7	12	12
Angus	7	6	5	5	3	6	8	6	10	2	3	3	3	1
Argyll & Bute	5	15	5	4	11	4	6	9	4	8	9	7	9	11
Clackmannanshire	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	3	1	2
Dumfries & Galloway	10	5	9	7	12	11	11	14	14	7	8	5	9	8
Dundee City	5	5	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	0
East Ayrshire	5	5	4	3	4	2	1	4	2	5	7	2	7	6
East Dunbartonshire	2	4	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
East Lothian	8	3	1	0	3	4	3	3	3	2	1	2	0	4
East Renfrewshire	2	1	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2
Edinburgh, City of	7	4	10	13	8	11	3	9	6	5	6	6	3	5
Eilean Siar	0	2	1	2	1	4	1	0	0	1	2	1	1	0
Falkirk	3	1	1	10	3	5	3	1	0	4	4	2	4	5
Fife	6	13	11	7	11	12	12	10	5	10	15	12	2	8
Glasgow City	18	11	13	7	4	18	15	8	7	10	9	14	9	7
Highland	28	26	21	16	20	20	14	18	15	23	21	17	14	32
Inverclyde	2	1	1	1	0	1	2	2	3	0	1	3	2	1
Midlothian	3	1	3	4	5	0	3	8	2	1	1	0	2	1
Moray	5	4	4	3	3	2	2	6	5	9	5	4	3	4
North Ayrshire	4	5	4	2	4	4	4	5	4	2	2	1	4	5
North Lanarkshire	10	2	11	6	6	5	8	3	6	5	5	8	7	6
Orkney Islands	0	0	0	5	2	2	0	1	1	0	2	1	2	4
Perth & Kinross	9	19	18	12	11	13	7	10	12	13	6	3	5	8
Renfrewshire	2	2	7	8	5	9	1	3	2	4	2	1	4	4
Scottish Borders	13	9	6	10	4	7	7	12	7	12	6	5	8	10
Shetland Islands	0	1	0	0	1	1	3	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
South Ayrshire	3	10	3	4	4	2	6	8	8	1	2	2	6	6
South Lanarkshire	18	12	11	9	6	13	5	18	6	14	13	10	7	10
Stirling	5	4	6	4	4	7	11	2	5	5	5	9	5	0
West Dunbartonshire	1	1	4	3	0	2	1	3	2	1	1	2	2	2
West Lothian	6	1	2	5	5	5	5	7	4	4	7	6	5	7
<b>Total</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>173</b>

**Adjusted serious**

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Aberdeen City	142	124	140	151	138	122	101	81	56	62	57	39	27	28
Aberdeenshire	330	286	265	273	239	238	197	185	157	159	124	88	94	105
Angus	99	81	88	76	77	56	59	54	61	59	49	49	51	45
Argyll & Bute	123	118	101	102	89	86	97	94	85	76	99	37	45	47
Clackmannanshire	25	27	21	31	25	16	20	25	16	16	13	8	13	15
Dumfries & Galloway	183	128	138	139	112	124	111	107	94	133	94	41	76	80
Dundee City	96	68	81	74	62	65	36	52	46	38	55	50	40	40
East Ayrshire	75	76	73	68	51	51	64	71	56	67	41	41	37	47
East Dunbartonshire	39	40	33	41	23	29	24	28	25	19	33	12	14	23
East Lothian	64	64	53	49	53	64	55	52	60	63	53	32	32	43
East Renfrewshire	31	36	29	26	26	26	28	30	30	25	24	16	21	25
Edinburgh, City of	282	282	322	343	298	323	310	333	270	237	240	134	158	168
Eilean Siar	13	16	9	14	5	13	9	9	6	7	15	4	6	4
Falkirk	94	72	75	96	73	70	78	84	75	59	45	27	40	37
Fife	195	193	149	159	148	138	137	155	129	141	144	109	84	95
Glasgow City	395	358	318	354	281	326	312	316	284	286	243	189	198	223
Highland	268	204	193	194	167	154	142	168	137	173	176	106	115	118
Inverclyde	42	40	44	41	28	34	32	33	24	26	37	12	15	22
Midlothian	65	57	51	61	50	63	65	59	60	46	42	21	26	31
Moray	77	55	45	62	62	57	45	55	44	33	35	23	16	19
North Ayrshire	95	53	68	67	61	72	83	64	66	62	62	40	36	44
North Lanarkshire	168	148	132	138	133	129	121	134	133	120	123	73	52	77
Orkney Islands	11	10	6	8	8	9	4	10	6	6	8	2	4	4
Perth & Kinross	169	130	134	131	128	104	82	83	100	105	92	53	75	85
Renfrewshire	101	100	99	84	65	69	78	85	76	67	68	38	40	53
Scottish Borders	152	133	112	116	116	99	102	108	89	92	85	50	56	52
Shetland Islands	15	11	12	12	10	6	8	11	11	5	8	4	5	4
South Ayrshire	95	75	71	61	52	68	69	76	73	56	57	33	38	37
South Lanarkshire	199	153	149	145	135	152	134	149	138	112	120	85	82	84
Stirling	92	92	87	87	98	78	90	67	65	65	61	38	39	50
West Dunbartonshire	45	43	38	37	40	28	30	40	46	31	26	20	21	14
West Lothian	131	107	112	110	98	80	115	92	100	91	73	61	62	57
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,909</b>	<b>3,381</b>	<b>3,244</b>	<b>3,349</b>	<b>2,949</b>	<b>2,949</b>	<b>2,840</b>	<b>2,910</b>	<b>2,617</b>	<b>2,538</b>	<b>2,401</b>	<b>1,535</b>	<b>1,618</b>	<b>1,776</b>

Note: Care should be taken when comparing low figures for some of the smaller areas in some of the tables due to relatively large fluctuations from year to year.

**Table B: Summary of reported casualties injured in collisions by council and severity (cont'd)****All severities**

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Aberdeen City	498	407	412	449	392	313	270	211	185	154	148	86	65	82
Aberdeenshire	907	794	664	689	619	578	459	442	346	352	290	166	192	237
Angus	308	247	290	263	229	182	174	149	189	156	132	191	158	131
Argyll & Bute	387	396	319	297	304	255	322	240	250	207	206	119	125	118
Clackmannanshire	97	91	88	113	86	87	78	81	62	44	42	26	25	30
Dumfries & Galloway	533	459	424	428	381	399	401	385	314	358	254	153	203	251
Dundee City	343	254	297	264	219	207	145	178	141	113	169	181	134	181
East Ayrshire	286	270	266	234	208	226	275	272	185	214	145	123	104	124
East Dunbartonshire	185	182	178	144	121	117	119	133	115	68	104	56	50	43
East Lothian	230	247	207	219	208	242	220	204	224	196	139	104	113	143
East Renfrewshire	125	122	154	121	120	109	115	117	117	92	77	57	66	76
Edinburgh, City of	1,402	1,394	1,372	1,376	1,367	1,475	1,322	1,345	1,081	947	893	508	576	615
Eilean Siar	49	55	40	42	24	47	38	28	21	22	32	16	25	12
Falkirk	395	299	335	342	320	301	313	321	279	219	169	100	136	110
Fife	766	725	595	549	549	526	565	606	428	428	415	346	292	357
Glasgow City	1,880	1,693	1,581	1,645	1,331	1,574	1,537	1,576	1,332	1,141	1,096	744	699	764
Highland	943	725	685	779	616	581	507	542	436	547	503	296	296	308
Inverclyde	182	205	208	170	150	186	147	146	117	96	146	49	48	50
Midlothian	280	263	224	309	230	251	254	219	183	157	155	98	144	138
Moray	268	171	164	169	152	122	94	113	91	75	82	45	37	49
North Ayrshire	312	230	281	259	235	241	262	249	220	192	170	109	127	121
North Lanarkshire	880	762	749	702	661	635	592	631	627	483	483	247	244	285
Orkney Islands	35	38	26	33	30	29	15	28	14	15	28	10	16	17
Perth & Kinross	521	450	400	392	398	296	238	242	296	265	190	172	203	229
Renfrewshire	392	414	483	430	324	319	321	365	331	263	209	150	136	165
Scottish Borders	505	398	368	370	333	295	294	302	274	239	223	110	140	137
Shetland Islands	72	55	46	41	47	29	33	37	23	18	26	12	10	9
South Ayrshire	362	271	286	281	249	247	247	259	215	168	173	98	91	93
South Lanarkshire	760	705	671	640	618	655	594	607	534	508	432	320	253	284
Stirling	332	310	294	278	302	227	292	247	186	181	163	112	97	142
West Dunbartonshire	213	201	180	166	167	137	158	156	174	108	105	56	56	53
West Lothian	595	505	498	518	502	414	576	467	443	398	307	202	254	267
<b>Total</b>	<b>15,043</b>	<b>13,338</b>	<b>12,785</b>	<b>12,712</b>	<b>11,492</b>	<b>11,302</b>	<b>10,977</b>	<b>10,898</b>	<b>9,433</b>	<b>8,424</b>	<b>7,706</b>	<b>5,062</b>	<b>5,115</b>	<b>5,621</b>

Note: Care should be taken when comparing low figures for some of the smaller areas in some of the tables due to relatively large fluctuations from year to year.

**Table C: Reported casualties in Scotland, England & Wales by severity**

**Number of casualties : All ages and child casualties**

	Scotland			England & Wales		
	Killed	Adjusted Serious	All severities	Killed	Adjusted Serious	All severities
<b>1. All Ages</b>						
<b>(a) Numbers</b>						
2014-18 ave	174	2,771	10,207	1,603	28,041	168,549
2018	161	2,538	8,424	1,624	27,255	152,203
2019	164	2,401	7,706	1,587	26,364	145,568
2020	141	1,535	5,062	1,317	20,913	110,592
2021	141	1,618	5,115	1,415	23,960	123,103
2022	173	1,776	5,621	1,538	26,259	129,869
2018-2022 ave	156	1,974	6,386	1,496	24,950	132,267
<b>(b) Per cent changes:</b>						
2022 on 2021	22.7	9.8	9.9	8.7	9.6	5.5
2022 on 2014-18 ave	-0.3	-35.9	-44.9	-4.1	-6.4	-22.9
2018-22 ave. on 14-18 ave	-10.1	-28.8	-37.4	-6.7	-11.0	-21.5

**2. Reported child casualties**

<b>(a) Numbers</b>						
2014-18 ave	6	264	931	49	2,408	14,822
2018	3	230	754	45	2,294	13,502
2019	2	238	769	37	2,247	12,816
2020	6	144	493	35	1,656	8,680
2021	5	140	495	31	2,065	10,430
2022	3	176	587	46	2,226	11,235
2018-2022 ave	4	186	620	39	2,098	11,333
<b>(b) Per cent changes:</b>						
2022 on 2021	-40.0	25.7	18.6	48.4	7.8	7.7
2022 on 2014-18 ave	-46.4	-33.3	-36.9	-6.1	-7.6	-24.2
2018-22 ave. on 14-18 ave	-32.1	-29.6	-33.4	-20.8	-12.9	-23.5

**Table D: Reported casualties in Scotland, England & Wales by severity**

**Rates per 1,000 population : All ages and child casualties**

	Scotland			England & Wales			Scotland % of England & Wales		
	Killed	Adjusted Serious	All severities	Killed	Adjusted Serious	All severities	Killed	Adjusted Serious	All severities
<b>1. All Ages</b>									
<b>(a) Rates per 1,000 population <sup>2</sup></b>									
2014-18 ave	.03	.51	1.89	.03	.48	2.89	117	107	65
2018	.03	.47	1.55	.03	.46	2.59	107	101	60
2019	.03	.44	1.42	.03	.45	2.46	112	99	58
2020	.03	.28	.93	.02	.35	1.86	116	80	50
2021	.03	.30	.94	.02	.40	2.06	109	74	45
2022	.03	.32	1.03	.03	.44	2.18	122	74	47
2018-2022 ave	.03	.36	1.17	.03	.42	2.23	113	86	53
<b>(b) Per cent changes:</b>									
2022 on 2021	22.4	9.5	9.6	8.8	9.7	5.6	12.4	-0.2	3.8
2022 on 2014-18 ave	-1.8	-36.9	-45.8	-6.2	-8.5	-24.7	4.6	-31.0	-28.0
2018-22 ave. on 14-18 ave	-11.1	-29.5	-38.1	-8.3	-12.6	-22.9	-3.1	-19.4	-19.7

2. Mid-year population estimates for 2021 were not available, estimates for 2020 used instead.

**2. Reported child casualties <sup>1</sup>**

<b>(a) Rates per 1,000 population <sup>2</sup></b>									
2014-18 ave	.01	.29	1.02	.00	.22	1.34	138	133	76
2018	.00	.25	.82	.00	.20	1.21	81	122	68
2019	.00	.26	.84	.00	.20	1.13	66	130	74
2020	.01	.16	.54	.00	.15	.76	212	107	70
2021	.01	.15	.54	.00	.18	.91	201	84	59
2022	.00	.19	.64	.00	.18	.91	88	107	71
2018-2022 ave	.00	.20	.68	.00	.18	.98	123	111	69
<b>(b) Per cent changes:</b>									
2022 on 2021	-39.7	26.4	19.3	37.5	-0.1	-0.2	-56.1	26.5	19.5
2022 on 2014-18 ave	-46.2	-33.0	-36.7	-15.5	-16.8	-31.8	-36.3	-19.5	-7.2
2018-22 ave. on 14-18 ave	-32.3	-29.8	-33.6	-23.8	-16.2	-26.5	-11.1	-16.2	-9.7

1. Child 0-15 years

2. Mid-year population estimates for 2022 were not available, estimates for 2021 used instead.

**Table E:** Reported casualties in Scotland, England & Wales by mode of transport and severity, 2022

	Scotland			England & Wales		
	Killed	Serious	All severities	Killed	Serious	All severities
<b>1. All ages</b>						
Pedestrian	33	367	912	352	5,534	18,416
Pedal cycle	2	180	480	89	3,877	15,214
Car	101	817	3,198	685	9,879	71,099
Bus/coach	-	20	117	3	271	2,017
Other	37	392	914	409	6,699	23,123
<b>Total</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>1,776</b>	<b>5,621</b>	<b>1,538</b>	<b>26,259</b>	<b>129,869</b>
<b>2. Child casualties <sup>1</sup></b>						
Pedestrian	1	115	295	16	1,286	4,612
Pedal cycle	-	12	44	4	313	1,484
Car	1	27	194	19	425	4,354
Bus/coach	-	6	24	-	24	259
Other	1	16	30	7	178	526
<b>Total</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>587</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>2,226</b>	<b>11,235</b>

1. Child 0-15 years

**Table F:** Reported casualties in Scotland, England & Wales by mode of transport and severity, 2022Rate per 1,000 population <sup>2</sup> : All ages and child casualties

	Scotland			England & Wales			Scotland % of England & Wales		
	Killed	Serious	All severities	Killed	Serious	All severities	Killed	Serious	All severities
<b>1. All ages</b>									
	<i>percentages</i>								
Pedestrian	.01	.07	.17	.01	.09	.31	102	72	54
Pedal cycle	.00	.03	.09	.00	.07	.26	24	51	34
Car	.02	.15	.58	.01	.17	1.19	160	90	49
Bus/coach	-	.00	.02	.00	.00	.03	n/a	80	63
Other	.01	.07	.17	.01	.11	.39	98	64	43
<b>Total</b>	<b>.03</b>	<b>.32</b>	<b>1.03</b>	<b>.03</b>	<b>.44</b>	<b>2.18</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>47</b>
<b>2. Child casualties <sup>1</sup></b>									
Pedestrian	.00	.13	.32	.00	.10	.37	84	121	86
Pedal cycle	-	.01	.05	.00	.03	.12	n/a	52	40
Car	.00	.03	.21	.00	.03	.35	71	86	60
Bus/coach	-	.01	.03	n/a	.00	.02	n/a	338	125
Other	.00	.02	.03	.00	.01	.04	193	121	77
<b>Total</b>	<b>.00</b>	<b>.19</b>	<b>.64</b>	<b>.00</b>	<b>.18</b>	<b>.91</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>71</b>

1. Child 0-15 years

2. Mid-year population estimates for 2022 were not available, estimates for 2021 used instead.

**Table G:** Fatality rates per capita, for (a) All road users 2021 and 2022 provisional; ranked by respective rates: International Comparisons <sup>1,2</sup>

**(a) All road users 2022 (Provisional <sup>3</sup>)**

	Per million population		
	Numbers killed	Rate	Index
Norway	116	21	67
Sweden	227	22	68
Iceland	9	23	73
England	1,443	25	80
Great Britain	1,695	26	82
Japan	3,216	26	82
United Kingdom	1,750	26	82
Denmark	154	26	83
Switzerland	241	27	87
Northern Ireland	55	29	91
Wales	95	30	95
Irish Republic	157	31	97
<b>Scotland</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>100</b>
Germany	2,776	33	105
Finland	191	34	109
Israel	351	37	116
Spain	1,759	37	117
Estonia	50	38	119
Slovenia	85	40	127
Cyprus	37	41	129
Austria	370	41	130
Netherlands	737	42	132
Lithuania	120	43	137
Australia	1,188	44	140
Slovakia	244	45	141
Belgium	521	45	141
France	3,260	48	152
Malta	26	49	153
Czech Republic	527	49	155
Poland	1,896	50	159
Republic of Korea	2,735	53	167
Italy	3,170	54	170
Hungary	535	55	174
Luxembourg	36	56	177
Portugal	614	60	189
Greece	635	60	189
Latvia	113	60	191
Croatia	275	69	218
Bulgaria	531	78	246
Serbia	553	83	262
Romania	1,634	86	273
United States of America	42,795	127	401
New Zealand	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]
Canada	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]

**(b) All road users 2021**

	Per million population		
	Numbers killed	Rate	Index
Norway	80	15	58
Malta	9	17	68
Sweden	201	19	76
Denmark	130	22	87
Switzerland	200	23	90
England	1,329	23	92
Great Britain	1,558	24	93
United Kingdom	1,608	24	93
Iceland	9	24	95
Japan	3,205	26	100
<b>Scotland</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>100</b>
Northern Ireland	50	26	103
Wales	86	27	106
Irish Republic	137	27	107
Germany	2,562	31	121
Spain	1,508	32	125
Netherlands	582	33	130
Luxembourg	24	37	147
Israel	364	39	152
Finland	223	40	158
Austria	362	40	158
Estonia	55	41	162
Slovakia	226	42	163
France	2,944	43	170
Australia	1,122	44	171
Belgium	516	45	175
Italy	2,875	49	190
Portugal	514	50	195
Cyprus	45	50	196
Czech Republic	531	51	198
Lithuania	148	53	207
Slovenia	114	54	212
Hungary	544	56	219
Greece	613	58	225
Poland	2,245	59	230
New Zealand	318	62	243
Croatia	292	73	284
Serbia	521	76	297
Latvia	147	78	305
Bulgaria	561	81	318
Romania	1,779	93	364
United States of America	42,915	129	506
Canada	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]
Republic of Korea	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]

1 In accordance with the commonly agreed international definition, most countries define a fatality as one being due to a road accident where death occurs within 30 days of the accident. The official road accident statistics of some countries however, limit the fatalities to those occurring within shorter periods after the accident. Numbers of deaths and death rates in the above table have been adjusted according to the factors used by the Economic Commission for Europe and the International Transport Forum (ITF) (formerly known as ECMT) to represent standardised 30-day deaths: Italy (7 days) +8%; France (6 days) +5.7%; Portugal (1 day) +14%; Republic of Korea (3 days) +15%.

2 Source: International Road Traffic and Accident Database (OECD), ETSC, EUROSTAT and CARE (EU road accidents database).

3. The 2022 figures presented for Scotland, Great Britain and the United Kingdom use Scotland's finalised fatality numbers.

**Table G: Fatality rates per capita, for (c) Pedestrians and (d) Car users - 2021;**

<b>(c) Pedestrians</b>				<b>(d) Car users</b>			
	Per million population				Per million population		
	Numbers killed	Rate	Index		Numbers killed	Rate	Index
Norway	9	2	25	Norway	9	2	25
Sweden	24	2	34	Sweden	24	2	34
Denmark	19	3	48	Denmark	19	3	48
Ireland	20	4	58	Ireland	20	4	58
Germany	343	4	61	Germany	343	4	61
Austria	37	4	61	Austria	37	4	61
Northern Ireland	8	4	62	Northern Ireland	8	4	62
Switzerland	37	4	63	Switzerland	37	4	63
Finland	24	4	64	Finland	24	4	64
Wales	15	5	70	Wales	15	5	70
Australia	133	5	75	Australia	133	5	75
New Zealand	26	5	75	New Zealand	26	5	75
Iceland	2	5	77	Iceland	2	5	77
England	309	5	80	England	309	5	80
United Kingdom	369	5	81	United Kingdom	369	5	81
Great Britain	361	6	82	Great Britain	361	6	82
France	414	6	91	France	414	6	91
Spain	301	6	94	Spain	301	6	94
Belgium	75	6	96	Belgium	75	6	96
<b>Scotland</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>Scotland</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>100</b>
Slovenia	15	7	105	Slovenia	15	7	105
Luxembourg	5	8	116	Luxembourg	5	8	116
Italy	471	8	118	Italy	471	8	118
Canada	307	8	119	Canada	307	8	119
Greece	95	9	132	Greece	95	9	132
Japan	1,135	9	134	Japan	1,135	9	134
Czech Republic	104	10	143	Czech Republic	104	10	143
Portugal	100	10	144	Portugal	100	10	144
Hungary	97	10	147	Hungary	97	10	147
Lithuania	28	10	149	Lithuania	28	10	149
Israel	98	10	154	Israel	98	10	154
Poland	527	14	206	Poland	527	14	206
Republic of Korea	1018	20	291	Republic of Korea	1,018	20	291
Serbia	148	22	320	Serbia	148	22	320
USA	7,488	22	330	USA	7,488	22	330
Netherlands	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]	Estonia	[no data]	[no data]	[no da
Slovakia	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]	Netherlands	[no data]	[no data]	[no da
Croatia	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]	Cyprus	[no data]	[no data]	[no da
Estonia	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]	Slovakia	[no data]	[no data]	[no da
Bulgaria	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]	Croatia	[no data]	[no data]	[no da
Cyprus	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]	Romania	[no data]	[no data]	[no da
Latvia	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]	Latvia	[no data]	[no data]	[no da
Romania	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]	Bulgaria	[no data]	[no data]	[no da
Malta	[no data]	[no data]	[no data]	Malta	[no data]	[no data]	[no da

**Table H: Road collision fatality rates per capita, by age group, ranked by respective rates - 2021;**

Note: This table has not been updated for 2020 as the figures were not available in time for publication

(a) 0-14 years	Per million		(b) 15-24 years	Per million	
	pop	Index		pop	Index
Luxembourg	0	0	Iceland	0	0
Portugal	1	29	Canada	6	15
Switzerland	2	44	Slovenia	8	19
Sweden	2	46	Colombia	19	46
England	3	72	Japan	20	49
Japan	3	73	Norway	26	64
Great Britain	3	74	Sweden	28	68
United Kingdom	3	79	Switzerland	29	71
Wales	3	79	Wales	31	75
Denmark	3	90	Korea	31	76
Norway	3	93	Denmark	35	86
<b>Scotland</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>100</b>	England	35	87
Italy	4	104	Great Britain	36	87
Spain	4	105	United Kingdom	36	88
Greece	4	113	Ireland	40	97
Germany	4	121	<b>Scotland</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100</b>
Korea	4	125	Spain	41	101
Austria	5	133	Germany	42	103
Hungary	5	141	Northern Ireland	45	110
Ireland	5	142	Hungary	49	122
Finland	6	165	Belgium	52	129
Czech Republic	8	215	Portugal	55	134
Northern Ireland	8	234	Israel	60	148
Poland	9	243	Italy	63	155
Australia	9	246	Czech Republic	63	155
France	9	247	Finland	64	158
<b>Canada</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>255</b>	Lithuania	65	159
Belgium	9	265	Austria	66	162
Slovenia	9	269	Australia	68	167
Lithuania	9	270	France	76	187
Israel	10	291	Poland	82	202
Serbia	11	321	Serbia	88	217
New Zealand	14	412	Greece	89	219
Iceland	14	412	New Zealand	96	237
Chile	17	486	Luxembourg	111	274
Colombia	19	532	Chile	120	294
United States	20	556	United States	164	405
<b>(c) 25-64 years</b>			<b>(d) 65+ years</b>		
Canada	5	20	Canada	6	14
Slovenia	6	24	Slovenia	6	16
Norway	15	58	Norway	19	49
Japan	16	64	Colombia	20	52
Colombia	17	68	Northern Ireland	21	56
Sweden	17	68	Luxembourg	22	56
Switzerland	18	71	England	29	75
Iceland	20	80	United Kingdom	29	77
Denmark	20	81	Great Britain	29	77
<b>Scotland</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>100</b>	Wales	30	79
United Kingdom	25	100	Denmark	35	91
England	26	103	Sweden	36	94
Great Britain	26	105	Spain	37	98
Germany	29	114	<b>Scotland</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>100</b>
Ireland	30	117	Ireland	39	103
Northern Ireland	30	121	Germany	48	124
Wales	34	137	Switzerland	53	138
Spain	36	143	Japan	53	139
Luxembourg	38	151	Lithuania	56	146
Finland	38	153	France	56	147
Austria	39	155	Australia	57	150
Israel	41	163	Austria	58	151
Belgium	44	176	Finland	58	152
Australia	45	179	New Zealand	61	160
Korea	45	180	Italy	62	163
France	46	181	Greece	64	166
Italy	49	194	Israel	65	169
Czech Republic	52	207	Belgium	65	170
Portugal	59	235	Hungary	66	172
Lithuania	61	243	Poland	67	176
Greece	62	247	Czech Republic	69	180
Hungary	66	264	Portugal	70	183
Poland	67	264	Iceland	74	193
New Zealand	72	284	Chile	103	270
Serbia	74	295	Serbia	121	317

**Table lb:** Reported killed casualties by mode of transport

	Pedestrian	Pedal cycle	Motor cycle	Car	Bus/ coach	Goods <sup>1</sup>	Other <sup>2</sup>	All road users
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>174</b>
2014	59	8	31	95	1	2	7	203
2015	44	5	28	75	1	13	2	168
2016	32	8	31	108	3	6	3	191
2017	38	5	29	64	2	3	4	145
2018	34	6	34	77	2	5	3	161
2019	44	9	25	75	3	6	2	164
2020	34	11	17	71	-	7	1	141
2021	38	10	31	56	2	3	1	141
2022	33	2	27	101	-	7	3	173
<b>18-22 ave</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>156</b>
<i>2030 target</i>	<i>19</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>40</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>87</i>
<b>Percent changes:</b>								
2022 on 2021	-13	-80	-13	80	-100	133	200	23
2022 on 2014-18 average	-14	-70	-8	27	-100	6	7	-0.3

**Adjusted seriously injured casualties by mode of transport**

	Pedestrian	Pedal cycle	Motor cycle	Car	Bus/ coach	Goods <sup>1</sup>	Other <sup>2</sup>	All road users
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>616</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>388</b>	<b>1,215</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>2,771</b>
2014	699	293	470	1,299	53	96	38	2,949
2015	694	287	404	1,260	78	96	21	2,840
2016	674	277	409	1,356	71	103	21	2,911
2017	592	281	396	1,168	61	88	33	2,617
2018	562	259	395	1,147	58	94	24	2,538
2019	560	229	336	1,143	35	80	18	2,401
2020	324	247	253	623	20	49	19	1,535
2021	302	196	288	716	27	54	35	1,618
2022	367	180	292	823	20	55	39	1,776
<b>18-22 ave</b>	<b>423</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>890</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>1,974</b>
<i>2030 target</i>	<i>308</i>	<i>133</i>	<i>194</i>	<i>607</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>46</i>	<i>12</i>	<i>1,385</i>
<b>Percent changes:</b>								
2022 on 2021	22	-8	1	15	-26	2	11	10
2022 on 2014-18 average	-40	-32	-25	-32	-67	-40	66	-36

**Reported children (0-15) killed by mode of transport**

	Pedestrian	Pedal cycle	Motor cycle	Car	Bus/ coach	Goods <sup>1</sup>	Other <sup>2</sup>	All road users
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>1.6</b>	-	-	-	<b>5.6</b>
2014	3	-	-	4	-	-	-	7
2015	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	4
2016	3	1	1	7	-	-	-	12
2017	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
2018	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	3
2019	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
2020	3	1	-	2	-	-	-	6
2021	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	5
2022	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	3
<b>18-22 ave</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>0.4</b>	-	<b>1.4</b>	-	-	<b>0.2</b>	<b>3.8</b>
<i>2030 target</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1</i>	-	-	-	<i>3</i>
<b>20-22 ave</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>0.7</b>	-	<b>2.0</b>	-	-	<b>0.3</b>	<b>4.7</b>
<b>Percent changes:</b>								
18-2022 on 2014-18 average	-31	67	-100	25	n/a	n/a	n/a	-16.7

**Adjusted child (0-15) seriously injured casualties by mode of transport**

	Pedestrian	Pedal cycle	Motor cycle	Car	Bus/ coach	Goods <sup>1</sup>	Other <sup>2</sup>	All road users
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>264</b>
2014	191	30	8	55	4	2	2	292
2015	170	22	2	55	4	1	1	255
2016	181	16	5	75	3	3	0	284
2017	167	21	5	54	8	4	-	259
2018	146	25	2	55	1	1	1	230
2019	146	30	4	55	2	0	-	238
2020	80	24	5	30	1	-	4	144
2021	94	17	1	25	2	-	1	140
2022	115	12	6	27	6	1	9	176
<b>18-22 ave</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>186</b>
<i>2030 target</i>	<i>97</i>	<i>14</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>35</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>158</i>
<b>Percent changes:</b>								
2022 on 2021	22	-29	500	8	200	n/a	800	26
2022 on 2014-18 average	-29	-47	60	-54	69	-44	2,547	-33

**Adjusted slight casualties by mode of transport**

	Pedestrian	Pedal cycle	Motor cycle	Car	Bus/ coach	Goods <sup>1</sup>	Other <sup>2</sup>	All road users	Traffic	Slight casualty rate
								numbers	mill veh-km	per 100 mill veh-km
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>850</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>4,867</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>7,208</b>	<b>46,645</b>	<b>15.52</b>
2014	982	589	481	5,387	234	347	60	8,078	44,776	18.04
2015	947	503	436	5,387	253	360	46	7,931	45,374	17.48
2016	947	504	422	5,263	227	363	37	7,763	46,843	16.57
2017	722	434	354	4,444	292	309	38	6,593	48,045	13.72
2018	650	372	314	3,854	169	290	28	5,677	48,187	11.78
2019	609	321	284	3,315	154	206	39	4,927	48,713	10.12
2020	455	353	216	2,097	66	157	42	3,386	37,883	8.94
2021	431	306	204	2,161	51	156	47	3,356	43,410	7.73
2022	512	298	222	2,290	97	185	68	3,672	47,379	7.75
<b>18-22 ave</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>2,743</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>4,204</b>	<b>45,114</b>	<b>9.32</b>
<i>2030 target</i>	<i></i>	<i></i>	<i></i>	<i></i>	<i></i>	<i></i>	<i></i>	<i></i>	<i></i>	<i>13.97</i>
<b>Percent changes:</b>										
2022 on 2021	19	-3	9	6	90	19	45	9	9	0
2022 on 2014-18 average	-40	-38	-45	-53	-59	-45	63	-49	2	-50

1. Light goods vehicles and heavy goods vehicles.  
2. Taxis, minibuses and other modes of transport

**Table J Comparison of sources: NRS road deaths, hospitals emergency admissions & Police Stats 19 data**

	All ages								Children <sup>4</sup>			
	NRS: deaths from road traffic collisions <sup>1</sup>	Hospital emergency admissions resulting from Road Traffic Collisions <sup>2</sup>	Police Stats 19 statistics <sup>3</sup>						Hospital emergency admissions resulting from Road Traffic Collisions <sup>2</sup>	Police Stats 19 statistics <sup>3</sup>		
			reported road casualties			reported road deaths		KSI		Killed & Seriously Injured (KSI)	% of hospitals emergency admiss.	% of hospitals emergenc y admiss.
			Killed	Seriously injured		NRS: difference	NRS: %					
1980	753	8,744	700	8,839	9,539	-53	93%	109%				
1981	732	9,080	677	8,840	9,517	-55	92%	105%				
1982	749	8,664	701	9,260	9,961	-48	94%	115%				
1983	656	7,512	624	7,633	8,257	-32	95%	110%				
1984	621	7,650	599	7,727	8,326	-22	96%	109%				
1985	614	7,521	602	7,786	8,388	-12	98%	112%				
1986	615	7,065	601	7,422	8,023	-14	98%	114%				
1987	586	6,349	556	6,707	7,263	-30	95%	114%				
1988	564	6,546	554	6,732	7,286	-10	98%	111%				
1989	564	6,665	553	6,998	7,551	-11	98%	113%				
1990	555	6,461	546	6,252	6,798	-9	98%	105%				
1991	521	6,148	491	5,638	6,129	-30	94%	100%				
1992	472	5,890	463	5,176	5,639	-9	98%	96%				
1993	410	5,399	399	4,454	4,853	-11	97%	90%				
1994	359	5,411	363	5,208	5,571	4	101%	103%				
1995	427	5,321	409	4,930	5,339	-18	96%	100%				
1996	367	5,106	357	4,041	4,398	-10	97%	86%	996	790	79%	
1997	389	5,316	377	4,047	4,424	-12	97%	83%	1,116	745	67%	
1998	390	5,289	385	4,072	4,457	-5	99%	84%	1,079	698	65%	
1999	324	4,941	310	3,765	4,075	-14	96%	82%	1,012	625	62%	
2000	343	4,904	326	3,568	3,894	-17	95%	79%	978	561	57%	
2001	369	4,881	348	3,410	3,758	-21	94%	77%	893	544	61%	
2002	321	4,700	304	3,229	3,533	-17	95%	75%	865	527	61%	
2003	351	4,426	336	2,957	3,293	-15	96%	74%	776	432	56%	
2004	326	4,373	308	2,766	3,074	-18	94%	70%	693	384	55%	
2005	294	4,389	286	2,666	2,952	-8	97%	67%	696	368	53%	
2006	327	4,304	314	2,635	2,949	-13	96%	69%	633	375	59%	
2007	295	3,902	281	2,385	2,666	-14	95%	68%	452	278	62%	
2008	274	3,656	270	2,575	2,845	-4	99%	78%	366	299	82%	
2009	241		216	2,287	2,503	-25	90%			258		
2010	219		208	1,969	2,177	-11	95%			227		
2011	204		185	1,880	2,065	-19	91%			210		
2012	189		178	1,980	2,158							
2013	185		172	1,672	1,844							
2014	212											
<b>Change from 2002 to 2012</b>												
	-41%		-41%	-39%	-39%						-100%	
<b>Overall averages</b>												
1980 - 2008							96%	93%				
1980 - 1995							96%	107%				
1996 - 2008							96%	76%			63%	

1 Deaths caused by road transport collisions including off road and car parks from 2000 (NRS Web site Table 6.10 Deaths from road transport collisions)

2 Financial years from 1996 onwards ([www.isdscotland.org/unintentional\\_injuries](http://www.isdscotland.org/unintentional_injuries)). Figures prior to 1996 taken from Table 1 of TRL report 420 Linkage of STATS19 and Scottish hospital in-patient data

3 Figures on the same basis as the rest of this publication

4 Children covers ages 0-15 inclusive in the Police (Stats 19) statistics, and ages 0-14 inclusive in the hospitals emergency admissions figures

**Table K Comparison of sources: hospitals emergency admissions and Police Stats19 data**

<b>Hospital emergency admissions<sup>1</sup></b>											
	<b>All ages</b>					<b>Children (0-14)</b>					
	Pedest- rians	Pedal cyclists	Motor- cyclists	Car	Other	All types of road user <sup>2</sup>	Pedest- rians	Pedal cyclists	Car	Other	All types of road user <sup>2</sup>
1996-97	1,370	435	352	2,382	567	5,106	590	198	139	69	996
1997-98	1,264	643	481	2,308	620	5,316	552	357	136	71	1,116
1998-99	1,168	681	421	2,426	593	5,289	470	390	145	74	1,079
1999-00	1,126	663	518	2,027	607	4,941	473	379	108	52	1,012
2000-01	987	623	522	2,180	592	4,904	419	349	133	77	978
2001-02	999	544	591	2,198	549	4,881	424	286	129	54	893
2002-03	937	502	569	2,121	571	4,700	390	269	139	67	865
2003-04	804	507	528	2,032	551	4,422	322	273	129	52	776
2004-05	855	451	524	1,934	600	4,364	331	203	82	75	691
2005-06	894	420	526	1,937	585	4,362	336	190	105	61	692

<b>Reported killed and seriously injured (Police Stats 19 figures<sup>1</sup>)</b>											
	<b>All ages</b>					<b>Children (0-15)</b>					
	Pedest- rians	Pedal cyclists	Motor- cyclists	Car	Other	All types of road user	Pedest- rians	Pedal cyclists	Car	Other	All types of road user
1996	1,279	216	300	2,293	310	4,398	540	100	118	32	790
1997	1,211	210	358	2,365	280	4,424	505	78	138	24	745
1998	1,156	210	371	2,390	330	4,457	455	64	153	26	698
1999	1,143	189	431	2,004	308	4,075	430	69	108	18	625
2000	997	176	475	1,978	268	3,894	378	65	94	24	561
2001	918	171	454	1,952	263	3,758	353	56	110	25	544
2002	893	152	456	1,782	250	3,533	340	46	111	30	527
2003	775	139	417	1,700	262	3,293	273	48	93	18	432
2004	750	128	395	1,581	220	3,074	247	40	77	20	384
2005	743	132	405	1,457	215	2,952	244	30	25	69	368
2006	749	141	410	1,433	216	2,949	248	40	17	70	375
2007	654	151	421	1,270	170	2,666	185	29	9	55	278
2008	705	164	430	1,356	190	2,845	198	20	12	69	299
2009	556	157	375	1,252	164	2,504	156	27	10	65	258
2010	504	145	354	1,008	166	2,176	151	24	11	41	227
2011	557	163	326	845	171	2,062	141	23	7	39	210
2012	517	176	363	918	174	2,148	133	22	7	34	196

<b>As a percentage of hospital admissions</b>											
1996	93%	50%	85%	96%	55%	86%	92%	51%	85%	46%	79%
1997	96%	33%	74%	102%	45%	83%	91%	22%	101%	34%	67%
1998	99%	31%	88%	99%	56%	84%	97%	16%	106%	35%	65%
1999	102%	29%	83%	99%	51%	82%	91%	18%	100%	35%	62%
2000	101%	28%	91%	91%	45%	79%	90%	19%	71%	31%	57%
2001	92%	31%	77%	89%	48%	77%	83%	20%	85%	46%	61%
2002	95%	30%	80%	84%	44%	75%	87%	17%	80%	45%	61%
2003	96%	27%	79%	84%	48%	74%	85%	18%	72%	35%	56%
2004	88%	28%	75%	82%	37%	70%	75%	20%	94%	27%	56%
2005	83%	31%	77%	75%	37%	68%	73%	16%	24%	113%	53%

1 From ISD, identified using SMR admission type code 32 "Patient injury, Road Traffic collision"

Road user type are bases on ICD10 diagnosis codes:

V01-V09 = "Pedestrian injured in transport collision"

V10-V19 = "Pedal cyclist injured in transport collision"

V20-V29 = "Motorcycle rider injured in transport collision"

V40-V49 = "Car occupant injured in transport collision"

the "Other" category includes users of (e.g.) buses, goods vehicles, etc - and any "road collision" deaths which are due to suicide or natural causes (which should not be counted in the "Police" figures)

Figures on the same basis as figures appearing on ISD Web site "Unintentional Injuries" Table 9b

2 May differ slightly from the overall total in Table J, due to late returns and amendments

## Comparison of sources: Scottish Household Survey & Police Stats 19

Age	Road casualties - all severities (Police Stats 19 figures) <sup>1</sup>	Scottish Household Survey	Police Stats 19 as a % of SHS	Road casualties - all severities (Police Stats 19 figures) <sup>1</sup>	Scottish Household Survey	Police Stats 19 as a % of SHS
	2008-2012 average	2008 - 2012 average		2008 - 2012 average	2008 - 2012 average	
	<i>percentages of adults</i>		<i>%</i>	<i>percentages of adults</i>		<i>%</i>
<b><u>All types of road user</u></b>				<b><u>Pedestrians</u></b>		
16-22	0.553	2.835	20%	0.072	0.233	31%
23-29	0.395	1.768	22%	0.041	0.076	54%
30-39	0.340	1.448	23%	0.035	0.063	55%
40-49	0.282	1.352	21%	0.026	0.058	46%
50-59	0.218	1.092	20%	0.023	0.068	34%
60-69	0.158	0.749	21%	0.024	0.057	42%
70+	0.153	0.491	31%	0.035	0.071	49%
All adults	0.320	1.342	24%	0.050	0.085	59%
<b><u>Pedal cyclists</u></b>				<b><u>Others - drivers/riders and passengers</u></b>		
16-22	0.017	0.094	19%	0.464	2.508	18%
23-29	0.024	0.168	14%	0.330	1.524	22%
30-39	0.026	0.176	15%	0.279	1.209	23%
40-49	0.021	0.158	14%	0.235	1.136	21%
50-59	0.011	0.105	11%	0.184	0.919	20%
60-69	0.005	0.051	11%	0.129	0.641	20%
70+	0.002	0.000	n/a	0.116	0.420	28%
All adults	0.019	0.109	17%	0.252	1.148	22%

1 Derived from Table 32

Note that the SHS and Police Stats 19 figures are not on the same basis - for example:

- (a) the SHS respondent is asked whether he/she was injured in a road collision in the past year. An injury obtained 13-14 months ago might be counted, if the respondent couldn't remember exactly when, which could inflate the SHS figures
- (b) the word *injury* is subjective - what an SHS respondent regards as an injury may differ from what the Police would count as an injury, which could also affect the comparison
- (c) the SHS data relate only to adult members of Scottish households; the Stats 19 data will include non-Scots who were injured in Scotland, and exclude Scots injured elsewhere

**Table M: Contributory Factors: Reported collisions <sup>1,2</sup> by severity, 2022**

Contributory factor reported in collision	Fatal		Serious <sup>6</sup>		Slight <sup>6</sup>		All collisions	
	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>
<b>Road environment contributed <sup>4</sup></b>	<b>7</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>429</b>	<b>13</b>
Poor or defective road surface	0	0	15	1	14	1	29	1
Deposit on road (eg oil, mud, chippings)	0	0	20	1	16	1	36	1
Slippery road (due to weather)	4	3	102	8	138	7	244	7
Inadequate/masked signs or road markings	1	1	10	1	15	1	26	1
Defective traffic signals	0	0	1	0	2	0	3	0
Traffic calming (eg road humps, chicanes)	0	0	1	0	4	0	5	0
Temporary road layout (eg contraflow)	1	1	7	1	8	0	16	0
Road layout (eg bend, hill, narrow c-way)	1	1	22	2	32	2	55	2
Animal or other object in carriageway	0	0	19	1	18	1	37	1
Sunken, raised or slippery inspection cov	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0
<b>Vehicle defects <sup>4</sup></b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>2</b>
Tyres illegal, defective or under-inflat	0	0	19	1	5	0	24	1
Defective lights or indicators	1	1	2	0	1	0	4	0
Defective brakes	2	1	4	0	10	1	16	0
Defective steering or suspension	0	0	2	0	7	0	9	0
Overloaded or poorly loaded vehicle/tra	0	0	2	0	5	0	7	0
<b>Injudicious action (driver/rider) <sup>4</sup></b>	<b>34</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>633</b>	<b>19</b>
Disobeyed automatic traffic signal	1	1	19	1	22	1	42	1
Disobeyed Give Way or Stop sign or marki	1	1	44	3	74	4	119	4
Disobeyed double white line	0	0	4	0	6	0	10	0
Disobeyed pedestrian crossing facility	0	0	7	1	12	1	19	1
Illegal turn or direction of travel	2	1	14	1	18	1	34	1
Exceeding speed limit	22	16	67	5	66	3	155	5
Travelling too fast for the conditions	14	10	92	7	81	4	187	6
Following too close	0	0	33	2	62	3	95	3
Vehicle travelling along pavement	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0
Cyclist entering road from pavement	0	0	8	1	9	0	17	1
<b>Driver/rider error or reaction <sup>4</sup></b>	<b>78</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>718</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>1,038</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>1,834</b>	<b>54</b>
Junction overshoot	1	1	17	1	23	1	41	1
Junction restart	0	0	6	0	14	1	20	1
Poor turn or manoeuvre	13	9	112	8	148	8	273	8
Failed to signal / misleading signal	0	0	11	1	20	1	31	1
Failed to look properly (D/R)	28	20	346	26	554	29	928	27
Failed to judge other pers path/speed (D	12	9	150	11	253	13	415	12
Too close to cyclist, horse or pedestrian	0	0	14	1	18	1	32	1
Sudden braking	0	0	24	2	36	2	60	2
Swerved	3	2	38	3	23	1	64	2
Loss of control	44	31	194	14	172	9	410	12
<b>Impairment or distraction (driver/rider) <sup>4</sup></b>	<b>39</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>401</b>	<b>12</b>
Impaired by alcohol (D/R)	12	9	67	5	69	4	148	4
Impaired by drugs (illicit/medicinal) (D	8	6	37	3	31	2	76	2
Fatigue	4	3	23	2	19	1	46	1
Uncorrected defective eyesight	1	1	2	0	4	0	7	0
Illness or disability (mental/physic) (D	19	13	39	3	35	2	93	3
Not display lights at night / in poor vi	0	0	5	0	5	0	10	0
Cyclist wearing dark clothing at night	0	0	5	0	5	0	10	0
Driver using mobile phone	2	1	1	0	0	0	3	0
Distraction in vehicle	6	4	20	1	29	2	55	2
Distraction outside vehicle	1	1	6	0	10	1	17	1
<b>Behaviour or inexperience (driver/rider) <sup>4</sup></b>	<b>31</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>18</b>
Aggressive driving	5	4	32	2	39	2	76	2
Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	24	17	185	14	230	12	439	13
Nervous / uncertain / panic	1	1	8	1	7	0	16	0
Driving too slow for condits / slow vehi	0	0	2	0	2	0	4	0
Inexperienced or learner driver/rider	3	2	38	3	41	2	82	2
Inexperience of driving on the left	3	2	11	1	10	1	24	1
Inexperience with type of vehicle	0	0	8	1	4	0	12	0

Contributory factor reported in collision	Fatal		Serious <sup>6</sup>		Slight <sup>6</sup>		All collisions	
	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>
<b>Vision affected<sup>4</sup></b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>7</b>
Stationary or parked vehicle	1	1	14	1	24	1	39	1
Vegetation	0	0	1	0	6	0	7	0
Road layout (eg bend, winding rd, hill c	0	0	10	1	12	1	22	1
Buildings, road signs, street furniture	0	0	2	0	3	0	5	0
Dazzling headlights	0	0	3	0	2	0	5	0
Dazzling sun	1	1	37	3	64	3	102	3
Rain, sleet, snow or fog	0	0	22	2	27	1	49	1
Spray from other vehicles	0	0	2	0	1	0	3	0
Visor/windscreen dirty/scratched/frosted	0	0	3	0	5	0	8	0
Vehicle blind spot	0	0	5	0	7	0	12	0
<b>Pedestrian only<sup>4</sup></b>	<b>24</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>15</b>
Crossed road masked by stationary/parked	0	0	28	2	39	2	67	2
Pedestrian failed to look properly	5	4	116	9	166	9	287	8
Ped. failed to judge vehicles path or sp	4	3	32	2	29	2	65	2
Wrong use of pedestrian crossing facilit	1	1	14	1	15	1	30	1
Dangerous action in carriageway (eg play)	3	2	13	1	12	1	28	1
Pedestrian impaired by alcohol	9	6	29	2	32	2	70	2
Ped. impaired by drugs (illicit/medicinal)	1	1	8	1	4	0	13	0
Ped. careless / reckless /in a hurry	1	1	53	4	49	3	103	3
Pedestrian wearing dark clothing at nigh	11	8	21	2	17	1	49	1
Ped. disability or illness, mental/physi	3	2	12	1	8	0	23	1
<b>Special codes<sup>4</sup></b>	<b>9</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>4</b>
Stolen vehicle	0	0	8	1	9	0	17	1
Vehicle in course of crime	1	1	11	1	14	1	26	1
Emergency vehicle on call	0	0	3	0	10	1	13	0
Vehicle door opened or closed negligentl	1	1	2	0	2	0	5	0
Other	8	6	31	2	45	2	84	2
<b>Total reported collisions<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>141</b>		<b>1,338</b>		<b>1,916</b>		<b>3,395</b>	<b>100</b>
Number of Contributory Factors <sup>5</sup>	294		2,433		3,094		5,821	
Average number of CFs per collision 1,5	2.1		1.8		1.6		1.7	

1 Includes only collisions where a police officer attended the scene.

2 Includes only one count of a CF per collision.

3 Columns won't sum to 100 per cent as collisions can have more than one CF.

4 collisions with more than one CF in a category are only counted once in the category total.

5 Includes all contributory factors e.g. if two cars are involved in the same collision and both are exceeding the speed limit this would count as 2 CFs.

Table M: Contributory Factors: Reported collisions<sup>1</sup> by severity, 2022

Contributory factor reported in collision <sup>2</sup>	Fatal		Serious		Slight		All collisions	
	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>
Road environment contributed	7	5	184	14	238	12	429	13
Vehicle defects	3	2	29	2	28	1	60	2
Injudicious action (D/R)	34	24	266	20	333	17	633	19
Driver/rider error/reaction	78	55	718	54	1,038	54	1,834	54
Impairment or distraction (D/R)	39	28	173	13	189	10	401	12
Behaviour or inexperience (D/R)	31	22	255	19	311	16	597	18
Vision affected	1	1	89	7	143	7	233	7
Pedestrian only	24	17	223	17	270	14	517	15
Special codes	9	6	52	4	76	4	137	4
<b>Total reported collisions<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>141</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1,338</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1,916</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>3,395</b>	<b>100%</b>
Number of Contributory Factors <sup>4</sup>	<b>294</b>		<b>2,433</b>		<b>3,094</b>		<b>5,821</b>	
Average number of CFs per collision <sup>1,2</sup>	2.1		1.8		1.6		1.7	

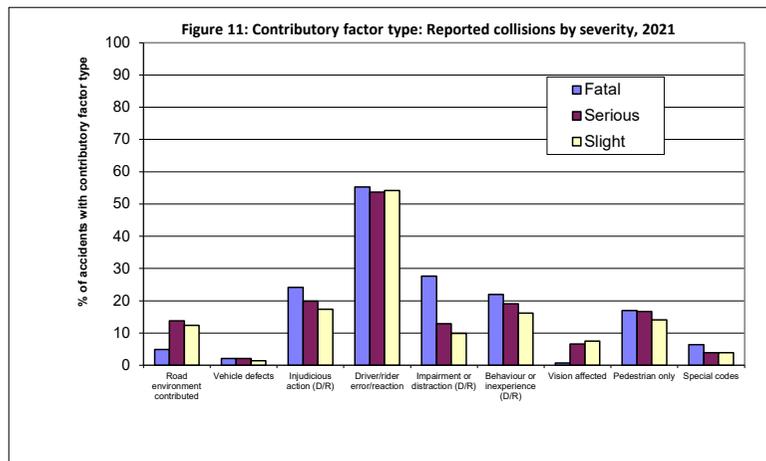
1 Includes only collisions where a police officer attended the scene and in which a contributory factor was reported

2 collisions with more than one CF in a category are only counted once in the category total.

3 Columns won't sum to 100 per cent as collisions can have more than one CF

4 Includes all contributory factors eg if two cars are involved in the same collision and both are exceeding the speed limit this would count as 2 CFs.

Figure 11: Contributory factor type: Reported collisions by severity, 2022



**Table N: Contributory factors: Reported Collisions: 2018-2022 comparison <sup>1</sup>**

Contributory factor reported in collision <sup>2</sup>	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
	Number	Per cent <sup>3</sup>								
Failed to look properly (D/R)	1775	32	1248	30	675	28	833	28	928	27
Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	844	15	572	14	200	8	271	9	439	13
Failed to judge other pers path/speed (D/R)	1008	18	688	17	271	11	370	12	415	12
Loss of control	803	15	582	14	297	13	341	11	410	12
Pedestrian failed to look properly	530	10	388	9	181	8	225	8	287	8
Poor turn or manoeuvre	655	12	477	12	228	10	304	10	273	8
Slippery road (due to weather)	530	10	390	9	234	10	239	8	244	7
Travelling too fast for the conditions	357	6	258	6	152	6	169	6	187	6
Following too close	227	4	171	4	90	4	89	3	95	3
Sudden braking	251	5	166	4	56	2	71	2	60	2
<b>Total reported collisions <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>5,505</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>4,130</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>2,371</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>2,994</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>3,395</b>	<b>100</b>

1. Includes only collisions where a police officer attended the scene and in which a contributory factor was reported.

2. Includes only the ten most frequently reported contributory factor cited in 2021. Factors not shown may also have been reported.

3. Columns won't sum to 100 per cent as collisions can have more than one CF

Table O: Contributory factors: vehicles <sup>1</sup>, 2022

	Pedal cycle		Motorcycle		Car & Taxis		Bus, coach & minibus		Goods		Other		All vehicles	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
<b>Road environment contributed <sup>3</sup></b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>6</b>
Poor or defective road surface	2	1	9	2	11	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	25	0
Deposit on road (eg oil, mud, chippings)	1	0	19	5	5	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	28	0
Slippery road (due to weather)	3	1	12	3	170	4	3	3	11	2	6	3	205	3
Inadequate/masked signs or road markings	1	0	1	0	16	0	1	1	3	1	0	0	22	0
Defective traffic signals	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	0
Traffic calming (eg road humps, chicanes)	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	4	0
Temporary road layout (eg contraflow)	0	0	0	0	11	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	14	0
Road layout (eg bend, hill, narrow c-way)	1	0	5	1	35	1	0	0	5	1	1	1	47	1
Animal or other object in carriageway	0	0	4	1	23	1	0	0	4	1	0	0	31	1
Sunken,raised or slippery inspection cov	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0
<b>Vehicle defects <sup>3</sup></b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>1</b>
Tyres illegal, defective or under-inflat	0	0	2	0	20	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	24	0
Defective lights or indicators	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	4	0
Defective brakes	4	1	1	0	6	0	0	0	4	1	1	1	16	0
Defective steering or suspension	0	0	1	0	7	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	9	0
Overloaded or poorly loaded vehicle/trailer	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	1	2	1	7	0
<b>Injudicious action (driver/riders) <sup>3</sup></b>	<b>33</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>484</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>633</b>	<b>11</b>
Disobeyed automatic traffic signal	5	1	0	0	35	1	1	1	2	0	2	1	45	1
Disobeyed Give Way or Stop sign or marking	4	1	5	1	101	2	0	0	8	1	1	1	119	2
Disobeyed double white line	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0
Disobeyed pedestrian crossing facility	2	1	1	0	15	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	19	0
Illegal turn or direction of travel	1	0	0	0	26	1	0	0	5	1	2	1	34	1
Exceeding speed limit	0	0	18	4	131	3	0	0	4	1	3	2	156	3
Travelling too fast for the conditions	4	1	22	5	147	3	1	1	13	2	5	3	192	3
Following too close	2	1	11	3	65	2	4	3	18	3	1	1	101	2
Vehicle travelling along pavement	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0
Cyclist entering road from pavement	14	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	17	0
<b>Driver/riders error or reaction <sup>3</sup></b>	<b>62</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>1,352</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>1,834</b>	<b>31</b>
Junction overshoot	1	0	0	0	34	1	0	0	5	1	1	1	41	1
Junction restart	0	0	4	1	13	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	20	0
Poor turn or manoeuvre	12	4	38	9	187	4	5	4	27	5	9	5	278	5
Failed to signal / misleading signal	6	2	1	0	19	0	0	0	3	1	2	1	31	1
Failed to look properly (D/R)	38	11	37	9	730	17	12	10	97	18	34	18	948	16
Failed to judge other pers path/speed (D/R)	15	4	48	12	299	7	8	7	47	9	13	7	430	7
Too close to cyclist, horse or pedestrian	1	0	3	1	27	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	32	1
Sudden braking	0	0	9	2	38	1	7	6	5	1	2	1	61	1
Swerved	2	1	8	2	43	1	1	1	7	1	4	2	65	1
Loss of control	8	2	63	15	313	7	3	3	15	3	10	5	412	7
<b>Impairment or distraction (driver/riders) <sup>3</sup></b>	<b>13</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>401</b>	<b>7</b>
Impaired by alcohol (D/R)	2	1	10	2	129	3	1	1	4	1	2	1	148	2
Impaired by drugs (illicit/medicinal) (D/R)	1	0	3	1	66	2	1	1	3	1	2	1	76	1
Fatigue	0	0	0	0	40	1	0	0	6	1	0	0	46	1
Uncorrected defective eyesight	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
Illness or disability (mental/physic) (D/R)	1	0	3	1	80	2	1	1	6	1	2	1	93	2
Not display lights at night / in poor visibility	6	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	10	0
Cyclist wearing dark clothing at night	7	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	10	0
Driver using mobile phone	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Distraction in vehicle	0	0	0	0	49	1	0	0	4	1	2	1	55	1
Distraction outside vehicle	0	0	1	0	13	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	17	0
<b>Behaviour or inexperience (driver/riders) <sup>3</sup></b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>10</b>
Aggressive driving	0	0	12	3	56	1	0	0	4	1	5	3	77	1
Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	8	2	36	9	350	8	2	2	32	6	18	10	446	8
Nervous / uncertain / panic	1	0	1	0	13	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	16	0
Driving too slow for condits / slow vehicle	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	4	0
Inexperienced or learner driver/riders	2	1	17	4	60	1	0	0	1	0	2	1	82	1
Inexperience of driving on the left	0	0	3	1	20	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	25	0
Inexperience with type of vehicle	0	0	0	0	10	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	12	0
<b>Vision affected <sup>3</sup></b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>4</b>
Stationary or parked vehicle	2	1	1	0	29	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	1
Vegetation	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	8	0
Road layout (eg bend, winding rd, hill crest)	2	1	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	19	0
Buildings, road signs, street furniture	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
Dazzling headlights	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
Dazzling sun	1	0	3	1	80	2	1	1	8	1	3	2	96	2
Rain, sleet, snow or fog	0	0	3	1	38	1	0	0	5	1	0	0	46	1
Spray from other vehicles	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Visor/windscreen dirty/scratched/frosted	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	8	0
Vehicle blind spot	0	0	0	0	8	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	11	0
<b>Special codes <sup>3</sup></b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>2</b>
Stolen vehicle	0	0	2	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0
Vehicle in course of crime	0	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	2	0	3	2	26	0
Emergency vehicle on call	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	13	0
Vehicle door opened or closed negligently	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
Other	0	0	8	2	26	1	2	2	8	1	4	2	48	1
<b>Number of vehicle Contributory Factors <sup>2</sup></b>	<b>163</b>		<b>429</b>		<b>3,712</b>		<b>59</b>		<b>395</b>		<b>163</b>		<b>4,921</b>	
<b>Total number of vehicles involved</b>	342	100%	417	100%	4,318	100%	117	100%	544	100%	189	100%	5,927	100%
<b>Average number of CFs per vehicle</b>	0.48		1.03		0.86		0.50		0.73		0.86		0.83	

1. Includes only collisions where a police officer attended the scene and in which a contributory factor was reported.

2. Excludes invalid codes or pedestrian only factors incorrectly assigned to a vehicle.

3. Vehicles with more than one CF in a category are only counted once in the category total.

**Table P: Contributory factors: pedestrians <sup>1,2</sup>, 2022**

	<b>Number</b>	<b>%</b>
Pedestrian failed to look properly	292	39
Ped. careless / reckless /in a hurry	105	14
Pedestrian impaired by alcohol	71	9
Pedestrian failed to judge vehicles path or speed	68	9
Crossed road masked by stationary/parked	67	9
Pedestrian wearing dark clothing at night	49	7
Wrong use of pedestrian crossing facility	31	4
Dangerous action in carriageway (e.g. playing on road)	28	4
Pedestrian disability or illness, mental/physical	23	3
Pedestrian impaired by drugs (illicit/medicinal)	13	2
All	747	
Number of Contributory Factors <sup>3</sup>	747	
<b>Total number of pedestrians involved<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>753</b>	
<b>Average number of CFs per pedestrian</b>	<b>0.99</b>	

1. Includes only collisions where a police officer attended the scene and in which a contributory factor was reported.

2. Includes pedestrians injured and non injured in the collision

3. Excludes pedestrians incorrectly attributed a vehicle factor or special code

**Table Q: Most common pairs of contributory factors reported together<sup>1</sup>, 2022**

Factor with lower code	Factor with higher code	Number
Failed to look properly (D/R)	Failed to judge other pers path/speed (D/R)	154
Failed to look properly (D/R)	Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	98
Poor turn or manoeuvre	Failed to look properly (D/R)	77
Loss of control	Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	62
Travelling too fast for the conditions	Loss of control	61
Disobeyed Give Way or Stop sign or markings	Failed to look properly (D/R)	53
Slippery road (due to weather)	Loss of control	43
Slippery road (due to weather)	Travelling too fast for the conditions	43
Exceeding speed limit	Loss of control	40
Crossed road masked by stationary/parked	Pedestrian failed to look properly	40
Exceeding speed limit	Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	39
Poor turn or manoeuvre	Failed to judge other pers path/speed (D/R)	38
Failed to judge other pers path/speed (D/R)	Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	38
Pedestrian failed to look properly	Ped. careless / reckless /in a hurry	38
Travelling too fast for the conditions	Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	35
Poor turn or manoeuvre	Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	34
Following too close	Failed to judge other pers path/speed (D/R)	34
Poor turn or manoeuvre	Loss of control	31
Impaired by alcohol (D/R)	Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	31
Failed to look properly (D/R)	Dazzling sun	29
Exceeding speed limit	Impaired by alcohol (D/R)	29
Swerved	Loss of control	29
Pedestrian failed to look properly	Ped. failed to judge vehicles path or speed	27
Travelling too fast for the conditions	Failed to look properly (D/R)	25
Loss of control	Impaired by alcohol (D/R)	25
Pedestrian failed to look properly	Pedestrian wearing dark clothing at night	23
Exceeding speed limit	Travelling too fast for the conditions	21
Exceeding speed limit	Failed to look properly (D/R)	20

1. Includes only collisions where a police officer attended the scene and in which a contributory factor was reported.

*NOTE: the basis upon which the combinations are produced is described in the text.*

*However, an additional example may be helpful.*

*Suppose that the "defective brakes" CF has been allocated to participant A,*

*the "failed to look properly" CF has been allocated to two participants A and B, and*

*the "failed to judge other person's path/speed" CF has been allocated to participants A, B and C,*

*The following combinations of CFs would be allocated to the same participant:*

*A defective brakes + A failed to look ...*

*A defective brakes + A failed to judge ...*

*A failed to look ... + A failed to judge ...*

*B failed to look ... + B failed to judge ...*

**Table R: Contributory factors: Casualties in reported collisions - fatalities 1, 2022**

	Person who was killed						as a % of all fatalities
	Pedestrian	pedalcyclist	motorcyclist	Car/taxi user	Other	All	
<b>Road environment contributed</b>							
Slippery road (due to weather)	1	0	0	3	0	4	3
Inadequate/masked signs or road markings	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Temporary road layout (eg contraflow)	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
Road layout (eg bend, hill, narrow c-way)	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
<b>Vehicle defects</b>							
Defective lights or indicators	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Defective brakes	1	0	0	0	1	2	1
<b>Injudicious action (driver/rider)</b>							
Disobeyed automatic traffic signal	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
Disobeyed Give Way or Stop sign or markings	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Illegal turn or direction of travel	1	0	0	1	0	2	1
Exceeding speed limit	4	0	1	21	0	26	17
Travelling too fast for the conditions	1	0	3	12	1	17	11
<b>Driver/rider error or reaction</b>							
Junction overshoot	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Poor turn or manoeuvre	1	0	2	13	0	16	10
Failed to look properly (D/R)	11	0	6	10	2	29	18
Failed to judge other pers path/speed (D/R)	0	0	6	4	2	12	8
Swerved	0	0	0	3	0	3	2
Loss of control	1	1	7	42	3	54	34
<b>Impairment or distraction (driver/rider)</b>							
Impaired by alcohol (D/R)	2	0	2	10	0	14	9
Impaired by drugs (illicit/medicinal) (D/R)	3	0	2	3	0	8	5
Fatigue	0	0	0	3	2	5	3
Uncorrected defective eyesight	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
Illness or disability (mental/physic) (D/R)	0	0	0	19	2	21	13
Driver using mobile phone	0	0	0	2	0	2	1
Distraction in vehicle	1	0	0	4	2	7	4
Distraction outside vehicle	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
<b>Behaviour or inexperience (driver/rider)</b>							
Aggressive driving	1	0	0	5	0	6	4
Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	5	0	4	19	0	28	18
Nervous / uncertain / panic	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
Inexperienced or learner driver/rider	0	0	1	4	0	5	3
Inexperience of driving on the left	0	0	2	2	0	4	3
<b>Vision affected</b>							
Stationary or parked vehicle	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Dazzling sun	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
<b>Pedestrian only</b>							
Pedestrian failed to look properly	5	0	0	0	0	5	3
Ped. failed to judge vehicles path or sp	4	0	0	0	0	4	3
Wrong use of pedestrian crossing facilit	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Dangerous action in carriageway (e.g. playing in road)	3	0	0	0	0	3	2
Pedestrian impaired by alcohol	7	0	0	2	0	9	6
Ped. impaired by drugs (illicit/medicinal)	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Ped. careless / reckless /in a hurry	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
Pedestrian wearing dark clothing at night	11	0	0	0	0	11	7
Ped. disability or illness, mental/physical	2	0	0	1	0	3	2
<b>Special codes</b>							
Vehicle in course of crime	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Vehicle door opened or closed negligent	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
Other	1	0	2	3	2	8	5
<b>Total Road fatalities</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>100%</b>

1. Includes only collisions where a police officer attended the scene and in which a contributory factor was reported.

NB: As described in the text, an collision will be counted once for each combination of CF (excluding "repeats") and death. For example, an collision with four different CFs and three deaths would be counted twelve times in this table - each death would be counted against the first CF, then against the second CF, and so on. As a result, the percentages would total far more than 100%. However, "repeats" are excluded: if the same CF applies to two different participants, each death will be counted only once against that CF.

**Table S: Contributory factors: Casualties in reported collisions - seriously injured 1, 2022**

	Person who was seriously injured						as a % of all seriously injured casualties
	Pedestrian	pedalcyclist	motorcyclist	Car/taxi user	Other	All	
<b>Road environment contributed</b>							
Poor or defective road surface	4	2	8	6	0	20	1
Deposit on road (eg oil, mud, chippings)	0	0	18	4	0	22	1
Slippery road (due to weather)	7	3	11	91	5	117	7
Inadequate/masked signs or road markings	3	0	2	6	0	11	1
Defective traffic signals	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Traffic calming (eg road humps, chicanes)	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Temporary road layout (eg contraflow)	1	2	1	5	0	9	1
Road layout (eg bend, hill, narrow c-way)	2	4	4	18	2	30	2
Animal or other object in carriageway	2	1	4	15	1	23	1
Sunken, raised or slippery inspection cov	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
<b>Vehicle defects</b>							
Tyres illegal, defective or under-inflated	3	1	2	15	1	22	1
Defective lights or indicators	0	0	0	1	1	2	0
Defective brakes	1	2	0	1	0	4	0
Defective steering or suspension	0	0	0	2	0	2	0
Overloaded or poorly loaded vehicle/tra	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
<b>Injudicious action (driver/rider)</b>							
Disobeyed automatic traffic signal	1	2	0	15	2	20	1
Disobeyed Give Way or Stop sign or markings	0	10	9	25	7	51	3
Disobeyed double white line	0	0	0	6	0	6	0
Disobeyed pedestrian crossing facility	6	0	1	0	0	7	0
Illegal turn or direction of travel	0	0	2	15	1	18	1
Exceeding speed limit	9	0	15	71	5	100	6
Travelling too fast for the conditions	7	1	21	88	2	119	8
Following too close	0	1	8	25	2	36	2
Vehicle travelling along pavement	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Cyclist entering road from pavement	0	7	0	0	1	8	1
<b>Driver/rider error or reaction</b>							
Junction overshoot	1	2	0	15	2	20	1
Junction restart	0	0	2	3	1	6	0
Poor turn or manoeuvre	8	13	40	56	11	128	8
Failed to signal / misleading signal	1	5	1	1	4	12	1
Failed to look properly (D/R)	68	75	68	152	25	388	25
Failed to judge other pers path/speed (D/R)	3	22	43	95	12	175	11
Too close to cyclist, horse or pedestrian	4	9	2	0	0	15	1
Sudden braking	0	0	9	21	1	31	2
Swerved	1	2	7	34	6	50	3
Loss of control	9	5	48	186	22	270	17
<b>Impairment or distraction (driver/rider)</b>							
Impaired by alcohol (D/R)	5	1	10	72	3	91	6
Impaired by drugs (illicit/medicinal) (D/R)	12	1	1	34	5	53	3
Fatigue	1	0	0	28	7	36	2
Uncorrected defective eyesight	0	0	0	3	0	3	0
Illness or disability (mental/physic) (D/R)	2	0	3	45	3	53	3
Not display lights at night / in poor visibility	0	2	1	1	1	5	0
Cyclist wearing dark clothing at night	0	4	0	0	1	5	0
Driver using mobile phone	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Distraction in vehicle	2	0	0	26	1	29	2
Distraction outside vehicle	0	0	1	6	2	9	1
<b>Behaviour or inexperience (driver/rider)</b>							
Aggressive driving	7	1	9	19	4	40	3
Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	23	14	40	147	14	238	15
Nervous / uncertain / panic	1	0	1	9	0	11	1
Driving too slow for condits / slow vehicle	0	0	0	1	1	2	0
Inexperienced or learner driver/rider	2	0	10	33	3	48	3
Inexperience of driving on the left	0	0	3	16	2	21	1
Inexperience with type of vehicle	2	0	0	9	1	12	1
<b>Vision affected</b>							
Stationary or parked vehicle	6	2	1	6	0	15	1
Vegetation	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Road layout (eg bend, winding rd, hill crest)	1	2	1	7	0	11	1
Buildings, road signs, street furniture	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Dazzling headlights	2	0	0	1	0	3	0
Dazzling sun	5	6	3	24	2	40	3
Rain, sleet, snow or fog	8	2	1	12	0	23	1
Spray from other vehicles	0	0	0	2	0	2	0
Visor/windscreen dirty/scratched/frosted	3	0	0	0	1	4	0
Vehicle blind spot	2	0	0	4	0	6	0
<b>Pedestrian only</b>							
Crossed road masked by stationary/parked	28	0	0	0	0	28	2
Pedestrian failed to look properly	109	4	0	6	0	119	8
Ped. failed to judge vehicles path or sp	32	2	0	0	0	34	2
Wrong use of pedestrian crossing facilit	15	0	1	0	0	16	1
Dangerous action in carriageway (e.g. playing in road)	13	0	0	0	0	13	1
Pedestrian impaired by alcohol	29	0	0	1	0	30	2
Ped. impaired by drugs (illicit/medicinal)	7	0	0	1	0	8	1
Ped. careless / reckless /in a hurry	45	0	3	8	3	59	4
Pedestrian wearing dark clothing at night	21	0	0	0	0	21	1
Ped. disability or illness, mental/physical	7	0	0	5	0	12	1
<b>Special codes</b>							
Stolen vehicle	1	0	2	5	0	8	1
Vehicle in course of crime	4	0	1	5	1	11	1
Emergency vehicle on call	0	0	0	3	0	3	0
Vehicle door opened or closed negligently	0	1	0	1	0	2	0
<b>All serious injuries</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>760</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>1,565</b>	<b>100%</b>

1. Includes only collisions where a police officer attended the scene and in which a contributory factor was reported.

NB: As described in the text, an collision will be counted once for each combination of CF (excluding "repeats") and serious injury. For example, an collision with four different CFs and three serious injury would be counted twelve times in this table - each serious injury would be counted against the first CF, then against the second CF, and so on. As a result, the percentages would total far more than 100%. However, "repeats" are excluded: if the same CF applies to two different participants, each serious injury will be counted only once against that CF.

Table T: Contributory factors: ranked<sup>1,2</sup>, 2022

Rank	Contributory Factor reported in each collision	Number			As a % of all contributory factors <sup>1</sup>
		Very likely	Possible	Total	
1	Failed to look properly (D/R)	749	199	948	16%
2	Careless / reckless /in a hurry (D/R)	340	106	446	8%
3	Failed to judge other pers path/speed (D	310	120	430	7%
4	Loss of control	336	76	412	7%
5	Pedestrian failed to look properly	247	45	292	5%
6	Poor turn or manoeuvre	213	65	278	5%
7	Slippery road (due to weather)	180	69	249	4%
8	Travelling too fast for the conditions	131	61	192	3%
9	Exceeding speed limit	106	50	156	3%
10	Impaired by alcohol (D/R)	125	23	148	3%
11	Disobeyed Give Way or Stop sign or marki	106	13	119	2%
12	Dazzling sun	64	42	106	2%
13	Ped. careless / reckless /in a hurry	79	26	105	2%
14	Following too close	66	35	101	2%
15	Illness or disability (mental/physic) (D	41	52	93	2%
16	Other	62	22	84	1%
17	Inexperienced or learner driver/rider	61	21	82	1%
18	Aggressive driving	63	14	77	1%
19	Impaired by drugs (illicit/medicinal) (D	52	24	76	1%
20	Pedestrian impaired by alcohol	56	15	71	1%
21	Ped. failed to judge vehicles path or sp	43	25	68	1%
22	Crossed road masked by stationary/parked	56	11	67	1%
23	Swerved	38	27	65	1%
24	Sudden braking	37	24	61	1%
25	Road layout (eg bend, hill, narrow c-way	29	30	59	1%
26	Distraction in vehicle	17	38	55	1%
27	Rain, sleet, snow or fog	27	23	50	1%
28	Pedestrian wearing dark clothing at nigh	39	10	49	1%
29	Fatigue	24	22	46	1%
30	Disobeyed automatic traffic signal	37	8	45	1%
31	Junction overshoot	33	8	41	1%
32	Stationary or parked vehicle	28	12	40	1%
33	Animal or other object in carriageway	30	9	39	1%
34	Deposit on road (eg oil, mud, chippings)	23	14	37	1%
35	Illegal turn or direction of travel	29	5	34	1%
36	Too close to cyclist,horse or pedestrian	25	7	32	1%
37	Failed to signal / misleading signal	16	15	31	1%
38	Wrong use of pedestrian crossing facilit	26	5	31	1%
39	Poor or defective road surface	18	11	29	0%
40	Dangerous action in carriageway (eg play	25	3	28	0%
41	Inadequate/masked signs or road markings	14	13	27	0%
42	Vehicle in course of crime	24	2	26	0%
43	Inexperience of driving on the left	20	5	25	0%
44	Tyres illegal, defective or under-inflat	16	8	24	0%
45	Ped. disability or illness, mental/physi	17	6	23	0%
46	Road layout (eg bend, winding rd, hill c	9	14	23	0%
47	Junction restart	14	6	20	0%
48	Disobeyed pedestrian crossing facility	14	5	19	0%
49	Distraction outside vehicle	7	10	17	0%
50	Stolen vehicle	15	2	17	0%
51	Cyclist entering road from pavement	12	5	17	0%
52	Nervous / uncertain / panic	10	6	16	0%
53	Temporary road layout (eg contraflow)	11	5	16	0%
54	Defective brakes	10	6	16	0%
55	Emergency vehicle on call	11	2	13	0%
56	Ped. impaired by drugs (illicit/medicina	9	4	13	0%
57	Vehicle blind spot	4	8	12	0%
58	Inexperience with type of vehicle	5	7	12	0%
59	Cyclist wearing dark clothing at night	9	1	10	0%
60	Disobeyed double white line	10	-	10	0%
61	Not display lights at night / in poor vi	7	3	10	0%
62	Vegetation	5	4	9	0%
63	Defective steering or suspension	3	6	9	0%
64	Visor/windscreen dirty/scratched/frosted	5	3	8	0%
65	Uncorrected defective eyesight	5	2	7	0%
66	Overloaded or poorly loaded vehicle/tra	5	2	7	0%
67	Dazzling headlights	4	1	5	0%
68	Buildings, road signs, street furniture	2	3	5	0%
69	Traffic calming (eg road humps, chicanes	2	3	5	0%
70	Vehicle door opened or closed negligentl	5	-	5	0%
71	Defective traffic signals	4	1	5	0%
72	Driving too slow for condits / slow vehi	2	2	4	0%
73	Defective lights or indicators	1	3	4	0%
74	Spray from other vehicles	-	3	3	0%
75	Driver using mobile phone	2	1	3	0%
76	Sunken,raised or slippery inspection cov	-	2	2	0%
77	Vehicle travelling along pavement	2	-	2	0%
	<b>All</b>	<b>4,282</b>	<b>1,539</b>	<b>5,821</b>	<b>100%</b>

1. Includes only collisions where a police officer attended the scene and in which a contributory factor was reported.

2. Includes all contributory factors reported, even where the same CF is assigned more than once to an collision (i.e. to more than one participant). Therefore the total differs from earlier tables.

(D/R) indicates Driver/Rider

**Table U: Number of emergency hospital admissions for Road Traffic Collisions, by ethnic group and financial year, from April 2011 to March 2022 - Scotland**

Source: PHS Scotland SMR01  
 Ref: IR2023-00151  
 Date extracted: 24 February 2023

Financial year	Asian, Asian Scottish or Asian British				Caribbean or Black	Mixed or multiple ethnic groups	Other ethnic group	Not Known	Not provided by patient
	White	African	African	African					
2011/12	1,728	20	6	6	*	*	1,275	21	
2012/13	1,935	33	6	5	5	*	965	55	
2013/14	2,085	36	*	6	7	*	860	69	
2014/15	2,214	21	9	*	*	9	616	80	
2015/16	2,393	36	*	*	*	10	582	75	
2016/17	2,251	24	5	*	9	*	659	72	
2017/18	2,083	30	6	*	10	10	588	114	
2018/19	2,314	30	*	*	9	12	608	122	
2019/20	2,373	23	*	*	11	19	600	125	
2020/21	1,924	37	7	0	15	25	397	106	
2021/22	2,115	45	6	*	14	22	380	111	

\*Indicates values that have been suppressed due to the potential risk of disclosure and to help maintain patient confidentiality.

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**Population, vehicles licensed, road lengths, traffic on all roads and on M & A roads, reported injury collisions, vehicles involved and casualties: Years: 1953 to 2022**

Year	Population	Vehicles licensed <sup>(1)</sup>	Road lengths	Traffic on all roads	Traffic on M & A roads	Injury collisions	Vehicles involved	Casualties
	Million	Million	Thousand km	Million vehicle km	Million vehicle km	Number	Number	Number
1953	5.100	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,343
1954	5.104	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,901
<b>1955</b>	<b>5.111</b>	..	<b>44.1</b>	..	..	..	..	<b>20,899</b>
1956	5.120	..	44.4	..	..	..	..	21,459
1957	5.125	..	44.6	..	..	..	..	21,417
1958	5.141	..	44.8	..	..	..	..	22,830
1959	5.163	..	45.0	..	..	..	..	25,011
<b>1960</b>	<b>5.178</b>	..	<b>45.2</b>	..	..	..	..	<b>26,315</b>
1961	5.184	..	45.4	..	..	..	..	27,362
1962	5.198	0.775	45.6	..	..	..	..	26,703
1963	5.205	0.836	45.8	..	..	..	..	27,728
1964	5.209	0.900	45.9	..	..	..	..	30,527
<b>1965</b>	<b>5.210</b>	<b>0.951</b>	<b>46.2</b>	..	..	..	..	<b>31,827</b>
1966	5.201	0.991	46.4	..	..	23,225	..	32,280
1967	5.198	1.035	46.4	..	..	22,838	..	31,760
1968	5.200	1.065	46.4	..	..	22,120	..	30,649
1969	5.208	1.106	47.0	..	..	21,863	31,885	31,056
<b>1970</b>	<b>5.214</b>	<b>1.124</b>	<b>47.2</b>	..	..	<b>22,133</b>	<b>33,430</b>	<b>31,240</b>
1971	5.236	1.135	47.5	..	..	22,332	32,165	31,194
1972	5.231	1.181	47.9	..	..	22,703	32,832	31,762
1973	5.234	1.252	48.0	..	..	22,580	32,951	31,404
1974	5.241	1.274	48.3	..	..	20,581	30,073	28,783
<b>1975</b>	<b>5.232</b>	<b>1.304</b>	<b>48.3</b>	..	..	<b>20,652</b>	<b>30,613</b>	<b>28,621</b>
1976	5.233	1.314	48.9	..	..	21,751	32,547	29,933
1977	5.226	..	48.9	..	..	21,678	32,893	29,783
1978	5.212	1.308	48.9	..	..	22,107	33,965	30,506
1979	5.204	1.353	49.3	..	..	23,064	35,512	31,387
<b>1980</b>	<b>5.193</b>	<b>1.398</b>	<b>49.4</b>	..	..	<b>21,788</b>	<b>33,626</b>	<b>29,286</b>
1981	5.180	1.397	50.0	..	..	21,485	33,311	28,766
1982	5.165	1.416	50.2	..	..	20,850	32,192	28,273
1983	5.148	1.448	50.4	..	..	19,434	29,918	25,224
1984	5.139	1.489	50.6	..	..	19,974	31,236	26,158
<b>1985</b>	<b>5.128</b>	<b>1.514</b>	<b>50.7</b>	..	<b>17,219</b>	<b>20,644</b>	<b>32,446</b>	<b>27,287</b>
1986	5.112	1.546	50.8	..	17,647	19,819	30,983	26,117
1987	5.099	1.575	51.2	..	18,767	18,657	29,454	24,748
1988	5.077	1.657	51.3	..	20,098	19,097	30,465	25,425
1989	5.078	1.729	51.6	..	21,404	20,605	33,221	27,532
<b>1990</b>	<b>5.081</b>	<b>1.788</b>	<b>51.7</b>	..	<b>21,786</b>	<b>20,171</b>	<b>32,423</b>	<b>27,228</b>
1991	5.083	1.830	51.9	..	21,947	19,004	30,897	25,346
1992	5.086	1.884	52.0	..	22,575	18,008	29,306	24,173
1993	5.092	1.874	52.1	35,175	22,666	16,685	27,356	22,414
1994	5.102	1.900	52.3	36,000	23,300	16,768	27,694	22,573
<b>1995</b>	<b>5.104</b>	<b>1.910</b>	<b>52.8</b>	<b>36,736</b>	<b>23,987</b>	<b>16,534</b>	<b>27,232</b>	<b>22,194</b>
1996	5.092	1.966	53.1	37,777	24,839	16,073	26,676	21,716
1997	5.083	2.023	53.1	38,582	25,452	16,646	28,207	22,629
1998	5.077	2.073	53.3	39,169	25,885	16,519	27,781	22,467
1999	5.072	2.131	53.5	39,770	26,185	15,415	25,834	21,002
<b>2000</b>	<b>5.063</b>	<b>2.188</b>	<b>53.9</b>	<b>39,561</b>	<b>25,937</b>	<b>15,132</b>	<b>25,557</b>	<b>20,518</b>
2001	5.064	2.262	54.1	40,065	26,342	14,724	24,872	19,911
2002	5.055	2.330	54.6	41,535	27,263	14,343	24,154	19,275
2003	5.057	2.383	54.6	42,038	27,682	13,917	23,458	18,756
2004	5.078	2.448	54.6	42,078	28,209	13,919	23,403	18,502
<b>2005</b>	<b>5.095</b>	<b>2.531</b>	<b>54.8</b>	<b>42,086</b>	<b>28,055</b>	<b>13,438</b>	<b>22,476</b>	<b>17,890</b>
2006	5.117	2.564	55.0	43,456	28,898	13,110	21,959	17,269
2007	5.144	2.627	55.2	43,988	28,986	12,507	20,804	16,239
2008	5.169	2.665	55.3	43,799	28,810	12,159	20,220	15,592
2009	5.194	2.684	55.5	43,566	28,961	11,556	19,387	15,043
<b>2010</b>	<b>5.222</b>	<b>2.685</b>	<b>55.6</b>	<b>43,160</b>	<b>28,495</b>	<b>10,295</b>	<b>17,242</b>	<b>13,338</b>
2011	5.255	2.691	55.8	43,085	28,566	9,985	16,752	12,785
2012	5.314	2.717	55.9	43,498	28,852	9,777	16,530	12,712
2013	5.328	2.759	56.0	43,711	29,048	8,974	15,301	11,492
2014	5.348	2.821	56.1	44,776	29,446	8,833	15,290	11,302
2015	5.373	2.863	56.2	45,374	29,872	8,477	14,676	10,977
2016	5.405	2.919	56.2	46,843	30,848	8,355	14,752	10,898
2017	5.425	2.962	56.4	48,045	31,405	7,118	12,673	9,433
2018	5.438	2.991	56.6	48,187	31,542	6,432	11,411	8,424
2019	5.463	3.041	56.7	48,713	32,211	5,774	10,189	7,706
2020	5.466	3.042	57.0	37,883	23,941	3,896	6,684	5,062
2021	5.480	3.064	57.1	43,410	27,502	3,908	6,847	5,115
2022	0.000	3.093	..	47,379	30,371	4,134	7,199	5,621
2014-18 average	5.398	2.911	56.3	46,645	30,623	7,843	13,760	10,207
2018-2022 average	4.369	3.046	45.5	45,114	29,113	4,829	8,466	6,386
Per cent changes:								
2022 on 2021	-100.0	1.0	-100.0	9.1	10.4	5.8	5.1	9.9
2022 on 2014-18 ave	-100.0	6.3	-100.0	1.6	-0.8	-47.3	-47.7	-44.9

1. Figures from 1993 onwards are on a different basis from those for previous years, due to a change in the source of the data.

Table 2

## COLLISIONS

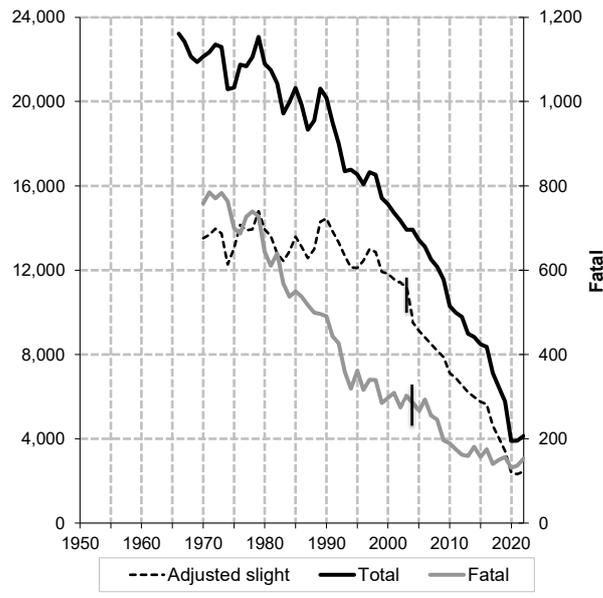
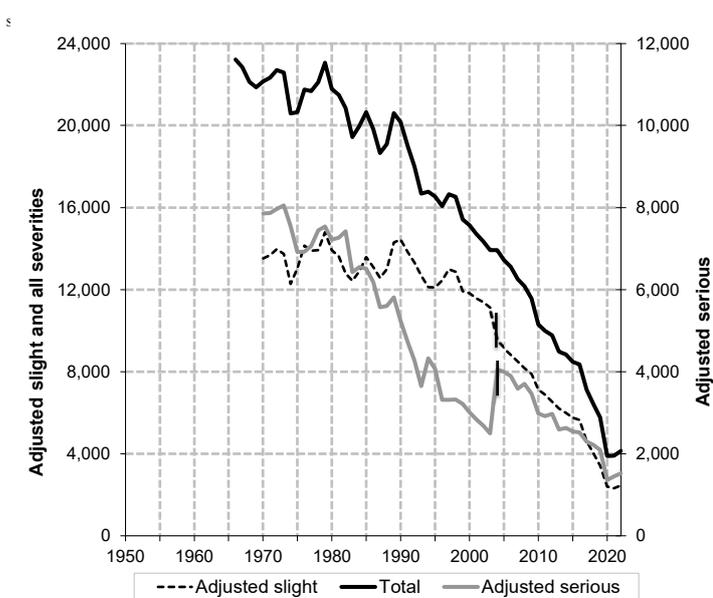
Reported collisions and casualties by severity  
Years: 1938 to 2022

Year	Collisions					Casualties				
	Fatal	Adjusted serious	Adjusted slight	Fatal and adjusted serious	All severities	Killed	Adjusted serious injury	Adjusted slight injury	Killed and adjusted serious	All Severities
1938	..	..	..	..	..	655	5,309	14,451	5,964	20,415
1947	..	..	..	..	..	554	..	..	..	14,655
1948	..	..	..	..	..	534	..	..	..	13,635
1949	..	..	..	..	..	535	..	..	..	14,706
<b>1950</b>	..	..	..	..	..	<b>529</b>	<b>4,553</b>	<b>10,774</b>	<b>5,082</b>	<b>15,856</b>
1951	..	..	..	..	..	544	4,545	11,806	5,089	16,895
1952	..	..	..	..	..	485	4,424	11,638	4,909	16,547
1953	..	..	..	..	..	579	5,170	12,594	5,749	18,343
1954	..	..	..	..	..	545	4,875	13,481	5,420	18,901
<b>1955</b>	..	..	..	..	..	<b>610</b>	<b>5,096</b>	<b>15,193</b>	<b>5,706</b>	<b>20,899</b>
1956	..	..	..	..	..	540	5,049	15,870	5,589	21,459
1957	..	..	..	..	..	550	5,006	15,861	5,556	21,417
1958	..	..	..	..	..	605	5,302	16,923	5,907	22,830
1959	..	..	..	..	..	604	6,336	18,071	6,940	25,011
<b>1960</b>	..	..	..	..	..	<b>648</b>	<b>6,632</b>	<b>19,035</b>	<b>7,280</b>	<b>26,315</b>
1961	..	..	..	..	..	671	7,228	19,463	7,899	27,362
1962	..	..	..	..	..	664	7,052	18,987	7,716	26,703
1963	..	..	..	..	..	712	7,227	19,789	7,939	27,728
1964	..	..	..	..	..	754	8,136	21,637	8,890	30,527
<b>1965</b>	..	..	..	..	..	<b>743</b>	<b>8,744</b>	<b>22,340</b>	<b>9,487</b>	<b>31,827</b>
1966	..	..	..	..	23,225	790	9,253	22,237	10,043	32,280
1967	..	..	..	..	22,838	778	9,258	21,724	10,036	31,760
1968	..	..	..	..	22,120	769	9,493	20,387	10,262	30,649
1969	..	..	..	..	21,863	892	9,831	20,333	10,723	31,056
<b>1970</b>	<b>758</b>	<b>7,860</b>	<b>13,515</b>	<b>8,618</b>	<b>22,133</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>10,027</b>	<b>20,398</b>	<b>10,842</b>	<b>31,240</b>
1971	785	7,867	13,680	8,652	22,332	866	9,947	20,381	10,813	31,194
1972	770	7,965	13,968	8,735	22,703	855	10,000	20,907	10,855	31,762
1973	783	8,056	13,741	8,839	22,580	855	10,094	20,455	10,949	31,404
1974	763	7,548	12,270	8,311	20,581	825	9,522	18,436	10,347	28,783
<b>1975</b>	<b>699</b>	<b>6,912</b>	<b>13,041</b>	<b>7,611</b>	<b>20,652</b>	<b>769</b>	<b>8,779</b>	<b>19,073</b>	<b>9,548</b>	<b>28,621</b>
1976	687	6,923	14,141	7,610	21,751	783	8,720	20,430	9,503	29,933
1977	727	7,063	13,888	7,790	21,678	811	8,850	20,122	9,661	29,783
1978	739	7,442	13,926	8,181	22,107	820	9,349	20,337	10,169	30,506
1979	728	7,536	14,800	8,264	23,064	810	9,241	21,336	10,051	31,387
<b>1980</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>7,218</b>	<b>13,926</b>	<b>7,862</b>	<b>21,788</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>8,839</b>	<b>19,747</b>	<b>9,539</b>	<b>29,286</b>
1981	610	7,265	13,610	7,875	21,485	677	8,840	19,249	9,517	28,766
1982	640	7,421	12,789	8,061	20,850	701	9,260	18,312	9,961	28,273
1983	568	6,429	12,437	6,997	19,434	624	7,633	16,967	8,257	25,224
1984	537	6,547	12,890	7,084	19,974	599	7,727	17,832	8,326	26,158
<b>1985</b>	<b>550</b>	<b>6,507</b>	<b>13,587</b>	<b>7,057</b>	<b>20,644</b>	<b>602</b>	<b>7,786</b>	<b>18,899</b>	<b>8,388</b>	<b>27,287</b>
1986	537	6,182	13,100	6,719	19,819	601	7,422	18,094	8,023	26,117
1987	517	5,568	12,572	6,085	18,657	556	6,707	17,485	7,263	24,748
1988	499	5,602	12,996	6,101	19,097	554	6,732	18,139	7,286	25,425
1989	496	5,814	14,295	6,310	20,605	553	6,998	19,981	7,551	27,532
<b>1990</b>	<b>491</b>	<b>5,237</b>	<b>14,443</b>	<b>5,728</b>	<b>20,171</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>6,252</b>	<b>20,430</b>	<b>6,798</b>	<b>27,228</b>
1991	443	4,724	13,837	5,167	19,004	491	5,638	19,217	6,129	25,346
1992	426	4,268	13,314	4,694	18,008	463	5,176	18,534	5,639	24,173
1993	359	3,651	12,675	4,010	16,685	399	4,454	17,561	4,853	22,414
1994	319	4,324	12,125	4,643	16,768	363	5,208	17,002	5,571	22,573
<b>1995</b>	<b>361</b>	<b>4,071</b>	<b>12,102</b>	<b>4,432</b>	<b>16,534</b>	<b>409</b>	<b>4,930</b>	<b>16,855</b>	<b>5,339</b>	<b>22,194</b>
1996	316	3,315	12,442	3,631	16,073	357	4,041	17,318	4,398	21,716
1997	340	3,312	12,994	3,652	16,646	377	4,047	18,205	4,424	22,629
1998	339	3,318	12,862	3,657	16,519	385	4,072	18,010	4,457	22,467
1999	285	3,209	11,921	3,494	15,415	310	3,765	16,927	4,075	21,002
<b>2000</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>3,007</b>	<b>11,828</b>	<b>3,304</b>	<b>15,132</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>3,568</b>	<b>16,624</b>	<b>3,894</b>	<b>20,518</b>
2001	309	2,840	11,575	3,149	14,724	348	3,410	16,153	3,758	19,911
2002	274	2,684	11,385	2,958	14,343	304	3,229	15,742	3,533	19,275
2003 <sup>1</sup>	301	2,495	11,121	2,796	13,917	336	2,957	15,463	3,293	18,756
2004	283	4,042	9,524	4,325	13,919	308	4,703	13,380	5,011	18,502
<b>2005</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>3,987</b>	<b>9,128</b>	<b>4,251</b>	<b>13,438</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>4,613</b>	<b>12,861</b>	<b>4,899</b>	<b>17,890</b>
2006	293	3,894	8,819	4,187	13,110	314	4,482	12,330	4,796	17,269
2007	255	3,584	8,500	3,839	12,507	281	4,097	11,660	4,378	16,239
2008	245	3,700	8,175	3,945	12,159	270	4,195	11,066	4,465	15,592
2009	196	3,458	7,882	3,654	11,556	216	3,909	10,796	4,125	15,043
<b>2010</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>2,977</b>	<b>7,121</b>	<b>3,166</b>	<b>10,295</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>3,381</b>	<b>9,735</b>	<b>3,589</b>	<b>13,338</b>
2011	175	2,915	6,873	3,090	9,985	185	3,244	9,325	3,429	12,785
2012	162	2,969	6,541	3,131	9,777	176	3,349	9,049	3,525	12,712
2013	159	2,592	6,206	2,751	8,974	172	2,949	8,344	3,121	11,492
2014	181	2,626	5,986	2,807	8,833	203	2,949	8,078	3,152	11,302
2015	157	2,542	5,756	2,699	8,477	168	2,840	7,931	3,008	10,977
2016	175	2,518	5,641	2,693	8,355	191	2,910	7,763	3,101	10,898
2017	140	2,294	4,621	2,434	7,118	145	2,617	6,593	2,762	9,433
2018	150	2,215	4,032	2,365	6,432	161	2,538	5,677	2,699	8,424
2019	157	2,095	3,423	2,252	5,774	164	2,401	4,927	2,565	7,706
2020	131	1,363	2,402	1,494	3,896	141	1,535	3,386	1,676	5,062
2021	136	1,445	2,327	1,581	3,908	141	1,618	3,356	1,759	5,115
2022	153	1,527	2,454	1,680	4,134	173	1,776	3,672	1,949	5,621
2014-18 average	161	2,439	5,207	2,600	7,843	174	2,771	7,208	2,944	10,207
2018-2022 average	145	1,729	2,928	1,874	4,829	156	1,974	4,204	2,130	6,386
Per cent changes:										
2022 on 2021	12.5	5.7	5.5	6.3	5.8	22.7	9.8	9.4	10.8	9.9
2022 on 2014-18 ave	-4.7	-37.4	-52.9	-35.4	-47.3	-0.3	-35.9	-49.1	-33.8	-44.9

1. Due to changes in severity reporting, the number of serious and slight casualties prior to 2004 cannot be compared directly to those reported in previous years.

Table 2(a): Reported collisions by severity,1950-2022

COLLISIONS



Due to changes in the way casualty severities are recorded, figures for serious and slight casualties in 2005 onwards are not comparable with previous years.

Table 2(b): Reported casualties by severity,1950-2022

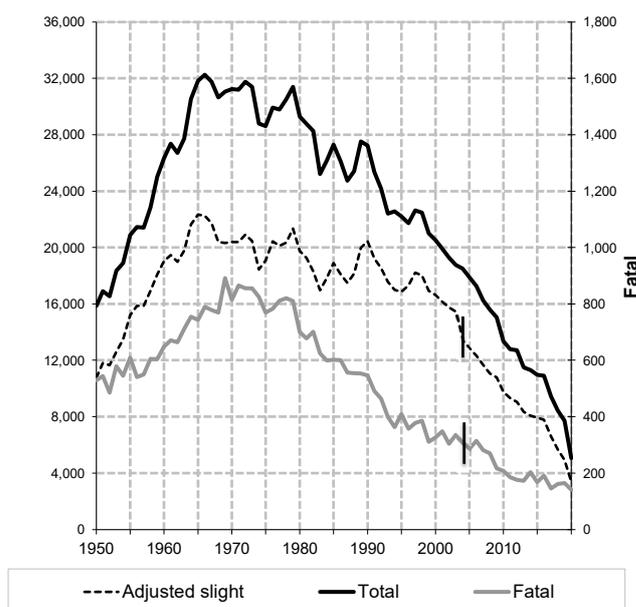
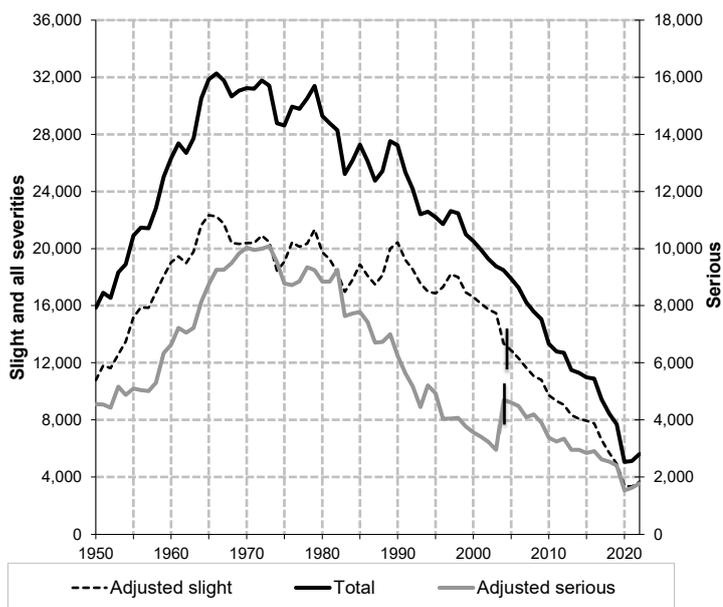


Table 3a

Collisions by police force division and severity  
 Years:2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages, 2018 to 2022

		Fatal	Adjusted serious	Adjusted slight	Fatal & adjusted serious	All severities
North East <sup>1</sup>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>584</b>
	2018	15	200	207	<b>215</b>	429
	2019	16	171	175	<b>187</b>	371
	2020	12	127	81	<b>139</b>	220
	2021	17	121	91	<b>138</b>	229
	2022	17	119	111	<b>136</b>	247
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>299</b>
Tayside	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>458</b>
	2018	16	171	218	<b>187</b>	406
	2019	10	160	174	<b>170</b>	356
	2020	8	136	260	<b>144</b>	404
	2021	9	151	225	<b>160</b>	385
	2022	8	144	236	<b>152</b>	388
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>388</b>
Argyll/W.Dunb'shire	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>297</b>
	2018	9	94	136	<b>103</b>	241
	2019	10	104	102	<b>114</b>	217
	2020	8	50	69	<b>58</b>	127
	2021	11	55	69	<b>66</b>	135
	2022	10	43	64	<b>66</b>	117
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>167</b>
Forth Valley	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>436</b>
	2018	7	119	199	<b>126</b>	327
	2019	13	99	172	<b>112</b>	291
	2020	14	63	111	<b>77</b>	188
	2021	10	78	113	<b>88</b>	201
	2022	7	87	105	<b>94</b>	199
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>241</b>
Dumfries & Galloway	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>271</b>
	2018	6	109	143	<b>115</b>	259
	2019	7	78	110	<b>85</b>	199
	2020	5	37	77	<b>42</b>	119
	2021	9	66	74	<b>75</b>	149
	2022	6	66	118	<b>72</b>	190
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>183</b>
Ayrshire	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>336</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>518</b>
	2018	8	162	264	<b>170</b>	435
	2019	10	144	200	<b>154</b>	354
	2020	5	96	156	<b>101</b>	257
	2021	16	101	116	<b>117</b>	233
	2022	16	110	128	<b>126</b>	254
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>307</b>
Greater Glasgow	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>966</b>	<b>349</b>	<b>1,319</b>
	2018	9	306	721	<b>315</b>	1,040
	2019	11	294	678	<b>305</b>	1007
	2020	15	205	467	<b>220</b>	687
	2021	11	214	420	<b>225</b>	645
	2022	10	245	435	<b>255</b>	690
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>544</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>814</b>

Table 3a

Collisions by police force division and severity  
 Years:2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages, 2018 to 2022

		Fatal	Adjusted serious	Adjusted slight	Fatal & adjusted serious	All severities
Lothians & Borders	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>554</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>843</b>
	2018	19	251	429	270	703
	2019	14	212	345	226	585
	2020	12	139	228	151	379
	2021	15	160	282	175	457
	2022	20	164	294	184	478
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>316</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>520</b>
Edinburgh	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>747</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>1,038</b>
	2018	5	222	543	227	772
	2019	6	230.7	489.3	237	741
	2020	6	130	302	136	438
	2021	3	148	331	151	482
	2022	5	163	339	168	507
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>401</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>588</b>
Highlands & Islands	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>443</b>
	2018	24	162	250	186	437
	2019	26	166	214	192	407
	2020	15	98	135	113	248
	2021	16	103	130	119	249
	2022	27	98	107	125	232
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>315</b>
Fife	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>387</b>
	2018	9	118	200	127	328
	2019	14	125	165.1	139	304
	2020	11	95	139	106	245
	2021	2	76	138	78	216
	2022	8	78	148	86	234
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>265</b>
Renfrewshire/Inverclyde	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>359</b>
	2018	4	88	196	92	290
	2019	3	99	157	102	262
	2020	4	48	110	52	162
	2021	4	51	86	55	141
	2022	5	62	87	67	154
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>202</b>
Lanarkshire	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>632</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>889</b>
	2018	19	212	527	231	765
	2019	17	212	444	229	680
	2020	16	139	267	155	422
	2021	13	121	252	134	386
	2022	14	148	282	162	444
	<b>2018-2022 average</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>539</b>

1. In 2015 the police created a new North East division by combining Aberdeen City, Moray and Aberdeenshire councils.

Table 4

COLLISIONS

**Reported collisions by road type and severity  
2014-18 and 2018 to 2022 averages, 2018 to 2022**

Severity/Year	Trunk			Local Authority					All Roads	Trunk % of total	
	Non built up	Built up	Total	Major roads		Minor roads		Total			
				Non built up	Built up	Non Built up	Built up				
<b>(a) numbers</b>											
Fatal											
2018	46	3	49	41	19	20	21	101	150	33	
2019	46	4	50	37	17	22	31	107	157	32	
2020	38	1	39	25	22	18	27	92	131	30	
2021	36	4	40	34	13	23	26	96	135	30	
2022	53	1	54	39	15	18	27	99	153	35	
Adjusted serious											
2018	376	52	427	309	393	279	807	1,787	2,215	19	
2019	341	44	384	323	374	221	792	1,711	2,095	18	
2020	195	33	228	203	256	162	514	1,135	1,363	17	
2021	253	32	285	208	269	170	513	1,160	1,445	20	
2022	247	28	275	235	280	174	563	1,252	1,527	18	
All Severities											
2018	1,046	171	1,217	711	1,319	638	2,547	5,215	6,432	19	
2019	896	141	1,037	710	1,180	508	2,339	4,737	5,774	18	
2020	557	96	653	470	781	393	1,599	3,243	3,896	17	
2021	673	101	774	467	762	386	1,519	3,134	3,908	20	
2022	666	86	752	543	814	393	1,632	3,382	4,134	18	
<b>(b) annual averages</b>											
Fatal											
2014-18 average	49	3	52	42	18	20	28	108	161	33	
2018 to 2022 average	44	3	46	35	17	20	26	99	145	32	
Adjusted serious											
2014-18 average	373	54	427	333	445	305	930	2,012	2,439	17	
2018 to 2022 average	282	38	320	256	314	201	638	1,409	1,729	19	
All Severities											
2014-18 average	1,187	189	1,376	866	1,601	750	3,249	6,467	7,843	18	
2018 to 2022 average	768	119	887	580	971	464	1,927	3,942	4,829	18	
<b>(c) Per cent changes</b>											
<b>2022 on 2021</b>											
Fatal	47	-75	35	15	15	-22	4	3	13		
Adjusted serious	-2	-13	-4	13	4	2	10	8	6		
All Severities	-1	-15	-3	16	7	2	7	8	6		
<b>2022 on 2014-18 average</b>											
Fatal	8	-67	3	-8	-18	-11	-2	-9	-5		
Adjusted serious	-34	-48	-36	-29	-37	-43	-39	-38	-37		
All Severities	-44	-54	-45	-37	-49	-48	-50	-48	-47		
<b>2018 to 2022 average on 2014-18 average</b>											
Fatal	-11	-13	-11	-17	-7	0	-4	-9	-10		
Serious <sup>1</sup>	-24	-30	-25	-23	-29	-34	-31	-30	-29		
All Severities	-35	-37	-36	-33	-39	-38	-41	-39	-38		

Table 5

COLLISIONS

(a) Reported collisions by severity and road class for built-up and non built-up roads  
 Years: 2014-18 and 2018 to 2022 averages, 2013 to 2022

	Major roads					Minor roads			All roads	
	Motor-ways	Trunk A roads		LA A roads		All major roads	Built up	Non built up		All minor roads
		Non built up	Built up	Non built up	Built up					
<b>Fatal</b>										
<b>2014-18 ave</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>161</b>
2013	8	48	5	36	16	113	23	23	46	159
2014	8	46	4	38	19	115	44	22	66	181
2015	9	38	5	45	16	113	26	18	44	157
2016	9	53	2	46	17	127	25	23	48	175
2017	4	33	1	41	21	100	22	18	40	140
2018	9	37	3	41	19	109	21	20	41	150
2019	10	36	4	37	17	104	31	22	53	157
2020	9	29	1	25	22	86	27	18	45	131
2021	13	23	4	34	13	87	26	23	49	136
2022	4	49	1	39	15	108	27	18	45	153
<b>2018 to 2022 ave</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>145</b>
<b>Adjusted serious</b>										
<b>2014-18 ave</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>445</b>	<b>1,205</b>	<b>930</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>1,234</b>	<b>2,439</b>
2013	65	306	54	412	433	1,271	1016	306	1,322	2,592
2014	69	297	59	366	452	1,242	1039	346	1,384	2,626
2015	98	303	56	335	463	1,254	976	311	1,287	2,542
2016	77	291	51	351	464	1,233	980	306	1,286	2,518
2017	76	280	52	304	454	1,166	847	282	1,128	2,295
2018	80	296	52	309	393	1,129	807	279	1,086	2,215
2019	88	252	44	323	374	1,082	792	221	1,013	2,095
2020	42	153	33	203	256	687	514	162	676	1,363
2021	69	184	32	208	269	762	513	170	683	1,445
2022	82	165	28	235	280	790	563	174	737	1,527
<b>2018 to 2022 ave</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>314</b>	<b>890</b>	<b>638</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>839</b>	<b>1,729</b>
<b>All severities</b>										
<b>2014-18 ave</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>817</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>866</b>	<b>1,601</b>	<b>3,844</b>	<b>3,249</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>3,999</b>	<b>7,843</b>
2013	330	936	213	1,109	1,728	4,316	3,806	852	4,658	8,974
2014	355	903	207	989	1,737	4,191	3,759	883	4,642	8,833
2015	438	870	199	958	1,672	4,137	3,530	810	4,340	8,477
2016	389	853	202	901	1,755	4,100	3,509	746	4,255	8,355
2017	347	734	166	772	1,524	3,543	2,902	673	3,575	7,118
2018	320	726	171	711	1,319	3,247	2,547	638	3,185	6,432
2019	306	590	141	710	1,180	2,927	2,339	508	2,847	5,774
2020	172	385	96	470	781	1,904	1,599	393	1,992	3,896
2021	239	434	101	467	762	2,003	1,519	386	1,905	3,908
2022	232	434	86	543	814	2,109	1,632	393	2,025	4,134
<b>2018 to 2022 ave</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>971</b>	<b>2,438</b>	<b>1,927</b>	<b>464</b>	<b>2,391</b>	<b>4,829</b>

Table 5

## COLLISIONS

(b) Reported collision rates by severity and road class for built-up and non built-up roads  
rates per 100 million vehicle km<sup>(1)</sup>

Years: 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages, 2013 to 2022

	Major roads						Minor roads		All roads	
	Motor-ways	Trunk A roads		LA A roads		All major roads	All minor roads			
		Non built up <sup>(1)</sup>	Built up <sup>(1)</sup>	Non built up <sup>(1)</sup>	Built up <sup>(1)</sup>		Built up <sup>(1)</sup>	Non Built up <sup>(1)</sup>		
<b>Fatal</b>										
<b>14-18ave</b>	<b>0.10</b>	<b>0.47</b>	<b>0.23</b>	<b>0.55</b>	<b>0.38</b>	<b>0.37</b>	<b>0.35</b>	<b>0.25</b>	<b>0.30</b>	<b>0.34</b>
2013	0.11	0.55	0.52	0.47	0.36	0.39	0.31	0.32	0.31	0.36
2014	0.11	0.53	0.41	0.48	0.42	0.39	0.55	0.30	0.43	0.40
2015	0.12	0.43	0.52	0.56	0.36	0.38	0.32	0.24	0.28	0.35
2016	0.11	0.58	0.20	0.56	0.37	0.41	0.29	0.31	0.30	0.37
2017	0.05	0.38	0.05	0.55	0.38	0.32	0.29	0.20	0.24	0.29
2018	0.11	0.42	0.17	0.58	0.36	0.35	0.28	0.22	0.25	0.31
2019	0.12	0.40	0.23	0.51	0.31	0.32	0.42	0.24	0.32	0.32
2020	0.14	0.44	0.08	0.45	0.53	0.36	0.43	0.24	0.32	0.35
2021	0.18	0.29	0.25	0.60	0.26	0.32	0.41	0.24	0.31	0.31
2022	0.05	0.56	0.06	0.64	0.28	0.36	0.40	0.18	0.26	0.32
<b>18-22ave</b>	<b>0.11</b>	<b>0.42</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>0.55</b>	<b>0.34</b>	<b>0.34</b>	<b>0.39</b>	<b>0.22</b>	<b>0.29</b>	<b>0.32</b>
<b>Adjusted serious</b>										
<b>14-18ave</b>	<b>1.01</b>	<b>3.31</b>	<b>4.15</b>	<b>4.31</b>	<b>9.13</b>	<b>3.93</b>	<b>11.69</b>	<b>3.78</b>	<b>7.70</b>	<b>5.23</b>
2013	0.90	3.49	5.63	5.38	9.87	4.37	13.61	4.25	9.01	5.93
2014	0.92	3.4	6.1	4.66	10.09	4.22	13.05	4.69	9.03	5.87
2015	1.31	3.4	5.84	4.17	10.28	4.2	11.99	4.23	8.3	5.6
2016	0.98	3.17	5.21	4.24	10.06	4	11.47	4.1	8.04	5.38
2017	0.94	3.24	2.86	4.1	8.31	3.71	11.01	3.15	6.78	4.78
2018	0.94	3.34	2.92	4.37	7.37	3.58	10.86	3.02	6.52	4.6
2019	1.02	2.77	2.5	4.42	6.94	3.36	10.80	2.41	6.14	4.3
2020	0.67	2.31	2.5	3.66	6.19	2.87	8.16	2.12	4.85	3.6
2021	0.93	2.35	1.97	3.65	5.48	2.77	8.07	1.78	4.29	3.33
2022	0.99	1.87	1.59	3.85	5.2	2.6	8.28	1.7	4.33	3.22
<b>18-22ave</b>	<b>0.92</b>	<b>2.55</b>	<b>2.29</b>	<b>4.03</b>	<b>6.25</b>	<b>3.06</b>	<b>9.32</b>	<b>2.20</b>	<b>5.24</b>	<b>3.83</b>
<b>All severities</b>										
<b>14-18ave</b>	<b>4.70</b>	<b>9.23</b>	<b>14.52</b>	<b>11.21</b>	<b>32.84</b>	<b>12.55</b>	<b>40.85</b>	<b>9.30</b>	<b>24.96</b>	<b>16.81</b>
2013	4.54	10.68	22.20	14.46	39.36	14.86	50.99	11.83	31.77	20.53
2014	4.78	10.35	21.44	12.59	38.79	14.23	47.21	11.98	30.28	19.73
2015	5.86	9.77	20.73	11.93	37.15	13.85	43.35	11.01	28	18.68
2016	4.97	9.31	20.45	10.91	38.08	13.29	41.06	10.01	26.6	17.84
2017	4.31	8.5	9.06	10.4	27.88	11.28	37.74	7.52	21.49	14.82
2018	3.76	8.2	9.69	10.04	24.77	10.29	34.27	6.93	19.14	13.35
2019	3.54	6.48	8.09	9.71	21.86	9.09	31.89	5.54	17.25	11.85
2020	2.73	5.81	7.28	8.47	18.87	7.95	25.40	5.14	14.29	10.28
2021	3.22	5.54	6.21	8.19	15.52	7.28	23.88	4.04	11.98	9.00
2022	2.79	4.93	4.87	8.9	15.11	6.94	23.99	3.85	11.91	8.73
<b>18-22ave</b>	<b>3.24</b>	<b>6.23</b>	<b>7.24</b>	<b>9.14</b>	<b>19.30</b>	<b>8.37</b>	<b>28.15</b>	<b>5.06</b>	<b>14.94</b>	<b>10.70</b>

1. Traffic estimates are based on an "urban/rural" split which differs slightly from the "built-up/non built-up" classification used for the number of collisions. Therefore, these rates are approximations: the "non-built up" rate is the number of collisions on "non-built up" roads divided by the estimated volume of traffic on "rural" roads, for example. The figures given in this table take account of any revisions to the traffic estimates for previous years.

Table 5

## COLLISIONS

## (c) Reported collision rates on all roads by police force area and severity

Years: 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages

Severity/ Police force area	Trunk roads	Local Authority roads	All Roads
<b>Reported collision rate per 100 million vehicle km - for 2014-18 average</b>			
<b>Fatal</b>			
North East <sup>1</sup>	0.3	0.5	0.4
Tayside	0.3	0.5	0.4
Argyll & West Dunbartonshire	0.7	0.3	0.5
Forth Valley	0.2	0.2	0.2
Dumfries & Galloway	0.4	0.5	0.5
Ayrshire	0.4	0.4	0.4
Greater Glasgow	0.0	0.3	0.2
Lothians & Scottish Borders	0.4	0.4	0.4
Edinburgh	0.0	0.3	0.2
Highlands & Islands	0.6	0.6	0.6
Fife	0.3	0.3	0.3
Renfrewshire & Inverclyde	0.1	0.3	0.3
Lanarkshire	0.2	0.4	0.3
<b>Scotland</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>
<b>Adjusted serious</b>			
North East <sup>1</sup>	2.7	6.0	5.0
Tayside	1.8	5.7	3.9
Argyll & West Dunbartonshire	6.7	6.3	6.4
Forth Valley	2.4	5.5	4.4
Dumfries & Galloway	2.3	8.4	4.5
Ayrshire	3.6	7.1	5.8
Greater Glasgow	1.1	10.2	6.9
Lothians & Scottish Borders	2.5	7.3	5.6
Edinburgh	2.0	12.0	9.3
Highlands & Islands	3.8	4.9	4.4
Fife	2.2	4.8	4.0
Renfrewshire & Inverclyde	1.9	6.5	4.7
Lanarkshire	1.3	6.3	4.1
<b>Scotland</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>5.2</b>
<b>All severities</b>			
North East <sup>1</sup>	6.7	13.2	11.3
Tayside	4.7	15.0	10.3
Argyll & West Dunbartonshire	17.1	19.2	18.4
Forth Valley	7.0	17.0	13.5
Dumfries & Galloway	6.8	23.0	12.6
Ayrshire	10.5	22.1	17.7
Greater Glasgow	6.6	38.6	27.0
Lothians & Scottish Borders	8.2	22.9	17.8
Edinburgh	8.9	43.7	34.6
Highlands & Islands	10.7	14.9	12.9
Fife	7.6	15.0	12.8
Renfrewshire & Inverclyde	8.4	23.0	17.1
Lanarkshire	5.5	22.8	15.1
<b>Scotland</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>22.6</b>	<b>16.8</b>

1. In 2015 the police created a new North East division by combining Aberdeen City, Moray and Aberdeenshire councils.

Table 5

## COLLISIONS

(c) Reported collision rates on all roads by police force area and severity  
Years: 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages

Severity/ Police force area	Trunk roads	Local Authority roads	All Roads
<b>Reported collision rate per 100 million vehicle km - for 2018-22 average</b>			
<b>Fatal</b>			
North East <sup>1</sup>	0.3	0.3	0.3
Tayside	0.2	0.3	0.2
Argyll & West Dunbartonshire	0.8	0.5	0.6
Forth Valley	0.3	0.4	0.3
Dumfries & Galloway	0.2	0.5	0.3
Ayrshire	0.3	0.5	0.4
Greater Glasgow	0.1	0.3	0.2
Lothians & Scottish Borders	0.3	0.4	0.4
Edinburgh	0.1	0.2	0.2
Highlands & Islands	0.6	0.7	0.6
Fife	0.2	0.4	0.3
Renfrewshire & Inverclyde	0.1	0.3	0.2
Lanarkshire	0.2	0.4	0.3
<b>Scotland</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>
<b>Adjusted serious</b>			
North East <sup>1</sup>	1.9	3.2	2.9
Tayside	1.6	5.4	3.6
Argyll & West Dunbartonshire	4.8	4.3	4.5
Forth Valley	1.7	3.6	2.9
Dumfries & Galloway	1.9	6.3	3.4
Ayrshire	2.7	5.3	4.4
Greater Glasgow	1.1	8.0	5.4
Lothians & Scottish Borders	1.7	5.2	4.0
Edinburgh	1.4	8.2	6.1
Highlands & Islands	2.8	4.6	3.7
Fife	1.7	4.3	3.4
Renfrewshire & Inverclyde	1.5	5.0	3.4
Lanarkshire	1.1	4.4	2.9
<b>Scotland</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>3.8</b>
<b>All severities</b>			
North East <sup>1</sup>	3.8	6.5	5.8
Tayside	3.9	13.9	9.2
Argyll & West Dunbartonshire	10.1	11.4	10.9
Forth Valley	4.4	9.8	7.9
Dumfries & Galloway	4.7	16.3	8.8
Ayrshire	6.4	13.6	10.9
Greater Glasgow	4.5	25.1	17.5
Lothians & Scottish Borders	5.4	14.4	11.3
Edinburgh	5.2	26.7	20.2
Highlands & Islands	7.3	11.3	9.3
Fife	4.9	11.3	9.2
Renfrewshire & Inverclyde	4.6	14.2	9.9
Lanarkshire	3.9	14.0	9.4
<b>Scotland</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>14.4</b>	<b>10.7</b>

1. In 2015 the police created a new North East division by combining Aberdeen City, Moray and Aberd

Table 6

Collisions by severity, month and road type, 2018 to 2022 average  
(figures adjusted for 30 day months)

		Trunk M	M & A	Minor	M & A	Minor	Total	Trunk M	M & A	Minor	M & A	Minor	Total
		& A	NBUP	NBUP	BUP	BUP		%	NBUP	NBUP	BUP	BUP	
Fatal	January	3	2	2	3	3	12	6.4	4.5	8.7	19.5	10.4	8.5
	February	3	1	1	0	3	9	7.5	4.3	5.3	1.2	9.8	6.1
	March	3	3	2	1	3	11	7.6	7.9	7.8	5.7	9.7	7.9
	April	3	2	1	1	1	9	6.1	7	7	5.9	5.4	6.3
	May	2	3	2	1	3	10	4.2	8.4	7.8	4.6	10.4	6.9
	June	3	2	2	1	1	10	7	5.8	10	7.1	5.4	6.9
	July	7	5	2	2	2	17	14.4	14	10.7	10.3	6.0	11.8
	August	6	5	1	1	2	14	12.3	14	5.8	4.6	6	9.7
	September	4	2	4	2	2	15	8.3	7	20.1	13	8.5	10.2
	October	5	3	0	1	3	12	10.2	9.5	1.9	5.7	9.7	8.3
	November	3	3	2	2	2	12	7	7.5	11	11.9	8.5	8.5
	December	4	3	1	2	3	13	8.9	10.1	3.9	10.3	10.4	8.9
	Year total	46	35	20	17	26	143	100	100	100	100	100	100
Adjusted serious	January	24	16	14	23	49	126	7.7	6.4	6.9	7.5	7.8	7.4
	February	24	17	16	23	52	132	7.7	6.5	8	7.5	8.2	7.7
	March	17	17	13	23	44	115	5.5	6.7	6.8	7.3	7.1	6.7
	April	17	22	16	23	48	126	5.3	8.7	8.3	7.4	7.7	7.4
	May	24	27	16	24	50	142	7.8	10.7	8.1	7.9	7.9	8.3
	June	30	26	21	31	51	158	9.6	10	10.8	9.9	8.1	9.3
	July	32	24	20	22	50	148	10.4	9.4	9.9	7.2	8	8.7
	August	34	28	22	28	64	176	11.1	10.8	11.2	9	10.1	10.3
	September	31	26	22	28	49	156	10	10	11.2	9	7.9	9.2
	October	28	21	16	32	57	152	8.9	8.1	7.9	10.3	9	8.9
	November	28	16	12	29	64	148	8.8	6.4	5.9	9.3	10.2	8.7
	December	23	16	10	24	51	124	7.3	6.3	5.1	7.6	8.1	7.3
	Year total	312	255	198	310	629	1704	100	100	100	100	100	100
Total	January	71	42	34	75	162	384	8.2	7.2	7.5	7.8	8.5	8.1
	February	73	45	40	81	156	395	8.4	7.8	8.7	8.4	8.2	8.3
	March	57	41	29	70	149	346	6.6	7.1	6.3	7.3	7.8	7.3
	April	50	48	34	71	147	350	5.8	8.3	7.4	7.4	7.7	7.3
	May	67	49	35	80	147	378	7.7	8.5	7.7	8.3	7.7	7.9
	June	70	53	45	86	155	409	8	9.2	9.9	9.0	8.1	8.6
	July	84	53	45	74	143	399	9.7	9.1	9.8	7.7	7.5	8.4
	August	92	61	46	87	180	465	10.6	10.5	10	9.1	9.5	9.8
	September	81	51	46	84	159	420	9.3	8.8	10.1	8.8	8.4	8.8
	October	78	51	36	90	170	424	9	8.8	7.8	9.4	9	8.9
	November	75	42	35	88	184	424	8.7	7.3	7.7	9.2	9.7	8.9
	December	69	43	33	74	148	367	8	7.5	7.2	7.7	7.8	7.7
	Year total	866	579	457	958	1,900	4,760	100	100	100	100	100	100

BUP=Built-up NBUP=Non Built-up

Note: As figures in this table have been adjusted to be 30 day months they may not be comparable with other tables in this publication

Table 7

Collisions by light condition, road surface condition(1), severity  
Built-up and non built-up roads,  
2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages, 2018 to 2022

		Fatal	Built-up adjusted serious	Total	Fatal	Non Built-up adjusted serious	Total	Fatal	Total adjusted serious	Total
Daylight	<b>2014-18 ave</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>1016</b>	<b>3,721</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>2,082</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>5,803</b>
	2018	28	890	2,991	74	723	1,767	102	1,613	4,758
	2019	30	871	2,688	81	657	1,560	111	1,528	4,248
	2020	24	554	1,768	47	399	993	71	953	2,761
	2021	28	613	1,784	66	481	1,135	94	1,094	2,919
	2022	18	601	1,874	67	487	1,175	85	1,088	3,049
	<b>2018-22 ave</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>706</b>	<b>2,221</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>549</b>	<b>1,326</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>1,255</b>	<b>3,547</b>
Darkness	<b>2014-18 ave</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>1,319</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>721</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>673</b>	<b>2,040</b>
	2018	15	361	1,046	33	241	628	48	602	1,674
	2019	22	339	972	24	228	554	46	567	1,526
	2020	26	249	708	34	161	427	60	410	1,135
	2021	15	201	598	27	150	391	42	351	989
	2022	25	270	658	43	169	427	68	439	1,085
	<b>2018-22 ave</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>284</b>	<b>796</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>485</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>474</b>	<b>1,282</b>
Dry	<b>2014-18 ave</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>931</b>	<b>3,250</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>550</b>	<b>1,454</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>1,481</b>	<b>4,703</b>
	2018	28	840	2,704	70	564	1,309	98	1,403	4,013
	2019	32	799	2,444	62	506	1,186	94	1,305	3,630
	2020	28	502	1,549	34	311	727	62	813	2,276
	2021	30	560	1,706	59	415	948	89	975	2,654
	2022	26	568	1,715	67	412	966	93	980	2,681
	<b>2018-22 ave</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>654</b>	<b>2,024</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>442</b>	<b>1,027</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>1,095</b>	<b>3,051</b>
Wet/damp/flood	<b>2014-18 ave</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>474</b>	<b>1,672</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>404</b>	<b>1,162</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>878</b>	<b>2,834</b>
	2018	15	383	1,195	36	336	881	51	719	2,076
	2019	20	391	1,151	42	340	821	62	731	1,972
	2020	22	292	902	44	227	606	66	519	1,508
	2021	13	239	620	30	186	492	43	425	1,112
	2022	16	287	767	42	211	553	58	498	1,320
	<b>2018-22 ave</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>927</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>671</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>578</b>	<b>1,598</b>
Snow/frost/ice	<b>2014-18 ave</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>299</b>
	2018	-	27	129	1	60	192	1	87	321
	2019	-	21	64	1	38	107	1	59	171
	2020	-	9	23	3	22	87	3	31	110
	2021	-	15	56	4	30	86	4	45	142
	2022	1	16	48	1	33	83	2	49	131
	<b>2018-22 ave</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>175</b>
All conditions	<b>2014-18 ave</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>1,429</b>	<b>5,040</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>1,010</b>	<b>2,803</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>2,439</b>	<b>7,843</b>
	2018	43	1251	4,037	107	963	2,395	150	2,215	6,432
	2019	52	1210	3,660	105	885	2,114	157	2,095	5,774
	2020	50	803	2,476	81	560	1,420	131	1,363	3,896
	2021	43	814	2,382	93	631	1,526	136	1,445	3,908
	2022	43	871	2,532	110	656	1,602	153	1,527	4,134
	<b>2018-22 ave</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>990</b>	<b>3,017</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>1,811</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>1,729</b>	<b>4,829</b>

1. Separate codes for the road surface conditions 'Oil or Diesel' and 'Mud' were used between 1999 and 2004, inclusive. With effect from 2005, 'Oil or diesel' and 'mud' have been recorded under 'Special Conditions at Site'. The collisions for which these codes were used are included in the 'All conditions' figures, but not under any of the categories 'Dry', 'Wet/Damp/Flood' or 'Snow/Frost/Ice', so these changes should have had very little or no effect on the time series.

Table 8

Collisions by junction detail and severity  
separately for built-up and non built-up roads  
Years: 2018-2022 average

		Fatal	Adjusted serious	Adjusted slight	All severities	Fatal %	Adjusted serious %	Adjusted slight %	All severities %
<b>Built-up</b>	More than 20m from junction	22	402	711	1,144	48.5	40.6	36.2	37.9
	Roundabout	1	62	169	234	2.2	6.2	8.6	7.7
	Mini-roundabout	1	9	26	36	2.2	0.9	1.3	1.2
	T/Y staggered junc	12	294	589	900	25.5	29.7	30	29.8
	Slip road	0	6	13	19	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6
	Cross roads	5	101	219	326	10.0	10.2	11.2	10.8
	Junction>4 arms(not rd'about)	1	19	44	64	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.1
	Private drive	1	13	29	44	2.6	1.3	1.5	1.4
	Other junction	3	85	161	250	6.9	8.6	8.2	8.3
	<b>Total</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>990</b>	<b>1962</b>	<b>3017</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>
Non Built-up	More than 20m from junction	79	523	659	1265	79.2	70.8	68.2	69.8
	Roundabout	1	26	61	88	0.8	3.5	6.3	4.9
	Mini-roundabout	-	0	0	1	-	0	0	0.0
	T/Y staggered junc	10	100	123	234	10.1	13.5	12.7	12.9
	Slip road	1	15	31	48	1.2	2	3.3	2.7
	Cross roads	2	25	26	53	1.6	3.3	2.7	2.9
	Junction>4 arms(not rd'about)	1	3	5	8	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.4
	Private drive	1	13	18	33	1.2	1.8	1.9	1.8
	Other junction	5	34	43	83	5.2	4.6	4.5	4.6
	<b>Total</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>966</b>	<b>1,811</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Total built-up/non built-up</b>	More than 20m from junction	101	925	1370	2409	69.5	53.5	46.8	49.9
	Roundabout	2	87	230	322	1.2	5.1	7.9	6.7
	Mini-roundabout	1	9	26	37	0.7	0.5	0.9	0.8
	T/Y staggered junc	22	394	712	1,134	15.0	22.8	24.3	23.5
	Slip road	1	21	44	67	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.4
	Cross roads	6	125	245	379	4.3	7.3	8.4	7.8
	Junction>4 arms(not rd'about)	1	22	49	72	1.0	1.2	1.7	1.5
	Private drive	2	27	47	76	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.6
	Other junction	8	119	204	333	5.8	6.9	7	6.9
	<b>Total</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>1729</b>	<b>2928</b>	<b>4,829</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100.0</b>

## Collision Costs: Details of Calculations

Tables 9 to 11 refer.

The Department for Transport estimate the values assigned to the cost of road casualties and collisions in Great Britain, for use in cost-benefit analysis of the prevention of road casualties and collisions in road schemes.

The valuation of casualty costs calculated for Great Britain for all levels of severity are based on a willingness to pay human cost approach. This is intended to encompass all aspects of the costs of casualties including both the human cost and the direct economic cost.

### Types of Costs

The human cost covers an amount to reflect the pain, grief and suffering to the casualty, relatives and friends, and, for fatal casualties, the intrinsic loss of enjoyment of life over and above the consumption of goods and services. The economic cost covers loss of output due to injury and medical costs.

The cost of an collision also includes:

- the cost of damage to vehicles and property; and
- the cost of police and insurance administration.

A summary of the DfT's latest findings can be found in [Reported Road Casualties GB: 2022](#)

### Scotland analysis

The average cost per collision in Scotland and the total cost of all collisions in Scotland are presented in Tables 10 and 11. These are calculated using the GB casualty costs and the number of casualties by severity in collisions in Scotland. The average costs per collision for Great Britain and Scotland differ because of differences in the average numbers of casualties per collision, and the proportions of fatal and serious casualties in an collision.

Also estimated are the number of damage only collisions and their average costs.

Figures are presented in constant 2022 prices. Therefore estimates of values in earlier years have been calculated by applying 2022 values to previous years.

Further information on the methodology can be obtained from the DfT:

Integrated Transport Economics and Appraisal Division  
Department for Transport

Zone 3/04  
Great Minster House  
76 Marsham Street  
LONDON  
SW1P 4DR  
Email: [itea@dft.gov.uk](mailto:itea@dft.gov.uk)  
Tel: 020 7944 6177

Table 9

COSTS

## (a) Cost per casualty by severity: average costs for Great Britain (£) at 2021 prices

	Killed	Seriously Injured	Slightly Injured	Average all casualties
Average cost per casualty for Great Britain	2,250,876	252,935	19,499	92,168

## (b) Costs per collision by element of cost and severity

	Collision Severity			Damage only
	Fatal	Serious	Slight	
<b>Casualty related costs for GB:</b>				
Lost output	836,501	33,251	3,920	
Medical/ambulance	7,364	19,982	1,663	
Pain, grief, suffering	1,643,646	226,841	18,679	
<b>Police and damage to property costs for GB:</b>				
Police/administration	24,457	2,844	734	48
Insurance	413	257	156	74
Damage to property	15,056	6,775	3,974	2,563
- Motorways	23,220	19,812	10,024	3,496
- Non built-up roads	18,254	8,321	5,516	3,637
- Built-up roads	10,763	5,768	3,403	2,433
<b>Total costs per collision for GB</b>	<b>2,527,520</b>	<b>289,949</b>	<b>29,127</b>	<b>2,686</b>

Note: Police costs have been updated following a survey in 2011 of police forces in England, Scotland and Wales.

Table 10

## Cost per collision by road type and severity in Scotland (£) for 2022 at 2022 prices

Category of road	Collision Severity			Average for all injury collisions	Damage only	Average for all collisions
	Fatal	Serious	Slight			
Non built-up roads	2,778,249	323,438	33,831	367,512	3,685	45,029
Built-up roads	2,441,020	286,708	28,203	158,104	2,481	10,803
Motorways	2,298,553	318,788	38,671	176,641	3,544	23,672
<b>All roads</b>	<b>2,670,931</b>	<b>302,237</b>	<b>30,409</b>	<b>228,542</b>	<b>2,738</b>	<b>17,942</b>
Trunk roads only	2,843,149	319,781	34,674	344,682	3,369	37,827

Table 11

## Total estimated collision costs in Scotland (£ million) at 2022 prices, by severity

Years: 2012 to 2022

	Injury Road Collisions				Fatal	Serious	Slight	Damage only	All collisions
	Non		All injury						
	Motorway	built-up	Built-up	collisions					
2012	37.7	559.2	569.8	1,166.8	417.1	516.0	233.7	373.9	1,540.6
2013	42.0	547.7	465.3	1,054.9	414.0	424.8	216.0	344.5	1,399.4
2014	41.7	549.8	537.1	1,128.6	480.9	437.1	210.6	339.8	1,468.3
2015	56.9	494.0	468.0	1,018.9	395.3	419.2	204.4	324.8	1,343.7
2016	52.5	584.8	453.3	1,090.6	462.4	429.3	198.9	322.4	1,413.0
2017	33.4	465.2	428.9	927.5	345.9	412.0	169.6	273.6	1,201.1
2018	51.1	487.1	400.2	938.3	383.1	409.4	145.9	245.5	1,183.9
2019 1	56.0	484.8	460.9	1,001.6	393.5	488.6	119.5	220.9	1,222.6
2020 1	40.4	369.2	393.1	802.7	334.9	396.2	71.6	149.2	951.9
2021 1	65.0	389.2	370.3	824.5	334.2	420.9	69.3	148.0	972.5
2022 1	41.0	503.5	400.3	944.8	408.7	461.5	74.6	156.8	1,101.6

1. Due to changes in the way casualty severities are recorded, figures for serious and slight collisions in 2019 and 2020 onwards are not comparable with

Table 12

## VEHICLES

## Vehicles involved in reported injury collisions by type

Years: 2014-18 and 2018-22 averages and 2012-2022

Year	Pedal cycle	Motor cycle <sup>1,2</sup>	Car	Taxi	Minibus	Bus/coach	Light goods	Heavy goods	Other	Total
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>794</b>	<b>724</b>	<b>10,196</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>844</b>	<b>341</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>13,760</b>
2012	934	891	12,214	333	54	520	806	453	325	16,530
2013	919	791	11,220	327	39	469	876	408	252	15,301
2014	924	846	11,191	310	43	433	878	419	246	15,290
2015	829	757	10,935	270	37	389	886	384	189	14,676
2016	809	728	11,077	304	52	396	910	322	154	14,752
2017	752	630	9,406	264	37	320	787	305	172	12,673
2018	658	657	8,373	203	32	299	760	274	155	11,411
2019	606	537	7,492	250	27	246	603	239	189	10,189
2020	628	426	4,668	126	13	114	397	146	166	6,684
2021	523	459	4,782	134	16	134	433	146	220	6,847
2022	492	474	5,059	148	16	137	468	170	235	7,199
<b>2012-22 average</b>	<b>581</b>	<b>511</b>	<b>6,075</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>8,466</b>
Per cent changes:										
2022 on 2021	-6	3	6	10	0	2	8	16	7	5
2022 on										
2014-18 average	-38	-34	-50	-45	-60	-63	-45	-50	28	-48

1. Motorcycle includes all two wheeled motor vehicles.

2. A new 'unknown cc' motor cycle category was included from 2013 onwards. Previously these vehicles were mistakenly included in the 'other' category. They are now included with motorcycles.

Table 13

## VEHICLES

## Vehicles involved in reported injury collisions, traffic volumes and vehicle involvement rates, by vehicle type and severity of collision

Years: 2011 to 2022, and 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages

	Pedal cycle	Motorcycle <sup>3</sup>	Car or taxi	Bus / coach or minibus	Light goods	Heavy goods	All <sup>1</sup>
<b>(a) vehicles involved in fatal and serious collisions</b>							<i>number</i>
<b>14-18 average</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>2,963</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>4,278</b>
2011	292	470	3,344	188	211	161	4,788
2012	326	520	3,393	181	234	165	4,915
2013	312	436	3,029	152	217	156	4,389
2014	315	500	3,084	129	259	153	4,538
2015	311	425	3,055	122	260	149	4,384
2016	296	425	3,143	149	255	120	4,447
2017	300	410	2,813	108	240	110	4,053
2018	275	430	2,718	119	235	118	3,968
2019	256	357	2,617	89	219	101	3,711
2020	269	271	1,586	47	143	65	2,438
2021	213	314	1,735	58	149	66	2,619
2022	194	312	1,899	60	185	88	2,838
<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>2,111</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>3,115</b>
<b>(b) vehicles involved - all severities of reported collision</b>							
<b>14-18 average</b>	<b>794</b>	<b>724</b>	<b>10,467</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>844</b>	<b>341</b>	<b>13,760</b>
2011	855	827	12,787	669	785	465	16,752
2012	934	891	12,547	574	806	453	16,530
2013	919	791	11,547	508	876	408	15,301
2014	924	846	11,501	476	878	419	15,290
2015	829	757	11,205	426	886	384	14,676
2016	809	728	11,381	448	910	322	14,752
2017	752	630	9,670	357	787	305	12,673
2018	658	657	8,576	331	760	274	11,411
2019	606	537	7,742	273	603	239	10,189
2020	628	426	4,794	127	397	146	6,684
2021	523	459	4,916	150	433	146	6,847
2022	492	474	5,207	153	468	170	7,199
<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>581</b>	<b>511</b>	<b>6,247</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>8,466</b>
<b>(c) traffic volumes<sup>(2)</sup></b>							<i>million vehicle kilometres</i>
<b>14-18 average</b>	<b>317</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>35,350</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>7,602</b>	<b>2,555</b>	<b>46,645</b>
2011	291	293	33,323	597	6,099	2,481	43,085
2012	323	264	33,551	610	6,275	2,475	43,498
2013	319	277	33,640	605	6,377	2,492	43,711
2014	358	288	34,293	608	6,750	2,479	44,776
2015	331	285	34,596	587	7,066	2,511	45,374
2016	290	266	35,488	514	7,721	2,562	46,843
2017	294	280	36,076	525	8,257	2,614	48,045
2018	311	282	36,299	466	8,218	2,610	48,187
2019	365	291	36,678	514	8,277	2,587	48,713
2020	597	219	27,032	377	7,398	2,259	37,883
2021	435	243	31,063	424	8,745	2,500	43,410
2022	422	272	34,375	473	9,332	2,505	47,379
<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>426</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>33,089</b>	<b>451</b>	<b>8,394</b>	<b>2,492</b>	<b>45,114</b>

1. Includes a small number of 'unknown' and 'other' types of vehicles.

2. There may be slight differences between the vehicle types used for road collision statistics and those used for the traffic estimates.

3. A new 'unknown cc' motor cycle category was included from 2013 onwards. Previously these vehicles were mistakenly included in the 'other' category. They are now included with motorcycles.

Table 13

## VEHICLES

Vehicles involved in reported injury collisions, traffic volumes and vehicle involvement rates, by vehicle type and severity of collision  
Years: 2011 to 2022, and 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages

	Pedal cycle	Motorcycle	Car or taxi	Bus / coach or minibus	Light goods	Heavy goods	All <sup>1</sup>
<b>(d) <u>vehicle involvement rates: fatal and serious collisions</u></b>							
	<i>per million vehicle kilometres</i>						
<b>14-18 average</b>	<b>0.95</b>	<b>1.56</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>0.23</b>	<b>0.03</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>0.09</b>
2011	1.00	1.60	0.10	0.32	0.03	0.06	0.11
2012	1.01	1.97	0.10	0.30	0.04	0.07	0.11
2013	0.98	1.57	0.09	0.25	0.03	0.06	0.10
2014	0.88	1.73	0.09	0.21	0.04	0.06	0.10
2015	0.94	1.49	0.09	0.21	0.04	0.06	0.10
2016	1.02	1.60	0.09	0.29	0.03	0.05	0.09
2017	1.02	1.47	0.08	0.21	0.03	0.04	0.08
2018	0.88	1.52	0.07	0.26	0.03	0.05	0.08
2019	0.70	1.22	0.07	0.17	0.03	0.04	0.08
2020	0.45	1.24	0.06	0.12	0.02	0.03	0.06
2021	0.49	1.29	0.06	0.14	0.02	0.03	0.06
2022	0.46	1.15	0.06	0.13	0.02	0.04	0.06
<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>0.57</b>	<b>1.29</b>	<b>0.06</b>	<b>0.17</b>	<b>0.02</b>	<b>0.03</b>	<b>0.07</b>
<b>(e) <u>vehicle involvement rates: all severities of collision</u></b>							
	<i>per million vehicle kilometres</i>						
<b>14-18 average</b>	<b>2.51</b>	<b>2.58</b>	<b>0.30</b>	<b>0.76</b>	<b>0.11</b>	<b>0.13</b>	<b>0.29</b>
2011	2.94	2.82	0.38	1.12	0.13	0.19	0.39
2012	2.90	3.37	0.37	0.94	0.13	0.18	0.38
2013	2.88	2.85	0.34	0.84	0.14	0.16	0.35
2014	2.58	2.93	0.34	0.78	0.13	0.17	0.34
2015	2.50	2.66	0.32	0.73	0.13	0.15	0.32
2016	2.79	2.73	0.32	0.87	0.12	0.13	0.31
2017	2.56	2.25	0.27	0.68	0.10	0.12	0.26
2018	2.12	2.33	0.24	0.71	0.09	0.10	0.24
2019	1.66	1.84	0.21	0.53	0.07	0.09	0.21
2020	1.05	1.94	0.18	0.34	0.05	0.06	0.18
2021	1.20	1.89	0.16	0.35	0.05	0.06	0.16
2022	1.17	1.74	0.15	0.32	0.05	0.07	0.15
<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>1.36</b>	<b>1.95</b>	<b>0.19</b>	<b>0.46</b>	<b>0.06</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>0.19</b>

1. Includes a small number of 'unknown' and 'other' types of vehicles.

2. There may be slight differences between the vehicle types used for road collision statistics and those used for the traffic estimates.

3. Due to changes in the way casualty severities are recorded, figures for serious casualties in 2019 are not comparable with previous years.

Table 14

## VEHICLES

(a) Vehicles involved in reported injury collisions by manoeuvre and type of vehicle  
 Separately for built-up and non built-up roads  
 Years: 2018-2022 average

	Pedal cycle	Motor cycle	Car	Taxi	Minibus	Bus/coach	Light goods	Heavy goods	Other	Total <sup>2</sup>
<b>Built-up</b>										
Reversing	1	0	77	4	0	0	18	1	4	106
Parked	1	1	262	6	1	8	22	5	6	311
Slowing or stopping	8	14	234	8	1	29	15	4	4	317
Moving off	16	9	228	12	1	30	18	5	5	323
U turn	-	2	52	5	0	0	4	0	1	65
Turning/waiting turn left	13	9	190	7	0	8	16	5	6	253
Turning/waiting turn right	36	13	550	23	1	8	33	5	9	679
Changing lane	9	3	36	2	0	2	3	2	0	57
Overtaking	26	24	90	2	1	3	6	2	4	159
Going round bend	24	22	207	7	0	6	15	6	4	291
Waiting/going ahead	364	150	1,736	75	7	67	126	26	46	2,596
<b>Total<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>497</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>3,663</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>5,157</b>
<b>Non built-up</b>										
Reversing	-	-	3	0	-	-	1	0	1	5
Parked	-	-	31	0	1	1	6	6	5	50
Slowing or stopping	2	13	189	2	1	1	21	7	6	241
Moving off	1	3	45	0	0	1	4	2	3	59
U turn	-	1	9	0	-	-	1	0	1	12
Turning/waiting turn left	1	5	39	0	0	1	4	1	4	56
Turning/waiting turn right	6	6	186	2	-	1	18	5	16	239
Changing lane	1	5	46	0	-	0	7	8	3	71
Overtaking	1	34	113	0	1	1	10	1	4	166
Going round bend	12	97	489	4	1	5	39	22	16	685
Waiting/going ahead	61	103	1,261	12	5	13	145	79	45	1,724
<b>Total<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>84</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>2,412</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>3,309</b>
<b>Total</b>										
Reversing	1	0	79	5	0	0	19	2	5	111
Parked	1	1	293	6	2	9	28	12	11	361
Slowing or stopping	10	27	423	10	2	30	36	11	10	558
Moving off	17	11	273	12	1	31	22	7	8	382
U turn	-	2	61	5	0	0	5	1	2	76
Turning/waiting turn left	14	13	229	8	0	8	20	6	10	309
Turning/waiting turn right	42	18	736	25	1	9	51	10	25	918
Changing lane	10	7	83	3	0	2	10	10	3	128
Overtaking	27	58	204	3	1	4	16	3	8	325
Going round bend	35	119	695	10	1	12	54	28	20	976
Waiting/going ahead	424	253	2,997	87	11	80	272	104	92	4,320
<b>Total<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>581</b>	<b>511</b>	<b>6,075</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>8,466</b>

1. Motorcycle includes all two wheeled motor vehicles.

2. Totals include a small number of cases where the manoeuvre is unknown

Table 14

## VEHICLES

(b) Vehicles involved in reported injury collisions by junction detail and type of vehicle  
 Separately for built-up and non built-up roads  
 Years: 2018-2022 average

	Pedal cycle	Motor cycle	Car	Taxi	Minibus	Bus/coach	Light goods	Heavy goods	Other	Total
<b>Built-up</b>										
Over 20m from junction	123	80	1,352	52	5	71	103	26	38	1,851
Roundabout	63	25	282	9	1	10	15	9	5	418
Mini roundabout	7	3	45	2	-	2	4	-	1	64
T/Y or staggered junction	176	82	1,097	48	4	43	89	15	23	1,576
Slip road	3	1	24	2	1	-	2	1	1	34
Crossroads	61	23	433	23	1	19	31	6	8	604
Multiple junction	15	5	74	4	-	4	7	1	3	114
Private drive	7	4	55	1	-	1	6	1	2	76
Other junction	42	21	300	11	1	13	19	5	9	421
<b>Total<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>497</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>3,663</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>5,157</b>
<b>Non built-up</b>										
Over 20m from junction	54	180	1,614	15	6	16	178	102	68	2,233
Roundabout	9	14	114	-	-	2	11	5	3	159
Mini roundabout	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
T/Y or staggered junction	13	36	348	2	1	4	33	12	17	465
Slip road	1	5	74	1	-	1	7	4	2	95
Crossroads	3	5	83	2	1	-	9	2	2	107
Multiple junction	-	2	11	-	-	-	1	-	-	15
Private drive	2	7	44	-	-	-	7	2	3	66
Other junction	2	17	123	1	-	1	10	5	7	168
<b>Total<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>84</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>2,412</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>3,309</b>
<b>Total</b>										
Over 20m from junction	177	260	2,966	67	11	87	281	128	106	4,084
Roundabout	71	39	396	9	1	11	27	14	8	577
Mini roundabout	7	4	46	2	-	2	4	-	1	66
T/Y or staggered junction	190	118	1,445	49	5	47	122	27	39	2,041
Slip road	4	6	98	3	1	1	9	4	3	129
Crossroads	64	27	516	25	2	19	40	8	11	711
Multiple junction	15	7	85	4	-	4	8	2	3	129
Private drive	9	11	99	1	-	1	13	3	5	142
Other junction	45	38	424	11	1	14	29	10	16	589
<b>Total<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>581</b>	<b>511</b>	<b>6,075</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>8,466</b>

1. Motorcycle includes all two wheeled motor vehicles.

2. Totals include a small number of cases where the junction detail is unknown

## Cars involved in reported injury collisions by manoeuvre and type of collision 1

## Separately for built-up and non built-up roads

Years: 2018-2022 average

	Type of collision					Type of collision				
	Single vehicle	Single vehicle & pedestrian	Two vehicles	Three/ more vehicles	Total	Single vehicle	Single vehicle & pedestrian	Two vehicles	Three/ more vehicles	Total
	<i>numbers</i>					<i>percentages</i>				
<b>Built-up</b>										
Reversing	2	49	23	3	77	1	7	1	1	2
Parked	1	2	118	140	262	1	0	5	23	7
Slowing or stopping	4	34	139	57	234	3	5	6	10	6
Moving off	5	46	159	17	228	3	7	7	3	6
U Turn	1	3	46	2	52	1	1	2	0	1
Turning/wtg turn left	10	33	134	12	190	6	5	6	2	5
Turning/wtg turn right	9	77	420	44	550	5	12	19	7	15
Changing lane	1	2	29	4	36	1	0	1	1	1
Overtaking	1	17	60	12	90	1	3	3	2	3
Going round bend	49	25	117	15	207	31	4	5	3	6
Going/waiting go ahead	75	372	998	291	1,736	48	56	45	49	47
<b>Total</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>661</b>	<b>2,244</b>	<b>599</b>	<b>3,663</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Non built-up</b>										
Reversing	-	1	1	1	3	-	2	0	0	0
Parked	1	-	13	16	31	0	1	1	2	1
Slowing or stopping	5	2	86	97	189	1	5	7	15	8
Moving off	1	1	40	4	45	0	2	3	1	2
U Turn	-	-	7	1	9	-	1	1	0	0
Turning/wtg turn left	7	1	26	5	39	2	2	2	1	2
Turning/wtg turn right	7	-	145	34	186	2	1	11	5	8
Changing lane	4	-	29	13	46	1	1	2	2	2
Overtaking	8	1	71	34	113	2	3	6	5	5
Going round bend	207	5	225	52	489	46	14	18	8	20
Going/waiting go ahead	210	24	627	400	1,261	47	69	49	61	52
<b>Total</b>	<b>449</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>1,272</b>	<b>656</b>	<b>2,412</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Total</b>										
Reversing	2	49	24	4	79	0	7	1	0	1
Parked	2	3	132	156	293	0	0	4	12	5
Slowing or stopping	9	36	225	154	423	2	5	6	12	7
Moving off	6	47	198	21	273	1	7	6	2	5
U Turn	1	3	53	3	61	0	1	2	0	1
Turning/wtg turn left	17	34	161	18	229	3	5	5	1	4
Turning/wtg turn right	16	77	565	78	736	3	11	16	6	12
Changing lane	5	2	59	17	83	1	0	2	1	1
Overtaking	9	18	131	46	204	1	3	4	4	3
Going round bend	256	30	342	67	695	42	4	10	5	11
Going/waiting go ahead	285	396	1,626	691	2,997	47	57	46	55	49
<b>Total</b>	<b>608</b>	<b>696</b>	<b>3,516</b>	<b>1,255</b>	<b>6,075</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>

1. Totals include a small number of cases where the manoeuvre is unknown.

Table 16

## DRIVERS AND RIDERS

Estimated distance between the home of the driver or rider and the location of the injury collision by type of vehicle and police force area in which the reported collision occurred 1  
Year: 2022

	North East <sup>5</sup>	Tayside	Argyll & West Dunbartons hire	Forth Valley	Dumfries & Galloway	Ayrshire	Greater Glasgow
<b>Pedal cycle rider</b>							
Postcode, invalid or not known	7	4	1	1	1	3	12
Driver from elsewhere in the UK	-	-	1	-	1	2	-
Scottish driver, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicle parked and unattended	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Up to 2 km	12	15	2	4	8	4	49
Over 2 up to 5 km	5	7	4	3	-	8	34
Over 5 up to 10 km	-	4	1	5	3	2	12
Over 10 up to 20 km	2	3	-	1	2	-	3
Over 20 up to 50 km	1	1	-	2	-	1	1
Over 50 km	-	3	-	-	1	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>111</b>
<b>Motorcycle rider</b>							
Postcode, invalid or not known	5	3	3	2	2	6	3
Driver from elsewhere in the UK	2	4	3	2	6	3	1
Scottish driver, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicle parked and unattended	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Up to 2 km	4	13	1	2	4	3	17
Over 2 up to 5 km	6	4	2	5	5	6	19
Over 5 up to 10 km	4	6	-	4	-	7	8
Over 10 up to 20 km	2	4	1	4	1	3	4
Over 20 up to 50 km	5	6	4	5	5	5	1
Over 50 km	7	7	6	6	4	-	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>54</b>
<b>Car driver</b>							
Postcode, invalid or not known	41	50	13	44	17	48	72
Driver from elsewhere in the UK	3	16	7	3	16	8	6
Scottish driver, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Vehicle parked and unattended	3	23	4	4	12	15	59
Up to 2 km	49	104	28	58	49	62	218
Over 2 up to 5 km	49	79	13	39	22	49	177
Over 5 up to 10 km	36	63	14	34	29	45	139
Over 10 up to 20 km	38	40	18	24	29	38	109
Over 20 up to 50 km	42	57	20	37	22	44	52
Over 50 km	21	49	19	17	28	14	12
<b>Total</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>481</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>846</b>
<b>Other driver or rider <sup>2</sup></b>							
Postcode, invalid or not known	6	14	3	10	2	12	12
Driver from elsewhere in the UK	5	5	-	2	16	3	2
Scottish driver, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	-	-	2	-	-	-	1
Vehicle parked and unattended	1	2	2	1	4	2	5
Up to 2 km	9	13	3	1	11	6	27
Over 2 up to 5 km	9	14	5	1	4	6	38
Over 5 up to 10 km	9	14	5	6	5	15	32
Over 10 up to 20 km	10	6	4	7	9	12	40
Over 20 up to 50 km	12	11	7	11	4	12	20
Over 50 km	11	19	6	4	6	2	6
<b>Total</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>183</b>
<b>All drivers and riders</b>							
Postcode, invalid or not known	59	71	20	57	22	69	99
Driver from elsewhere in the UK	10	25	11	7	39	16	9
Scottish driver, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	-	-	2	-	-	-	3
Vehicle parked and unattended	4	25	6	5	16	17	64
Up to 2 km	74	145	34	65	72	75	311
Over 2 up to 5 km	69	104	24	48	31	69	268
Over 5 up to 10 km	49	87	20	49	37	69	191
Over 10 up to 20 km	52	53	23	36	41	53	156
Over 20 up to 50 km	60	75	31	55	31	62	74
Over 50 km	39	78	31	27	39	16	19
<b>Total</b>	<b>416</b>	<b>663</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>349</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>1,194</b>

1. The distance is estimated using the postcode of the house of the driver or rider, if this is available - please see Annex D.

2. 'Other' includes taxis, minibuses, bus or coach, ridden horse, agricultural vehicles and goods vehicles.

3. Due to a small problem with a few records, some of the figures in this table will not match exactly those of other tables.

4. Due to a problem with the methodology in producing this table, there was an error in with these figures in previous editions of this table.

5. In 2015 the police created a new North East division by combining Aberdeenshire, Moray and Aberdeenshire councils.

Table 16 cont'd

**Estimated distance between the home of the driver or rider and the location of the injury collision by type of vehicle and police force area in which the reported collision occurred 1**

Year: 2022

	Lothians & Scottish Borders	Edinburgh	Highlands & Islands	Fife	Renfrewshire & Inverclyde	Lanarkshire	total
<b>Pedal cycle rider</b>							
Postcode, invalid or not known	2	13	1	6	6	1	58
Driver from elsewhere in the UK	-	2	2	-	-	-	8
Scottish driver, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicle parked and unattended	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Up to 2 km	22	61	2	2	5	14	200
Over 2 up to 5 km	7	46	1	1	-	8	124
Over 5 up to 10 km	8	10	-	1	3	5	54
Over 10 up to 20 km	8	6	1	2	1	4	33
Over 20 up to 50 km	1	2	-	1	-	-	10
Over 50 km	-	-	1	-	-	-	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>492</b>
<b>Motorcycle rider</b>							
Postcode, invalid or not known	2	3	16	4	3	1	53
Driver from elsewhere in the UK	5	1	20	-	-	3	50
Scottish driver, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicle parked and unattended	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Up to 2 km	7	13	2	3	-	2	71
Over 2 up to 5 km	6	16	-	1	2	7	79
Over 5 up to 10 km	6	8	3	7	2	5	60
Over 10 up to 20 km	7	5	2	4	2	3	42
Over 20 up to 50 km	12	3	5	8	2	4	65
Over 50 km	4	2	14	1	2	-	54
<b>Total</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>474</b>
<b>Car driver</b>							
Postcode, invalid or not known	49	75	50	49	26	92	626
Driver from elsewhere in the UK	25	8	19	5	-	14	130
Scottish driver, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	-	1	3	-	-	1	7
Vehicle parked and unattended	8	29	7	6	4	18	192
Up to 2 km	134	112	27	62	61	162	1,126
Over 2 up to 5 km	110	116	19	57	42	105	877
Over 5 up to 10 km	81	76	24	51	32	81	705
Over 10 up to 20 km	97	51	28	44	14	51	581
Over 20 up to 50 km	87	32	34	37	16	51	531
Over 50 km	20	25	51	12	1	15	284
<b>Total</b>	<b>611</b>	<b>525</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>590</b>	<b>5,059</b>
<b>Other driver or rider <sup>2</sup></b>							
Postcode, invalid or not known	15	20	11	8	8	18	139
Driver from elsewhere in the UK	11	3	5	1	-	14	67
Scottish driver, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Vehicle parked and unattended	1	6	-	-	1	5	30
Up to 2 km	12	20	4	9	5	10	130
Over 2 up to 5 km	13	22	3	7	3	14	139
Over 5 up to 10 km	20	32	7	9	7	14	175
Over 10 up to 20 km	17	26	8	8	3	27	177
Over 20 up to 50 km	31	29	18	7	3	30	195
Over 50 km	17	17	23	6	1	1	119
<b>Total</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>1,174</b>
<b>All drivers and riders</b>							
Postcode, invalid or not known	68	111	78	67	43	112	876
Driver from elsewhere in the UK	41	14	46	6	-	31	255
Scottish driver, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	-	1	3	-	-	1	10
Vehicle parked and unattended	9	35	7	6	5	23	222
Up to 2 km	175	206	35	76	71	188	1,527
Over 2 up to 5 km	136	200	23	66	47	134	1,219
Over 5 up to 10 km	115	126	34	68	44	105	994
Over 10 up to 20 km	129	88	39	58	20	85	833
Over 20 up to 50 km	131	66	57	53	21	85	801
Over 50 km	41	44	89	19	4	16	462
<b>Total</b>	<b>845</b>	<b>891</b>	<b>411</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>780</b>	<b>7,199</b>

1. The distance is estimated using the postcode of the house of the driver or rider, if this is available - please see Annex D.

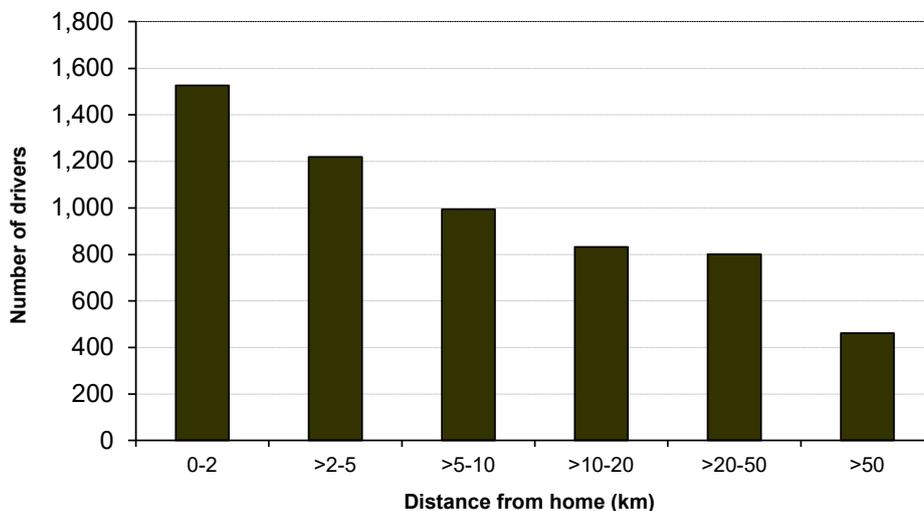
2. 'Other' includes taxis, minibus, bus or coach, ridden horse, agricultural vehicles and goods vehicles.

3. Due to a small problem with a few records, some of the figures in this table will not match exactly those of other tables.

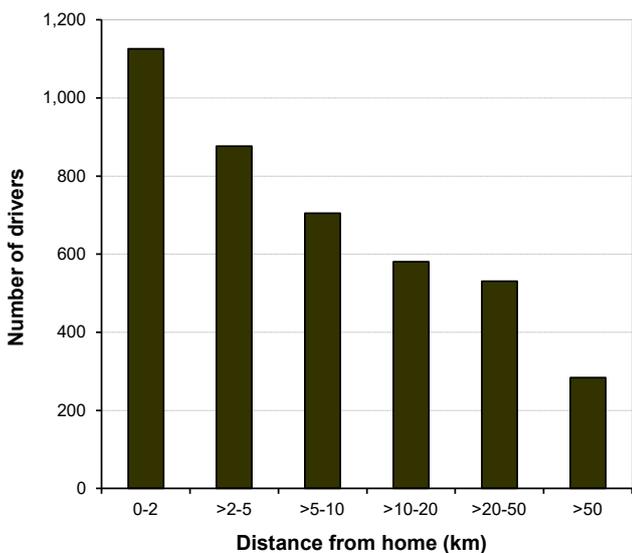
4. Due to a problem with the methodology in producing this table, there was an error in with these figures in previous editions of this table.

Estimated distance between the home of the driver or rider and the location of the reported injury collision by type of vehicle: Scottish residents only  
 excluding cases for which the distance cannot be estimated  
 Year: 2022

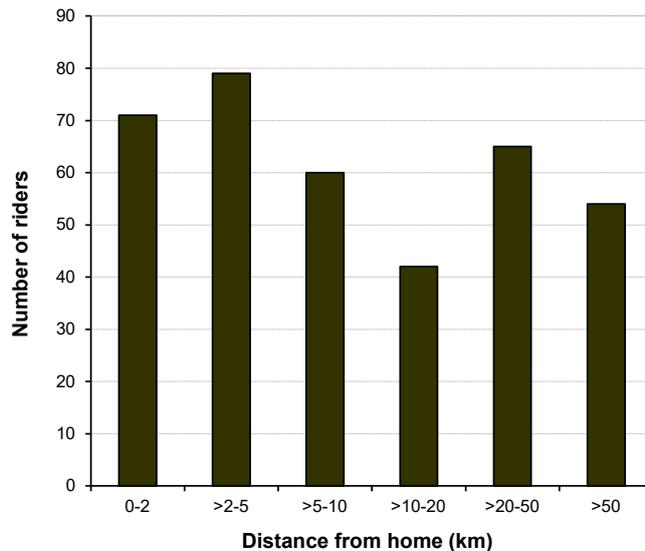
All vehicles



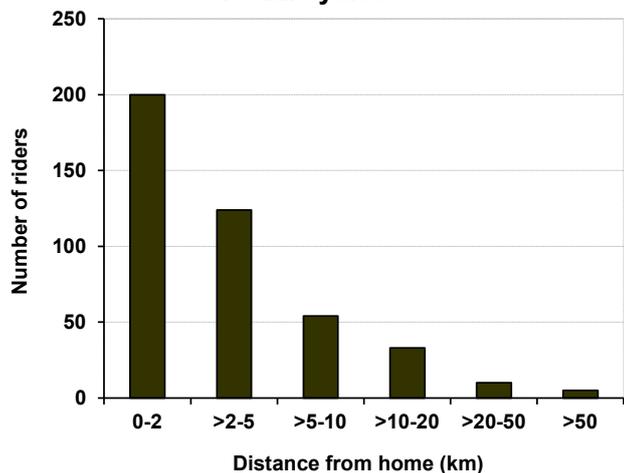
Cars



Motor cycles



Pedal cycles



Other vehicles

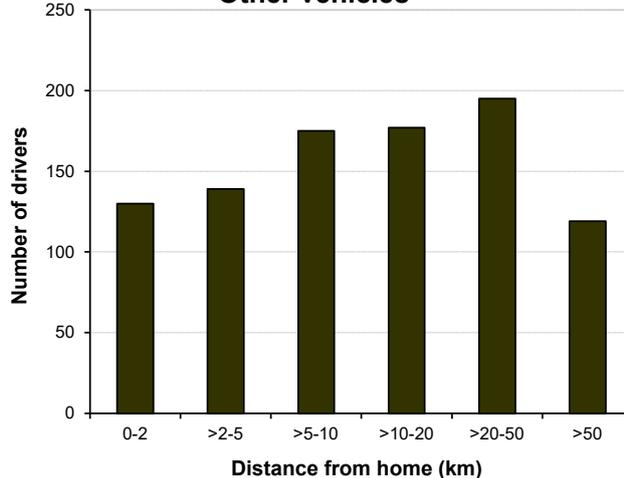


Table 17

**Cars drivers involved in reported injury collisions by manoeuvre and age of driver  
Separately for built-up and non built-up roads  
Years: 2018-2022 average**

	Age of Driver					Total	Age of Driver					Total
	17-25	26-34	35-59	60 and over	not known or under 17		17-25	26-34	35-59	60 and over	not known or under 17	
	<i>numbers</i>						<i>percentages</i>					
<b>Built-up</b>												
Reversing	10	11	32	17	7	77	2	2	2	3	2	2
Parked	11	18	47	13	173	262	2	3	3	2	61	7
Slowing or stopping	37	51	102	38	6	234	6	7	7	6	2	6
Moving off	35	45	94	47	7	228	6	6	7	7	3	6
U Turn	11	10	19	11	2	52	2	1	1	2	1	1
Turning/wtg turn left	32	36	82	31	8	190	5	5	6	5	3	5
Turning/wtg turn right	87	108	229	114	12	550	14	15	16	18	4	15
Changing lane	6	6	15	6	4	36	1	1	1	1	1	1
Overtaking	19	18	27	19	7	90	3	3	2	3	3	3
Going round bend	49	49	72	33	4	207	8	7	5	5	1	6
Going/wtg go ahead	311	354	708	312	51	1,736	51	50	50	49	18	47
<b>Total<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>607</b>	<b>706</b>	<b>1,427</b>	<b>641</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>3,663</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Non built-up</b>												
Reversing	0	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parked	3	4	12	5	6	31	1	1	1	1	23	1
Slowing or stopping	31	38	87	30	3	189	6	8	9	7	10	8
Moving off	6	9	17	13	0	45	1	2	2	3	2	2
U Turn	1	1	3	3	0	9	0	0	0	1	0	0
Turning/wtg turn left	9	8	14	8	0	39	2	2	2	2	2	2
Turning/wtg turn right	31	31	70	53	1	186	6	7	7	12	4	8
Changing lane	11	10	17	6	1	46	2	2	2	1	4	2
Overtaking	28	21	44	17	3	113	6	5	5	4	10	5
Going round bend	144	89	175	79	2	489	28	20	18	17	6	20
Going/wtg go ahead	252	244	514	241	11	1,261	49	53	54	53	39	52
<b>Total<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>515</b>	<b>457</b>	<b>954</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>2,412</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Total</b>												
Reversing	11	12	33	18	7	79	1	1	1	2	2	1
Parked	13	23	59	18	179	293	1	2	3	2	58	5
Slowing or stopping	68	90	189	68	9	423	6	8	8	6	3	7
Moving off	41	54	111	60	7	273	4	5	5	6	2	5
U Turn	12	11	22	14	2	61	1	1	1	1	1	1
Turning/wtg turn left	41	44	96	39	8	229	4	4	4	4	3	4
Turning/wtg turn right	118	139	299	167	13	736	11	12	13	15	4	12
Changing lane	17	16	32	13	5	83	2	1	1	1	2	1
Overtaking	47	39	71	36	10	204	4	3	3	3	3	3
Going round bend	193	139	247	112	6	695	17	12	10	10	2	11
Going/wtg go ahead	563	598	1,222	553	62	2,997	50	51	51	50	20	49
<b>Total<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>1,122</b>	<b>1,163</b>	<b>2,381</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>6,075</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>

1. Totals include a small number of cases where the manoeuvre is unknown

Table 18a

## CAR DRIVERS

Car drivers involved in reported injury collisions by age and severity of collision  
 Years:2014-18 and 2018-22 ave and 2012 to 2022

	Year	Numbers				Total <sup>1</sup>	Percentages				Total <sup>1</sup>
		17-25	26-34	35-59	60+		17-25	26-34	35-59	60+	
<b>Fatal</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>19.9</b>	<b>17.3</b>	<b>37.4</b>	<b>24.0</b>	<b>100</b>
	2012	28	26	53	34	145	19.3	17.9	36.6	23.4	100
	2013	32	29	70	45	182	17.6	15.9	38.5	24.7	100
	2014	42	20	81	46	193	21.8	10.4	42.0	23.8	100
	2015	37	36	55	32	161	23.0	22.4	34.2	19.9	100
	2016	40	44	73	46	204	19.6	21.6	35.8	22.5	100
	2017	25	27	55	40	149	16.8	18.1	36.9	26.8	100
	2018	27	22	58	43	154	17.5	14.3	37.7	27.9	100
	2019	27	20	60	63	176	15.3	11.4	34.1	35.8	100
	2020	27	23	60	33	154	17.5	14.9	39	21.4	100
	2021	24	17	52	31	128	18.8	13.3	40.6	24.2	100
	2022	21	33	54	58	169	12.4	19.5	32	34.3	100
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>16.1</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>36.4</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Adjusted serious</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>523</b>	<b>483</b>	<b>1,067</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>2,717</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>17.8</b>	<b>39.3</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>100</b>
	2012	652	543	1,305	570	3,150	20.7	17.2	41.4	18.1	100
	2013	534	469	1,156	511	2,748	19.4	17.1	42.0	18.6	100
	2014	575	486	1,127	533	2,812	20.5	17.3	40.1	18.9	100
	2015	555	550	1,122	502	2,821	19.7	19.5	39.8	17.8	100
	2016	560	474	1,109	553	2,852	19.6	16.6	38.9	19.4	100
	2017	493	473	998	479	2,588	19.1	18.3	38.5	18.5	100
	2018	430	435	980	520	2,509	17.2	17.3	39.0	20.7	100
	2019	410	408	910	516	2,358	17.4	17.3	38.6	21.9	100
	2020	297	269	513	264	1,392	21.3	19.3	36.9	19.0	100
	2021	286	280	624	315	1,564	18.3	17.9	39.9	20.1	100
	2022	293	294	603	403	1,682	17.4	17.5	35.9	24.0	100
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>726</b>	<b>404</b>	<b>1,901</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Adjusted slight</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>1,421</b>	<b>1,406</b>	<b>3,014</b>	<b>1,046</b>	<b>7,265</b>	<b>19.6</b>	<b>19.3</b>	<b>41.5</b>	<b>14.4</b>	<b>100</b>
	2012	1,900	1,641	3,867	1,157	8,798	21.6	18.7	44.0	13.1	100
	2013	1,649	1,631	3,634	1,145	8,274	19.9	19.7	43.9	13.8	100
	2014	1,622	1,600	3,525	1,142	8,146	19.9	19.6	43.3	14.0	100
	2015	1,585	1,601	3,336	1,107	7,923	20.0	20.2	42.1	14.0	100
	2016	1,554	1,517	3,328	1,132	8,000	19.4	19.0	41.6	14.1	100
	2017	1,287	1,231	2,644	960	6,587	19.5	18.7	40.1	14.6	100
	2018	1,058	1,079	2,237	890	5,672	18.6	19.0	39.4	15.7	100
	2019	887	967	1,946	762	4,833	18.3	20.0	40.3	15.8	100
	2020	627	673	1,238	483	3,122	20.1	21.6	39.7	15.5	100
	2021	578	646	1,203	533	3,090	18.7	20.9	38.9	17.2	100
	2022	596	612	1,312	554	3,208	18.6	19.1	40.9	17.3	100
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>749</b>	<b>795</b>	<b>1,587</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>3,985</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>1,987</b>	<b>1,927</b>	<b>4,162</b>	<b>1,611</b>	<b>10,196</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>18.9</b>	<b>40.8</b>	<b>15.8</b>	<b>100</b>
	2012	2,604	2,231	5,278	1,780	12,214	21.3	18.3	43.2	14.6	100
	2013	2,220	2,131	4,865	1,704	11,220	19.8	19.0	43.4	15.2	100
	2014	2,247	2,116	4,749	1,727	11,191	20.1	18.9	42.4	15.4	100
	2015	2,184	2,192	4,524	1,645	10,935	20.0	20.0	41.4	15.0	100
	2016	2,162	2,038	4,517	1,733	11,077	19.5	18.4	40.8	15.6	100
	2017	1,821	1,745	3,728	1,495	9,406	19.4	18.6	39.6	15.9	100
	2018	1,522	1,545	3,291	1,456	8,373	18.2	18.5	39.3	17.4	100
	2019	1,341	1,421	2,956	1,367	7,492	17.9	19.0	39.5	18.2	100
	2020	951	965	1,811	780	4,668	20.4	20.7	38.8	16.7	100
	2021	888	943	1,879	879	4,782	18.6	19.7	39.3	18.4	100
	2022	910	939	1,969	1,015	5,059	18.0	18.6	38.9	20.1	100
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>1,122</b>	<b>1,163</b>	<b>2,381</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>6,075</b>	<b>18.5</b>	<b>19.1</b>	<b>39.2</b>	<b>18.1</b>	<b>100</b>

1. Including drivers under 17 and those whose age is not known.

Table 18b

## CAR DRIVERS

Car drivers involved in reported injury collisions by age and sex 1  
Years:2014-18 and 2018-22 ave and 2012 to 2022

	Year	Numbers					Rates per thousand population <sup>5</sup>				
		17-25	26-34	35-59	60+	Total <sup>2</sup>	17-25	26-34	35-59	60+	Total <sup>3</sup>
<b>Male</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>1,174</b>	<b>1,105</b>	<b>2,342</b>	<b>1,032</b>	<b>5,741</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>2.7</b>
	2012	1,485	1,230	2,959	1,186	6,887	4.7	4.1	3.3	2.1	3.3
	2013	1,314	1,125	2,758	1,105	6,341	4.1	3.7	3.1	1.9	3.0
	2014	1,355	1,161	2,653	1,110	6,331	4.3	3.8	3.0	1.9	3.0
	2015	1,307	1,231	2,551	1,059	6,194	4.1	3.9	2.9	1.8	2.9
	2016	1,226	1,198	2,499	1,109	6,127	3.9	3.8	2.8	1.8	2.8
	2017	1,081	1,027	2,104	945	5,250	3.5	3.2	2.4	1.5	2.4
	2018	902	908	1,902	935	4,804	3.0	2.7	2.1	1.5	2.2
	2019	762	818	1,706	857	4,196	2.5	2.4	1.9	1.3	1.9
	2020	565	564	1,101	524	2,767	1.9	1.7	1.2	0.8	1.3
	2021	541	590	1,091	571	2,801	1.9	1.7	1.2	0.9	1.3
	2022	571	565	1,139	644	2,930	2.0	1.7	1.3	1.0	1.3
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>689</b>	<b>1,388</b>	<b>706</b>	<b>3,500</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.6</b>
<b>Female</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>792</b>	<b>773</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>577</b>	<b>3,936</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>1.7</b>
	2012	1,088	918	2,156	589	4,760	3.4	3.0	2.3	0.9	2.1
	2013	882	892	1,987	598	4,376	2.8	2.8	2.1	0.9	1.9
	2014	870	857	1,989	616	4,350	2.8	2.7	2.1	0.9	1.9
	2015	845	853	1,899	582	4,201	2.7	2.6	2.0	0.8	1.8
	2016	903	817	1,967	618	4,344	2.9	2.5	2.1	0.9	1.9
	2017	734	708	1,602	547	3,632	2.4	2.1	1.7	0.7	1.6
	2018	607	631	1,372	520	3,154	2.0	1.9	1.5	0.7	1.4
	2019	551	592	1,239	506	2,903	1.9	1.7	1.3	0.7	1.2
	2020	352	390	698	243	1,684	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.3	0.7
	2021	320	341	774	304	1,741	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.4	0.7
	2022	315	360	804	368	1,852	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.8
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>429</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>977</b>	<b>388</b>	<b>2,267</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1.0</b>
<b>Total <sup>4</sup></b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>1,987</b>	<b>1,927</b>	<b>4,162</b>	<b>1,611</b>	<b>10,196</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.2</b>
	2012	2,604	2,231	5,278	1,780	12,214	4.1	3.7	2.9	1.4	2.7
	2013	2,220	2,131	4,865	1,704	11,220	3.5	3.4	2.7	1.3	2.5
	2014	2,247	2,116	4,749	1,727	11,191	3.6	3.4	2.6	1.3	2.5
	2015	2,184	2,192	4,524	1,645	10,935	3.5	3.4	2.5	1.3	2.4
	2016	2,162	2,038	4,517	1,733	11,077	3.4	3.1	2.5	1.3	2.4
	2017	1,821	1,745	3,728	1,495	9,406	3.0	2.6	2.0	1.1	2.0
	2018	1,522	1,545	3,291	1,456	8,373	2.5	2.3	1.8	1.1	1.8
	2019	1,341	1,421	2,956	1,367	7,492	2.3	2.1	1.6	1.0	1.6
	2020	951	965	1,811	780	4,668	1.6	1.4	1.0	0.6	1.0
	2021	888	943	1,879	879	4,782	1.6	1.4	1.0	0.6	1.0
	2022	910	939	1,969	1,015	5,059	1.6	1.4	1.1	0.7	1.1
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>1,122</b>	<b>1,163</b>	<b>2,381</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>6,075</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>1.3</b>
<b>Male</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>1.6</b>
<b>Female</b>	2012	1.4	1.3	1.4	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.3	1.6
<b>Ratio</b>	2013	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.8	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.5	2.1	1.6
	2014	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	2.1	1.6
	2015	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.3	1.6
	2016	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.3	2.0	1.5
	2017	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	2.1	1.5
	2018	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	2.1	1.6
	2019	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.9	1.6
	2020	1.6	1.4	1.6	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	2.7	1.9
	2021	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.5	2.3	1.9
	2022	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.4	2.0	1.6
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>1.6</b>

1. In some cases, a driver's age and/or sex was not known. Such drivers are counted in the table on the basis of whatever details are known - i.e. in the appropriate age-groups if their ages are known, and in the appropriate sex category if their sex is known. The 'all ages' totals include those whose ages were not traced, and the 'both sexes' totals include those of unknown sex. The grand totals include those for whom neither the age nor the sex was known, most of whom will be the drivers of cars which were parked at the time of the collision.

2. Including drivers whose age is not known.

3. Excludes drivers under 17 and those where ages and sex are not known.

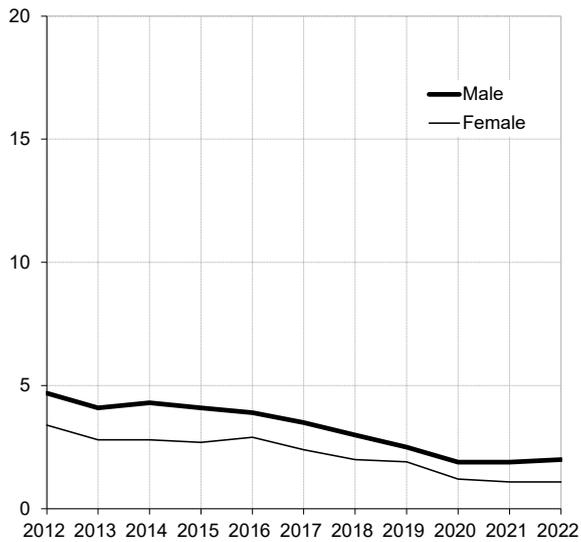
4. Including drivers whose age is not known.

Table 18

Car drivers involved in reported injury collisions by age and sex  
 Years: 2012 to 2022

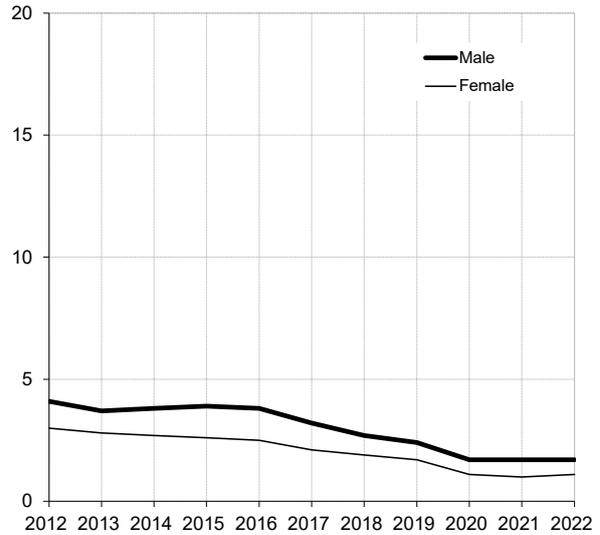
(a) 17-25

Rate per thousand population



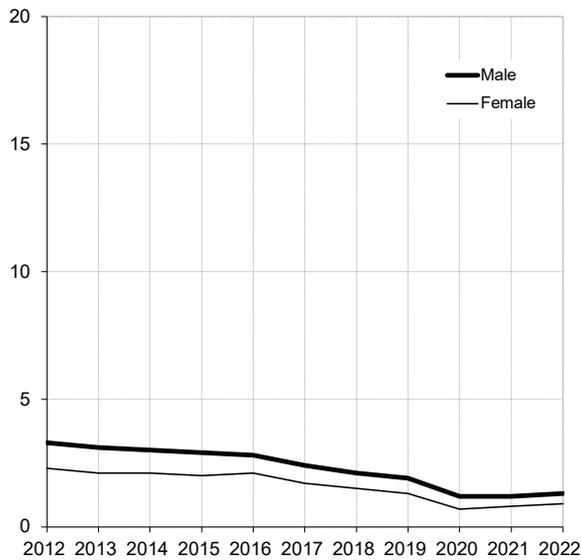
(b) 26-34

Rate per thousand population



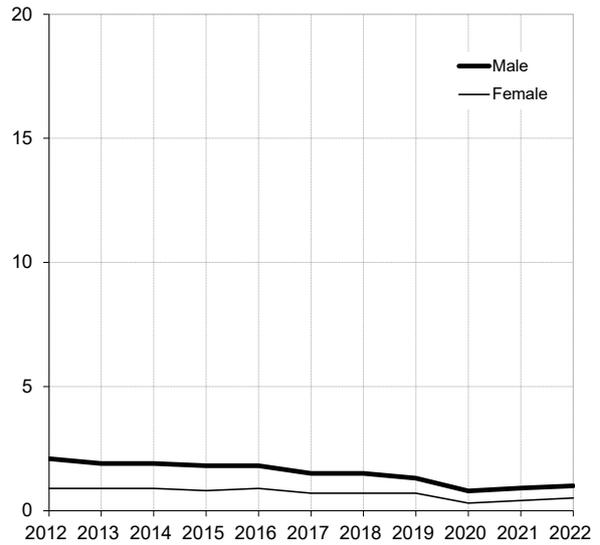
(c) 35-59

Rate per thousand population



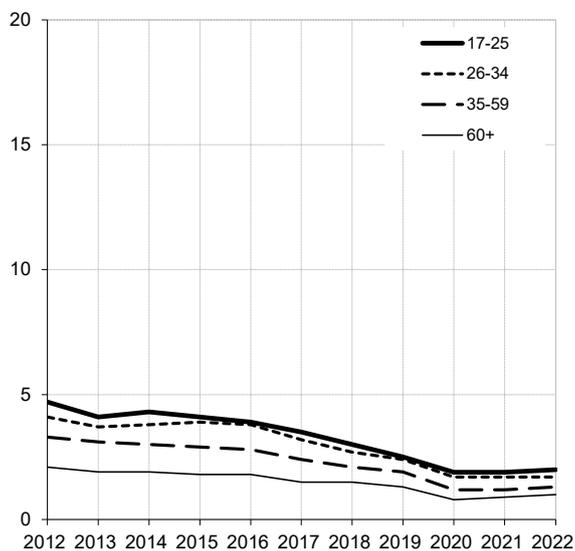
(d) 60+

Rate per thousand population



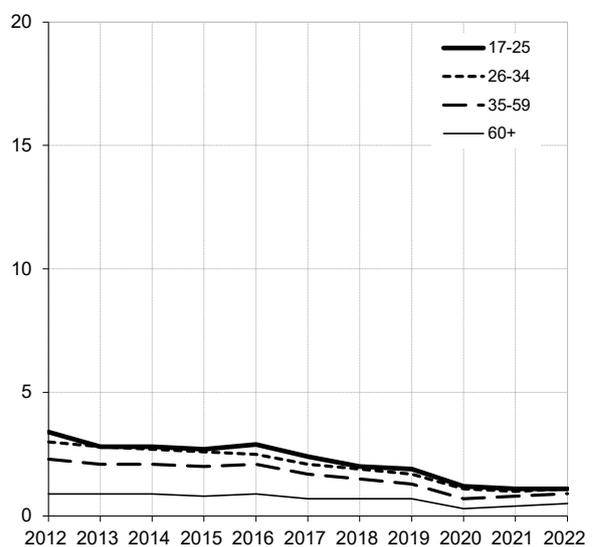
(e) Male

Rate per thousand population



(f) Female

Rate per thousand population



**Table 19**  
**Motorists involved in collisions by police force division 1**  
**Years: 2014-18 and 2018-22 averages, 2018 to 2022**

	North East <sup>2</sup>	Tayside	Argyll & West Dunbartonshire	Forth Valley	Dumfries & Galloway	Ayrshire	Greater Glasgow	Lothians & Borders Scottish	Edinburgh	Highlands & Islands	Fife	Renfrewshire & Inverclyde	Lanarkshire	Scotland
<b>Motorists involved</b>														
<b>14-18 ave</b>	<b>933</b>	<b>745</b>	<b>483</b>	<b>753</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>865</b>	<b>2,215</b>	<b>1,410</b>	<b>1,613</b>	<b>695</b>	<b>655</b>	<b>610</b>	<b>1,540</b>	<b>12,962</b>
2018	724	666	387	571	433	746	1,691	1,207	1,198	677	564	530	1,357	10,751
2019	630	598	347	491	320	592	1,706	978	1,101	665	502	454	1,197	9,581
2020	348	621	202	309	194	400	1,067	605	616	375	383	257	678	6,055
2021	379	630	211	316	225	392	1,039	777	704	405	361	240	644	6,323
2022	389	626	193	333	312	426	1,083	797	751	403	406	240	748	6,707
<b>18-22 ave</b>	<b>494</b>	<b>628</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>404</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>511</b>	<b>1,317</b>	<b>873</b>	<b>874</b>	<b>505</b>	<b>443</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>925</b>	<b>7,883</b>
<b>Breath test requested</b>														
<b>14-18 ave</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>555</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>982</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>889</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>442</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>793</b>	<b>7,286</b>
2018	346	498	212	334	309	421	673	744	625	472	390	214	693	5,931
2019	280	409	169	278	217	320	584	609	593	404	332	187	559	4,941
2020	189	369	128	158	135	214	355	384	350	248	212	116	294	3,152
2021	187	354	113	178	151	171	369	444	382	227	206	88	318	3,188
2022	240	451	99	182	195	251	414	543	431	264	252	91	393	3,806
<b>18-22 ave</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>416</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>275</b>	<b>479</b>	<b>545</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>451</b>	<b>4,204</b>
<b>Positive/refused</b>														
<b>14-18 ave</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>214</b>
2018	14	14	2	12	3	12	23	16	12	17	13	14	25	177
2019	10	15	5	9	12	9	22	16	7	20	6	7	30	168
2020	6	17	2	7	6	4	17	16	14	14	12	8	10	133
2021	5	16	3	6	6	8	15	14	14	5	3	4	14	113
2022	10	12	3	2	9	16	19	23	11	7	7	8	19	146
<b>18-22 ave</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>147</b>
<b>Breath test requested as a percent of those involved</b>														
<b>14-18 ave</b>	<b>47.8</b>	<b>74.6</b>	<b>52.0</b>	<b>63.2</b>	<b>72.2</b>	<b>56.5</b>	<b>44.4</b>	<b>64.9</b>	<b>55.1</b>	<b>62.5</b>	<b>67.5</b>	<b>47.7</b>	<b>51.5</b>	<b>56.2</b>
2018	47.8	74.8	54.8	58.5	71.4	56.4	39.8	61.6	52.2	69.7	69.1	40.4	51.1	55.2
2019	44.4	68.4	48.7	56.6	67.8	54.1	34.2	62.3	53.9	60.8	66.1	41.2	46.7	51.6
2020	54.3	59.4	63.4	51.1	69.6	53.5	33.3	63.5	56.8	66.1	55.4	45.1	43.4	52.1
2021	49.3	56.2	53.6	56.3	67.1	43.6	35.5	57.1	54.3	56.0	57.1	36.7	49.4	50.4
2022	61.7	72.0	51.3	54.7	62.5	58.9	38.2	68.1	57.4	65.5	62.1	37.9	52.5	56.7
<b>18-22 ave</b>	<b>50.3</b>	<b>66.3</b>	<b>53.8</b>	<b>55.9</b>	<b>67.9</b>	<b>53.9</b>	<b>36.4</b>	<b>62.4</b>	<b>54.5</b>	<b>64.0</b>	<b>62.8</b>	<b>40.4</b>	<b>48.8</b>	<b>53.3</b>
<b>Positive/refused as a percent of motorists involved</b>														
<b>14-18 ave</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>1.6</b>
2018	1.9	2.1	0.5	2.1	0.7	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.0	2.5	2.3	2.6	1.8	1.6
2019	1.6	2.5	1.4	1.8	3.8	1.5	1.3	1.6	0.6	3.0	1.2	1.5	2.5	1.8
2020	1.7	2.7	1.0	2.3	3.1	1.0	1.6	2.6	2.3	3.7	3.1	3.1	1.5	2.2
2021	1.3	2.5	1.4	1.9	2.7	2.0	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.2	0.8	1.7	2.2	1.8
2022	2.6	1.9	1.6	0.6	2.9	3.8	1.8	2.9	1.5	1.7	1.7	3.3	2.5	2.2
<b>18-22 ave</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>1.9</b>
<b>Positive/refused as a percent of those where breath test requested</b>														
<b>14-18 ave</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>2.9</b>
2018	4.0	2.8	0.9	3.6	1.0	2.9	3.4	2.2	1.9	3.6	3.3	6.5	3.6	3.0
2019	3.6	3.7	3.0	3.2	5.5	2.8	3.8	2.6	1.2	5.0	1.8	3.7	5.4	3.4
2020	3.2	4.6	1.6	4.4	4.4	1.9	4.8	4.2	4.0	5.6	5.7	6.9	3.4	4.2
2021	2.7	4.5	2.7	3.4	4.0	4.7	4.1	3.2	3.7	2.2	1.5	4.5	4.4	3.5
2022	4.2	2.7	3.0	1.1	4.6	6.4	4.6	4.2	2.6	2.7	2.8	8.8	4.8	3.8
<b>18-22 ave</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>3.5</b>

1. From 2013 "other motor vehicles" and "other non-motor vehicles" categories have been combined on the data collection forms. This means that there are a very small number of non-motor vehicle drivers included in the table.

Other changes to historic data for example new information provided by police will also result in differences in the historic data compared to previous publications.

2. In 2015 the police created a new North East division by combining Aberdeenshire, Moray and Aberdeenshire councils.

Table 20

**Motorists involved in reported injury collisions, breath tested and breath test results,  
by day and time, 2018-2022 average**

	Time (24 hr clock)	Monday- Thursday (average day)	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Total <sup>1</sup>
<b>(a) Numbers</b>						
Motorists involved	00-03	19	22	40	61	201
	03-06	14	14	19	30	119
	06-09	160	145	52	40	877
	09-12	176	181	165	109	1,157
	12-15	215	320	275	220	1,675
	15-18	338	372	248	197	2,169
	18-21	165	196	166	151	1,173
	21-24	66	85	95	67	512
	<b>Total</b>	<b>1,154</b>	<b>1,333</b>	<b>1,060</b>	<b>876</b>	<b>7,883</b>
Breath test requested	00-03	11	15	23	34	115
	03-06	8	8	12	14	64
	06-09	87	79	30	25	480
	09-12	93	97	94	60	624
	12-15	113	168	144	115	881
	15-18	175	185	133	107	1,126
	18-21	87	107	95	83	632
	21-24	36	50	54	35	283
	<b>Total</b>	<b>609</b>	<b>708</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>4,204</b>
Positive/refused	00-03	2	4	6	9	27
	03-06	1	1	3	4	12
	06-09	1	2	2	2	12
	09-12	1	1	2	2	8
	12-15	1	2	2	4	13
	15-18	3	3	5	4	22
	18-21	3	4	6	5	25
	21-24	2	7	8	5	28
	<b>Total</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>147</b>
<b>(b) Percentages</b>						
Breath test requested as a percentage of motorists involved	00-03	56	66	58	55	57
	03-06	55	56	62	46	54
	06-09	54	55	59	62	55
	09-12	53	54	57	55	54
	12-15	53	52	52	52	53
	15-18	52	50	54	55	52
	18-21	52	55	57	55	54
	21-24	54	59	57	53	55
	<b>Total</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>53</b>
Positive/refused as a percentage of motorists involved	00-03	9	19	15	15	13
	03-06	7	7	14	14	10
	06-09	1	1	4	6	1
	09-12	0	1	1	2	1
	12-15	1	1	1	2	1
	15-18	1	1	2	2	1
	18-21	2	2	3	3	2
	21-24	3	8	8	7	6
	<b>Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>
Positive/refused as a percentage of those where breath test requested	00-03	17	29	26	28	23
	03-06	14	13	22	31	19
	06-09	2	2	7	9	2
	09-12	1	1	2	3	1
	12-15	1	1	1	4	2
	15-18	1	2	4	4	2
	18-21	3	3	6	6	4
	21-24	6	13	15	14	10
	<b>Total</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>4</b>

1. Includes four times the daily average for Monday - Thursday.

Table 21

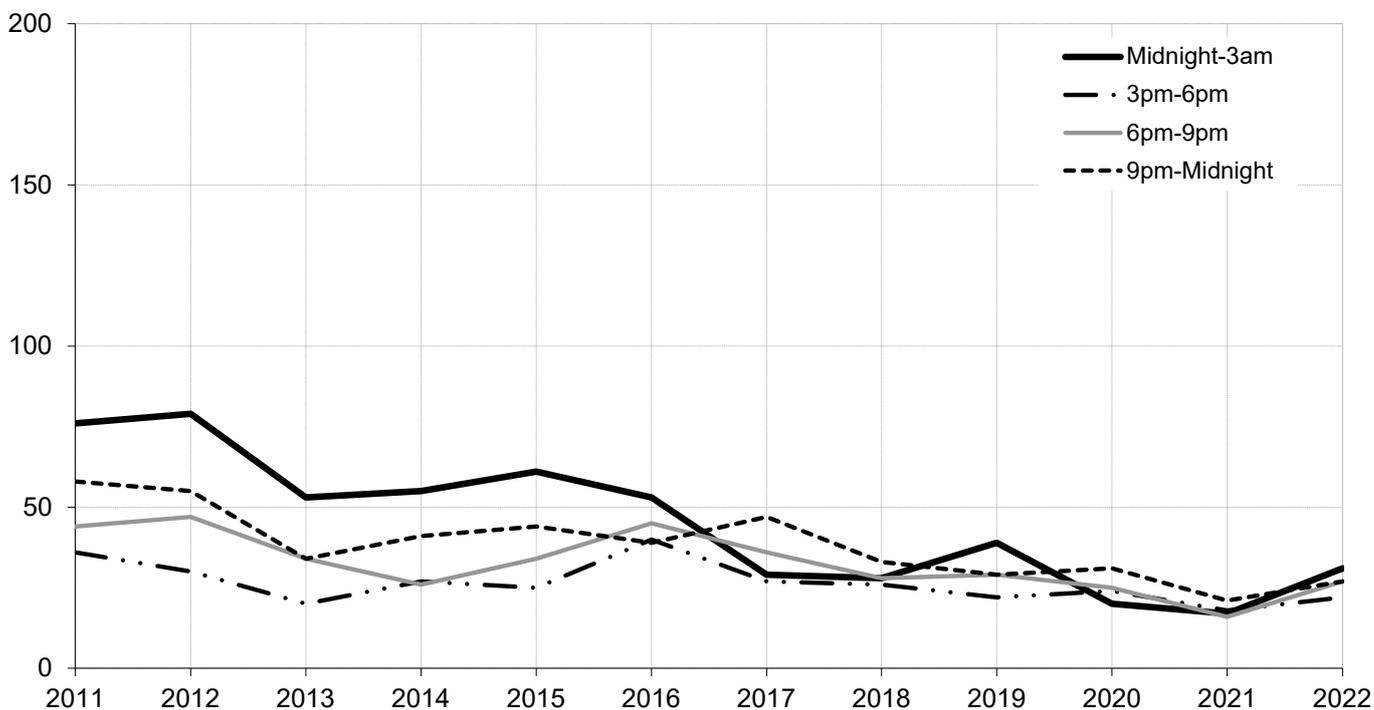
DRINK DRIVE

**Motorists involved in injury road collisions, breath tested and breath test results, by time of day**  
**Years: 2014-18 and 2018-22 averages, 2018 to 2022**

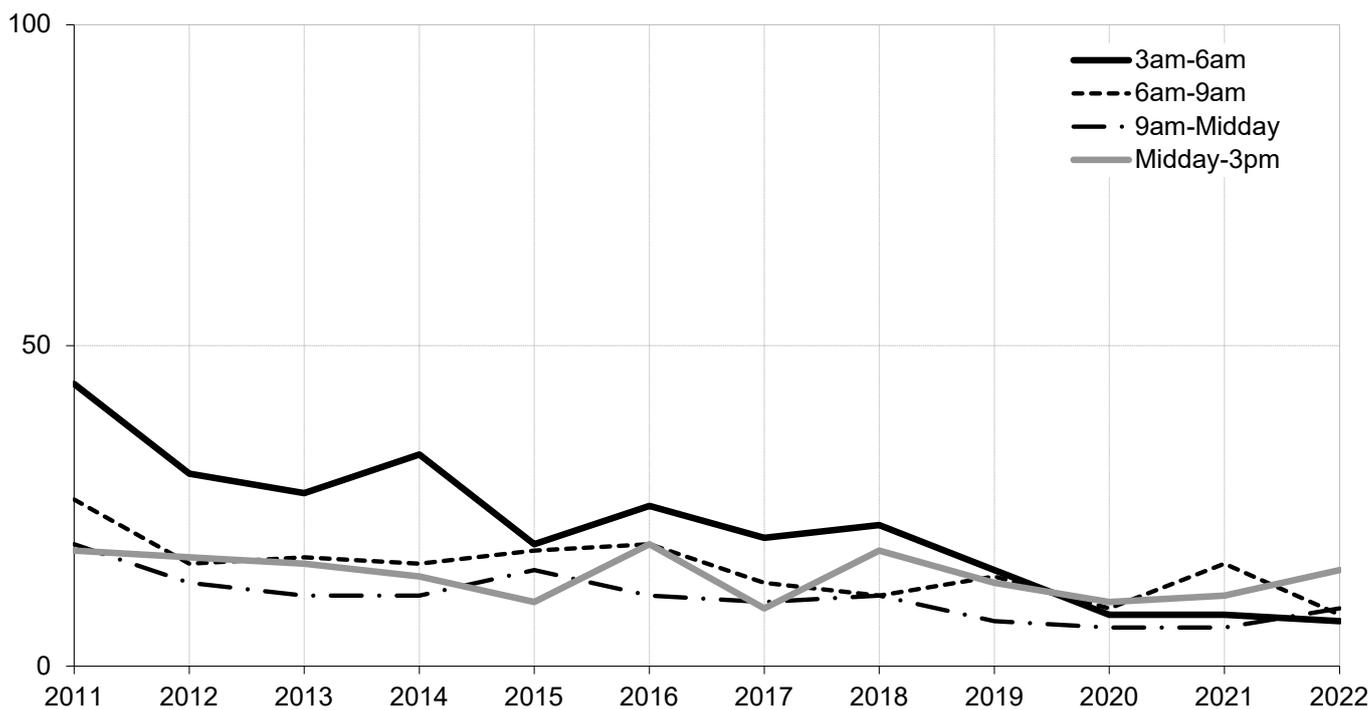
Year	Time of day									Total
	00.00 to 02.59	03.00 to 05.59	06.00 to 08.59	09.00 to 11.59	12.00 to 14.59	15.00 to 17.59	18.00 to 20.59	21.00 to 23.59		
<b>(a) Numbers</b>										
Motorists involved	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>348</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>1,598</b>	<b>1,930</b>	<b>2,616</b>	<b>3,505</b>	<b>1,958</b>	<b>812</b>	<b>12,962</b>
	2018	264	166	1,288	1,566	2,244	2,958	1,605	660	10,751
	2019	274	133	1,157	1,389	2,011	2,618	1,379	620	9,581
	2020	131	118	614	829	1,376	1,631	930	426	6,055
	2021	149	90	598	951	1,364	1,795	960	416	6,323
	2022	189	87	728	1,051	1,380	1,843	992	437	6,707
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>877</b>	<b>1,157</b>	<b>1,675</b>	<b>2,169</b>	<b>1,173</b>	<b>512</b>	<b>7,883</b>
Breath tests requested	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>908</b>	<b>1,088</b>	<b>1,452</b>	<b>1,907</b>	<b>1,122</b>	<b>481</b>	<b>7,286</b>
	2018	155	92	726	867	1,235	1,561	893	402	5,931
	2019	160	77	617	713	1,039	1,341	694	300	4,941
	2020	79	63	320	412	713	816	506	243	3,152
	2021	73	44	316	509	663	889	481	213	3,188
	2022	108	43	421	617	753	1,023	584	257	3,806
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>881</b>	<b>1,126</b>	<b>632</b>	<b>283</b>	<b>4,204</b>
Positive/refused	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>214</b>
	2011	76	44	26	19	18	36	44	58	321
	2012	79	30	16	13	17	30	47	55	287
	2013	53	27	17	11	16	20	34	34	212
	2014	55	33	16	11	14	27	26	41	223
	2015	61	19	18	15	10	25	34	44	226
	2016	53	25	19	11	19	40	45	39	251
	2017	29	20	13	10	9	27	36	47	191
	2018	28	22	11	11	18	26	28	33	177
	2019	39	15	14	7	13	22	29	29	168
	2020	20	8	9	6	10	24	25	31	133
	2021	17	8	16	6	11	18	16	21	113
	2022	31	7	8	9	15	22	27	27	146
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>147</b>
<b>(b) Percentages</b>										
Breath test requested as % involved	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>61.2</b>	<b>58.4</b>	<b>56.8</b>	<b>56.4</b>	<b>55.5</b>	<b>54.4</b>	<b>57.3</b>	<b>59.3</b>	<b>56.2</b>
	2018	58.7	55.4	56.4	55.4	55.0	52.8	55.6	60.9	55.2
	2019	58.4	57.9	53.3	51.3	51.7	51.2	50.3	48.4	51.6
	2020	60.3	53.4	52.1	49.7	51.8	50.0	54.4	57.0	52.1
	2021	49.0	48.9	52.8	53.5	48.6	49.5	50.1	51.2	50.4
	2022	57.1	49.4	57.8	58.7	54.6	55.5	58.9	58.8	56.7
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>57.1</b>	<b>53.7</b>	<b>54.7</b>	<b>53.9</b>	<b>52.6</b>	<b>51.9</b>	<b>53.8</b>	<b>55.3</b>	<b>53.3</b>
Positive/refused as % involved	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>12.1</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>1.6</b>
	2018	10.6	13.3	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.7	5.0	1.6
	2019	14.2	11.3	1.2	0.5	0.6	0.8	2.1	4.7	1.8
	2020	15.3	6.8	1.5	0.7	0.7	1.5	2.7	7.3	2.2
	2021	11.4	8.9	2.7	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.7	5.0	1.8
	2022	16.4	8.0	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.2	2.7	6.2	2.2
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>1.9</b>
Positive/refused as % breath test requested	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>21.2</b>	<b>20.8</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>2.9</b>
	2018	18.1	23.9	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.7	3.1	8.2	3.0
	2019	24.4	19.5	2.3	1.0	1.3	1.6	4.2	9.7	3.4
	2020	25.3	12.7	2.8	1.5	1.4	2.9	4.9	12.8	4.2
	2021	23.3	18.2	5.1	1.2	1.7	2.0	3.3	9.9	3.5
	2022	28.7	16.3	1.9	1.5	2.0	2.2	4.6	10.5	3.8
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>23.5</b>	<b>18.8</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>3.5</b>

**Motorists involved in reported injury road collisions with positive or refused breath test**  
**Years: 2011 to 2022**

**(a) Late afternoon/evening to night time (3pm-3am)**



**(b) Early morning to early afternoon (3am-3pm)**



## Drink-drive collisions and casualties

Table 22 refers

The numbers of drink-drive collisions and casualties both fell by 69% between 2011 and 2021 (the latest year for which estimates are available): from a rounded estimate of 490 to roughly 150 (collisions) and from around 670 to some 210 (casualties). While fluctuating from year to year, the number of people killed as a result of drink-drive collisions is estimated to be the same number in 2021 (10) as it was in 2011. The number of adjusted serious casualties is estimated to have dropped by 61% (from roughly 180 in 2011 to some 70 in 2021).

### Drink-drive estimates: background

The Department for Transport (DfT) annually estimates the number of reported drink drive collisions: i.e. those reported injury road collisions involving drivers with illegal alcohol levels (above the current drink-drive limit of 80 milligrams (mg) of alcohol per 100 millilitres (ml) of blood or 35 micrograms per 100ml of breath in England and Wales or 50 milligrams (mg) of alcohol per 100 millilitres (ml) of blood or 22 micrograms per 100ml of breath in Scotland from the 5<sup>th</sup> December 2014).

DfT published [GB final figures](#) in July 2023. Scotland estimates are presented in Reported Road Casualties GB [Table RAS2013](#) which was updated with 2021 data in July 2023. Because of the uncertainty involved figures are rounded to the nearest ten.

The DfT's publication outlines the estimation methods in detail. It draws on Stats 19 reported road collision data (where motor vehicle drivers or riders failed or refused to provide a sample of breath) and Procurators Fiscal (and Coroners in England and Wales) data on blood alcohol levels of drivers who died within 12 hours of being injured in a road collision. The estimates include allowances for the numbers of cases where drivers or riders are not breath tested due to the collision being a hit and run collision. Drink drive casualties are defined here as any casualties resulting from a drink drive collision.

Estimates for 2022 are not yet available because of the timing of the provision of the data regarding blood alcohol levels of fatalities from Procurators Fiscal (and Coroners in England and Wales) to DfT. At this stage the sample of 2022 data is insufficient to allow a breakdown by country.

There are no estimates for Scotland of the number of alcohol-related injury road collisions which involve legal alcohol levels (i.e. alcohol levels up to and including the current drink-drive limit of 80mg of alcohol per 100ml of blood), nor are there any

estimates for Scotland of the numbers of *non*-injury (damage only) road collisions involving illegal alcohol levels.

The figures here differ from the number of drivers with positive (or refused) breath tests. While the Police aim to breath test all drivers involved in an collision this isn't always possible (e.g. hit and run drivers or due to severity of casualty). Recently, just under two thirds of motorists involved in injury road collisions in Scotland have been breath tested.

Table 22

Collisions which involved motor vehicle drivers or riders with illegal alcohol levels(1), by severity of Collision;  
and casualties in such collisions, by severity

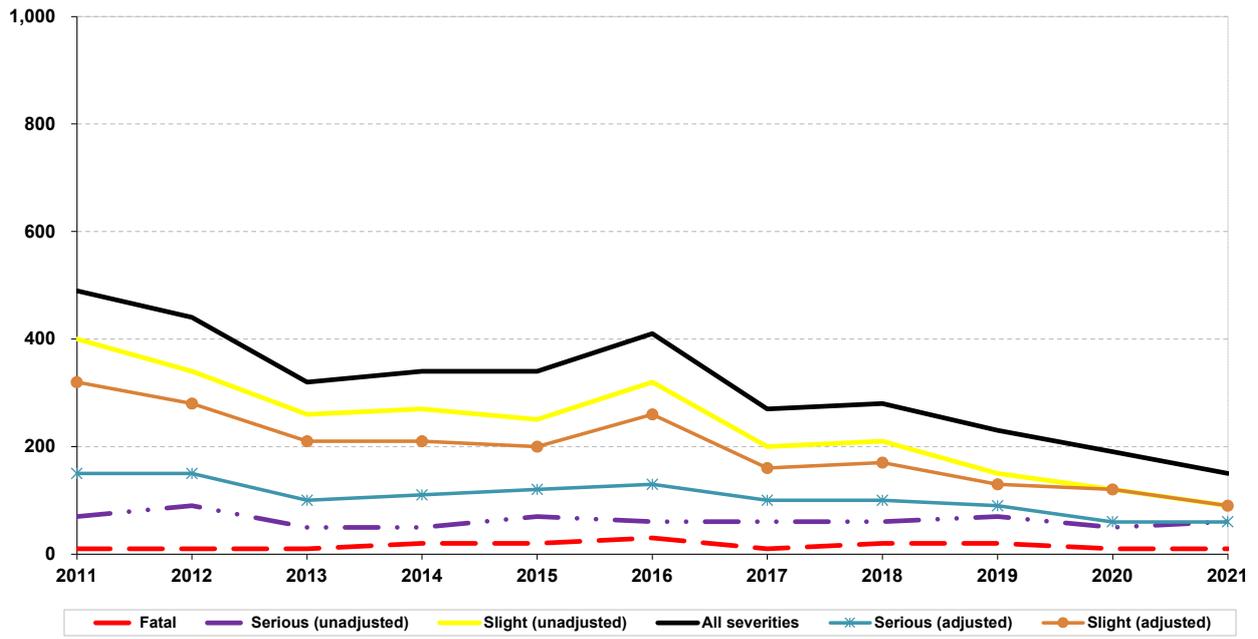
Years: 2002 to 2020

	Number of collisions					Number of casualties						
	Fatal	Serious (unadjusted)	Serious (adjusted)	Slight (unadjusted)	Slight (adjusted)	All severities	Fatal	Serious (unadjusted)	Serious (adjusted)	Slight (unadjusted)	Slight (adjusted)	All severities
2002	40	160	..	620	..	820	50	240	..	970	..	1,270
2003	40	180	..	530	..	750	50	230	..	850	..	1,130
2004	30	140	..	540	..	720	40	180	..	850	..	1,060
2005	30	130	240	500	390	660	30	170	310	780	650	990
2006	30	130	240	550	440	720	30	160	300	780	640	980
2007	20	120	230	530	420	670	30	150	280	760	620	930
2008	30	140	240	490	390	660	30	170	300	750	620	950
2009	20	120	220	520	410	660	20	150	280	730	610	910
2010	10	80	170	440	350	530	10	110	210	610	510	740
2011	10	70	150	400	320	490	10	90	180	570	470	670
2012	10	90	150	340	280	440	10	100	180	470	400	580
2013	10	50	100	260	210	320	20	70	130	360	300	450
2014	20	50	110	270	210	340	20	70	130	380	320	470
2015	20	70	120	250	200	340	20	90	150	370	300	470
2016	30	60	130	320	260	410	30	80	160	460	380	580
2017	10	60	100	200	160	270	10	80	130	320	260	410
2018	20	60	100	210	170	280	20	70	120	310	260	400
2019	20	70	90	150	130	230	20	90	110	240	220	350
2020	10	50	60	120	120	190	20	60	60	180	170	250
2021	10	60	60	90	90	150	10	70	70	130	130	210

Table 22

(a) Estimated number of reported drink drive collisions

Years: 2011 to 2021



(b) Estimated number of reported drink drive casualties

Years: 2011 to 2021

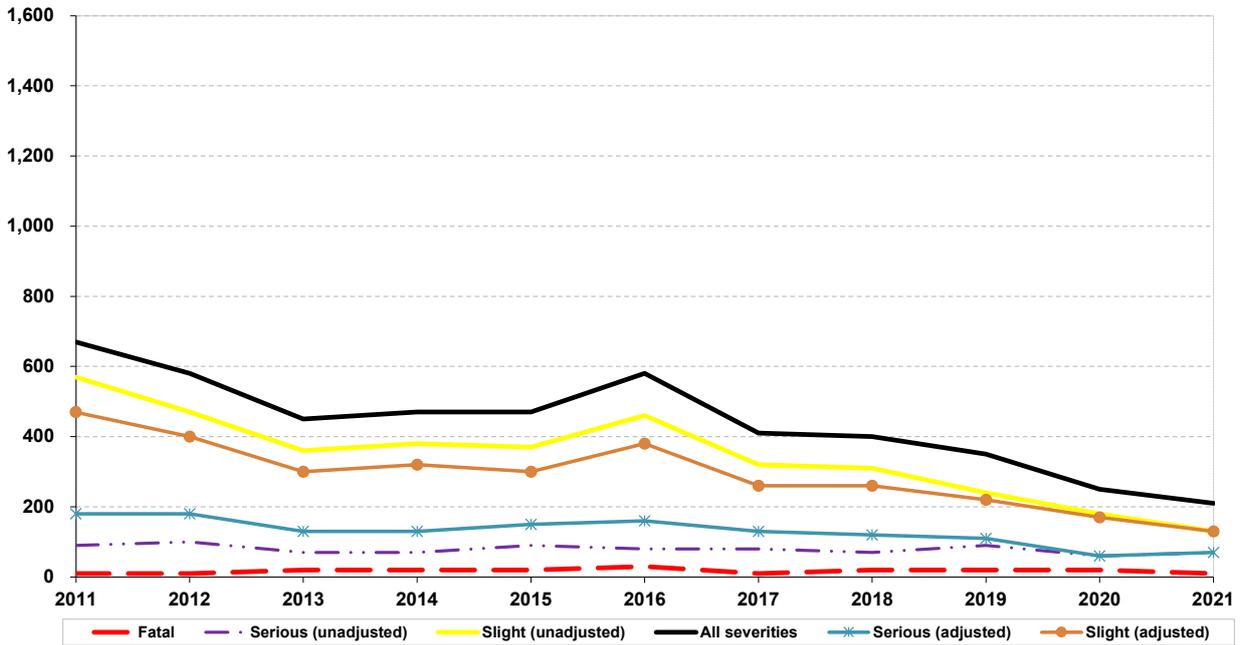


Table 23

## Reported casualties by mode of transport and severity

Separately for built-up and non built-up roads

Years: 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages, 2012 to 2022

Mode of transport	Year	Built-up			Non built-up			Total		
		Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted Serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted Serious	All Severities
<b>(a) Numbers</b>										
Pedestrian	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>613</b>	<b>1,476</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>1,543</b>
	2012	44	731	1,893	15	39	86	59	770	1,979
	2013	24	645	1,653	14	42	81	38	687	1,734
	2014	41	664	1,662	18	35	83	59	699	1,745
	2015	30	665	1,619	14	30	71	44	694	1,690
	2016	23	644	1,600	9	30	63	32	674	1,663
	2017	26	560	1,298	12	32	65	38	592	1,363
	2018	25	531	1,199	9	31	57	34	562	1,256
	2019	33	524	1,189	11	37	64	44	560	1,253
	2020	20	292	740	14	32	73	34	324	813
	2021	24	283	723	14	19	48	38	302	771
	2022	18	340	851	15	27	61	33	367	912
		<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>394</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>423</b>
Pedal cycle	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>670</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>770</b>
	2012	5	248	791	4	52	114	9	300	905
	2013	2	236	783	11	46	103	13	283	886
	2014	3	244	789	5	49	106	8	293	895
	2015	2	233	691	3	54	106	5	287	797
	2016	3	228	682	5	49	108	8	277	790
	2017	3	227	634	2	54	94	5	281	728
	2018	2	208	555	4	51	83	6	259	638
	2019	3	194	520	6	35	71	9	229	591
	2020	5	194	509	6	53	102	11	247	611
	2021	3	157	423	7	39	89	10	196	512
	2022	1	150	420	1	30	60	2	180	480
		<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>485</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>222</b>
Motorcycle <sup>1</sup>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>336</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>706</b>
	2012	3	202	433	18	281	434	21	483	867
	2013	5	192	428	18	216	347	23	408	775
	2014	6	220	463	24	232	363	30	452	826
	2015	3	172	396	24	214	339	27	386	735
	2016	7	168	373	23	218	336	30	386	709
	2017	3	169	316	26	204	304	29	373	620
	2018	5	149	302	28	231	338	33	380	640
	2019	6	127	257	19	186	265	25	313	522
	2020	7	103	207	9	138	212	16	241	419
	2021	5	108	198	25	169	258	30	277	456
	2022	3	114	208	22	166	259	25	280	467
		<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>298</b>
Car	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>396</b>	<b>3,049</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>844</b>	<b>3,148</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>1,240</b>	<b>6,198</b>
	2012	12	497	3,660	61	1,014	4,005	73	1,511	7,665
	2013	14	392	3,368	75	947	3,596	89	1,339	6,964
	2014	18	403	3,343	76	890	3,443	94	1,294	6,786
	2015	9	408	3,325	66	845	3,388	75	1,253	6,713
	2016	8	428	3,332	98	921	3,365	106	1,349	6,697
	2017	7	384	2,835	57	781	2,872	64	1,165	5,707
	2018	9	358	2,412	66	783	2,673	75	1,142	5,085
	2019	6	344	2,117	69	790	2,497	75	1,134	4,614
	2020	20	215	1,357	51	407	1,421	71	622	2,778
	2021	8	260	1,252	47	452	1,661	55	712	2,913
	2022	20	288	1,400	81	529	1,798	101	817	3,198
		<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>1,708</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>592</b>	<b>2,010</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>885</b>

1. Motor cycle includes all two wheeled motor vehicles

Table 23 (continued)

## CASUALTIES

## Reported casualties by mode of transport and severity

## Separately for built-up and non built-up roads

Years: 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages, 2012 to 2022

Mode of transport	Year	Built-up			Non built-up			Total		
		Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities
Taxi	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>145</b>
	2012	-	22	129	-	8	36	-	30	165
	2013	1	19	139	-	3	13	1	22	152
	2014	1	15	142	-	3	22	1	19	164
	2015	1	14	120	-	4	17	1	18	137
	2016	-	16	129	1	7	26	1	23	155
	2017	-	17	133	-	6	31	-	23	164
	2018	-	12	83	1	3	22	1	15	105
	2019	-	19	113	-	4	26	-	23	139
	2020	-	11	54	1	1	13	1	12	67
	2021	1	8	54	-	3	13	1	11	67
	2022	2	9	63	-	3	11	2	12	74
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>90</b>
Minibus	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>31</b>
	2012	-	7	30	-	15	39	-	22	69
	2013	-	4	12	1	16	41	1	20	53
	2014	1	1	11	-	5	25	1	6	36
	2015	-	0	8	-	6	26	-	7	34
	2016	-	2	18	2	5	30	2	7	48
	2017	-	1	9	-	3	8	-	3	17
	2018	-	0	4	2	5	17	2	5	21
	2019	-	1	6	-	7	18	-	9	24
	2020	-	1	7	-	-	6	-	1	13
	2021	-	1	14	1	3	6	1	4	20
	2022	-	-	7	-	6	9	-	6	16
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>19</b>
Bus/coach	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>302</b>
	2012	1	60	335	-	21	106	1	81	441
	2013	1	57	317	1	14	77	2	70	394
	2014	1	46	257	-	8	34	1	53	291
	2015	1	46	259	-	32	73	1	78	332
	2016	-	47	227	3	24	75	3	71	302
	2017	2	45	278	-	15	79	2	61	357
	2018	-	48	208	2	10	22	2	58	230
	2019	3	28	167	-	7	32	3	35	199
	2020	-	15	56	-	5	30	-	20	86
	2021	2	23	74	-	4	6	2	27	80
	2022	-	17	83	-	3	34	-	20	117
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>142</b>
Light goods	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>347</b>
	2012	-	17	141	7	49	211	7	65	352
	2013	-	17	144	4	41	188	4	58	332
	2014	-	15	135	-	50	213	-	65	348
	2015	-	20	136	5	49	218	5	70	354
	2016	-	17	165	5	60	226	5	77	391
	2017	-	16	125	2	51	198	2	67	323
	2018	1	13	109	4	57	211	5	71	320
	2019	-	14	71	4	43	175	4	57	246
	2020	2	6	44	4	30	127	6	36	171
	2021	1	5	47	1	35	121	2	40	168
	2022	1	9	73	1	40	138	2	49	211
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>223</b>

Table 23 (continued)

## CASUALTIES

## Reported casualties by mode of transport and severity

## Separately for built-up and non built-up roads

Years: 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages, 2012 to 2022

Mode of transport	Year	Built-up			Non built-up			Total		
		Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities
Heavy goods	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>91</b>
	2012	1	8	36	5	40	104	6	49	140
	2013	-	5	23	1	30	86	1	35	109
	2014	-	6	28	2	25	78	2	31	106
	2015	1	7	31	7	19	85	8	26	116
	2016	-	3	14	1	23	68	1	26	82
	2017	1	5	24	-	17	55	1	21	79
	2018	-	6	20	-	17	53	-	23	73
	2019	-	8	18	2	15	37	2	23	55
	2020	-	4	14	1	9	28	1	13	42
	2021	-	2	7	1	12	38	1	14	45
	2022	-	3	9	5	3	27	5	6	36
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>50</b>
Other	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>73</b>
	2012	-	11	64	-	27	65	-	38	129
	2013	-	8	37	-	21	56	-	28	93
	2014	2	16	40	5	22	65	7	38	105
	2015	1	8	35	1	13	34	2	21	69
	2016	3	10	32	-	11	29	3	21	61
	2017	2	11	27	2	22	48	4	33	75
	2018	1	13	26	2	11	30	3	24	56
	2019	2	8	29	-	10	34	2	18	63
	2020	-	9	29	1	10	33	1	19	62
	2021	-	18	47	1	17	36	1	35	83
	2022	-	23	52	3	16	58	3	39	110
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>75</b>
Total	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>1,508</b>	<b>6,132</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>1,263</b>	<b>4,075</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>2,771</b>	<b>10,207</b>
	2012	66	1,803	7,512	110	1,546	5,200	176	3,349	12,712
	2013	47	1,574	6,904	125	1,375	4,588	172	2,949	11,492
	2014	73	1,630	6,870	130	1,319	4,432	203	2,949	11,302
	2015	48	1,574	6,620	120	1,266	4,357	168	2,840	10,977
	2016	44	1,563	6,572	147	1,347	4,326	191	2,911	10,898
	2017	44	1,434	5,679	101	1,183	3,754	145	2,617	9,433
	2018	43	1,338	4,918	118	1,200	3,506	161	2,538	8,424
	2019	53	1,267	4,487	111	1,134	3,219	164	2,401	7,706
	2020	54	850	3,017	87	685	2,045	141	1,535	5,062
	2021	44	865	2,839	97	753	2,276	141	1,618	5,115
	2022	45	953	3,166	128	823	2,455	173	1,776	5,621
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>1,055</b>	<b>3,685</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>2,700</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>1,974</b>	<b>6,386</b>

2. Due to changes in the the way casualty severities are recorded, figures for serious casualties in 2019 and 2020 are not comparable with previous years.

Table 23 (continued)

## CASUALTIES

**Reported casualties by mode of transport and severity**  
**Separately for built-up and non built-up roads**  
**Years: 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages, 2012 to 2022**

Mode of Transport	Built-up			Non built-up			Total		
	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities
<b>(b) Change in numbers: 2022 on 2021</b>									
Pedestrian	-6	57	128	1	8	13	-5	65	141
Pedal cycle	-2	-7	-3	-6	-9	-29	-8	-16	-32
Motorcycle <sup>1</sup>	-2	6	10	-3	-3	1	-5	3	11
Car	12	28	148	34	77	137	46	105	285
Taxi	1	1	9	-	-	-2	1	1	7
Minibus	-	-1	-7	-1	3	3	-1	2	-4
Bus/coach	-2	-6	9	-	-1	28	-2	-7	37
Light goods	-	4	26	-	5	17	-	9	43
Heavy goods	-	1	2	4	-9	-11	4	-8	-9
Other	-	5	5	2	-1	22	2	4	27
<b>Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>506</b>

**(c) Per cent changes: <sup>2</sup>****2022 on 2021**

Pedestrian	-25	20	18	7	42	27	-13	22	18
Pedal cycle	*	-4	-1	*	-23	-33	-80	-8	-6
Motorcycle <sup>(1)</sup>	*	6	5	-12	-2	0	-17	1	2
Car	*	11	12	72	17	8	84	15	10
Taxi	*	*	17	n/a	*	-15	*	9	10
Minibus	n/a	*	-50	*	*	*	*	*	-20
Bus/coach	*	-26	12	n/a	*	*	*	-26	46
Light goods	*	*	55	*	14	14	*	23	26
Heavy goods	n/a	*	*	*	-75	-29	*	-57	-20
Other	n/a	28	11	*	-6	61	*	11	33
<b>Total</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>

**2022 on 2014-18 average**

Pedestrian	-38	-45	-42	21	-14	-10	-20	-43	-41
Pedal cycle	*	-34	-37	*	-41	-40	*	-35	-38
Motorcycle <sup>1</sup>	*	-35	-44	-12	-24	-23	-16	-29	-34
Car	96	-27	-54	12	-37	-43	22	-34	-48
Taxi	*	-39	-48	*	*	-53	*	-38	-49
Minibus	*	*	-30	*	*	-58	*	*	-49
Bus/coach	*	-64	-66	*	-83	-40	*	-69	-61
Light goods	*	-45	-46	*	-25	-35	*	-30	-39
Heavy goods	*	*	-62	*	-85	-60	*	-76	-61
Other	*	100	63	*	1	41	*	42	50
<b>Total</b>	<b>-11</b>	<b>-37</b>	<b>-48</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>-35</b>	<b>-40</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-36</b>	<b>-45</b>

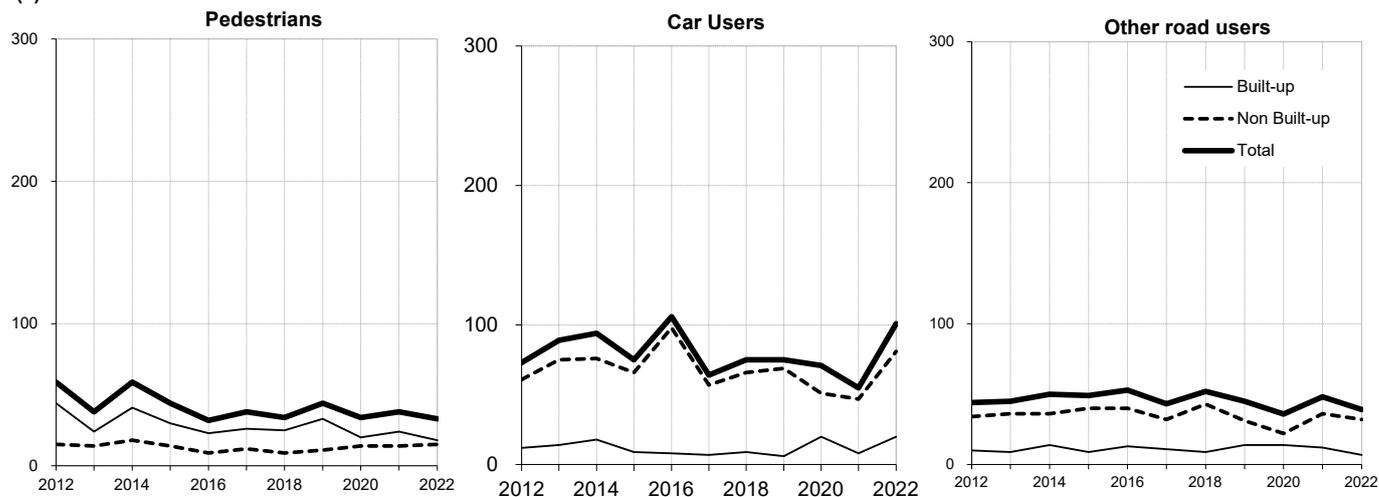
\* A percentage changes is not shown if the denominator is 10 or fewer.

1. Motorcycle includes all two wheeled motor vehicles

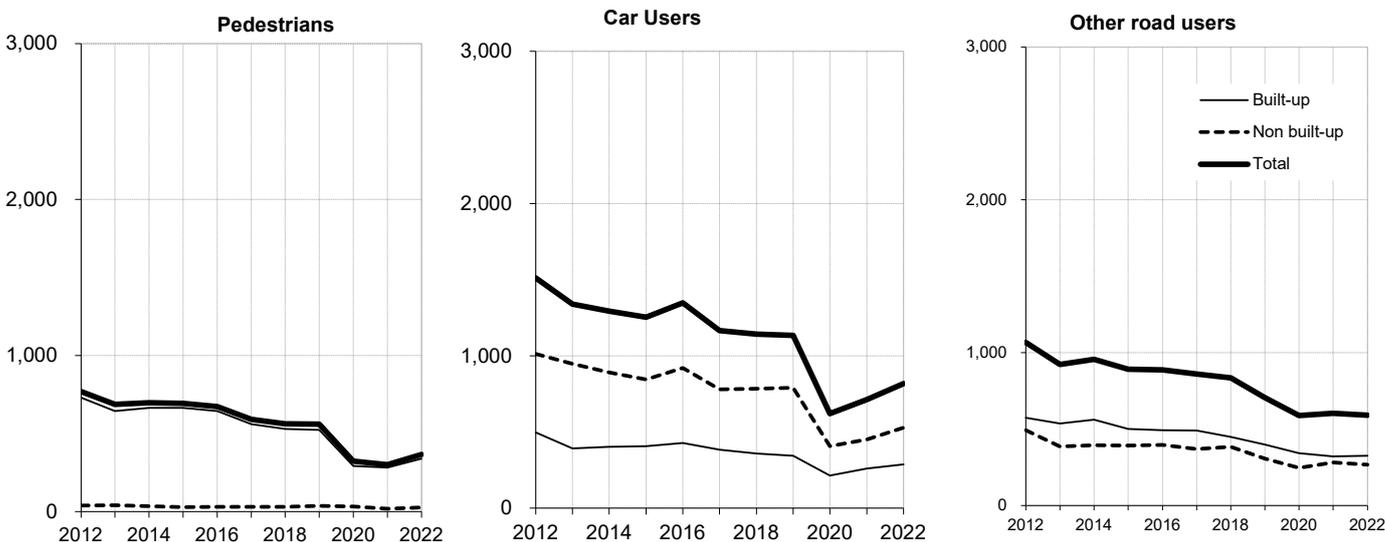
2. Care should be taken when using per cent changes due to the small numbers involved.

**Reported casualties: Pedestrians, car users and other road users, on built-up/non built-up roads by severity**  
**Years: 2012 to 2022**

**(a) Killed**



**(b) Adjusted serious**



**(c) All Severities**

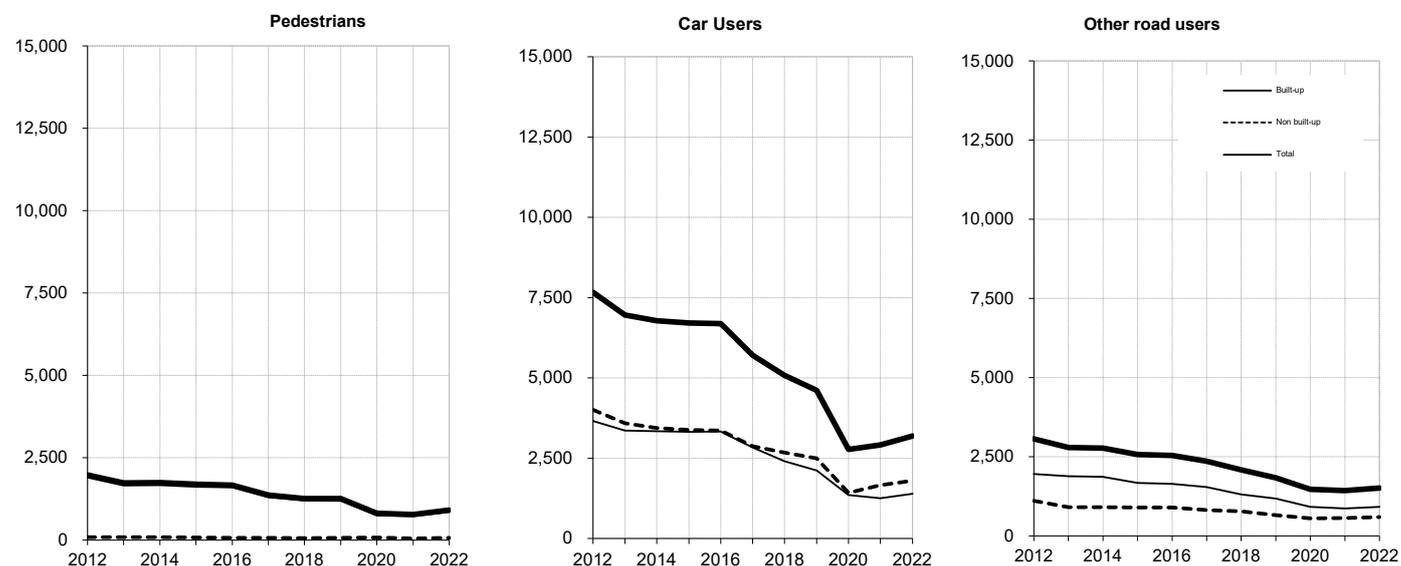


Table 23a

CASUALTIES

## Reported casualties by mode of transport and severity

For rural roads

Years: 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages, 2012 to 2022

Mode of transport	Year	Rural no dual ge 41mph			All rural			All roads		
		Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities
<b>(a) Numbers</b>										
Pedestrian	<b>2014-18 average</b>	7	21	43	17	104	259	41	644	1,543
	2012	12	23	56	18	64	175	59	770	1,979
	2013	9	30	58	17	82	191	38	687	1,734
	2014	7	26	54	25	110	281	59	699	1,745
	2015	8	21	46	22	257	644	44	694	1,690
	2016	7	18	39	12	54	146	32	674	1,663
	2017	8	20	40	15	49	121	38	592	1,363
	2018	7	20	35	9	49	102	34	562	1,256
	2019	6	28	46	12	51	114	44	560	1,253
	2020	8	22	49	13	41	101	34	324	813
	2021	7	11	31	14	37	91	38	302	771
	2022	7	12	28	11	43	99	33	367	911
		<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	7	19	38	12	44	101	37	423
Pedal cycle	<b>2014-18 average</b>	3	38	71	4	81	188	6	279	770
	2012	3	36	78	3	66	152	9	300	905
	2013	9	34	75	11	60	146	13	283	886
	2014	5	33	68	5	75	195	8	293	895
	2015	2	40	78	4	149	395	5	287	797
	2016	3	36	74	4	55	125	8	277	790
	2017	1	42	70	3	64	117	5	281	728
	2018	3	39	63	3	60	110	6	259	638
	2019	6	29	52	6	47	92	9	229	591
	2020	6	39	71	6	61	127	11	247	611
	2021	7	33	70	7	58	120	10	196	512
	2022	1	26	47	1	44	86	2	180	480
		<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	5	33	61	5	54	107	8	222
Motorcycle <sup>1</sup>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	23	181	273	24	248	395	30	395	706
	2012	17	228	341	19	281	441	21	483	867
	2013	15	177	271	17	219	359	23	408	775
	2014	21	188	287	22	263	425	30	452	826
	2015	23	181	281	24	288	506	27	386	735
	2016	21	186	285	23	231	358	30	386	709
	2017	25	170	254	27	220	333	29	373	620
	2018	24	179	260	25	238	352	33	380	640
	2019	17	152	216	18	191	279	25	313	522
	2020	8	110	166	11	146	228	16	241	419
	2021	23	145	211	25	176	268	30	277	456
	2022	20	137	202	23	186	288	25	280	467
		<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	18	145	211	20	188	283	26	298
Car	<b>2014-18 average</b>	59	643	2,081	75	885	3,429	83	1,240	6,198
	2012	49	778	2,694	57	1,032	3,957	73	1,511	7,665
	2013	59	737	2,473	79	959	3,653	89	1,339	6,964
	2014	66	680	2,254	79	876	3,525	94	1,294	6,786
	2015	52	624	2,197	70	1,010	4,612	75	1,253	6,713
	2016	77	717	2,240	97	944	3,395	106	1,349	6,697
	2017	47	593	1,892	59	794	2,922	64	1,165	5,707
	2018	53	603	1,821	70	799	2,689	75	1,142	5,085
	2019	56	595	1,664	67	802	2,467	75	1,134	4,614
	2020	39	320	1,003	53	427	1,459	71	622	2,778
	2021	35	322	1,039	47	466	1,636	55	712	2,913
	2022	68	395	1,207	83	577	1,868	101	815	3,196
		<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	50	447	1,347	64	614	2,024	75	885

1. Motor cycle includes all two wheeled motor vehicles

## Reported casualties by mode of transport and severity

## For rural roads

Years: 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages, 2012 to 2022

Mode of transport	Year	Rural no dual ge 41mph			All rural			All roads		
		Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities
Taxi	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>145</b>
	2012	-	5	23	-	7	34	-	30	165
	2013	-	1	5	-	3	21	1	22	152
	2014	-	3	16	-	3	23	1	19	164
	2015	-	3	8	-	11	72	1	18	137
	2016	-	3	14	1	5	24	1	23	155
	2017	-	4	23	-	4	28	-	23	164
	2018	1	3	15	1	4	21	1	15	105
	2019	-	4	12	-	6	20	-	23	139
	2020	1	1	7	1	2	8	1	12	67
	2021	-	2	7	1	2	10	1	11	67
	2022	-	3	7	-	4	13	2	12	74
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>90</b>
Minibus	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>31</b>
	2012	-	12	27	-	17	45	-	22	69
	2013	1	12	34	1	16	42	1	20	53
	2014	-	5	20	-	5	25	1	6	36
	2015	-	3	8	-	6	30	-	7	34
	2016	2	4	21	2	4	24	2	7	48
	2017	-	3	8	-	3	8	-	3	17
	2018	2	5	17	2	5	18	2	5	21
	2019	-	6	9	-	7	18	-	9	24
	2020	-	-	6	-	1	7	-	1	13
	2021	-	-	-	1	3	5	1	4	20
	2022	-	4	7	-	6	10	-	6	16
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>19</b>
Bus/coach	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>302</b>
	2012	-	20	89	-	25	121	1	81	441
	2013	1	11	56	1	16	83	2	70	394
	2014	-	4	21	-	13	72	1	53	291
	2015	-	32	69	1	47	183	1	78	332
	2016	1	15	46	3	25	73	3	71	302
	2017	-	13	69	1	18	94	2	61	357
	2018	1	8	14	2	10	21	2	58	230
	2019	-	6	26	2	13	47	3	35	199
	2020	-	-	10	-	6	33	-	20	86
	2021	-	4	5	-	5	8	2	27	80
	2022	-	3	30	-	3	40	-	20	117
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>142</b>
Light goods	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>347</b>
	2012	7	35	135	7	51	213	7	65	352
	2013	3	30	119	4	39	187	4	58	332
	2014	-	38	126	-	50	210	-	65	348
	2015	4	37	138	5	60	268	5	70	354
	2016	3	46	149	5	58	222	5	77	391
	2017	2	43	135	2	52	202	2	67	323
	2018	2	46	137	5	58	212	5	71	320
	2019	1	33	115	4	42	174	4	57	246
	2020	3	22	80	5	29	124	6	36	171
	2021	1	24	65	2	35	117	2	40	168
	2022	1	24	79	2	42	146	2	49	211
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>223</b>

Table 23a (continued)

## CASUALTIES

## Reported casualties by mode of transport and severity

## For rural roads

Years: 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages, 2012 to 2022

Mode of transport	Year	Rural no dual ge 41mph			All rural			All roads		
		Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities
Heavy goods	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>91</b>
	2012	3	26	59	6	41	109	6	49	140
	2013	1	18	50	1	32	94	1	35	109
	2014	2	16	50	2	26	89	2	31	106
	2015	4	12	55	8	25	100	8	26	116
	2016	1	16	46	1	24	75	1	26	82
	2017	-	11	34	1	17	59	1	21	79
	2018	-	11	32	-	19	53	-	23	73
	2019	1	8	20	2	20	47	2	23	55
	2020	1	5	19	1	7	29	1	13	42
	2021	-	9	25	1	12	39	1	14	45
	2022	3	2	20	5	5	29	5	6	36
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>50</b>
	Other	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>27</b>
2012		-	22	50	-	27	70	-	38	129
2013		-	15	38	-	22	60	-	28	93
2014		4	19	51	5	26	71	7	38	105
2015		1	12	28	1	17	50	2	21	69
2016		-	10	24	-	14	34	3	21	61
2017		1	18	40	2	23	52	4	33	75
2018		2	10	26	3	18	43	3	24	56
2019		-	7	21	1	13	37	2	18	63
2020		1	8	28	1	12	36	1	19	62
2021		1	11	25	1	19	40	1	35	83
2022		2	14	41	3	19	59	3	39	110
<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>		<b>1</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>75</b>
Total		<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>2,756</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>1,447</b>	<b>4,762</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>2,771</b>
	2012	91	1,184	3,552	110	1,609	5,317	176	3,349	12,712
	2013	98	1,067	3,179	131	1,446	4,836	172	2,949	11,492
	2014	105	1,010	2,947	138	1,447	4,916	203	2,949	11,302
	2015	94	963	2,908	135	1,870	6,860	168	2,840	10,977
	2016	115	1,049	2,938	148	1,415	4,476	191	2,911	10,898
	2017	84	917	2,565	110	1,242	3,936	145	2,617	9,433
	2018	95	924	2,420	120	1,260	3,621	161	2,538	8,424
	2019	87	868	2,181	112	1,191	3,295	164	2,401	7,706
	2020	67	527	1,439	91	732	2,152	141	1,535	5,062
	2021	74	561	1,478	99	813	2,334	141	1,618	5,115
	2022	102	620	1,668	128	929	2,638	173	1,774	5,618
	<b>2018 to 2022 average</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>1,837</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>985</b>	<b>2,808</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>1,973</b>	<b>6,385</b>

Table 24

Reported casualties by mode of transport, age-group, severity and sex  
Years:2014-18 average, 2022

Mode of Transport	Age	2014-18 average					2022				
		All severities			All severities		All severities			All severities	
		Killed	Adjusted Serious	Male	Female	All <sup>1</sup>	Killed	Serious	Male	Female	All <sup>1</sup>
Pedestrian	0-4	-	17	27	13	41	-	8	15	4	19
	5-7	1	29	46	27	73	-	13	30	12	42
	8-11	1	53	79	56	135	-	28	45	42	87
	12-15	1	72	106	79	185	1	66	84	63	147
	16-19	-	41	59	47	106	-	17	35	24	59
	20-24	1	43	63	51	114	1	17	26	19	45
	25-29	1	44	61	45	106	3	14	22	19	41
	30-39	5	61	103	61	164	6	25	59	26	85
	40-49	5	61	95	58	152	4	30	50	25	75
	50-59	6	66	86	72	158	4	44	52	44	96
	60-69	7	58	64	55	119	6	51	57	39	96
	70-79	5	56	56	49	105	3	28	35	34	69
	80+	8	43	37	44	81	5	26	18	32	50
	<b>All ages<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>41</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>658</b>	<b>1,543</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>528</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>912</b>
	Child 0-15	3	171	258	176	434	1	115	174	121	295
	Adult 16+	39	473	624	481	1,106	32	252	354	262	616
Pedal cycle	0-4	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	1
	5-7	-	3	6	3	9	-	3	6	2	8
	8-11	-	9	22	6	28	-	2	13	-	13
	12-15	-	10	28	2	30	-	7	22	-	22
	16-19	-	11	30	6	36	-	4	12	2	14
	20-24	-	17	42	18	60	-	15	43	7	50
	25-29	-	22	57	23	80	-	21	30	18	48
	30-39	1	55	133	33	166	1	42	72	30	102
	40-49	1	70	145	29	174	-	26	60	13	73
	50-59	1	57	110	21	132	-	35	75	14	89
	60-69	1	18	34	4	38	1	17	37	6	43
	70-79	1	5	9	2	11	-	6	11	2	13
	80+	-	1	2	1	3	-	2	4	-	4
	<b>All ages<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>6</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>621</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>770</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>386</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>480</b>
	Child 0-15	-	23	56	11	68	-	12	42	2	44
	Adult 16+	6	256	563	136	700	2	168	344	92	436
Motorcycle <sup>3</sup>	0-4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5-7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	8-11	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1
	12-15	-	4	5	1	5	-	4	4	1	5
	16-19	-	30	54	7	61	-	22	37	3	40
	20-24	3	45	80	9	89	1	30	45	4	49
	25-29	3	43	75	6	81	4	20	45	4	49
	30-39	6	61	100	11	111	3	46	72	7	79
	40-49	6	86	136	17	152	7	38	67	6	73
	50-59	8	88	129	16	145	7	76	88	14	102
	60-69	3	31	42	5	47	2	38	52	8	60
	70-79	1	6	9	1	10	1	5	8	-	8
	80+	-	1	1	1	2	-	-	1	-	1
	<b>All ages<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>30</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>633</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>706</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>467</b>
	Child 0-15	-	4	5	1	6	-	5	4	2	6
	Adult 16+	30	391	627	71	699	25	275	415	46	461
Car/taxi driver	0-4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5-7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	8-11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	12-15	-	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
	16-19	4	66	172	134	307	1	36	79	56	135
	20-24	8	100	297	270	567	5	60	154	107	262
	25-29	7	85	262	245	507	7	50	145	82	227
	30-39	9	132	408	391	799	13	85	220	190	410
	40-49	8	125	381	379	760	6	66	170	168	338
	50-59	6	124	332	322	654	7	89	183	167	350
	60-69	6	92	199	164	362	9	59	134	98	232
	70-79	7	65	129	88	217	13	63	103	66	170
	80+	5	44	78	46	124	11	32	62	24	86
	<b>All ages<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>59</b>	<b>835</b>	<b>2,261</b>	<b>2,041</b>	<b>4,304</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>1,250</b>	<b>958</b>	<b>2,210</b>
	Child 0-15	-	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
	Adult 16+	59	833	2,258	2,039	4,298	72	540	1,250	958	2,210

1. Includes those whose sex was 'not known'.

2. Includes those whose age was 'not known'.

3. Motorcycles includes all two wheeled motor vehicles.

Table 24 (continued)

## CASUALTIES

Reported casualties by mode of transport, age-group, severity and sex  
Years:2014-18 average, 2022

Mode of Transport	Age	2014-18 average					2022				
		All severities					All severities				
		Killed	Adjusted serious	Male	Female	All <sup>1</sup>	Killed	Adjusted serious	Male	Female	All <sup>1</sup>
Car/taxi passenger	0-4	1	13	46	37	83	1	4	19	14	33
	5-7	-	11	33	42	76	-	4	23	29	52
	8-11	1	15	54	52	107	-	12	34	33	67
	12-15	1	19	43	61	105	-	8	16	28	44
	16-19	4	71	135	153	289	4	48	85	67	152
	20-24	4	54	120	140	259	4	37	65	66	131
	25-29	2	35	74	104	178	-	17	37	48	85
	30-39	1	46	102	143	246	2	21	53	68	121
	40-49	1	35	64	134	198	2	12	29	42	71
	50-59	2	36	48	139	187	2	34	29	71	100
	60-69	2	35	32	107	139	4	37	25	67	92
	70-79	3	34	24	90	114	7	34	16	59	75
80+	4	21	13	41	53	5	21	7	32	39	
<b>All ages <sup>2</sup></b>	<b>25</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>792</b>	<b>1,245</b>	<b>2,039</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>289</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>1,062</b>	
Child 0-15	2	59	177	193	370	1	28	92	104	196	
Adult 16+	23	365	613	1,050	1,663	30	261	346	520	866	
Bus/coach/minibus	0-4	-	1	6	5	12	-	-	1	1	2
	5-7	-	-	1	2	3	-	-	-	2	2
	8-11	-	-	2	3	5	-	1	2	5	7
	12-15	-	2	8	12	20	-	5	6	10	16
	16-19	-	2	6	10	16	-	-	2	5	7
	20-24	-	2	4	7	11	-	-	1	1	2
	25-29	-	3	8	8	16	-	-	-	1	1
	30-39	-	5	15	15	31	-	2	5	4	9
	40-49	-	5	20	17	36	-	3	6	3	9
	50-59	-	9	22	23	46	-	4	7	7	14
	60-69	-	15	22	34	56	-	1	8	9	17
	70-79	-	11	12	28	39	-	3	8	15	23
80+	1	13	11	31	42	-	7	5	19	24	
<b>All ages <sup>2</sup></b>	<b>3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>133</b>	
Child 0-15	-	4	18	22	40	-	6	9	18	27	
Adult 16+	3	66	120	172	293	-	20	42	64	106	
Goods vehicles	0-4	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	-
	5-7	-	1	1	1	3	-	-	1	1	2
	8-11	-	1	1	1	2	-	1	1	2	3
	12-15	-	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	1	1
	16-19	-	2	12	1	13	-	1	6	-	6
	20-24	-	7	32	5	37	-	5	21	4	25
	25-29	-	13	54	7	60	-	6	27	1	28
	30-39	1	17	88	7	95	1	9	50	7	57
	40-49	3	24	93	11	104	-	11	43	4	47
	50-59	1	19	73	7	80	3	10	42	5	47
	60-69	1	10	28	4	32	2	11	23	3	26
	70-79	-	2	5	1	6	1	1	4	1	5
80+	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	
<b>All ages <sup>2</sup></b>	<b>6</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>247</b>	
Child 0-15	-	2	5	3	9	-	1	2	4	6	
Adult 16+	6	93	385	44	429	7	54	216	25	241	
All users <sup>4</sup>	0-4	1	32	81	57	140	1	12	37	19	56
	5-7	1	45	89	75	164	-	20	60	46	106
	8-11	2	78	159	118	277	1	48	100	83	183
	12-15	2	109	194	156	350	1	96	139	103	242
	16-19	9	224	472	361	833	5	132	260	157	417
	20-24	17	268	643	500	1,143	11	165	365	209	575
	25-29	13	246	594	440	1,034	14	132	317	174	491
	30-39	22	381	962	664	1,627	27	242	553	337	890
	40-49	25	410	944	645	1,589	19	187	434	263	697
	50-59	25	405	811	604	1,415	23	294	490	322	812
	60-69	20	261	426	375	800	24	215	343	231	574
	70-79	17	182	249	259	508	26	145	189	183	373
80+	18	125	145	164	309	21	88	97	107	204	
<b>All ages <sup>2</sup></b>	<b>174</b>	<b>2,771</b>	<b>5,776</b>	<b>4,424</b>	<b>10,207</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>1,776</b>	<b>3,384</b>	<b>2,235</b>	<b>5,621</b>	
Child 0-15	6	264	522	406	931	3	176	336	251	587	
Adult 16+	168	2,503	5,245	4,011	9,258	170	1,600	3,048	1,983	5,033	

1. Includes those whose sex was 'not known'.

2. Includes those whose age was 'not known'.

3. Motorcycles includes all two wheeled motor vehicles.

4. Includes other types of road user not shown separately

Table 25

Child and adult pedestrian, pedal cycle, car and other casualties by severity  
 Years: 2014-18, 2018-2022 averages, 2018-2022

		Child (0-15)			Adult		
		Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities
Pedestrian	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>434.4</b>	<b>38.8</b>	<b>472.5</b>	<b>1,106</b>
	2018	2	145.7	334	32	415.8	918
	2019	2	146.2	332	42	412.8	917
	2020	3	80	226	31	244	587
	2021	1	94	243	37	208	528
	2022	1	115	295	32	252	616
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>116.2</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>34.8</b>	<b>306.5</b>	<b>713</b>
	% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-62	-33	-32	-18	-47	-44
% ch on 14-18 av: 1822	-31	-32	-34	-10	-35	-36	
Pedal cycle	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>22.7</b>	<b>67.6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>255.7</b>	<b>699.6</b>
	2018	0	25	64	6	232.8	571
	2019	0	30.2	74	9	198.4	515
	2020	1	24	60	10	223	551
	2021	1	17	59	9	179	453
	2022	0	12	44	2	168	436
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>21.6</b>	<b>60.2</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>200.2</b>	<b>505</b>
	% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-100	-47	-35	-67	-34	-38
% ch on 14-18 av: 1822	0	-5	-11	20	-22	-28	
Car	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>58.5</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>80.6</b>	<b>1,180</b>	<b>5,823</b>
	2018	0	54.2	316	75	1,085	4,754
	2019	0	55.2	306	75	1077.9	4,302
	2020	2	30	181	69	592	2,597
	2021	2	24	172	53	688	2,740
	2022	1	27	194	100	790	3,004
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>38.1</b>	<b>233.8</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>846.6</b>	<b>3,479</b>
	% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-55	-54	-47	24	-33	-48
% ch on 14-18 av: 1822	-55	-35	-36	-8	-28	-40	
Other	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>63.6</b>	<b>42.6</b>	<b>595.1</b>	<b>1,629</b>
	2018	1	5.2	40	45	570	1,400
	2019	0	6.2	57	36	470.9	1,189
	2020	0	10	26	25	332	834
	2021	1	5	21	37	403	898
	2022	1	22	54	36	390	977
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>39.6</b>	<b>35.8</b>	<b>433.2</b>	<b>1,060</b>
	% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	150	90	-15	-15	-34	-40
% ch on 14-18 av: 1822	50	-16	-38	-16	-27	-35	
All road users	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>263.8</b>	<b>931</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>2,503</b>	<b>9,258</b>
	2018	3	230.2	754	158	2,304	7,643
	2019	2	237.7	769	162	2,160	6,923
	2020	6	144	493	135	1391	4,569
	2021	5	140	495	136	1,478	4,619
	2022	3	176	587	170	1,600	5,033
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>185.6</b>	<b>619.6</b>	<b>152.2</b>	<b>1786.5</b>	<b>5,757</b>
	% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-46	-33	-37	1	-36	-46
% ch on 14-18 av: 1822	-32	-30	-33	-9	-29	-38	

This table does not include any casualties whose ages were unknown.

The 'other' category includes all road users excluding pedestrians, pedal cyclists and car users.

Table 26

Reported casualties by mode of motor transport, casualty class and severity  
Years: 2014-18, 2018-2022 averages, 2018-2022

		Driver or rider			Passenger - vehicle/pillion		
		Killed	Adjusted	All	Killed	Adjusted	All
			serious	Severities		serious	Severities
<b>Motorcycle</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>27.6</b>	<b>373</b>	<b>665.8</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>22.3</b>	<b>40.2</b>
	2018	30	365	612	3	14.6	28
	2019	25	303.6	503	0	9.2	19
	2020	15	229	395	1	12	24
	2021	29	267	440	1	10	16
	2022	25	268	447	0	12	20
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>24.8</b>	<b>286.5</b>	<b>479.4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>21.4</b>
<b>Car</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>58.2</b>	<b>825.9</b>	<b>4,239</b>	<b>24.6</b>	<b>414.5</b>	<b>1,959</b>
	2018	52	750.5	3,468	23	391.3	1,617
	2019	56	730	3069	19	404.1	1,545
	2020	50	421	1,850	21	201	928
	2021	38	458	1,936	17	254	977
	2022	71	533	2,168	30	284	1,030
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>53.4</b>	<b>578.5</b>	<b>2,498</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>306.9</b>	<b>1,219</b>
<b>Taxi</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>65.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>79.8</b>
	2018	1	7.5	46	0	7.7	59
	2019	0	14.9	65	0	7.8	74
	2020	0	6	33	1	6	34
	2021	1	6	28	0	5	39
	2022	1	7	42	1	5	32
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>42.8</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>47.6</b>
<b>Minibus</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>20.8</b>
	2018	0	1.8	8	2	3.7	13
	2019	0	4.2	9	0	4.4	15
	2020	0	0	5	0	1	8
	2021	0	0	4	1	4	16
	2022	0	3	7	0	3	9
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>12.2</b>
<b>Bus/coach</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>27.2</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>58.7</b>	<b>275.2</b>
	2018	0	6.6	18	2	51.9	212
	2019	1	3.8	27	2	30.9	172
	2020	0	2	12	0	18	74
	2021	0	1	6	2	26	74
	2022	0	0	7	0	20	110
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>29.4</b>	<b>128.4</b>
<b>Light goods</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>262.4</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>16.8</b>	<b>84.8</b>
	2018	3	55.8	248	2	14.8	72
	2019	2	38.1	176	2	18.8	70
	2020	5	26	124	1	10	47
	2021	2	27	127	0	13	41
	2022	2	35	152	0	14	59
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>36.4</b>	<b>165.4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>57.8</b>
<b>Heavy goods</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>20.9</b>	<b>73.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>18</b>
	2018	0	19.8	58	0	3.2	15
	2019	2	21.8	50	0	1.3	5
	2020	1	13	36	0	0	6
	2021	1	13	41	0	1	4
	2022	5	5	32	0	1	4
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>43.4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>6.8</b>
<b>Other</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>20.5</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>18.2</b>
	2018	2	16.8	39	1	6.9	17
	2019	2	15.4	51	0	3	12
	2020	1	14	49	0	5	13
	2021	1	31	73	0	4	10
	2022	2	30	82	1	9	28
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>58.8</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>All modes of transport</b>	<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>95.6</b>	<b>1309.3</b>	<b>5,398</b>	<b>30.2</b>	<b>538.4</b>	<b>2,496</b>
	2018	88	1223.7	4,497	33	494	2,033
	2019	88	1131.9	3,950	23	479.7	1,912
	2020	72	711	2,504	24	253	1,134
	2021	72	803	2,655	21	317	1,177
	2022	106	881	2,937	32	348	1,292
	<b>2018-22 average</b>	<b>85.2</b>	<b>950.1</b>	<b>3,309</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>378.3</b>	<b>1,510</b>

'Other' includes a small number of casualties who were using a 'non-motor' mode of transport.

'0' represents 0.1 to 0.4 and '-'=zero.

Table 27

## CHILD/ADULT CASUALTIES

Reported child <sup>1</sup> casualties by time of day and mode of transport

## Separately for weekdays/weekends

Years: 2018-2022 average

Day/hour	Pedes- trian	Pedal cycle	Motor cycle <sup>2</sup>	Car	Taxi	Minibus	Bus/ coach	Light goods	Heavy goods	Other	Total
<b>Total for Weekdays</b>											
00.00 to 00.59	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
01.00 to 01.59	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	0	-	-	1
02.00 to 02.59	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	0	-	1
03.00 to 03.59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
04.00 to 04.59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	0
05.00 to 05.59	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
06.00 to 06.59	0	0	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
07.00 to 07.59	3	0	-	2	-	-	-	0	-	-	6
08.00 to 08.59	25	6	-	10	0	1	4	0	-	0	46
09.00 to 09.59	7	0	-	6	-	-	0	1	-	-	13
10.00 to 10.59	3	-	-	5	-	-	0	0	-	-	8
11.00 to 11.59	2	0	0	8	-	-	0	-	-	-	11
12.00 to 12.59	11	2	-	8	-	-	1	-	-	-	22
13.00 to 13.59	17	2	0	10	2	-	0	-	-	0	32
14.00 to 14.59	11	3	-	10	0	-	2	0	0	0	26
15.00 to 15.59	52	7	0	21	0	0	1	-	-	0	83
16.00 to 16.59	34	6	0	17	0	1	1	0	-	0	59
17.00 to 17.59	28	7	-	19	0	0	1	-	-	0	56
18.00 to 18.59	19	5	0	10	0	-	0	1	-	-	36
19.00 to 19.59	11	3	0	11	-	-	0	-	-	1	27
20.00 to 20.59	7	2	0	8	-	-	0	-	-	-	18
21.00 to 21.59	3	1	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
22.00 to 22.59	1	1	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	0	6
23.00 to 23.59	0	-	0	1	-	0	-	-	-	-	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>465</b>
<b>Total for Weekends</b>											
00.00 to 00.59	0	-	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	1
01.00 to 01.59	0	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
02.00 to 02.59	0	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	1
03.00 to 03.59	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
04.00 to 04.59	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
05.00 to 05.59	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
06.00 to 06.59	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
07.00 to 07.59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	0
08.00 to 08.59	-	0	-	1	-	-	-	0	-	-	1
09.00 to 09.59	1	0	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
10.00 to 10.59	1	-	-	4	-	-	0	0	-	-	6
11.00 to 11.59	2	1	-	4	-	-	0	0	-	-	7
12.00 to 12.59	3	1	-	6	-	0	1	-	-	1	11
13.00 to 13.59	5	1	0	9	0	-	0	0	-	0	15
14.00 to 14.59	5	2	0	9	-	0	1	-	-	-	16
15.00 to 15.59	6	3	0	8	-	-	1	-	-	0	18
16.00 to 16.59	5	1	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	1	14
17.00 to 17.59	6	2	-	7	-	0	0	0	-	-	17
18.00 to 18.59	5	1	-	6	-	-	0	0	-	-	12
19.00 to 19.59	6	1	-	5	0	-	1	-	-	-	14
20.00 to 20.59	3	1	0	3	-	-	0	-	-	-	8
21.00 to 21.59	2	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
22.00 to 22.59	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
23.00 to 23.59	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>155</b>

1. Child 0-15 years

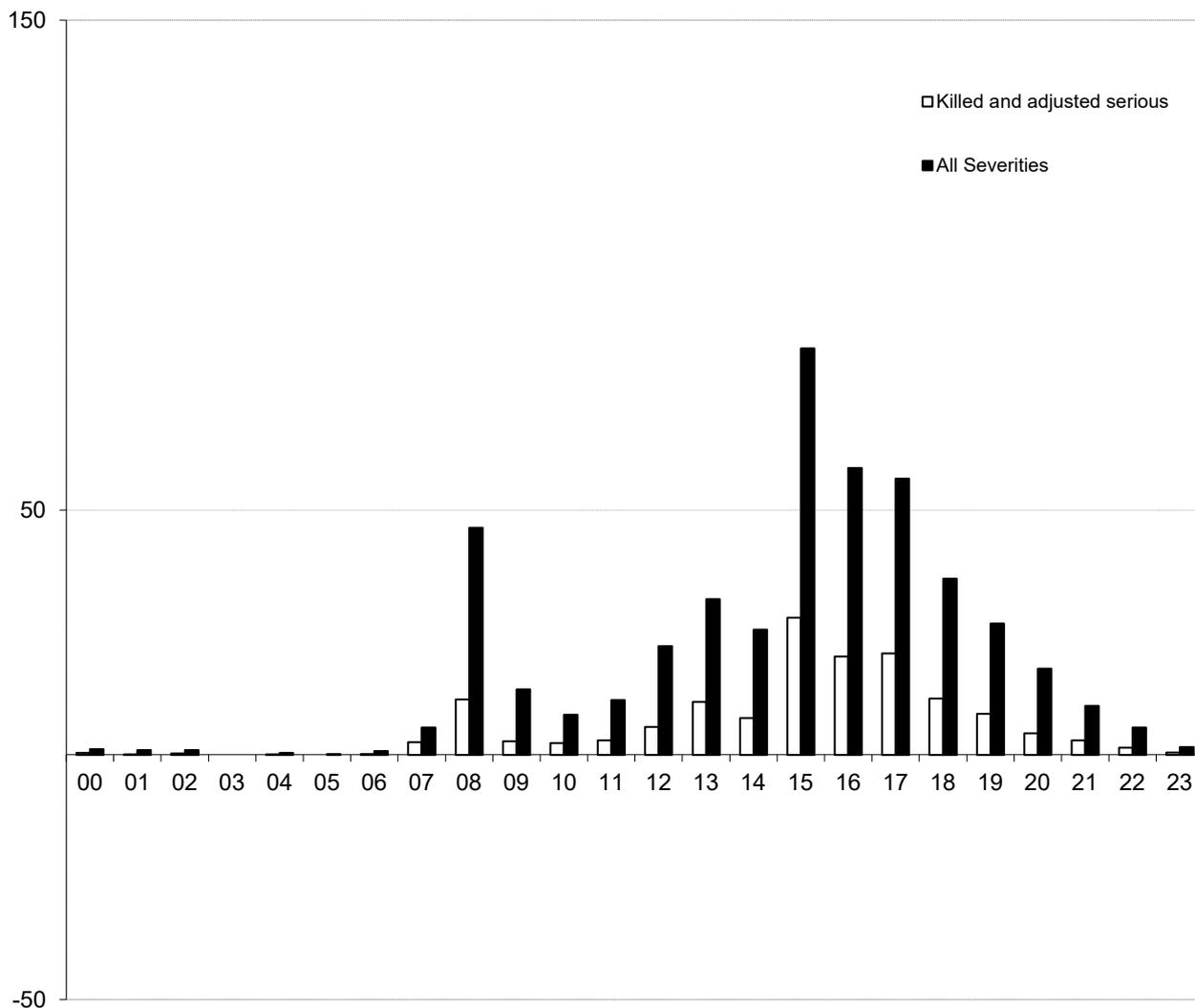
2. Motor cycle includes all two wheeled motor vehicles

'0' represents 0.1 to 0.4 and '-'=zero.

Table 27

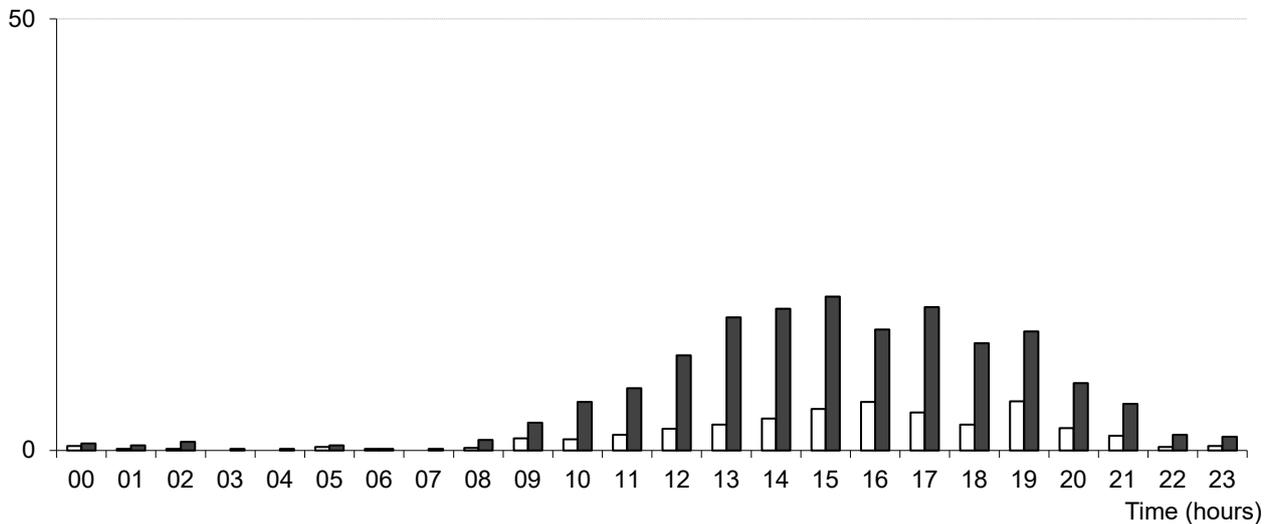
CHILD/ADULT CASUALTIES

Reported child casualties by time of day  
 Years: 2017 - 2021 average



Time (hours)

Total for Weekends



Time (hours)

Table 28

Reported adult casualties by time of day and mode of transport,  
Separately for weekdays/weekends  
Years: 2018-2022 average

Day/hour	Pedes- trian	Pedal cycle	Motor cycle <sup>2</sup>	Car	Taxi	Minibus	Bus/ coach	Light goods	Heavy goods	Other	Total
<b>Total for Weekdays</b>											
00.00 to 00.59	6	2	1	33	2	-	0	1	1	-	46
01.00 to 01.59	4	1	0	24	1	-	-	1	-	0	31
02.00 to 02.59	4	0	0	16	0	-	-	1	1	-	23
03.00 to 03.59	0	-	0	16	1	-	-	1	1	1	20
04.00 to 04.59	1	0	1	9	0	-	0	1	1	0	14
05.00 to 05.59	2	3	2	16	0	-	-	3	1	0	27
06.00 to 06.59	6	11	4	40	2	-	1	9	1	2	75
07.00 to 07.59	17	27	19	100	2	-	2	17	5	2	189
08.00 to 08.59	28	35	15	149	3	1	7	17	4	3	263
09.00 to 09.59	27	22	12	124	3	1	2	13	3	5	214
10.00 to 10.59	23	18	16	110	2	1	6	15	2	4	198
11.00 to 11.59	31	19	20	130	3	0	7	6	3	5	224
12.00 to 12.59	33	26	19	147	4	1	9	12	4	4	260
13.00 to 13.59	35	19	23	156	5	1	7	13	3	4	266
14.00 to 14.59	38	26	25	188	3	1	8	12	3	4	309
15.00 to 15.59	42	25	24	206	4	2	10	17	3	4	337
16.00 to 16.59	54	34	40	246	4	1	13	13	2	4	411
17.00 to 17.59	53	45	38	240	3	1	8	15	2	4	409
18.00 to 18.59	40	30	27	151	3	-	5	10	1	2	268
19.00 to 19.59	34	24	19	117	3	2	6	6	0	2	213
20.00 to 20.59	17	14	10	103	1	-	1	2	0	2	150
21.00 to 21.59	16	7	7	97	3	-	1	2	1	2	135
22.00 to 22.59	13	5	4	63	3	-	0	3	1	0	93
23.00 to 23.59	9	3	3	44	3	1	0	1	0	0	64
<b>Total</b>	<b>533</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>2,527</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>4,239</b>
<b>Total for Weekends</b>											
00.00 to 00.59	11	0	1	29	2	-	0	2	-	0	46
01.00 to 01.59	7	1	1	20	2	1	-	1	-	0	34
02.00 to 02.59	5	0	0	16	1	-	-	0	1	0	24
03.00 to 03.59	4	0	1	13	1	-	-	0	-	-	20
04.00 to 04.59	1	1	0	11	1	-	-	0	-	0	15
05.00 to 05.59	1	1	1	12	1	-	0	1	0	-	16
06.00 to 06.59	1	1	1	12	-	-	-	1	-	-	15
07.00 to 07.59	1	4	2	19	0	-	1	1	0	1	29
08.00 to 08.59	3	3	3	23	0	-	1	1	0	0	34
09.00 to 09.59	4	7	5	30	1	0	0	1	0	1	50
10.00 to 10.59	6	10	8	43	1	-	4	1	0	0	73
11.00 to 11.59	9	11	15	48	0	-	2	2	1	0	87
12.00 to 12.59	11	13	19	71	1	1	4	1	0	1	124
13.00 to 13.59	8	10	17	74	1	-	2	1	1	1	116
14.00 to 14.59	11	7	18	80	1	0	3	3	0	2	125
15.00 to 15.59	13	6	18	59	1	-	2	1	0	1	101
16.00 to 16.59	11	6	18	69	1	-	2	1	-	1	110
17.00 to 17.59	14	7	14	64	1	-	2	3	-	1	104
18.00 to 18.59	13	5	7	56	1	-	1	1	0	1	86
19.00 to 19.59	11	6	6	59	2	-	6	1	1	2	93
20.00 to 20.59	13	4	3	46	2	-	1	1	-	1	71
21.00 to 21.59	6	3	3	44	2	-	0	1	0	1	61
22.00 to 22.59	10	2	2	29	2	-	0	1	-	-	47
23.00 to 23.59	6	2	2	24	1	-	0	1	0	1	39
<b>Total</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>952</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1,518</b>

1. Motor cycle includes all two wheeled motor vehicles

Reported adult casualties by time of day  
 Years: 2018 - 2022 average

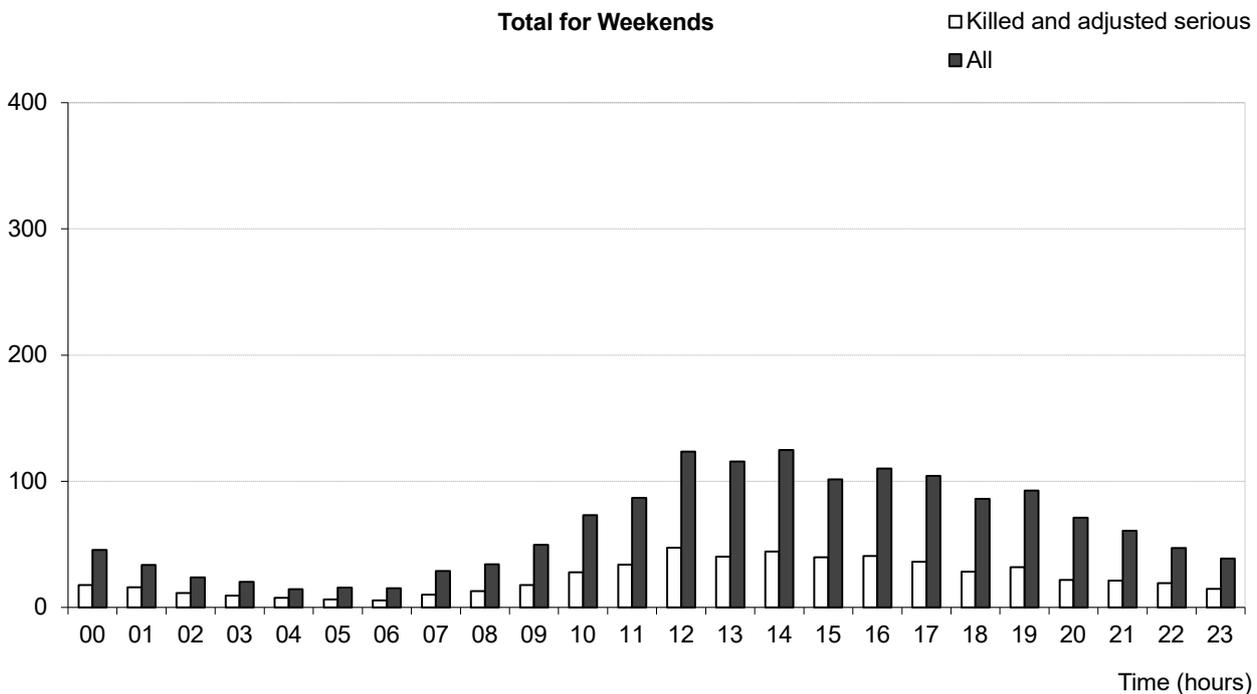
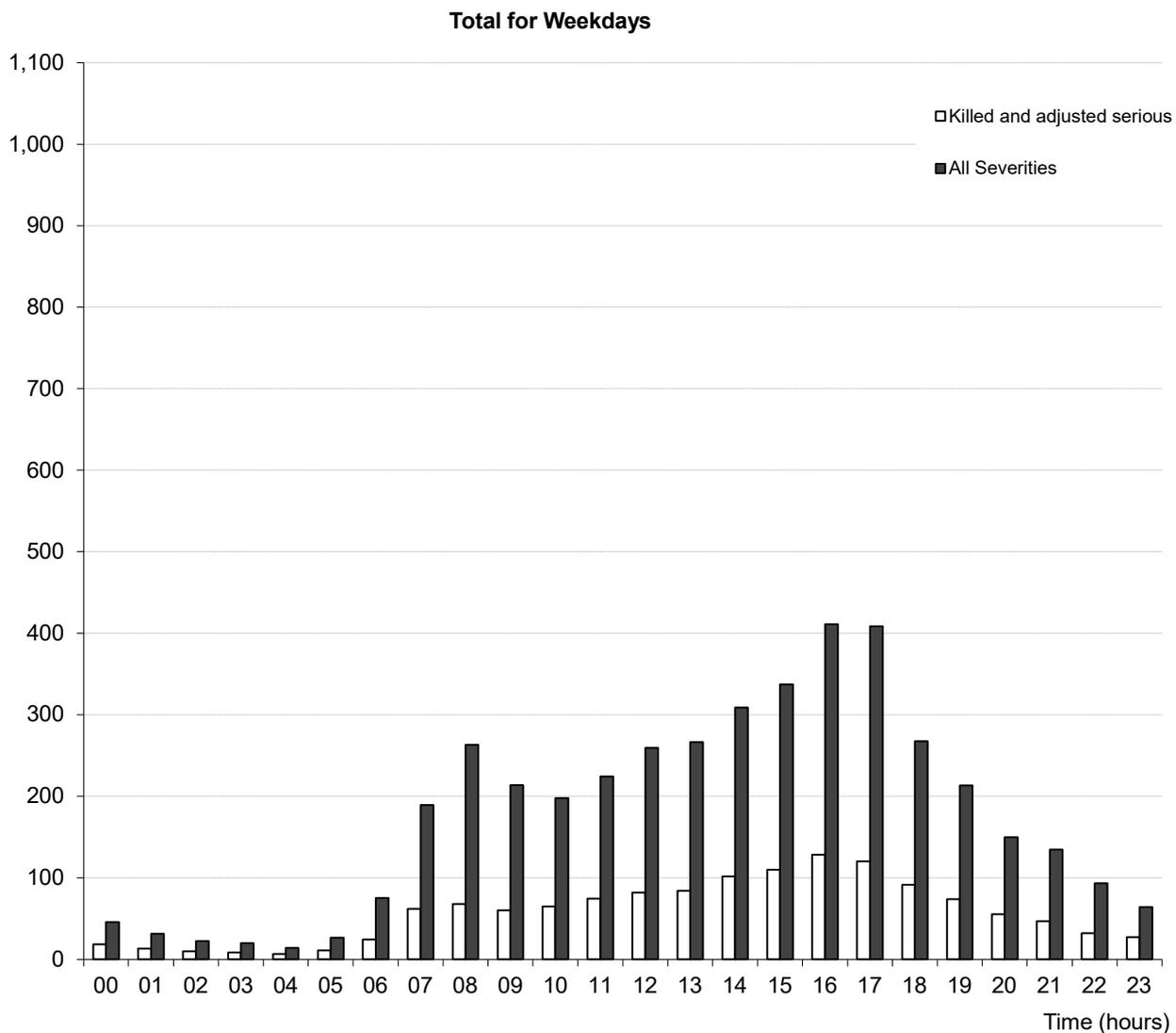


Table 29

**Reported child/adult casualties by month and mode of transport**  
**Years: 2018 to 2022 average (figures adjusted for 30 day months)**

		Pedestrian	Pedal	Motor	Car	Taxi	Minibus	Bus/coach	Light	Heavy	Other	Total
		n	cycle	cycle					goods	goods		
Child (0-15)	January	22	2	0	20	0	0	2	1	-	1	48
	February	21	3	0	19	0	0	1	0	-	0	46
	March	23	3	0	13	-	0	0	0	-	0	40
	April	22	3	0	20	-	-	2	1	0	0	49
	May	20	7	1	17	0	-	1	1	-	-	48
	June	30	8	0	20	0	-	1	1	-	1	61
	July	15	9	1	25	-	1	2	-	0	1	53
	August	27	9	1	28	0	1	2	0	-	1	69
	September	28	5	0	16	1	0	0	0	-	1	52
	October	26	4	0	19	-	-	3	0	-	0	53
	November	26	3	-	18	1	-	3	0	-	0	52
	December	20	1	-	15	2	0	0	0	-	0	39
	Year Total	282	59	4	230	5	3	16	5	1	6	611
Adult	January	73	31	16	284	8	1	9	20	5	6	453
	February	57	33	24	300	8	1	10	26	7	6	470
	March	53	31	24	255	7	3	12	19	3	5	413
	April	43	40	43	243	6	1	13	16	4	4	412
	May	45	45	56	264	6	0	9	14	3	3	446
	June	46	53	68	274	6	1	10	13	3	7	479
	July	43	51	62	290	6	1	12	17	3	6	490
	August	58	58	66	323	7	1	11	18	5	6	553
	September	56	49	58	293	8	1	10	16	3	7	500
	October	67	43	34	313	7	0	12	19	5	7	507
	November	82	39	25	315	8	3	8	19	4	5	507
	December	81	25	14	279	8	1	8	19	4	7	446
	Year Total	703	498	488	3,430	84	15	124	216	49	68	5,675
Total	January	95	34	16	304	8	1	11	21	5	7	502
	February	78	35	24	319	8	1	11	26	7	6	515
	March	77	34	24	267	7	3	12	19	3	6	453
	April	65	43	43	263	6	1	15	16	5	4	462
	May	65	53	57	282	6	0	10	15	3	3	495
	June	76	61	68	294	6	1	11	13	3	8	542
	July	57	60	62	315	6	2	14	17	3	7	544
	August	86	68	67	351	7	2	12	18	5	6	622
	September	84	54	58	309	9	2	10	16	3	8	553
	October	93	47	34	332	7	0	15	20	5	7	560
	November	109	42	25	334	8	3	11	19	4	5	560
	December	102	27	14	294	10	1	8	19	4	7	486
	Year Total	986	558	493	3,665	89	19	140	221	50	74	6,294

NB: As the figures in this table have been adjusted to be for '30 day' months, they will differ slightly from those appearing in other tables.  
Includes those whose ages were not known

Table 30

**Reported child/adult casualties by day of the week and mode of transport**  
**Years: 2018 to 2022 average**

		Pedestrian	Pedal cycle	Motor cycle	Car	Taxi	Minibus	Bus/coach	Light goods	Heavy goods	Other	Total
Child (0-15)	Monday	42	9	1	29	1	0	1	1	0	1	86
	Tuesday	42	7	1	25	-	0	2	0	-	1	79
	Wednesday	50	8	1	33	1	1	2	1	-	0	96
	Thursday	48	10	1	28	1	1	1	1	-	0	91
	Friday	50	11	0	43	1	0	5	1	0	1	113
	Saturday	30	9	0	40	0	1	2	1	-	2	85
	Sunday	24	5	1	36	0	-	2	1	0	0	70
	Total	286	60	4	234	5	3	17	5	1	6	620
Adult	Monday	97	71	60	481	11	2	15	40	8	7	791
	Tuesday	100	86	61	468	10	3	18	42	11	14	814
	Wednesday	101	81	64	497	12	2	19	31	9	12	828
	Thursday	114	81	69	501	13	4	18	40	9	9	856
	Friday	122	76	77	580	13	3	25	37	6	13	951
	Saturday	106	62	78	503	15	1	19	15	4	8	811
	Sunday	74	47	87	450	12	1	12	15	2	7	707
	Total	713	505	496	3,479	85	16	125	218	50	69	5,757
Total (1)	Monday	139	81	60	511	12	3	16	40	8	7	878
	Tuesday	143	93	62	494	10	3	20	42	11	15	894
	Wednesday	152	90	65	530	12	3	21	31	9	12	926
	Thursday	162	91	69	529	14	5	19	40	9	9	948
	Friday	172	87	78	623	14	3	31	38	6	14	1,065
	Saturday	136	72	78	543	15	2	21	16	4	10	897
	Sunday	97	53	87	487	13	1	14	16	2	7	778
	Total	1,001	566	501	3,718	90	19	142	223	50	75	6,386

(1) Includes those whose ages were not known

Table 31

Population estimates, number of reported casualties and casualty rates per thousand population  
by age groups  
Years: 2014-18 and 2018-2022 averages, 2018 to 2022

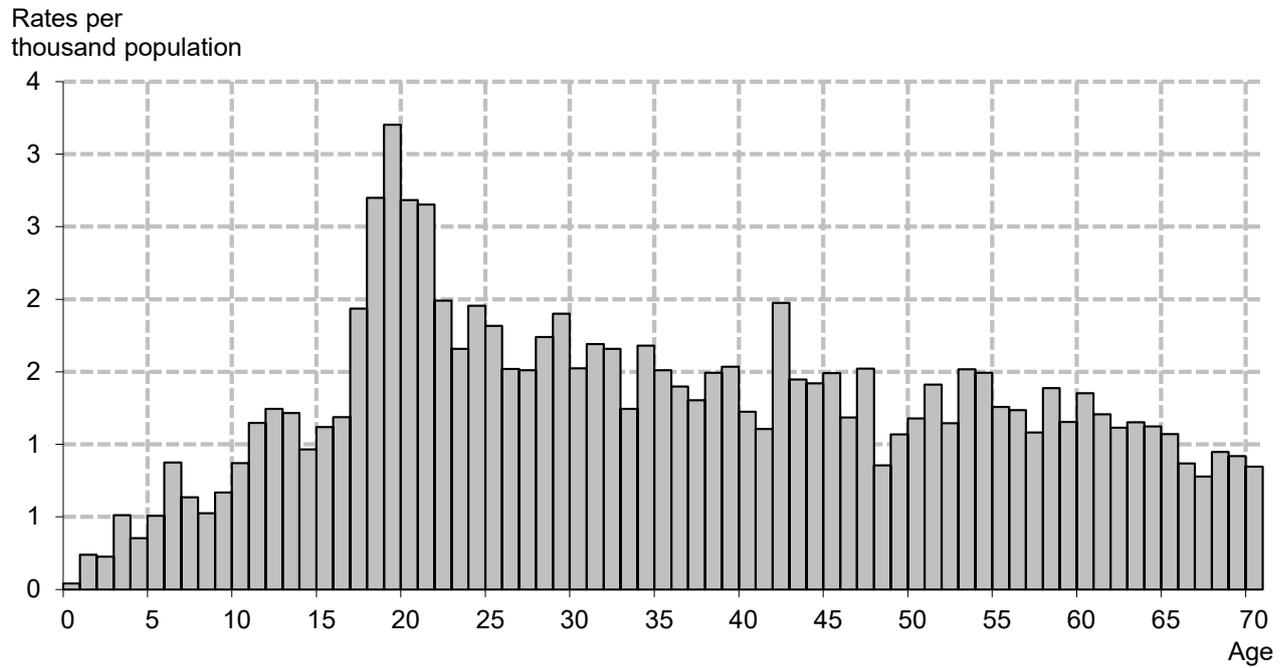
Year	0-4	5-11	12-15	16-22	23-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70+	All Ages <sup>1</sup>
<b>Population</b>											
	<i>thousands</i>										
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>285.8</b>	<b>409.6</b>	<b>219.8</b>	<b>453.2</b>	<b>521.9</b>	<b>681.9</b>	<b>728.4</b>	<b>775.2</b>	<b>632.2</b>	<b>689.5</b>	<b>5,397.6</b>
2018	276.9	419.9	222.7	437.3	526.5	709.3	691.8	791.3	636.7	725.7	5,438.1
2019	271.7	421.3	228.4	430.7	525.3	722.0	680.9	794.2	644.1	744.7	5,463.3
2020	263.8	418.8	234.1	423.8	520.3	729.7	674.3	792.5	653.0	755.6	5,466.0
2021	255.4	416.5	239.5	417.0	511.6	743.3	670.8	791.2	666.1	768.4	5,479.9
2022 <sup>3</sup>	255.4	416.5	239.5	417.0	511.6	743.3	670.8	791.2	666.1	768.4	5,479.9
<b>2018-2022. average<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>264.7</b>	<b>418.6</b>	<b>232.9</b>	<b>425.1</b>	<b>519.0</b>	<b>729.5</b>	<b>677.7</b>	<b>792.1</b>	<b>653.2</b>	<b>752.6</b>	<b>5,465.4</b>
<b>Casualties</b>											
	<i>number</i>										
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>441</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>1,535</b>	<b>1,474</b>	<b>1,627</b>	<b>1,589</b>	<b>1,415</b>	<b>800</b>	<b>817</b>	<b>10,207</b>
2018	125	348	281	1,100	1,180	1,415	1,219	1,212	747	770	8,424
2019	125	354	290	1,007	1,040	1,249	1,023	1,164	670	770	7,706
2020	85	226	182	734	772	888	688	724	403	360	5,062
2021	66	232	197	706	709	856	702	759	436	451	5,115
2022	56	289	242	773	710	890	697	812	574	577	5,621
<b>2018-2022. average</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>864</b>	<b>882</b>	<b>1,060</b>	<b>866</b>	<b>934</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>586</b>	<b>6,386</b>
2022 Male	37	160	139	496	446	553	434	490	343	286	3,384
2022 Female	19	129	103	276	264	337	263	322	231	290	2,235
<b>Casualty rates</b>											
	<i>rates per thousand population</i>										
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0.49</b>	<b>1.08</b>	<b>1.59</b>	<b>3.39</b>	<b>2.82</b>	<b>2.39</b>	<b>2.18</b>	<b>1.83</b>	<b>1.27</b>	<b>1.18</b>	<b>1.89</b>
2018	0.45	0.83	1.26	2.52	2.24	2	1.76	1.53	1.17	1.06	1.55
2019	0.46	0.84	1.27	2.34	1.98	1.73	1.5	1.47	1.04	1.03	1.41
2020	0.32	0.54	0.78	1.73	1.48	1.22	1.02	0.91	0.62	0.48	0.92
2021	0.26	0.56	0.82	1.69	1.38	1.15	1.04	0.96	0.65	0.58	0.93
2022 <sup>3</sup>	0.22	0.69	1.01	1.85	1.39	1.2	1.04	1.03	0.86	0.75	1.03
<b>2018-2022. average<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>0.35</b>	<b>0.69</b>	<b>1.02</b>	<b>2.03</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>1.45</b>	<b>1.28</b>	<b>1.18</b>	<b>0.87</b>	<b>0.78</b>	<b>1.17</b>
<b>Male</b>											
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>1.03</b>	<b>2.65</b>	<b>4.13</b>	<b>8.89</b>	<b>5.15</b>	<b>5.18</b>	<b>4.25</b>	<b>2.44</b>	<b>1.69</b>	<b>1.58</b>	<b>3.70</b>
2018	0.50	0.97	1.31	2.74	2.6	2.48	2.19	1.89	1.30	1.21	1.83
2019	0.43	0.97	1.33	2.59	2.17	2.11	1.85	1.77	1.18	1.12	1.63
2020	0.31	0.56	0.94	2.06	1.78	1.6	1.3	1.2	0.78	0.62	1.16
2021	0.30	0.63	0.97	1.92	1.68	1.49	1.36	1.28	0.76	0.67	1.16
2022 <sup>3</sup>	0.28	0.75	1.14	2.33	1.73	1.51	1.32	1.29	1.07	0.85	1.27
<b>2018-2022. average<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>0.37</b>	<b>0.77</b>	<b>1.14</b>	<b>2.33</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>1.83</b>	<b>1.61</b>	<b>1.49</b>	<b>1.02</b>	<b>0.89</b>	<b>1.41</b>
<b>Female</b>											
<b>2014-18 average</b>	<b>0.78</b>	<b>1.80</b>	<b>3.50</b>	<b>6.22</b>	<b>3.58</b>	<b>3.52</b>	<b>2.82</b>	<b>1.95</b>	<b>1.57</b>	<b>1.58</b>	<b>2.66</b>
2018	0.35	0.69	1.21	2.28	1.88	1.53	1.36	1.2	1.05	0.95	1.28
2019	0.46	0.71	1.2	2.07	1.79	1.37	1.17	1.18	0.91	0.97	1.20
2020	0.34	0.51	0.61	1.39	1.18	0.84	0.75	0.65	0.47	0.36	0.70
2021	0.21	0.48	0.66	1.45	1.08	0.82	0.74	0.66	0.56	0.52	0.72
2022 <sup>3</sup>	0.15	0.64	0.88	1.35	1.04	0.90	0.77	0.78	0.67	0.67	0.80
<b>2018-2022. average<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>0.30</b>	<b>0.61</b>	<b>0.91</b>	<b>1.72</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>1.09</b>	<b>0.96</b>	<b>0.89</b>	<b>0.73</b>	<b>0.69</b>	<b>0.94</b>

1. Includes those whose ages were 'not known'.

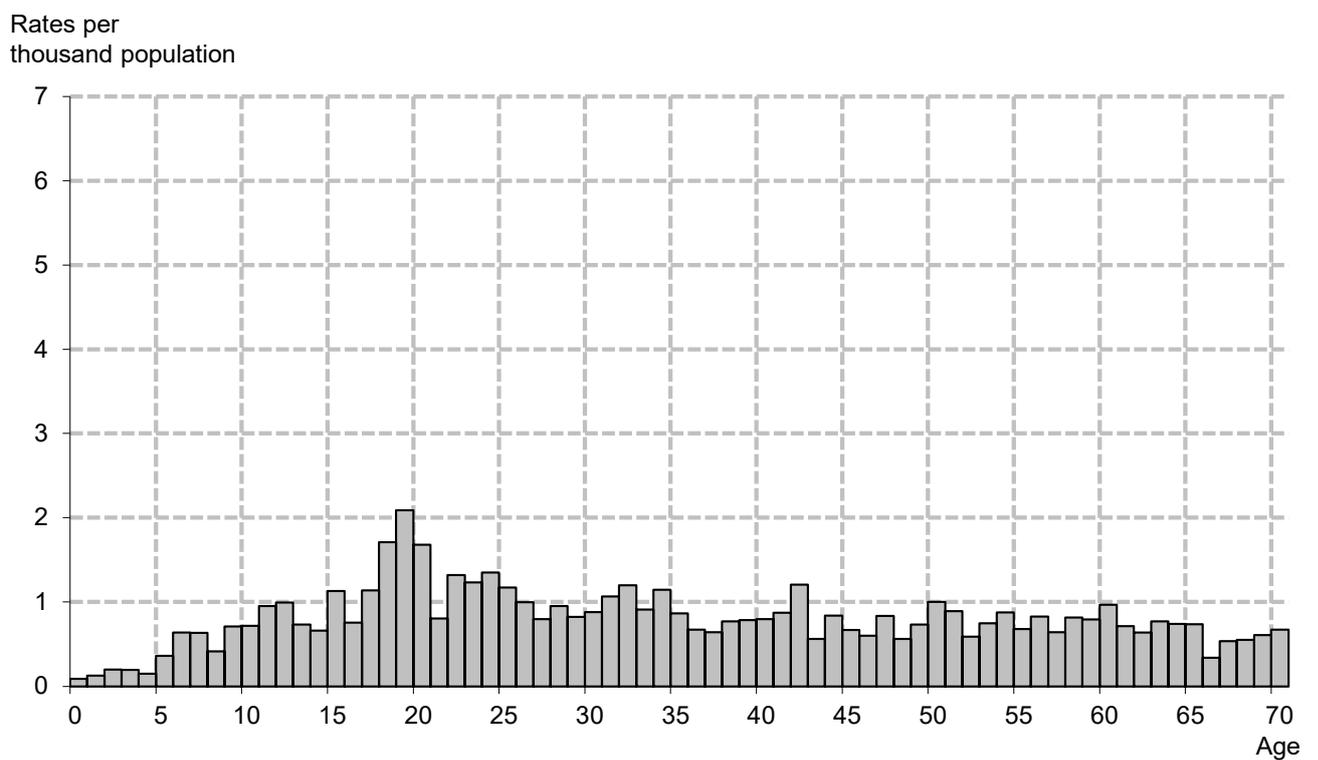
2. Minor revisions have been made to the population estimates for individual age groups. Overall estimates for Scotland are unchanged.

Reported casualty rates per thousand population, by age and sex  
Year: 2022

**Males**



**Females**



Mid-year population estimates for 2022 were not available, estimates for 2021 used instead.

Table 32

## Reported casualties by age and severity, separately for each mode of transport

Numbers and rates per thousand population

Years: 2018-2022 average<sup>3</sup>

Mode of Transport	Age group	Killed	Adjusted serious	Adjusted slight	All		All		
					Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	Adjusted slight	Severities
					<i>numbers</i>	<i>rates per thousand population</i>			
Pedestrian	0 - 4	1	10	16	27	-	0	0	0.10
	5 - 11	-	51	80	131	-	0	0	0.31
	12 - 15	1	55	71	128	0.01	0	0	0.55
	16 - 22	2	37	57	98	0.01	0	0	0.23
	23-25	1	13	20	34	0.01	0	0	0.16
	26-29	1	17	24	43	-	0	0	0.14
	30 - 39	5	46	61	112	0.01	0	0	0.15
	40 - 49	4	39	53	97	0.01	0	0	0.14
	50 - 59	5	48	57	112	0.01	0	0	0.14
	60 - 69	6	43	39	88	0.01	0	0	0.14
	70 & over	10	64	52	127	0.01	0	0	0.17
	<b>Total</b> <sup>1</sup>	<b>37</b>	<b>423</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>1,001</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.18</b>
Child 0-15	2	116	167	286	-	0	0	0.31	
Adult 16+	35	307	363	713	0.01	0	0	0.16	
Pedal Cycle	0 - 4	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
	5 - 11	-	9	18	28	-	0	0	0.07
	12 - 15	-	12	19	31	-	0	0	0.13
	16 - 22	-	16	36	52	-	0	0	0.12
	23-25	-	11	26	37	-	0	0	0.17
	26-29	-	16	26	42	-	0	0	0.14
	30 - 39	2	40	65	107	-	0	0	0.15
	40 - 49	1	42	59	104	-	0	0	0.15
	50 - 59	1	47	54	103	-	0	0	0.13
	60 - 69	1	18	20	40	-	0	0	0.06
	70 & over	2	10	7	20	-	0	0	0.03
	<b>Total</b> <sup>1</sup>	<b>8</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.10</b>
Child 0-15	-	22	37	60	-	0	0	0.07	
Adult 16+	7	200	292	505	-	0	0	0.11	
Motorcycle <sup>2</sup>	0 - 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5 - 11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	12 - 15	-	3	1	4	-	0	-	0.02
	16 - 22	1	33	31	65	-	0	0	0.15
	23-25	1	17	15	33	0.01	0	0	0.15
	26-29	2	20	16	38	0.01	0	0	0.13
	30 - 39	4	54	33	90	0.01	0	0	0.12
	40 - 49	4	53	29	86	0.01	0	0	0.13
	50 - 59	8	77	32	117	0.01	0	0	0.15
	60 - 69	4	35	15	54	0.01	0	0	0.08
	70 & over	1	7	4	12	-	0	0	0.02
	<b>Total</b> <sup>1</sup>	<b>26</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>501</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.09</b>
Child 0-15	-	3	1	4	-	-	-	-	
Adult 16+	26	295	173	496	0.01	0	0	0.11	
Car	0 - 4	1	9	46	56	-	0	0	0.21
	5 - 11	-	17	97	115	-	0	0	0.28
	12 - 15	-	12	49	62	-	0	0	0.27
	16 - 22	9	150	438	602	0.02	0	1	1.42
	23-25	5	62	196	264	0.02	0	1	1.23
	26-29	5	67	244	318	0.02	0	1	1.05
	30 - 39	10	125	498	637	0.01	0	1	0.87
	40 - 49	7	95	379	484	0.01	0	1	0.71
	50 - 59	7	124	354	487	0.01	0	0	0.62
	60 - 69	10	87	220	319	0.01	0	0	0.49
	70 & over	23	137	205	368	0.03	0	0	0.49
	<b>Total</b> <sup>1</sup>	<b>75</b>	<b>885</b>	<b>2,731</b>	<b>3,718</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.68</b>
Child 0-15	1	38	193	234	-	0	0	0.26	
Adult 16+	74	847	2,534	3,479	0.02	0	1	0.76	

1. Includes those whose age was 'not known'

2. Motorcycle includes all two wheeled motor vehicles

3. Mid-year population estimates for 2022 were not available, estimates for 2021 used instead.

Table 32 (continued)

POPULATION ESTIMATES

## Reported casualties by age and severity, separately for each mode of transport

## Numbers and rates per thousand population

Years: 2018-2022 average <sup>2</sup>

Road User	Age group	Killed	Adjusted serious	Adjusted slight	All Severities	rates per thousand population			
						Killed	Adjusted serious	Adjusted slight	All Severities
					<i>numbers</i>				
<b>Taxi</b>	0 - 4	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
	5 - 11	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
	12 - 15	-	-	3	3	-	-	0	0.01
	16 - 22	-	1	6	7	-	-	0	0.02
	23-25	-	-	4	4	-	-	0	0.02
	26-29	-	-	4	4	-	-	0	0.01
	30 - 39	-	2	14	17	-	-	0	0.02
	40 - 49	-	2	13	16	-	-	0	0.02
	50 - 59	-	4	14	19	-	0	0	0.02
	60 - 69	-	3	9	13	-	-	0	0.02
	70 & over	-	1	4	6	-	-	0	0.01
	<b>Total <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>1</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>90</b>	-	-	<b>0</b>	<b>0.02</b>
	Child 0-15	-	1	4	5	-	-	-	0.01
	Adult 16+	1	14	69	85	-	-	0	0.02
<b>Minibus</b>	0 - 4	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
	5 - 11	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-
	12 - 15	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
	16 - 22	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
	23-25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	26-29	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
	30 - 39	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	-
	40 - 49	-	1	2	4	-	-	-	0.01
	50 - 59	-	1	3	4	-	-	-	-
	60 - 69	-	1	2	3	-	-	-	0.01
	70 & over	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
	<b>Total <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>19</b>	-	-	-	-
	Child 0-15	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	-
	Adult 16+	-	5	10	16	-	-	-	-
<b>Bus/Coach</b>	0 - 4	-	-	4	5	-	-	0	0.02
	5 - 11	-	1	5	6	-	-	0	0.01
	12 - 15	-	1	5	6	-	0	0	0.03
	16 - 22	-	2	7	8	-	-	0	0.02
	23-25	-	1	3	3	-	-	0	0.01
	26-29	-	1	3	4	-	-	0	0.01
	30 - 39	-	2	10	11	-	-	0	0.02
	40 - 49	-	2	11	14	-	-	0	0.02
	50 - 59	-	6	17	23	-	0	0	0.03
	60 - 69	-	5	15	20	-	0	0	0.03
	70 & over	1	12	28	42	-	0	0	0.06
	<b>Total <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>1</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>142</b>	-	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.03</b>
	Child 0-15	-	2	14	17	-	-	0	0.02
	Adult 16+	1	30	93	125	-	0	0	0.03
<b>Light goods</b>	0 - 4	-	-	1	2	-	-	0	0.01
	5 - 11	-	-	3	3	-	-	0	0.01
	12 - 15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	16 - 22	-	4	16	20	-	0	0	0.05
	23-25	-	3	13	16	-	0	0	0.08
	26-29	-	6	20	27	-	0	0	0.09
	30 - 39	1	13	44	58	-	0	0	0.08
	40 - 49	-	10	29	39	-	0	0	0.06
	50 - 59	1	9	28	38	-	0	0	0.05
	60 - 69	1	5	10	16	-	0	0	0.02
	70 & over	-	2	2	4	-	-	-	0.01
	<b>Total <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>4</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>223</b>	-	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.04</b>
	Child 0-15	-	-	4	5	-	-	-	0.01
	Adult 16+	4	50	163	218	-	0	0	0.05

1. Includes those whose age was 'not known'

2. Mid-year population estimates for 2022 were not available, estimates for 2021 used instead.

## Reported casualties by age and severity, separately for each mode of transport

## Numbers and rates per thousand population

Years: 2018-2022 average<sup>2</sup>

Road User	Age group	Killed	Adjusted			Killed	Adjusted			
			serious	slight	All Severities		serious	slight	All Severities	
					<i>numbers</i>	<i>rates per thousand population</i>				
Heavy goods	0 - 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5 - 11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	12 - 15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	16 - 22	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	0.01
	23-25	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	0.01
	26-29	-	1	2	3	-	-	0	0	0.01
	30 - 39	-	2	6	8	-	-	0	0	0.01
	40 - 49	-	3	8	12	-	0	0	0	0.02
	50 - 59	1	5	10	16	-	0	0	0	0.02
	60 - 69	-	2	4	7	-	-	0	0	0.01
	70 & over	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
	<b>Total<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>2</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.01</b>
	Child 0-15	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
	Adult 16+	2	16	31	50	-	-	0	0	0.01
Other	0 - 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5 - 11	-	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	0.01
	12 - 15	-	2	1	3	-	0	-	-	0.01
	16 - 22	-	3	5	8	-	0	0	0	0.02
	23-25	-	1	2	3	-	-	0	0	0.02
	26-29	-	2	3	5	-	0	0	0	0.02
	30 - 39	-	6	10	16	-	0	0	0	0.02
	40 - 49	-	3	7	11	-	-	0	0	0.02
	50 - 59	-	4	10	14	-	-	0	0	0.02
	60 - 69	-	2	4	6	-	-	0	0	0.01
	70 & over	1	3	2	6	-	-	-	-	0.01
	<b>Total<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>2</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.01</b>
	Child 0-15	-	3	2	6	-	-	-	-	0.01
	Adult 16+	2	24	42	69	-	0	0	0	0.02
<b>Total</b>	0 - 4	2	20	69	91	0.01	0	0	0	0.35
	5 - 11	-	80	207	290	-	0	1	1	0.69
	12 - 15	2	85	149	238	0.01	0	1	1	1.02
	16 - 22	13	246	597	864	0.03	1	1	1	2.03
	23-25	8	108	278	396	0.04	1	1	1	1.85
	26-29	9	130	343	486	0.03	0	1	1	1.60
	30 - 39	22	290	741	1,060	0.03	0	1	1	1.45
	40 - 49	18	250	590	866	0.03	0	1	1	1.28
	50 - 59	24	325	578	934	0.03	0	1	1	1.18
	60 - 69	23	201	338	566	0.03	0	1	1	0.87
	70 & over	37	238	305	586	0.05	0	0	0	0.78
	<b>Total<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>156</b>	<b>1,974</b>	<b>4,204</b>	<b>6,386</b>	<b>0.03</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1.17</b>
	Child 0-15	4	186	426	620	-	0	0	0	0.68
	Adult 16+	152	1,787	3,771	5,757	0.03	0	1	1	1.27

1. Includes those whose age was 'not known'

2. Mid-year population estimates for 2022 were not available, estimates for 2021 used instead.

Reported casualty rates per thousand population by mode of transport, age group and severity  
 Years: 2018-2022 average<sup>1</sup>

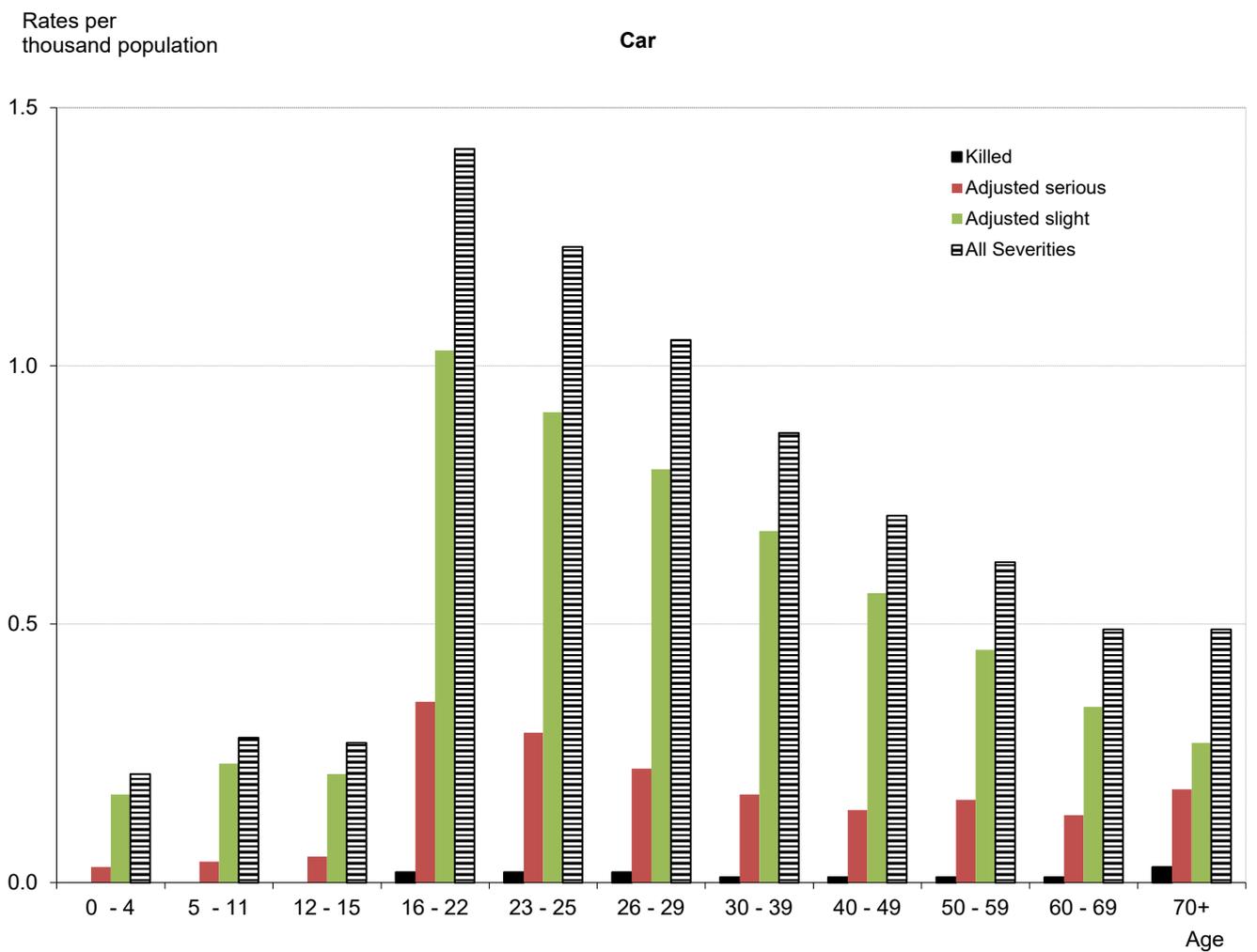
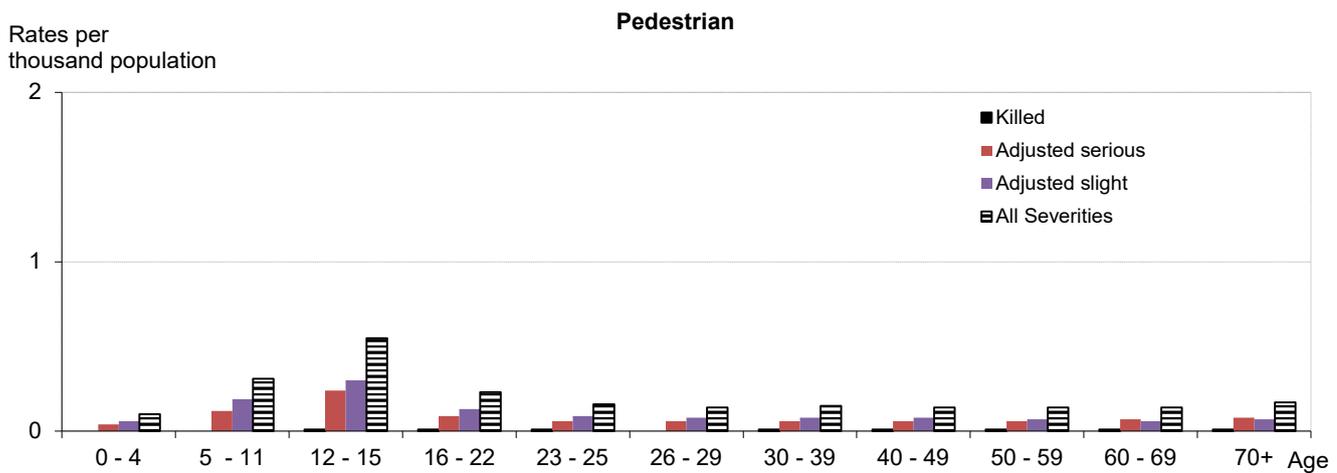


Table 32

Reported casualty rates per thousand population by mode of transport, age group and severity

Years: 2018-2022 average<sup>1</sup>

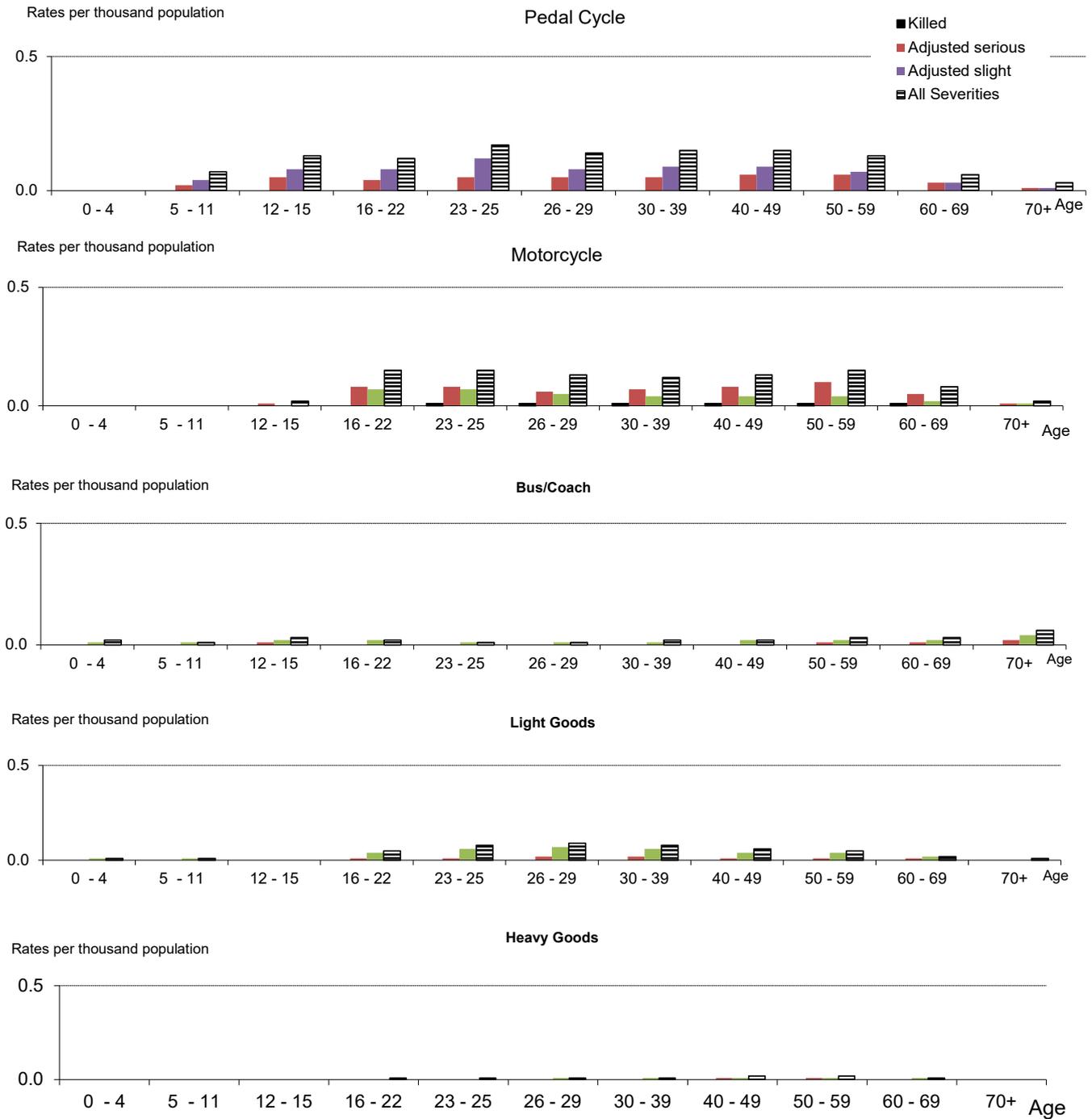


Table 33

Reported casualties by speed limit, mode of transport and severity  
 Years: 2018-2022 average

		20 mph	30 mph	40 mph	50 mph	60 mph	70 mph	Total
<b>Killed</b>	<b>Pedestrians</b>	4	17	3	2	6	4	37
	<b>Pedal cycle</b>	-	3	0	1	4	-	8
	<b>Motorcycle</b>	1	4	1	1	19	1	26
	<b>Car users</b>	1	8	4	2	51	10	75
	<b>Bus/coach</b>	1	0	0	-	0	0	1
	<b>Other</b>	-	1	1	1	4	2	9
	<b>Total</b>		6	33	8	6	84	18
<b>Adjusted serious</b>	<b>Pedestrians</b>	77	300	16	4	19	6	423
	<b>Pedal cycle</b>	41	125	14	4	34	4	222
	<b>Motorcycle</b>	14	88	18	11	146	21	298
	<b>Car users</b>	25	211	57	33	453	106	885
	<b>Bus/coach</b>	9	13	4	1	5	0	32
	<b>Other</b>	5	29	7	4	53	16	113
	<b>Total</b>		172	766	117	56	709	154
<b>All Severities</b>	<b>Pedestrians</b>	204	706	30	7	38	15	1,001
	<b>Pedal cycle</b>	123	331	32	8	66	7	566
	<b>Motorcycle</b>	30	172	33	17	215	34	501
	<b>Car users</b>	150	1,278	278	147	1,381	482	3,718
	<b>Bus/coach</b>	39	65	14	3	20	2	142
	<b>Other</b>	27	144	29	18	165	74	457
	<b>Total</b>		572	2,696	416	200	1,886	615

Table 34

## POPULATION ESTIMATES

## Reported casualties by age, severity and sex, separately for each casualty class

## Numbers and rates per thousand population

Years: 2018-2022 average

Casualty class/age	Male			Female			Total <sup>(1)</sup>			
	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	
<b>(a) Numbers</b>										
<b>Pedestrian</b>										
0 - 4	-	-	7	19	-	3	8	1	10	27
5 - 11	-	-	34	81	-	18	51	-	51	131
12 - 15	-	1	32	71	-	23	56	1	55	128
16 - 22	2	22	57	57	1	15	42	2	37	98
23 - 25	1	7	19	19	-	6	15	1	13	34
26 - 29	1	11	26	26	-	6	17	1	17	43
30 - 39	4	34	76	76	-	12	36	5	46	112
40 - 49	4	27	64	64	1	12	33	4	39	97
50 - 59	3	26	61	61	2	22	52	5	48	112
60 - 69	3	22	47	47	3	21	42	6	43	88
70 & over	5	27	59	59	5	37	68	10	64	127
<b>Total <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>24</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>423</b>	<b>1,001</b>
Child 0-15	1	73	171	171	1	43	115	2	116	287
Adult 16+	23	175	409	409	12	131	305	35	307	713
<b>Driver or rider</b>										
0 - 4	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	3
5 - 11	-	8	24	24	-	2	5	-	10	30
12 - 15	-	14	33	33	-	1	2	-	14	35
16 - 22	5	98	305	305	1	32	165	7	130	471
23 - 25	4	53	169	169	-	18	98	5	70	268
26 - 29	5	61	210	210	1	25	127	6	86	337
30 - 39	12	156	493	493	2	49	265	14	205	758
40 - 49	11	138	419	419	1	46	223	12	184	643
50 - 59	14	179	463	463	3	55	210	17	234	673
60 - 69	10	90	243	243	3	32	114	13	122	356
70 & over	13	74	198	198	5	40	99	18	114	298
<b>Total <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>76</b>	<b>871</b>	<b>2,560</b>	<b>2,560</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>1,310</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>1,171</b>	<b>3,873</b>
Child 0-15	1	22	58	58	-	3	8	1	25	67
Adult 16+	75	848	2,500	2,500	17	297	1,301	92	1,146	3,803
<b>Passenger vehicle/pillion</b>										
0 - 4	1	5	31	31	-	5	31	1	10	63
5 - 11	-	10	61	61	-	9	68	-	19	129
12 - 15	-	7	31	31	-	9	45	-	16	76
16 - 22	3	45	143	143	1	34	152	4	79	295
23 - 25	1	12	43	43	1	12	52	2	25	94
26 - 29	1	14	53	53	-	12	52	1	27	106
30 - 39	2	21	89	89	1	18	101	3	39	189
40 - 49	1	12	48	48	1	15	77	1	27	126
50 - 59	-	14	45	45	1	28	104	2	43	149
60 - 69	1	10	31	31	3	26	90	4	36	121
70 & over	2	13	35	35	7	47	126	9	60	161
<b>Total <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>12</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>612</b>	<b>612</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>899</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>1,512</b>
Child 0-15	1	21	123	123	1	23	143	1	45	268
Adult 16+	12	143	487	487	14	192	754	25	335	1,242

1. Includes those whose sex and/or age was not known.

Table 34 (continued)

Reported casualties by age, severity and sex, separately for each casualty class  
 Numbers and rates per thousand population  
 Years: 2018-2022 average<sup>2</sup>

Casualty class/age	Male			Female			Total <sup>(1)</sup>		
	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All Severities
<b>(b) Rates per thousand population</b>									
<b>Pedestrian</b>									
0 - 4	.00	.05	.14	.00	.02	.06	.00	.04	.10
5 - 11	-	.16	.38	-	.09	.25	-	.12	.31
12 - 15	.01	.27	.60	.00	.20	.50	.01	.24	.55
16 - 22	.01	.10	.26	.00	.07	.20	.01	.09	.23
23 - 25	.01	.06	.17	.00	.06	.14	.01	.06	.16
26 - 29	.01	.07	.17	.00	.04	.11	.00	.06	.14
30 - 39	.01	.09	.21	.00	.03	.10	.01	.06	.15
40 - 49	.01	.08	.19	.00	.03	.10	.01	.06	.14
50 - 59	.01	.07	.16	.00	.05	.13	.01	.06	.14
60 - 69	.01	.07	.15	.01	.06	.12	.01	.07	.14
70 & over	.02	.08	.18	.01	.09	.16	.01	.08	.17
<b>Total <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>.01</b>	<b>.09</b>	<b>.22</b>	<b>.00</b>	<b>.06</b>	<b>.15</b>	<b>.01</b>	<b>.08</b>	<b>.18</b>
Child 0-15	.00	.16	.36	.00	.10	.26	.00	.13	.31
Adult 16+	.01	.08	.19	.01	.06	.13	.01	.07	.16
<b>Driver or rider</b>									
0 - 4	-	.00	.01	-	.00	.00	-	.00	.01
5 - 11	.00	.04	.11	-	.01	.03	.00	.02	.07
12 - 15	.00	.11	.28	-	.01	.02	.00	.06	.15
16 - 22	.02	.45	1.41	.01	.15	.79	.02	.31	1.11
23 - 25	.04	.49	1.56	.00	.17	.93	.02	.33	1.25
26 - 29	.03	.40	1.38	.01	.16	.84	.02	.28	1.11
30 - 39	.03	.43	1.37	.01	.13	.72	.02	.28	1.04
40 - 49	.03	.42	1.27	.00	.13	.64	.02	.27	.95
50 - 59	.04	.47	1.21	.01	.13	.51	.02	.29	.85
60 - 69	.03	.28	.77	.01	.10	.34	.02	.19	.55
70 & over	.04	.23	.60	.01	.09	.23	.02	.15	.40
<b>Total <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>.03</b>	<b>.33</b>	<b>.96</b>	<b>.01</b>	<b>.11</b>	<b>.47</b>	<b>.02</b>	<b>.21</b>	<b>.71</b>
Child 0-15	.00	.05	.12	-	.01	.02	.00	.03	.07
Adult 16+	.03	.39	1.14	.01	.13	.55	.02	.25	.84
<b>Passenger vehicle/pillion</b>									
0 - 4	.00	.03	.23	.00	.04	.24	.00	.04	.24
5 - 11	-	.04	.29	-	.04	.33	-	.04	.31
12 - 15	-	.06	.26	.00	.08	.39	.00	.07	.32
16 - 22	.01	.21	.66	.00	.16	.73	.01	.19	.69
23 - 25	.01	.11	.39	.01	.11	.49	.01	.11	.44
26 - 29	.01	.09	.35	-	.08	.34	.00	.09	.35
30 - 39	.01	.06	.25	.00	.05	.27	.00	.05	.26
40 - 49	.00	.04	.15	.00	.04	.22	.00	.04	.19
50 - 59	.00	.04	.12	.00	.07	.25	.00	.05	.19
60 - 69	.00	.03	.10	.01	.08	.27	.01	.06	.19
70 & over	.01	.04	.11	.02	.11	.30	.01	.08	.21
<b>Total <sup>1</sup></b>	<b>.00</b>	<b>.06</b>	<b>.23</b>	<b>.01</b>	<b>.08</b>	<b>.32</b>	<b>.00</b>	<b>.07</b>	<b>.28</b>
Child 0-15	.00	.05	.26	.00	.05	.32	.00	.05	.29
Adult 16+	.01	.06	.22	.01	.08	.32	.01	.07	.27

1. Includes those whose sex and/or age was not known.

2. Mid-year population estimates for 2022 were not available, estimates for 2021 used instead.

Table 35

**Reported child/adult pedestrian casualties in single vehicle collisions, by pedestrian action, pedestrian crossing details 2014-18, 2018-22 averages and 2018 to 2022**

**Child pedestrian**

			In 50 metres			Crossing elsewhere	Other/unknown	All locations
		On ped crossing	In zig zag crossing	crossing				
Crossing road-not concealed by vehicle	2014-18 average	41	4	23	168	18	254	
	2018	35	4	15	126	18	198	
	2019	34	2	24	137	16	213	
	2020	34	3	11	90	11	149	
	2021	33	1	11	92	7	144	
	2022	47	1	24	93	14	179	
	2018-22 average	37	2	17	108	13	177	
	Crossing road-concealed by vehicle	2014-18 average	6	1	12	93	6	118
2018		1	-	11	73	2	87	
2019		4	1	5	58	2	70	
2020		-	1	4	35	8	48	
2021		6	-	5	45	4	60	
2022		4	-	6	48	4	62	
2018-22 average		3	0	6	52	4	65	
Standing/walking		2014-18 average	-	-	-	-	16	16
	2018	-	-	-	-	13	13	
	2019	-	-	-	-	8	8	
	2020	-	-	-	-	4	4	
	2021	-	-	-	-	8	8	
	2022	-	-	-	-	16	16	
	2018-22 average	-	-	-	-	10	10	
	Other/unknown	2014-18 average	1	-	0	4	26	31
2018		1	-	1	3	19	24	
2019		-	-	-	8	17	25	
2020		1	-	-	6	10	17	
2021		1	-	-	-	19	20	
2022		-	-	-	5	23	28	
2018-22 average		1	-	0	4	18	23	
Total		2014-18 average	47	5	35	266	66	419
	2018	37	4	27	202	52	322	
	2019	38	3	29	203	43	316	
	2020	35	4	15	131	33	218	
	2021	40	1	16	137	38	232	
	2022	51	1	30	146	57	285	
	2018-22 average	40	3	23	164	45	275	

Table 35

**Reported child/adult pedestrian casualties in single vehicle collisions, by pedestrian action, pedestrian crossing details 2014-18, 2018-22 averages and 2018 to 2022**

**Adult pedestrian**

		On ped crossing	In zig zag crossing	In 50 metres crossing	Crossing elsewhere	Other/unknown	All locations
Crossing road-not concealed by vehicle	2014-18 average	125	10	93	356	47	631
	2018	85	7	92	290	37	511
	2019	116	6	61	302	64	549
	2020	78	2	34	183	32	329
	2021	82	3	35	152	24	296
	2022	79	4	36	185	44	348
	2018-22 average	88	4	52	222	40	407
	Crossing road-concealed by vehicle	2014-18 average	9	3	18	74	7
2018		8	2	17	71	3	101
2019		7	1	15	48	2	73
2020		5	-	5	31	1	42
2021		5	-	4	23	2	34
2022		6	-	7	28	6	47
2018-22 average		6	1	10	40	3	59
Standing/walking		2014-18 average	0	-	-	-	121
	2018	-	-	-	-	102	102
	2019	-	-	-	-	93	93
	2020	-	-	-	-	78	78
	2021	-	-	-	-	79	79
	2022	-	-	-	-	95	95
	2018-22 average	-	-	-	-	89	89
	Other/unknown	2014-18 average	3	0	3	23	138
2018		2	1	1	11	120	135
2019		6	-	1	19	123	149
2020		3	-	-	14	88	105
2021		1	-	-	11	55	67
2022		5	-	2	12	65	84
2018-22 average		3	0	1	13	90	108
Total		2014-18 average	137	13	114	454	314
	2018	95	10	110	372	262	849
	2019	129	7	77	369	282	864
	2020	86	2	39	228	199	554
	2021	88	3	39	186	160	476
	2022	90	4	45	225	210	574
	2018-22 average	98	5	62	276	223	663

**Table 36**  
**Casualties by council, severity and road type**  
**Years: 2014-2018 and 2018-2022 averages, 2018-22**

		Killed										Adjusted Serious										All severities																	
		Local Auth.		Local Auth.		All LA roads		ALL ROADS		Trunk		Local Auth.		Local Auth.		Local Auth.		Local Auth.		All LA roads		ALL ROADS		Trunk		Local Auth.		Local Auth.		Local Auth.		All LA roads		ALL ROADS					
		Non Built Up	Built Up	Major Built Up	Minor Built Up	Major Built Up	Minor Built Up	Major Built Up	Minor Built Up	Major Built Up	Minor Built Up	Major Built Up	Minor Built Up	Major Built Up	Minor Built Up	Major Built Up	Minor Built Up	Major Built Up	Minor Built Up	Major Built Up	Minor Built Up	Major Built Up	Minor Built Up																
Aberdeen City	2014-18 average	1	3	3	4	10	1	5	21	47	74	84	29	3	13	59	122	197	227	1	3	3	4	10	1	5	21	47	74	84	29	3	13	59	122	197	227		
	2018	-	-	2	2	5	2	3	19	33	56	62	13	4	8	45	84	141	158	-	-	2	2	5	2	3	19	33	56	62	13	4	8	45	84	141	158		
	2019	1	-	2	2	3	4	1	3	21	28	54	57	10	4	7	54	73	138	1	-	2	2	3	4	1	3	21	28	54	57	10	4	7	54	73	138	148	
	2020	-	-	1	1	1	3	-	2	16	18	36	39	5	-	4	37	40	81	-	-	1	1	1	3	-	2	16	18	36	39	5	-	4	37	40	81	86	
	2021	-	-	2	2	2	1	-	3	10	13	26	27	3	1	3	23	35	62	-	-	2	2	2	1	-	3	10	13	26	27	3	1	3	23	35	62	65	
	2022	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	2	11	12	27	28	4	7	9	26	36	78	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	2	11	12	27	28	4	7	9	26	36	78	82	
	2018-22 average	0	-	2	2	3	1	2	3	15	21	40	43	7	3	6	37	54	100	107	0	-	2	2	3	1	2	3	15	21	40	43	7	3	6	37	54	100	107
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-	-	-	-	-90	-	-	-	-47	-74	-64	-67	-86	-	-30	-56	-71	-60	-64	-	-	-	-	-90	-	-	-47	-74	-64	-67	-86	-	-30	-56	-71	-60	-64		
18-22 av	-	-	-	-	-73	-	-	-	-25	-56	-46	-49	-76	-	-52	-37	-56	-49	-53	-	-	-	-	-73	-	-	-25	-56	-46	-49	-76	-	-52	-37	-56	-49	-53		
Aberdeenshire	2014-18 average	3	11	2	12	15	31	58	65	9	24	158	187	81	125	142	24	63	354	3	11	2	12	15	31	58	65	9	24	158	187	81	125	142	24	63	354	435	
	2018	1	7	-	7	8	27	33	67	11	22	132	159	73	76	137	28	38	279	1	7	-	7	8	27	33	67	11	22	132	159	73	76	137	28	38	279	352	
	2019	4	6	-	6	10	23	47	39	5	10	101	124	60	99	78	16	37	230	4	6	-	6	10	23	47	39	5	10	101	124	60	99	78	16	37	230	290	
	2020	4	2	1	3	7	23	28	27	4	6	65	88	42	57	39	7	21	124	4	2	1	3	7	23	28	27	4	6	65	88	42	57	39	7	21	124	166	
	2021	3	9	-	9	12	27	19	33	4	11	67	94	52	49	60	7	24	140	3	9	-	9	12	27	19	33	4	11	67	94	52	49	60	7	24	140	192	
	2022	3	8	1	9	12	18	45	28	10	4	87	105	43	88	70	18	18	194	3	8	1	9	12	18	45	28	10	4	87	105	43	88	70	18	18	194	237	
	2018-22 average	3	6	0	7	10	24	34	39	7	11	90	114	54	74	77	15	28	193	3	6	0	7	10	24	34	39	7	11	90	114	54	74	77	15	28	193	247	
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-	-25	-	-26	-21	-42	-22	-57	-	-84	-44	-47	-30	-51	-24	-71	-45	-46	-	-25	-	-26	-21	-42	-22	-57	-	-84	-44	-47	-30	-51	-24	-71	-45	-46			
18-22 av	-	-40	-	-44	-36	-24	-41	-41	-	-57	-42	-39	-33	-41	-46	-36	-56	-45	-43	-	-40	-	-44	-36	-24	-41	-41	-	-57	-42	-39	-33	-41	-46	-36	-56	-45	-43	
Angus	2014-18 average	1	4	1	5	6	8	14	19	7	10	50	58	20	39	47	26	38	150	1	4	1	5	6	8	14	19	7	10	50	58	20	39	47	26	38	150	170	
	2018	-	2	-	2	2	4	13	22	12	7	55	59	11	37	57	30	21	145	-	2	-	2	2	4	13	22	12	7	55	59	11	37	57	30	21	145	156	
	2019	1	2	-	2	3	6	8	13	10	11	42	49	20	24	40	26	22	112	1	2	-	2	3	6	8	13	10	11	42	49	20	24	40	26	22	112	132	
	2020	1	1	1	2	3	9	16	12	4	8	40	49	28	60	37	34	32	163	1	1	1	2	3	9	16	12	4	8	40	49	28	60	37	34	32	163	191	
	2021	-	1	2	3	3	4	16	16	10	5	47	51	29	32	39	23	35	129	-	1	2	3	3	4	16	16	10	5	47	51	29	32	39	23	35	129	158	
	2022	-	1	-	1	1	3	7	12	11	12	42	45	15	23	40	19	34	116	-	1	-	1	1	3	7	12	11	12	42	45	15	23	40	19	34	116	131	
	2018-22 average	0	1	1	2	2	5	12	15	10	8	45	51	21	35	43	26	29	133	0	1	1	2	2	5	12	15	10	8	45	51	21	35	43	26	29	133	154	
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-49	-36	-	-	-17	-16	-22	-26	-41	-15	-27	-10	-23	-	-	-	-	-49	-36	-	-	-17	-16	-22	-26	-41	-15	-27	-10	-23	-23			
18-22 av	-	-	-	-	-	-12	-20	-	-	-17	-16	-22	-26	-41	-15	-27	-10	-23	-	-	-	-	-12	-20	-	-	-17	-16	-22	-26	-41	-15	-27	-10	-23	-23			
Argyll & Bute	2014-18 average	4	2	-	3	6	44	20	11	7	7	44	88	118	52	30	26	29	136	4	2	-	3	6	44	20	11	7	7	44	88	118	52	30	26	29	136	255	
	2018	5	3	-	3	8	45	14	6	7	4	31	76	111	29	21	20	26	96	5	3	-	3	8	45	14	6	7	4	31	76	111	29	21	20	26	96	207	
	2019	6	3	-	3	9	50	24	10	8	6	49	99	83	62	28	14	19	123	6	3	-	3	9	50	24	10	8	6	49	99	83	62	28	14	19	123	206	
	2020	2	5	-	5	7	17	9	4	4	3	20	37	51	22	15	17	14	68	2	5	-	5	7	17	9	4	4	3	20	37	51	22	15	17	14	68	119	
	2021	4	4	1	5	9	19	17	4	2	3	26	45	49	31	17	13	15	76	4	4	1	5	9	19	17	4	2	3	26	45	49	31	17	13	15	76	125	
	2022	5	3	3	6	11	25	12	5	2	3	22	47	58	29	8	10	13	60	5	3	3	6	11	25	12	5	2	3	22	47	58	29	8	10	13	60	118	
	2018-22 average	4	4	1	4	9	31	15	6	5	4	30	61	70	35	18	15	17	85	4	4	1	4	9	31	15	6	5	4	30	61	70	35	18	15	17	85	155	
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-	-	-	-	-43	-39	-53	-	-	-50	-46	-51	-44	-73	-62	-55	-56	-54	-	-	-	-	-43	-39	-53	-	-	-50	-46	-51	-44	-73	-62	-55	-56	-54			
18-22 av	-	-	-	-	-28	-23	-44	-	-	-33	-31	-41	-33	-40	-43	-40	-38	-39	-	-	-	-	-28	-23	-44	-	-	-33	-31	-41	-33	-40	-43	-40	-38	-39			
Clackmannanshire	2014-18 average	-	1	-	1	1	4	2	5	7	18	18	2	11	7	24	27	69	-	1	-	1	1	4	2	5	7	18	18	2	11	7	24	27	69	70			
	2018	-	2	2	4	4	-	5	-	4	4	13	13	-	9	6	8	21	44	-	2	2	4	4	-	5	-	4	4	13	13	-	9	6	8	21	44	44	
	2019	-	1	2	3	3	1	2	1	4	2	7	8	1	4	5	7	25	26	-	1	2	3	3	1	2	1	4	2	7	8	1	4	5	7	25	26	26	
	2020	-	1	-	1	1	-	4	3	4	2	13	13	-	7	5	7	6	25	25	-	1	-	1	1	-	4	3	4	2	13	13	-	7	5	7	6	25	25
	2021	-	2	2	2	2	-	3	2	3	7	15	15	-	7	4	4	15	30	30	-	2	2	2	2	-	3	2	3	7	15	15	-	7	4	4	15	30	30
	2022	-	1	1	2	2	0	3	2	4	4	13	13	0	7	4	8	14	33	33	-	1	1	2	2	0	3	2	4	4	13	13	0	7	4	8	14	33	33
	2018-22 average	-	1	1	2	2	0	3	2	4	4	13	13	0	7	4	8	14	33	-	1	1	2	2	0	3	2	4	4	13	13	0	7	4	8	14	33	33	
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-17	-19	-	-39	-	-83	-45	-56	-57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-17	-19	-	-39	-	-83	-45	-56	-57	-53			
18-22 av	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-29	-29	-	-35	-	-67	-50	-52	-53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-29	-29</											



**Table 36**  
**Casualties by council, severity and road type**  
**Years: 2014-2018 and 2018-2022 averages, 2018-22**

	Trunk	Killed				Adjusted Serious								All severities					
		Local Auth.	Local Auth.	All LA roads	ALL ROADS	Trunk	Local Auth.	Local Auth.	Local Auth.	Local Auth.	All LA roads	ALL ROADS	Trunk	Local Auth.	Local Auth.	Local Auth.	All LA roads	ALL ROADS	
		Non Built Up	Built Up				Major Built Up	Non Built Up	Minor Built Up	Major Built Up	Minor Built Up			Major Built Up	Non Built Up	Minor Built Up	Major Built Up	Minor Built Up	
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-67	-48	-29	-	-58	-41	-47	-63	-36	-44	-29	-80	-48	-51
18-22 av	-	-	-	-	-	-29	-27	-31	-	-54	-33	-32	-39	-32	-41	-38	-55	-40	-40
<b>Shetland Islands</b>																			
2014-18 average	-	1	1	1	1	-	5	2	1	1	8	8	-	18	4	4	3	28	28
2018	-	-	1	1	1	-	5	-	-	-	5	5	-	15	1	-	2	18	18
2019	-	-	1	1	1	-	5	1	-	2	8	8	-	13	3	2	8	26	26
2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	4	4	-	7	2	1	2	12	12
2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	5	5	-	5	4	1	-	10	10
2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	4	4	-	8	1	-	-	9	9
2018-22 average	-	-	0	0	0	-	4	1	0	1	5	5	-	10	2	1	2	15	15
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-56	-	-	-	-68	-68
18-22 av	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-47	-	-	-	-46	-46
<b>South Ayrshire</b>																			
2014-18 average	2	3	1	3	5	16	9	16	11	16	52	68	57	29	40	47	53	170	227
2018	1	-	-	-	1	13	8	12	11	13	43	56	41	20	23	49	35	127	168
2019	1	1	-	1	2	20	5	14	8	9	37	57	52	22	35	33	31	121	173
2020	-	2	-	2	2	6	2	11	6	8	27	33	17	13	30	22	16	81	98
2021	-	4	2	6	6	10	7	3	8	10	28	38	25	21	8	15	22	66	91
2022	3	1	2	3	6	11	5	8	7	6	26	37	26	8	14	24	21	67	93
2018-22 average	1	2	1	2	3	12	5	10	8	9	32	44	32	17	22	29	25	92	125
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-33	-	-50	-34	-62	-50	-46	-54	-73	-65	-49	-61	-61	-59
18-22 av	-	-	-	-	-	-28	-	-40	-24	-42	-38	-35	-43	-43	-46	-39	-53	-46	-45
<b>South Lanarkshire</b>																			
2014-18 average	4	3	4	7	11	23	27	15	21	51	114	137	109	82	54	115	220	471	580
2018	6	3	5	8	14	26	14	9	19	44	86	112	122	56	46	107	177	386	508
2019	3	8	2	10	13	21	22	16	17	44	99	120	86	62	50	82	152	346	432
2020	1	4	5	9	10	12	22	11	13	27	73	85	54	59	29	67	111	266	320
2021	3	3	1	4	7	24	12	6	15	25	58	82	68	40	18	46	81	185	253
2022	5	1	4	5	10	22	13	11	14	24	62	84	66	43	27	53	95	218	284
2018-22 average	4	4	3	7	11	21	16	11	16	33	76	97	79	52	34	71	123	280	359
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-	-	-	-	-11	-3	-52	-27	-34	-53	-46	-39	-39	-48	-50	-54	-57	-54	-51
18-22 av	-	-	-	-	-4	-7	-39	-29	-26	-36	-34	-30	-27	-37	-37	-38	-44	-40	-38
<b>Stirling</b>																			
2014-18 average	3	1	2	3	6	26	20	7	8	13	47	73	74	58	17	32	46	152	227
2018	3	-	2	2	5	22	21	6	6	9	43	65	59	49	17	26	30	122	181
2019	4	-	1	1	5	28	16	2	7	9	34	61	57	48	4	27	27	106	163
2020	4	3	2	5	9	17	11	6	1	3	21	38	42	25	18	13	14	70	112
2021	2	3	-	3	5	9	15	3	6	6	30	39	26	28	8	17	18	71	97
2022	-	-	-	-	-	17	15	7	4	7	33	50	35	55	22	16	14	107	142
2018-22 average	3	1	1	2	5	19	16	5	5	7	32	51	44	41	14	20	21	95	139
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-36	-24	-	-	-44	-29	-32	-53	-5	29	-50	-30	-37	-39
18-22 av	-	-	-	-	-	-30	-20	-	-	-46	-31	-31	-41	-29	-19	-38	-55	-38	-39
<b>West Dunbartonshire</b>																			
2014-18 average	1	-	1	1	2	8	4	-	11	12	27	35	31	18	1	46	50	115	147
2018	1	-	-	-	1	10	1	1	7	12	21	31	33	4	1	38	32	75	108
2019	1	-	-	-	1	3	4	-	9	11	23	26	16	6	-	37	46	89	105
2020	-	1	1	2	2	6	-	-	5	9	14	20	11	3	-	18	24	45	56
2021	1	-	1	1	2	7	3	-	2	9	14	21	18	8	-	9	21	38	56
2022	2	-	-	-	2	3	3	-	7	1	11	14	18	6	-	13	16	35	53
2018-22 average	1	0	0	1	2	6	2	0	6	8	17	22	19	5	0	23	28	56	76
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-34	-92	-60	-60	-42	-67	-	-72	-68	-70	-64
18-22 av	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-44	-31	-39	-36	-38	-70	-	-50	-45	-51	-48
<b>West Lothian</b>																			
2014-18 average	2	1	2	3	5	10	21	15	11	38	85	96	60	89	56	53	203	400	460
2018	2	2	-	2	4	10	24	11	8	38	81	91	56	76	42	39	185	342	398
2019	-	4	3	7	7	8	15	9	8	34	65	73	50	64	32	36	125	257	307
2020	1	4	1	5	6	3	25	7	6	20	58	61	31	60	34	24	53	171	202
2021	4	1	-	1	5	14	15	7	6	20	48	62	51	53	32	40	78	203	254
2022	-	2	5	7	7	6	15	4	10	22	51	57	50	61	22	40	94	217	267
2018-22 average	1	3	2	4	6	8	19	8	8	27	61	69	48	63	32	36	107	238	286
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-42	-29	-72	-10	-43	-40	-40	-16	-31	-60	-24	-54	-46	-42
18-22 av	-	-	-	-	-	-21	-11	-47	-32	-30	-29	-28	-20	-29	-42	-32	-47	-41	-38
<b>Scotland</b>																			
2014-18 average	57	69	47	116	174	536	417	369	474	974	2,235	2,771	2,003	1,250	1,060	1,985	3,910	8,204	10,207
2018	56	65	40	105	161	531	376	349	432	850	2,007	2,538	1,783	987	956	1,650	3,048	6,641	8,424
2019	53	62	49	111	164	483	429	270	391	828	1,918	2,401	1,563	1,127	714	1,471	2,831	6,143	7,706
2020	43	45	53	98	141	280	247	195	275	538	1,255	1,535	958	684	531	978	1,911	4,104	5,062
2021	43	58	40	98	141	349	258	184	296	531	1,269	1,618	1,186	702	527	935	1,765	3,929	5,115
2022	65	64	44	108	173	327	312	216	311	610	1,449	1,776	1,120	870	594	1,051	1,986	4,501	5,621
2018-22 average	52	59	45	104	156	394	324	243	341	671	1,579	1,974	1,322	874	664	1,217	2,308	5,064	6,386
% ch on 14-18 av: 2022	14	-7	-7	-7	0	-39	-25	-42	-34	-37	-35	-36	-44	-30	-44	-47	-49	-45	-45
18-22 av	-9	-15	-5	-11	-10	-26	-22	-34	-28	-31	-29	-29	-34	-30	-37	-39	-41	-38	-37

Table 37

**Reported casualties by police force division, council and severity**  
**Years: 2014-18, 2018-22 averages and 2022**

	2014-18 average			Numbers in 2022			2018-22 average		
	Killed	Adjusted serious	All severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All severities
Police Council									
North East <sup>1</sup>	24	318	761	17	152	368	17	182	412
Aberdeen City	4	84	227	1	28	82	2	43	107
Aberdeenshire	15	187	435	12	105	237	10	114	247
Moray	5	47	99	4	19	49	5	25	58
Tayside	18	200	594	9	170	541	10	177	521
Dundee City	1	47	157	-	40	181	1	45	156
Angus	6	58	170	1	45	131	2	51	154
Perth & Kinross	11	95	267	8	85	229	7	82	212
Argyll/W.Dunbartonshire	8	123	401	13	61	171	10	83	231
Argyll & Bute	6	88	255	11	47	118	9	61	155
West Dunbartonshire	2	35	147	2	14	53	2	22	76
Forth Valley	9	165	584	7	102	282	11	105	319
Clackmannanshire	-	18	70	2	15	30	2	13	33
Stirling	6	73	227	-	50	142	5	51	139
Falkirk	3	73	287	5	37	110	4	42	147
Dumfries & Galloway	11	114	371	8	80	251	7	85	244
Ayrsh/Ayrshire	12	200	694	17	128	338	12	139	410
North Ayrshire	4	70	233	5	44	121	3	49	144
East Ayrshire	3	62	234	6	47	124	5	47	142
South Ayrshire	5	68	227	6	37	93	3	44	125
Greater Glasgow	12	358	1,652	10	271	883	12	270	1,027
Glasgow City	12	305	1,432	7	223	764	10	228	889
East Dunbartonshire	-	25	110	1	23	43	1	20	64
East Renfrewshire	-	28	110	2	25	76	1	22	74
Lothians/Scot Borders	20	311	1,170	22	183	685	17	214	733
West Lothian	5	96	460	7	57	267	6	69	286
Midlothian	3	59	213	1	31	138	1	33	138
East Lothian	3	59	217	4	43	143	2	45	139
Scottish Borders	9	98	281	10	52	137	8	67	170
Edinburgh, City of	7	295	1,234	5	168	615	5	187	708
Highlands & Islands	21	179	602	36	130	346	25	155	444
Highland	18	155	523	32	118	308	21	138	390
Orkney Islands	1	7	20	4	4	17	2	5	17
Shetland Islands	1	8	28	-	4	9	-	5	15
Eilean Siar	1	9	31	-	4	12	1	7	21
Fife	10	140	511	8	95	357	9	115	368
Renfrewshire/Inverclyde	5	105	458	5	75	215	4	76	262
Inverclyde	2	30	138	1	22	50	1	22	78
Renfrewshire	4	75	320	4	53	165	3	53	185
Lanarkshire	17	264	1,173	16	161	569	17	185	708
North Lanarkshire	5	127	594	6	77	285	6	89	348
South Lanarkshire	11	137	580	10	84	284	11	97	359
Scotland	174	2,771	10,207	173	1,776	5,621	156	1,974	6,386

1. In 2015 the police created a new North East division by combining Aberdeenshire, Moray and Aberdeenshire councils.

Table 37(continued)

Reported casualties by police force division, council and severity  
 Percent changes and rates per 1,000 population,  
 Years: 2014-18, 2018-22 averages and 2022

	2022 % change on 2014-18 ave			2018-22 % change on 2014-18 ave			2022 rates per 1,000 population <sup>2</sup>		
	Killed	Adjusted serious	All severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All severities
Police Council									
North East <sup>1</sup>	-28	-52	-52	-30	-43	-46	0.03	0.26	0.63
Aberdeen City	-	-67	-64	-	-49	-53	0	0.12	0.36
Aberdeenshire	-21	-44	-46	-36	-39	-43	0.05	0.4	0.9
Moray	-	-59	-51	-	-46	-42	0.04	0.2	0.51
Tayside	-51	-15	-9	-43	-12	-12	0.02	0.41	1.3
Dundee City	-	-16	15	-	-6	-1	-	0.27	1.23
Angus	-	-22	-23	-	-13	-10	0.01	0.39	1.13
Perth & Kinross	-27	-10	-14	-36	-14	-21	0.05	0.55	1.49
Argyll/W.Dunbartonshire	-	-50	-57	-	-32	-43	0.07	0.35	0.98
Argyll & Bute	-	-46	-54	-	-31	-39	0.13	0.55	1.37
West Dunbartonshire	-	-60	-64	-	-36	-48	0.02	0.16	0.6
Forth Valley	-	-38	-52	-	-36	-45	0.02	0.33	0.92
Clackmannanshire	-	-19	-57	-	-29	-53	0.04	0.29	0.58
Stirling	-	-32	-37	-	-31	-39	-	0.53	1.52
Falkirk	-	-50	-62	-	-43	-49	0.03	0.23	0.68
Dumfries & Galloway	-30	-30	-32	-35	-25	-34	0.05	0.54	1.69
Ayrshir Ayrshire	47	-36	-51	0	-30	-41	0.05	0.35	0.92
North Ayrshire	-	-37	-48	-	-30	-38	0.04	0.33	0.9
East Ayrshire	-	-24	-47	-	-25	-39	0.05	0.39	1.02
South Ayrshire	-	-46	-59	-	-35	-45	0.05	0.33	0.83
Greater Glasgow	-17	-24	-47	-3	-24	-38	0.01	0.32	1.05
Glasgow City	-40	-27	-47	-16	-25	-38	0.01	0.35	1.2
East Dunbartonshire	-	-9	-61	-	-19	-42	0.01	0.21	0.39
East Renfrewshire	-	-10	-31	-	-20	-33	0.02	0.26	0.79
Lothians/Scot Borders	11	-41	-41	-15	-31	-37	0.04	0.36	1.35
West Lothian	-	-40	-42	-	-28	-38	0.04	0.31	1.44
Midlothian	-	-47	-35	-	-43	-35	0.01	0.33	1.46
East Lothian	-	-27	-34	-	-24	-36	0.04	0.39	1.3
Scottish Borders	-	-47	-51	-	-32	-40	0.09	0.45	1.18
Edinbu Edinburgh, City of	-	-43	-50	-	-36	-43	0.01	0.32	1.17
Highlands & Islands	70	-27	-43	16	-13	-26	0.12	0.42	1.12
Highland	78	-24	-41	19	-11	-25	0.13	0.5	1.29
Orkney Islands	-	-	-16	-	-	-15	0.18	0.18	0.75
Shetland Islands	-	-	-68	-	-	-46	-	0.17	0.39
Eilean Siar	-	-	-62	-	-	-31	-	0.15	0.45
Fife	-	-32	-30	-	-18	-28	0.02	0.25	0.95
Renfrewshire/Inverclyde	-	-28	-53	-	-28	-43	0.02	0.29	0.84
Inverclyde	-	-26	-64	-	-25	-44	0.01	0.29	0.65
Renfrewshire	-	-29	-48	-	-29	-42	0.02	0.29	0.92
Lanarkshire	-4	-39	-52	2	-30	-40	0.02	0.24	0.86
North Lanarkshire	-	-40	-52	-	-30	-41	0.02	0.23	0.83
South Lanarkshire	-11	-39	-51	-4	-30	-38	0.03	0.26	0.88
Scotland	0	-36	-45	-10	-29	-37	0.03	0.32	1.03

Percentage changes are not shown if the baseline (2014-18 average) is less than 10

1. In 2015 the police created a new North East division by combining Aberdeenshire, Moray and Aberdeenshire councils.

2. Mid-year population estimates for 2022 were not available, estimates for 2021 used instead.

Table 38

Reported pedestrian casualties by police force division, council and severity  
 Years: 2014-18, 2018-22 averages and 2022

	2014-18 average			Numbers in 2022			2018-22 average		
	Killed	Adjusted serious	All severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All severities
Police Council									
North East <sup>1</sup>	5	50	97	2	17	44	3	24	48
Aberdeen City	2	27	53	-	8	21	1	14	26
Aberdeenshire	3	17	34	1	8	20	1	8	16
Moray	0	6	10	1	1	3	1	3	7
Tayside	3	38	89	1	36	87	2	34	73
Dundee City	1	19	42	-	20	48	1	18	38
Angus	1	7	19	-	7	18	0	7	15
Perth & Kinross	1	12	27	1	9	21	1	9	19
Argyll/W.Dunbartonshire	1	19	44	1	7	25	1	11	26
Argyll & Bute	0	7	17	-	2	6	0	4	10
West Dunbartonshire	1	13	27	1	5	19	1	7	16
Forth Valley	1	31	70	3	15	39	2	16	42
Clackmannanshire	0	5	12	1	2	7	1	3	8
Stirling	1	10	23	-	5	12	0	5	12
Falkirk	0	16	35	2	8	20	1	9	22
Dumfries & Galloway	1	11	27	-	4	12	1	9	20
Ayrshire	2	40	92	2	23	56	2	33	66
North Ayrshire	1	14	33	1	3	15	0	12	25
East Ayrshire	0	13	28	-	12	22	1	12	23
South Ayrshire	1	13	30	1	8	19	1	9	18
Greater Glasgow	8	152	365	3	92	227	6	99	236
Glasgow City	8	135	326	3	86	210	5	88	209
East Dunbartonshire	-	7	19	-	4	6	1	7	14
East Renfrewshire	-	9	21	-	2	11	0	5	13
Lothians/Scot Borders	3	49	118	7	37	89	4	32	79
West Lothian	1	20	49	4	17	38	2	13	32
Midlothian	0	9	22	1	8	22	0	6	17
East Lothian	1	12	28	2	4	17	1	8	19
Scottish Borders	1	8	19	-	8	12	1	5	12
Edinburgh, City of	3	103	265	4	47	134	3	57	152
Highlands & Islands	3	16	47	1	7	13	2	13	30
Highland	2	13	37	1	6	12	2	11	24
Orkney Islands	0	1	4	-	1	1	-	1	2
Shetland Islands	0	1	3	-	-	-	0	0	1
Eilean Siar	0	1	3	-	-	-	0	1	2
Fife	2	29	70	2	17	40	4	22	54
Renfrewshire/Inverclyde	3	32	79	1	21	41	2	24	53
Inverclyde	1	8	24	-	6	9	0	7	15
Renfrewshire	2	24	55	1	15	32	1	17	38
Lanarkshire	6	74	182	6	44	105	5	50	121
North Lanarkshire	3	40	96	3	28	63	3	28	65
South Lanarkshire	3	34	86	3	16	42	2	22	56
Scotland	41	644	1543	33	367	912	37	423	1,001

1. In 2015 the police created a new North East division by combining Aberdeenshire, Moray and Aberdeenshire councils.

Table 38(continued)

Reported pedestrian casualties by police force division, council and severity  
 Percent changes and rates per 1,000 population,  
 Years: 2014-18, 2018-22 averages and 2022

	2022 % change on 2014-18 ave			2018-22 % change on 2014-18 ave			2022 rates per 1,000 population <sup>2</sup>		
	Killed	Adjusted serious	All severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All severities	Killed	Adjusted serious	All severities
Police (Council)									
North East <sup>1</sup>	-	-66	-55	-	-52	-50	0	0.03	0.08
Aberdeen City	-	-70	-60	-	-49	-51	-	0.04	0.09
Aberdeenshire	-	-54	-41	-	-56	-54	0	0.03	0.08
Moray	-	-	-71	-	-	-33	0.01	0.01	0.03
Tayside	-	-6	-2	-	-11	-18	0	0.09	0.21
Dundee City	-	6	14	-	-3	-9	-	0.14	0.32
Angus	-	-	-6	-	-	-23	-	0.06	0.16
Perth & Kinross	-	-24	-23	-	-24	-29	0.01	0.06	0.14
Argyll/W.Dunbartonshire	-	-64	-43	-	-43	-40	0.01	0.04	0.14
Argyll & Bute	-	-	-64	-	-	-38	-	0.02	0.07
West Dunbartonshire	-	-61	-30	-	-46	-41	0.01	0.06	0.22
Forth Valley	-	-51	-44	-	-47	-40	0.01	0.05	0.13
Clackmannanshire	-	-	-41	-	-	-32	0.02	0.04	0.14
Stirling	-	-	-49	-	-	-49	-	0.05	0.13
Falkirk	-	-51	-42	-	-46	-36	0.01	0.05	0.12
Dumfries & Galloway	-	-63	-56	-	-21	-24	-	0.03	0.08
Ayrshire	-	-43	-39	-	-19	-28	0.01	0.06	0.15
North Ayrshire	-	-78	-55	-	-13	-25	0.01	0.02	0.11
East Ayrshire	-	-9	-21	-	-12	-19	-	0.1	0.18
South Ayrshire	-	-40	-37	-	-31	-41	0.01	0.07	0.17
Greater Glasgow	-	-39	-38	-	-34	-35	0	0.11	0.27
Glasgow City	-	-37	-36	-	-35	-36	0	0.14	0.33
East Dunbartonshire	-	-	-68	-	-	-25	-	0.04	0.06
East Renfrewshire	-	-	-47	-	-	-38	-	0.02	0.11
Lothians/Scot Borders	-	-24	-25	-	-35	-33	0.01	0.07	0.18
West Lothian	-	-14	-22	-	-34	-35	0.02	0.09	0.2
Midlothian	-	-	-1	-	-	-25	0.01	0.08	0.23
East Lothian	-	-66	-39	-	-35	-34	0.02	0.04	0.16
Scottish Borders	-	-	-37	-	-	-36	-	0.07	0.1
Edinburgh, City of	-	-54	-49	-	-45	-42	0.01	0.09	0.25
Highlands & Islands	-	-57	-72	-	-23	-37	0	0.02	0.04
Highland	-	-54	-68	-	-18	-35	0	0.03	0.05
Orkney Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.04	0.04
Shetland Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eilean Siar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fife	-	-42	-43	-	-23	-22	0.01	0.05	0.11
Renfrewshire/Inverclyde	-	-34	-48	-	-26	-33	0	0.08	0.16
Inverclyde	-	-	-62	-	-	-37	-	0.08	0.12
Renfrewshire	-	-37	-42	-	-28	-31	0.01	0.08	0.18
Lanarkshire	-	-41	-42	-	-33	-34	0.01	0.07	0.16
North Lanarkshire	-	-30	-35	-	-30	-33	0.01	0.08	0.18
South Lanarkshire	-	-53	-51	-	-36	-34	0.01	0.05	0.13
Scotland	-20	-43	-41	-12	-34	-35	0.01	0.07	0.17

Percentage changes are not shown if the baseline (2004-08 average) is less than 10

1. In 2015 the police created a new North East division by combining Aberdeenshire, Moray and Aberdeenshire councils.

2. Mid-year population estimates for 2022 were not available, estimates for 2021 used instead.

Table 39a

**Estimated distance <sup>1</sup> between the home of the reported casualty and the location of the collision, by road user type and police force division in which the collision occurred**

Year: 2022

	North East <sup>5</sup>	Tayside	Argyll & West Dunbartonshire	Forth Valley	Dumfries & Galloway	Ayrshire	Greater Glasgow
<b>Pedestrian</b>							
Casualty from elsewhere in the UK	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
Scottish casualty, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Postcode blank, invalid or not known	13	15	6	9	0	10	29
Non - UK casualty <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Up to 2 km	20	55	10	22	9	33	136
Over 2 up to 5 km	1	8	2	2	1	6	29
Over 5 up to 10 km	2	4	1	1	1	1	14
Over 10 up to 20 km	3	1	3	3	0	1	10
Over 20 up to 50 km	2	2	1	0	0	5	3
Over 50 km	2	0	2	2	1	0	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>227</b>
<b>Pedal cycle user</b>							
Casualty from elsewhere in the UK	0	0	1	0	1	2	0
Scottish casualty, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Postcode blank, invalid or not known	7	4	1	1	1	3	10
Non - UK casualty <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Up to 2 km	12	15	2	4	8	4	48
Over 2 up to 5 km	5	7	4	3	0	7	33
Over 5 up to 10 km	0	4	1	5	3	2	12
Over 10 up to 20 km	1	3	0	1	1	0	3
Over 20 up to 50 km	1	1	0	2	0	1	1
Over 50 km	0	3	0	0	1	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>107</b>
<b>Motor cycle user</b>							
Casualty from elsewhere in the UK	2	4	3	2	6	2	1
Scottish casualty, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Postcode blank, invalid or not known	6	2	3	2	1	6	2
Non - UK casualty <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Up to 2 km	5	13	1	1	4	3	18
Over 2 up to 5 km	6	4	1	5	5	6	21
Over 5 up to 10 km	4	6	0	4	0	7	8
Over 10 up to 20 km	2	3	1	4	1	3	4
Over 20 up to 50 km	5	6	4	6	7	5	1
Over 50 km	6	5	6	6	4	0	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>56</b>
<b>Car user</b>							
Casualty from elsewhere in the UK	3	20	6	1	19	8	7
Scottish casualty, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Postcode blank, invalid or not known	31	46	13	27	1	29	25
Non - UK casualty <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Up to 2 km	19	57	14	29	36	32	110
Over 2 up to 5 km	40	52	12	26	18	28	101
Over 5 up to 10 km	28	42	9	33	21	35	72
Over 10 up to 20 km	33	29	17	28	28	24	57
Over 20 up to 50 km	33	47	11	31	24	26	28
Over 50 km	21	35	20	9	25	12	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>407</b>
<b>Other <sup>2</sup></b>							
Casualty from elsewhere in the UK	2	2	2	1	10	0	4
Scottish casualty, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Postcode blank, invalid or not known	4	8	5	2	1	6	2
Non - UK casualty <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Up to 2 km	4	2	4	2	4	7	25
Over 2 up to 5 km	5	12	2	0	2	4	25
Over 5 up to 10 km	19	7	0	0	1	8	12
Over 10 up to 20 km	4	2	0	3	3	6	9
Over 20 up to 50 km	7	5	1	5	0	4	6
Over 50 km	9	8	2	0	3	2	3
<b>Total</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>86</b>
<b>All casualties</b>							
Casualty from elsewhere in the UK	8	28	12	4	36	12	16
Scottish casualty, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Postcode blank, invalid or not known	61	75	28	41	4	54	68
Non - UK casualty <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Up to 2 km	60	142	31	58	61	79	337
Over 2 up to 5 km	57	83	21	36	26	51	209
Over 5 up to 10 km	53	63	11	43	26	53	118
Over 10 up to 20 km	43	38	21	39	33	34	83
Over 20 up to 50 km	48	61	17	44	31	41	39
Over 50 km	38	51	30	17	34	14	11
<b>Total</b>	<b>368</b>	<b>541</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>883</b>

1. Estimated using the postcode of the casualty's home, if available - please see Annex B.

2. 'Other' includes taxis, minibus, bus or coach, etc.

3. Fife, Lothian &amp; Borders and Tayside do not collect data for foreign drivers.

4. Due to a problem with the methodology in producing this table, there was an error with these figures in previous editions of this table.

4. In 2015 the police created a new North East division by combining Aberdeenshire, Moray and Aberdeenshire councils.

Table 39a cont'd

Estimated distance <sup>1</sup> between the home of the reported casualty and the location of the Collision, by road user type and police force division in which the collision occurred  
Year: 2022

	Lothians & Scottish Borders	Edinburgh	Highlands & Islands	Fife	Renfrewshire & Inverclyde	Lanarkshire	Scotland
<b>Pedestrian</b>							
Casualty from elsewhere in the UK	1	5	0	0	1	0	14
Scottish casualty, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Postcode blank, invalid or not known	14	20	4	9	9	21	159
Non - UK casualty <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Up to 2 km	53	67	5	20	23	60	513
Over 2 up to 5 km	7	10	1	4	4	12	87
Over 5 up to 10 km	5	14	1	3	2	5	54
Over 10 up to 20 km	6	6	0	1	1	6	41
Over 20 up to 50 km	3	7	0	2	1	1	27
Over 50 km	0	5	1	1	0	0	16
<b>Total</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>912</b>
<b>Pedal cycle user</b>							
Casualty from elsewhere in the UK	0	2	2	0	0	0	8
Scottish casualty, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Postcode blank, invalid or not known	2	12	1	6	5	1	54
Non - UK casualty <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Up to 2 km	22	60	2	2	5	14	198
Over 2 up to 5 km	8	45	1	1	0	8	122
Over 5 up to 10 km	8	10	0	1	3	5	54
Over 10 up to 20 km	7	6	1	2	1	3	29
Over 20 up to 50 km	1	2	0	1	0	0	10
Over 50 km	0	0	1	0	0	0	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>480</b>
<b>Motor cycle user</b>							
Casualty from elsewhere in the UK	5	1	19	0	0	3	48
Scottish casualty, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Postcode blank, invalid or not known	2	1	15	4	2	1	47
Non - UK casualty <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Up to 2 km	6	13	2	3	1	2	72
Over 2 up to 5 km	6	16	0	1	2	7	80
Over 5 up to 10 km	6	9	3	7	1	5	60
Over 10 up to 20 km	7	5	2	4	2	3	41
Over 20 up to 50 km	11	3	5	7	2	4	66
Over 50 km	4	2	15	1	3	0	53
<b>Total</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>467</b>
<b>Car user</b>							
Casualty from elsewhere in the UK	15	5	13	6	0	12	115
Scottish casualty, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	0	1	3	0	0	1	7
Postcode blank, invalid or not known	23	23	41	40	21	57	377
Non - UK casualty <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Up to 2 km	83	48	16	42	39	87	612
Over 2 up to 5 km	92	43	17	49	33	66	577
Over 5 up to 10 km	58	42	22	43	24	53	482
Over 10 up to 20 km	73	25	24	34	9	30	411
Over 20 up to 50 km	73	18	32	25	9	34	391
Over 50 km	16	13	38	17	0	15	226
<b>Total</b>	<b>433</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>3,198</b>
<b>Other <sup>2</sup></b>							
Casualty from elsewhere in the UK	6	4	4	0	0	2	37
Scottish casualty, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Postcode blank, invalid or not known	3	7	18	5	3	7	71
Non - UK casualty <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Up to 2 km	12	22	3	5	3	6	99
Over 2 up to 5 km	6	14	1	2	2	4	79
Over 5 up to 10 km	7	10	4	2	2	6	78
Over 10 up to 20 km	10	6	5	3	0	17	68
Over 20 up to 50 km	12	6	7	1	2	11	67
Over 50 km	12	7	16	3	0	0	65
<b>Total</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>564</b>
<b>All casualties</b>							
Casualty from elsewhere in the UK	27	17	38	6	1	17	222
Scottish casualty, distance not known <sup>4</sup>	0	1	4	0	0	1	8
Postcode blank, invalid or not known	44	63	79	64	40	87	708
Non - UK casualty <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Up to 2 km	176	210	28	72	71	169	1,494
Over 2 up to 5 km	119	128	20	57	41	97	945
Over 5 up to 10 km	84	85	30	56	32	74	728
Over 10 up to 20 km	103	48	32	44	13	59	590
Over 20 up to 50 km	100	36	44	36	14	50	561
Over 50 km	32	27	71	22	3	15	365
<b>Total</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>5,621</b>

1. Estimated using the postcode of the casualty's home, if available - please see Annex B.

2. 'Other' includes taxis, minibus, bus or coach, etc.

3. Fife, Lothian & Borders and Tayside do not collect data for foreign drivers.

4. Due to a problem with the methodology in producing this table, there was an error with these figures in previous editions of this table.

Table 39b

Casualties<sup>1</sup> involved in reported collisions 2022: Council of residence vs. council of collision location

COLLISION LOCATION

Percentages

		LOCATION OF COLLISION															
		Aberdeen City	Aberdeenshire	Angus	Argyll & Bute	Clackmannanshire	Dumfries & Galloway	Dundee City	East Ayrshire	East Dunbartonshire	East Lothian	East Renfrewshire	Edinburgh, City of	Eilean Siar	Falkirk	Fife	Glasgow City
		<i>Column Percentages</i>															
CASUALTY RESIDENCE	Aberdeen City	78.0	10.2	-	-	-	-	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3
	Aberdeenshire	16.9	75.1	4.4	-	-	0.4	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Angus	-	2.0	69.0	-	-	-	11.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.7	-
	Argyll & Bute	-	-	-	52.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	0.3
	Clackmannanshire	-	-	-	-	81.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0
	Dumfries & Galloway	-	-	-	-	-	74.8	-	0.9	-	-	-	0.4	-	-	-	-
	Dundee City	-	1.0	15.0	-	-	-	75.0	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-	2.4
	East Ayrshire	-	0.5	-	1.0	-	0.4	-	72.2	-	-	11.3	-	-	-	-	-
	East Dunbartonshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50.0	0.8	-	0.2	-	-	-	0.3
	East Lothian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57.8	-	4.2	-	-	-	0.3
	East Renfrewshire	-	-	-	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	52.1	-	-	-	-	-
	Edinburgh, City of	-	1.0	1.8	2.0	-	1.2	-	-	-	18.8	-	72.8	-	2.1	-	1.4
	Eilean Siar	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	-
	Falkirk	1.7	-	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	-	1.1	-	76.6	1.7	0.4
	Fife	1.7	1.0	-	-	-	-	6.6	-	-	-	1.4	3.1	-	4.3	78.5	0.1
	Glasgow City	-	1.5	-	7.8	-	1.7	-	-	21.1	-	18.3	1.8	-	4.3	0.3	71.9
	Highland	-	1.0	-	1.0	-	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	-	-	-	0.7
	Inverclyde	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3
	Midlothian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.3	-	5.9	-	-	-	0.7
	Moray	-	2.4	-	-	-	-	1.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	North Ayrshire	-	1.0	-	2.0	-	2.1	-	7.4	-	-	1.4	-	-	-	-	0.3
	North Lanarkshire	1.7	0.5	1.8	2.0	-	0.4	-	6.5	15.8	0.8	5.6	1.1	-	5.3	0.7	4.9
	Orkney Islands	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Perth & Kinross	-	-	7.1	-	4.5	-	1.3	-	-	1.6	-	0.7	-	1.1	2.4	0.1
	Renfrewshire	-	0.5	-	2.0	-	0.4	-	-	-	-	1.4	0.4	-	-	1.4	3.3
	Scottish Borders	-	-	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	4.7	-	0.4	-	-	0.3	0.1
	Shetland Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Ayrshire	-	-	-	4.9	-	1.7	-	5.6	-	-	1.4	-	-	-	-	0.3	
South Lanarkshire	-	-	-	5.9	-	2.5	1.3	4.6	-	0.8	5.6	0.7	-	-	-	5.2	
Stirling	-	-	-	1.0	13.6	-	-	-	5.3	-	-	0.2	-	4.3	0.7	0.1	
West Dunbartonshire	-	-	-	2.9	-	-	-	0.9	7.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.2	
West Lothian	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	-	-	-	3.1	-	4.0	-	2.1	2.7	0.6	
Elsewhere in UK	-	1.5	-	11.8	-	13.2	2.0	0.9	-	4.7	1.4	2.4	-	-	2.0	1.4	
<b>Total</b>	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
<b>Total casualties<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>59</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>547</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>697</b>	

1. Where postcode of casualty is known.

Table 39b (Continued)

Casualties involved in reported collisions 2022: Council of residence vs council of collision location

SEVERITY/ROAD TYPE/AREA

	LOCATION OF COLLISION															West	
	Highland	Inverclyde	Midlothian	Moray	North Ayrshire	North Lanarkshire	Orkney Islands	Perth & Kinross	Renfrewshire	Scottish Borders	Shetland Islands	South Ayrshire	South Lanarkshire	Stirling	Dunbartonshire	re	West Lothian
	Column Percentages																
Aberdeen City	2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aberdeenshire	0.9	-	-	5.1	-	-	-	1.6	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	-	-	-
Angus	0.9	-	-	2.6	-	-	-	5.3	-	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Argyll & Bute	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.2	-	-
Clackmannanshire	0.4	-	-	-	-	0.9	-	0.5	-	0.8	-	-	0.4	1.6	-	-	-
Dumfries & Galloway	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.3	-	1.2	1.2	-	-	-	-
Dundee City	1.7	-	0.8	-	-	0.4	-	5.3	-	0.8	16.7	-	-	1.6	-	-	-
East Ayrshire	1.3	-	-	-	6.4	0.4	-	-	1.5	-	-	14.8	0.8	4.0	-	-	0.4
East Dunbartonshire	-	-	-	-	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	4.0	-	-	0.4
East Lothian	0.4	-	12.7	-	-	0.9	-	0.5	-	4.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4
East Renfrewshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	-	-	2.5	2.4	0.8	-	-	-
Edinburgh, City of	1.7	-	15.1	-	-	1.3	-	2.1	-	1.5	-	2.5	-	0.8	-	-	9.5
Eilean Siar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Falkirk	1.3	-	-	-	-	0.4	-	2.1	-	-	-	-	0.4	11.3	-	-	5.9
Fife	1.7	-	0.8	-	-	1.3	-	6.9	1.5	1.5	-	-	0.4	3.2	-	-	0.8
Glasgow City	1.7	-	-	-	2.1	6.2	-	1.1	17.3	0.8	-	8.6	9.2	5.6	4.9	-	1.6
Highland	59.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	-	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inverclyde	-	85.0	-	-	3.2	-	-	-	4.5	-	-	-	0.4	-	2.4	-	-
Midlothian	-	-	62.7	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	3.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Moray	5.2	-	-	79.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Ayrshire	-	-	-	-	73.4	1.3	-	0.5	4.5	-	-	6.2	1.6	-	-	-	0.8
North Lanarkshire	0.4	-	-	-	-	76.5	-	2.1	2.3	0.8	-	-	8.0	1.6	2.4	-	6.3
Orkney Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	92.9	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Perth & Kinross	3.5	-	-	-	-	0.4	-	49.7	-	-	-	1.2	-	0.8	-	-	-
Renfrewshire	0.4	12.5	-	-	3.2	-	-	1.6	62.4	0.8	-	-	-	1.6	-	-	0.4
Scottish Borders	-	-	4.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	65.6	-	-	0.4	-	-	-	0.4
Shetland Islands	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Ayrshire	-	-	0.8	-	2.1	0.4	-	1.6	0.8	-	-	50.6	0.4	-	-	-	0.4
South Lanarkshire	-	-	1.6	-	2.1	7.1	-	-	1.5	0.8	-	3.7	67.3	4.8	4.9	-	3.2
Stirling	-	-	-	-	-	0.9	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	0.4	47.6	2.4	-	0.4
West Dunbartonshire	0.4	2.5	-	-	1.1	-	-	-	3.0	-	-	1.2	-	4.0	70.7	-	-
West Lothian	0.9	-	0.8	2.6	-	1.3	-	2.6	-	2.3	-	-	1.2	3.2	-	-	68.0
Elsewhere in UK	14.4	-	0.8	10.3	5.3	-	7.1	8.5	-	12.2	-	7.4	5.2	2.4	-	-	1.2
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>Total casualties<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>229</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>253</b>	

1. Where postcode of casualty is known.

Table 40

Killed & adjusted serious casualties for all ages and child casualties by council and road type  
 Years:2014-18, 2018-2022 averages and 2012-2022

	Child (0-15) killed			Child (0-15) serious			All ages killed			All ages serious		
	Trunk roads	Local Authority	All roads	Trunk roads	Local Authority	All roads	Trunk roads	Local Authority	All roads	Trunk roads	Local Authority	All roads
<b>Abereen City</b>												
2014-18 average	0	0	0	0	2	7	1	3	4	10	74	84
% chldn 14-18 av: 2022	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100
<b>Abertawe</b>												
2014-18 average	0	0	1	2	11	12	3	12	15	31	156	187
% chldn 14-18 av: 2022	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100
<b>Angus</b>												
2014-18 average	0	0	0	0	4	5	1	5	6	8	50	58
% chldn 14-18 av: 2022	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100
<b>Anglo &amp; Dale</b>												
2014-18 average	0	1	1	1	3	4	4	6	6	44	44	58
% chldn 14-18 av: 2022	0	0	0	0	-100	-100	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100
<b>Clackmannanshire</b>												
2014-18 average	0	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	18	18
% chldn 14-18 av: 2022	0	0	0	0	-100	-100	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100
<b>Dumfries &amp; Galloway</b>												
2014-18 average	0	0	0	2	6	6	5	11	42	72	114	130
% chldn 14-18 av: 2022	0	0	0	0	-100	-100	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100
<b>Dumfries City</b>												
2014-18 average	0	0	0	1	7	9	0	1	5	42	47	62
% chldn 14-18 av: 2022	0	0	0	0	-100	-100	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100
<b>East Ayrshire</b>												
2014-18 average	0	0	0	1	6	5	1	2	3	15	47	62
% chldn 14-18 av: 2022	0	0	0	0	-100	-100	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100
<b>East Dunbartonshire</b>												
2014-18 average	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	25	25
% chldn 14-18 av: 2022	0	0	0	0	-100	-100	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100

Table 40

Killed & adjusted serious casualties for all ages and child casualties by council and road type  
 Years: 2014-16, 2018-2022 averages and 2012-2022

		Child (0-15) Serious Local Authority			All roads	Child (0-15) Serious Local Authority			All roads	All Ages Serious Local Authority			All roads	All Ages Serious Local Authority			All roads		
		Trunk roads	Trunk roads	Trunk roads		Trunk roads	Trunk roads	Trunk roads		Trunk roads	Trunk roads	Trunk roads		Trunk roads	Trunk roads	Trunk roads			
East Lothian	2014-16 average	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	2013	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2018-22 average	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% ch on 14-18 avr 2022	0	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	
% ch on 14-18 avr 2022	0	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	
East Northamptonshire	2014-16 average	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2018-22 average	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% ch on 14-18 avr 2022	0	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	
% ch on 14-18 avr 2022	0	0	0	0	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	
Edinburgh, City of	2014-16 average	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2018-22 average	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% ch on 14-18 avr 2022	0	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	
% ch on 14-18 avr 2022	0	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	
Elban Star	2014-16 average	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2018-22 average	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% ch on 14-18 avr 2022	0	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	
% ch on 14-18 avr 2022	0	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	
Fulham	2014-16 average	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2013	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2014	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2018-22 average	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% ch on 14-18 avr 2022	0	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	
% ch on 14-18 avr 2022	0	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	
Fife	2014-16 average	0	0	1	1	13	14	3	7	50	24	116	140						
	2012	0	0	0	0	9	9	0	0	11	25	140							
	2013	0	0	0	0	9	9	2	7	12	25	140							
	2014	0	0	0	0	12	12	0	0	10	25	140							
	2015	1	0	1	0	12	12	0	0	7	12	137							
	2016	0	0	0	0	17	17	0	0	10	25	140							
	2017	0	0	0	0	17	17	0	0	5	19	129							
	2018	0	0	0	0														

Table 40

Killed & adjusted serious casualties for all ages and child casualties by council and road type  
 Years:2014-18, 2018-2022 and 2012-2022

	Child (0-15) Miles Local Authority			Child (0-15) serious Local Authority			All ages fatal Local Authority			All ages serious Local Authority		
	Trunk roads	Trunk roads	All roads	Trunk roads	Trunk roads	All roads	Trunk roads	Trunk roads	All roads	Trunk roads	Trunk roads	All roads
North Ayrshire	2014-18 average	0	0	0	1	5	6	2	2	4	21	49
	2012	0	0	0	1	5	6	2	2	4	18	44
	2013	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	1	2	15	37
	2014	0	0	0	2	2	7	3	3	4	12	32
	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2016	0	0	0	1	2	9	3	2	5	18	46
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	12	30
	2018	0	0	0	0	7	7	1	1	2	15	42
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	12	28
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	14	36
	2021	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	4	9	26
	2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2018-2022 average	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	4	5	6	49
	% ch on 14-18 in 2022	0	0	0	-100	-43	-53	-38	82	32	-72	-37
% ch on 14-18 in 1822	0	0	0	-41	-14	-21	-79	9	-26	-46	-30	
North Lanarkshire	2014-18 average	0	0	0	0	19	20	1	5	9	14	113
	2012	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	17	108	
	2013	0	0	0	0	28	28	1	5	13	121	
	2014	0	0	0	0	23	23	3	5	14	128	
	2015	0	0	0	0	23	23	1	7	8	133	
	2016	0	0	0	1	14	13	0	3	11	116	
	2017	0	0	0	0	10	10	0	5	6	114	
	2018	0	0	0	0	12	13	0	5	6	114	
	2019	0	1	1	4	13	14	2	3	9	100	
	2020	0	1	1	4	14	14	2	3	9	100	
	2021	0	0	0	0	11	11	0	3	5	97	
	2022	0	0	0	0	13	13	3	3	6	98	
	2018-2022 average	0	0	0	0	11	11	2	3	6	100	
	% ch on 14-18 in 2022	0	0	0	-100	-33	-34	279	-36	11	-37	-46
% ch on 14-18 in 1822	0	0	0	-21	-41	-41	100	0	15	-18	-30	
Orkney Islands	2014-18 average	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	7	
	2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
	2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	8	
	2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
	2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	10	
	2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	
	2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	9	
	2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
	2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	7	
	2021	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	2	4	
	2022	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	4	
	2018-2022 average	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	2	6	
	% ch on 14-18 in 2022	0	0	0	0	-100	-100	400	400	0	-43	
% ch on 14-18 in 1822	0	0	0	0	64	64	0	123	123	0		
Perth & Kinross	2014-18 average	0	0	0	3	5	6	6	11	35	60	
	2012	0	0	0	0	10	6	6	11	44	131	
	2013	0	0	0	3	10	11	5	6	34	128	
	2014	0	0	0	4	11	5	6	13	36	94	
	2015	0	0	0	1	9	10	6	7	25	62	
	2016	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	10	10	34	
	2017	0	0	0	1	5	6	3	9	14	45	
	2018	0	0	0	2	4	4	4	13	14	44	
	2019	0	0	0	1	6	8	3	6	45	92	
	2020	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	2	3	33	
	2021	0	0	0	0	2	6	2	3	5	17	
	2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	
	2018-2022 average	0	0	0	0	1	5	4	5	7	32	
	% ch on 14-18 in 2022	-100	-100	-100	-100	0	171	0	49	-100	-100	
% ch on 14-18 in 1822	0	0	0	0	64	64	0	123	123	0		
Perth & Kinross	2014-18 average	0	0	0	3	5	6	6	11	35	60	
	2012	0	0	0	0	10	6	6	11	44	131	
	2013	0	0	0	3	10	11	5	6	34	128	
	2014	0	0	0	4	11	5	6	13	36	94	
	2015	0	0	0	1	9	10	6	7	25	62	
	2016	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	10	10	34	
	2017	0	0	0	1	5	6	3	9	14	45	
	2018	0	0	0	2	4	4	4	13	14	44	
	2019	0	0	0	1	6	8	3	6	45	92	
	2020	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	2	3	33	
	2021	0	0	0	0	2	6	2	3	5	17	
	2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	
	2018-2022 average	0	0	0	0	1	5	4	5	7	32	
	% ch on 14-18 in 2022	-100	-100	-100	-100	0	171	0	49	-100	-100	
% ch on 14-18 in 1822	0	0	0	0	64	64	0	123	123	0		
Perth & Kinross	2014-18 average	0	0	0	3	5	6	6	11	35	60	
	2012	0	0	0	0	10	6	6	11	44	131	
	2013	0	0	0	3	10	11	5	6	34	128	
	2014	0	0	0	4	11	5	6	13	36	94	
	2015	0	0	0	1	9	10	6	7	25	62	
	2016	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	10	10	34	
	2017	0	0	0	1	5	6	3	9	14	45	
	2018	0	0	0	2	4	4	4	13	14	44	
	2019	0	0	0	1	6	8	3	6	45	92	
	2020	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	2	3	33	
	2021	0	0	0	0	2	6	2	3	5	17	
	2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	
	2018-2022 average	0	0	0	0	1	5	4	5	7	32	
	% ch on 14-18 in 2022	-100	-100	-100	-100	0	171	0	49	-100	-100	
% ch on 14-18 in 1822	0	0	0	0	64	64	0	123	123	0		
Perth & Kinross	2014-18 average	0	0	0	3	5	6	6	11	35	60	
	2012	0	0	0	0	10	6	6	11	44	131	
	2013	0	0	0	3	10	11	5	6	34	128	
	2014	0	0	0	4	11	5	6	13	36	94	
	2015	0	0	0	1	9	10	6	7	25	62	
	2016	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	10	10	34	
	2017	0	0	0	1	5	6	3	9	14	45	
	2018	0	0	0	2	4	4	4	13	14	44	
	2019	0	0	0	1	6	8	3	6	45	92	
	2020	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	2	3	33	
	2021	0	0	0	0	2	6	2	3	5	17	
	2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	
	2018-2022 average	0	0	0	0	1	5	4	5	7	32	
	% ch on 14-18 in 2022	-100	-100	-100	-100	0	171	0	49	-100	-100	
% ch on 14-18 in 1822	0	0	0	0	64	64	0	123	123	0		
Perth & Kinross	2014-18 average	0	0	0	3	5	6	6	11	35	60	
	2012	0	0	0	0	10	6	6	11	44	131	
	2013	0	0	0	3	10	11	5	6	34	128	
	2014	0	0	0	4	11	5	6	13	36	94	
	2015	0	0	0	1	9	10	6	7	25	62	
	2016	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	10	10	34	
	2017	0	0	0	1	5	6	3	9	14	45	
	2018	0	0	0	2	4	4	4	13	14	44	
	2019	0	0	0	1	6	8	3	6	45	92	
	2020	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	2	3	33	
	2021	0	0	0	0	2	6	2	3	5	17	
	2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	
	2018-2022 average	0	0	0	0	1	5	4	5	7	32	
	% ch on 14-18 in 2022	-100	-100	-100	-100	0	171	0	49	-100	-100	
% ch on 14-18 in 1822	0	0	0	0	64	64	0	123	123	0		
Perth & Kinross	2014-18 average	0	0	0	3	5	6	6	11	35	60	
	2012	0	0	0	0	10	6	6	11	44	131	
	2013	0	0	0	3	10	11	5	6	34	128	
	2014	0	0	0	4	11	5	6	13	36	94	
	2015	0	0	0	1	9	10	6	7	25	62	
	2016	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	10	10	34	
	2017	0	0	0	1	5	6	3	9	14	45	
	2018	0	0	0	2	4	4					

Table 41

Adjusted slight casualties, estimated total volume of traffic, and slight casualty rate, by council and road type  
Years 2014-18, 2018-2022 averages and 2013-2022

	Adjusted slight casualties			Estimated total volume of traffic in million vehicles			Adjusted slight casualty rate (per 100 million vehicles)		
	Trunk roads	Local authority	All roads	Trunk roads	Local authority	All roads	Trunk roads	Local authority	All roads
		roads			roads			roads	
<b>Aberdeen City</b>									
2014-18 average	18	118	136	268	1,062	1,329	7	11	10
2013	246	301	352	1,060	2,771	1,268	21	14	19
2014	27	156	183	264	1,035	1,209	10	15	14
2015	161	263	301	1,044	1,508	1,508	10	12	13
2016	17	105	122	273	1,071	1,345	6	10	9
2017	12	114	126	307	1,077	1,344	5	11	9
2018	8	87	87	271	1,080	1,351	3	7	6
2019	5	76	82	260	1,286	1,586	2	6	5
2020	2	44	44	210	1,544	1,254	1	4	4
2021	2	34	36	245	1,137	1,382	1	3	3
2022	3	53	53	261	1,232	1,408	1	4	4
2018-22 average	4	87	87	288	1,188	1,413	2	5	4
% ch 14-18 av 2022	-89	-81	-81	-2	18	12	-89	-84	-88
% ch 14-18 av 2022	-77	-52	-55	-4	9	6	-76	-56	-58
<b>Aberdeenshire</b>									
2014-18 average	48	180	226	950	2,113	3,083	5	9	7
2013	584	204	302	1,850	2,771	3,083	7	13	15
2014	401	301	301	902	1,998	2,898	4	9	10
2015	242	308	308	2,086	2,086	2,086	2	9	9
2016	47	180	227	948	2,130	3,078	5	8	7
2017	40	182	182	1040	2,216	3,257	4	6	6
2018	135	145	150	952	2,179	3,127	2	3	3
2019	31	117	148	901	2,362	3,262	3	5	5
2020	15	56	71	1,028	2,652	3,652	2	3	3
2021	6	64	86	743	2,145	2,888	3	3	3
2022	22	120	120	831	2,263	3,154	3	4	4
2018-22 average	27	94	121	813	2,162	2,995	3	4	4
% ch 14-18 av 2022	-52	-48	-47	2	9	2	-45	-50	-48
% ch 14-18 av 2022	-41	-41	-42	-14	3	-2	-32	-50	-45
<b>Angus</b>									
2014-18 average	10	92	107	346	763	1,130	3	12	9
2013	17	143	149	739	1,083	1,443	3	14	14
2014	14	102	118	370	730	1,100	4	14	11
2015	9	98	107	308	744	1,102	3	13	10
2016	9	79	88	787	857	1,133	2	10	8
2017	14	94	108	372	742	1,163	4	12	9
2018	87	84	84	784	784	1,483	11	8	8
2019	13	61	73	368	778	1,145	3	8	6
2020	121	139	139	262	625	867	19	16	16
2021	25	79	104	305	707	1,012	8	11	10
2022	85	73	85	352	780	1,112	10	8	8
2018-22 average	15	84	99	330	731	1,041	5	12	9
% ch 14-18 av 2022	16	-21	-17	-4	0	-2	21	-20	-16
% ch 14-18 av 2022	44	-9	-3	-10	-4	-6	60	-5	3
<b>Argyll &amp; Bute</b>									
2014-18 average	71	89	160	491	558	956	18	16	17
2013	103	294	353	856	958	1,388	28	23	20
2014	78	164	362	342	545	908	21	16	18
2015	63	123	217	376	595	931	20	22	23
2016	67	137	302	302	571	1,015	15	13	14
2017	43	181	191	419	577	1,066	15	17	16
2018	42	123	426	466	625	933	13	13	13
2019	27	71	98	459	527	985	6	14	10
2020	43	75	43	353	413	737	10	10	10
2021	26	45	45	400	465	865	6	8	8
2022	40	62	40	404	498	803	6	8	8
2018-22 average	35	51	85	418	498	994	8	10	8
% ch 14-18 av 2022	-47	-64	-63	0	-10	0	-65	-60	-62
% ch 14-18 av 2022	-51	-43	-47	4	-12	-5	-63	-35	-44
<b>Clackmannanshire</b>									
2014-18 average	1	49	51	3	327	330	40	15	15
2013	1	60	61	0	367	367	0	307	307
2014	1	66	67	0	319	319	-	21	21
2015	1	58	60	0	324	324	-	18	18
2016	3	54	54	0	333	333	-	17	16
2017	3	42	45	0	338	338	-	13	13
2018	27	27	27	0	324	340	8	6	4
2019	0	23	23	18	329	345	7	5	5
2020	0	15	15	11	283	283	6	6	6
2021	-	11	11	13	295	308	-	4	4
2022	-	13	13	15	324	339	-	4	4
2018-22 average	6	18	14	14	307	321	6	6	6
% ch 14-18 av 2022	0	-74	-74	371	-1	3	0	-73	-75
% ch 14-18 av 2022	-100	-64	-65	353	-6	-3	-100	-62	-64
<b>Dumfries &amp; Galloway</b>									
2014-18 average	95	149	244	1,392	762	2,154	7	20	11
2013	93	157	250	1,272	699	1,966	7	7	23
2014	67	171	260	1,311	731	2,032	5	24	13
2015	59	172	271	1,349	738	2,087	7	23	13
2016	106	244	352	1,387	763	2,150	20	8	8
2017	89	218	296	1,467	800	2,287	6	15	9
2018	61	217	292	1,444	799	2,234	6	10	10
2019	60	87	147	1,455	785	2,240	4	11	7
2020	59	107	158	1,508	827	2,304	4	11	6
2021	58	118	131	1,411	710	2,051	4	10	6
2022	46	117	163	1,462	781	2,223	3	15	7
2018-22 average	57	159	194	1,364	734	2,088	4	13	7
% ch 14-18 av 2022	-39	-17	-33	5	0	0	-54	-1	-35
% ch 14-18 av 2022	-40	-37	-38	-3	-4	-3	-38	-35	-36
<b>Dundee City</b>									
2014-18 average	11	84	105	171	662	832	6	14	13
2013	13	142	155	162	635	817	7	22	19
2014	11	131	131	609	609	819	7	16	16
2015	11	97	108	168	650	817	5	15	13
2016	14	123	123	653	638	817	6	15	17
2017	9	79	88	171	668	830	5	12	10
2018	6	73	65	174	677	850	5	9	7
2019	20	88	107	171	684	832	12	13	13
2020	15	135	129	158	598	691	11	19	21
2021	18	75	93	164	620	783	12	12	12
2022	16	125	141	180	671	861	9	19	17
2018-22 average	15	93	109	164	642	806	9	15	13
% ch 14-18 av 2022	48	33	35	5	1	2	47	31	32
% ch 14-18 av 2022	0	4	4	-4	-3	-3	-3	7	7
<b>East Ayrshire</b>									
2014-18 average	42	127	169	365	747	1,112	12	17	15
2013	34	120	153	359	678	1,037	9	18	15
2014	33	104	172	414	709	1,079	9	20	16
2015	55	153	209	369	720	1,089	15	21	19
2016	69	197	246	742	951	1,157	15	18	18
2017	25	107	128	349	790	1,139	7	13	11
2018	104	381	442	789	1,160	1,160	14	12	14
2019	22	71	92	383	765	1,148	6	9	8
2020	13	67	80	287	678	1,033	5	11	9
2021	2	60	74	343	705	1,048	1	6	6
2022	19	52	74	372	781	1,133	5	7	6
2018-22 average	15	89	109	383	729	1,077	6	10	8
% ch 14-18 av 2022	-59	-59	-58	2	2	2	-58	-40	-59
% ch 14-18 av 2022	-55	-45	-47	-3	-3	-3	-54	-43	-46
<b>East Dunbartonshire</b>									
2014-18 average	-	88	87	0	548	548	-	15	15
2013	-	87	87	0	511	511	-	19	19
2014	-	87	87	0	529	529	-	16	16
2015	-	94	94	0	532	532	-	18	18
2016	-	105	105	0	545	545	-	19	19
2017	-	89	89	0	598	598	-	18	16
2018	-	48	48	0	571	571	-	9	9
2019	-	66	66	0	573	573	-	11	11
2020	-	43	43	0	487	487	-	9	9
2021	-	35	35	0	521	521	-	7	7
2022	-	13							

Table 41

Adjusted slight casualties, estimated total volume of traffic, and slight casualty rate, by council and road type  
Years 2014-18, 2019-22 average and 2019-22

	Adjusted slight casualties			Estimated total volume of traffic (million vehicle-km)			Adjusted slight casualty rate (per 100 million vehicle-km)		
	Trunk roads	Local Authority roads	All roads	Trunk roads	Local Authority roads	All roads	Trunk roads	Local Authority roads	All roads
<b>Edinburgh, City of</b>									
2014-18 average	90	838	792	2,212	2,212	3,004	11	38	31
2019	105	953	1,028	2,114	2,114	2,833	15	45	37
2014	115	1,137	1,137	2,114	2,114	2,889	15	51	39
2015	110	1,009	755	2,197	2,197	2,951	15	41	34
2016	82	1,000	922	2,347	2,347	3,026	10	42	32
2017	68	721	789	2,237	2,237	3,014	9	32	28
2018	79	703	833	2,205	2,205	3,138	8	36	29
2019	75	544	961	2,197	2,197	3,158	8	25	20
2020	35	333	368	703	1,785	2,468	5	19	15
2021	36	359	415	636	1,931	2,757	7	19	15
2022	39	442	397	2,072	2,072	3,039	4	19	15
2019-22 average	87	652	680	2,032	2,032	2,812	7	22	17
% ch 14-18 av. 2022	-57	-52	-52	22	-6	7	-63	-49	-53
% ch 14-08 av. 1822	-37	-46	-45	11	-8	-3	-45	-47	-43
<b>Elman Star</b>									
2014-18 average	-	21	0	236	236	-	9	9	9
2019	-	18	0	212	212	-	8	8	8
2014	-	30	0	220	220	-	14	14	14
2015	-	28	0	226	226	-	12	12	12
2016	-	19	0	256	256	-	8	8	8
2017	-	15	0	241	241	-	6	6	6
2018	-	14	0	238	238	-	6	6	6
2019	-	15	0	234	234	-	7	7	7
2020	-	11	0	187	187	-	6	6	6
2021	-	18	0	207	207	-	9	9	9
2022	-	8	0	222	222	-	4	4	4
2019-22 average	-	13	0	218	218	-	6	6	6
% ch 14-18 av. 2022	-	-42	-	-6	-6	-	-	-80	-60
% ch 14-08 av. 1822	-	-37	-37	-	-8	-	-32	-32	-32
<b>Fife</b>									
2014-18 average	31	178	209	625	985	1,610	5	18	13
2019	28	217	244	580	925	1,506	5	20	16
2014	192	221	281	581	1,537	2,055	5	23	18
2015	42	232	608	968	1,576	2,100	7	20	15
2016	207	238	647	1,641	2,214	2,411	4	21	14
2017	27	177	204	630	1,009	1,647	4	18	12
2018	126	154	164	549	1,648	2,408	6	19	14
2019	96	115	67	960	1,847	3	10	7	
2020	5	68	111	407	1,277	8	6	6	
2021	26	62	528	912	1,440	5	7	6	
2022	15	53	68	571	976	1,546	3	6	4
2019-22 average	19	81	190	617	1,512	3	9	7	
% ch 14-18 av. 2022	-52	-70	-67	-9	-1	-4	-70	-66	-66
% ch 14-08 av. 1822	-40	-54	-52	-8	-5	-6	-34	-52	-49
<b>Fife</b>									
2014-18 average	69	391	360	896	2,128	3,024	8	14	12
2019	341	360	603	2,685	2,685	3,839	8	17	14
2014	65	311	376	842	2,081	2,923	6	15	13
2015	79	337	416	841	2,104	2,945	9	16	14
2016	102	338	441	878	2,182	3,049	12	16	14
2017	48	245	293	895	2,229	3,124	5	11	9
2018	224	276	276	803	3,065	3,065	6	11	9
2019	49	202	251	1070	2,049	3,119	5	10	8
2020	178	202	255	1,752	2,408	3,167	6	10	8
2021	45	161	208	876	1,880	2,755	5	9	7
2022	52	202	254	993	2,008	2,999	5	8	6
2019-22 average	49	182	242	1,831	2,874	3	9	8	
% ch 14-18 av. 2022	-29	-31	-30	-11	-6	-1	-32	-26	-29
% ch 14-08 av. 1822	-29	-34	-33	5	-9	-5	-33	-27	-29
<b>Glasgow City</b>									
2014-18 average	134	878	1,109	1,834	2,024	3,558	9	48	31
2019	365	1,046	1,322	1,914	3,498	4,826	18	53	35
2014	154	1,070	1,224	1,510	2,018	3,526	10	53	35
2015	147	1,052	1,200	1,499	1,999	3,498	10	53	34
2016	156	1,105	1,244	1,548	2,035	3,583	10	55	35
2017	135	901	1,036	1,572	2,025	3,597	9	44	29
2018	745	842	842	2,043	3,588	4,163	16	58	33
2019	103	695	798	1,605	2,040	3,645	6	34	22
2020	468	641	1,169	1,660	2,832	4,163	16	58	33
2021	91	401	492	1,381	1,859	3,240	7	22	15
2022	97	477	524	1,329	1,993	3,522	4	24	15
2019-22 average	84	641	1,445	1,920	3,385	4,298	6	29	19
% ch 14-18 av. 2022	-58	-57	-52	0	-2	-1	-57	-50	-51
% ch 14-08 av. 1822	-37	-43	-42	-6	-5	-5	-33	-40	-39
<b>Highland</b>									
2014-18 average	171	178	349	1,839	1,158	2,817	10	15	12
2019	218	423	218	1,546	1,547	2,582	14	23	17
2014	184	222	407	1,507	1,091	2,648	12	20	15
2015	160	189	349	1,614	1,114	2,727	10	17	13
2016	193	163	366	1,875	1,150	2,825	14	23	17
2017	158	263	1,720	1,204	1,204	2,923	9	11	10
2018	188	350	1,752	1,230	1,230	2,963	9	12	12
2019	101	196	297	1,352	1,242	2,954	6	16	10
2020	78	173	1,080	1,070	1,070	2,968	7	6	6
2021	88	161	1,561	1,183	1,183	2,723	6	7	6
2022	95	158	1,244	1,140	1,140	2,984	5	5	5
2019-22 average	107	122	229	1,615	1,178	2,793	7	10	8
% ch 14-18 av. 2022	-46	-63	-55	5	7	6	-49	-65	-57
% ch 14-08 av. 1822	-37	-32	-34	-3	-2	-1	-36	-33	-34
<b>Inverclyde</b>									
2014-18 average	35	74	107	71	454	829	46	16	20
2019	37	132	85	71	450	901	45	20	20
2014	52	100	151	72	444	518	72	22	20
2015	31	73	113	73	446	519	41	13	22
2016	28	83	111	75	457	532	37	18	21
2017	32	57	90	67	464	531	48	12	17
2018	51	69	89	68	462	530	28	11	13
2019	42	104	200	343	544	544	21	18	19
2020	6	26	34	34	447	563	4	6	6
2021	12	19	31	186	315	501	6	6	6
2022	3	24	37	31	340	531	2	7	5
2019-22 average	16	38	83	142	349	511	10	10	10
% ch 14-18 av. 2022	-91	-67	-75	749	-25	7	-97	-57	-75
% ch 14-08 av. 1822	-49	-57	-50	128	-23	-3	-78	-36	-49
<b>Midlothian</b>									
2014-18 average	31	120	141	142	561	893	22	22	22
2019	128	423	175	1,546	1,547	2,582	14	23	17
2014	40	148	143	142	561	893	22	22	22
2015	147	188	163	1,875	1,150	2,825	14	23	17
2016	28	123	151	141	565	895	20	22	22
2017	23	95	118	143	574	717	16	17	16
2018	22	87	110	145	716	872	16	15	14
2019	21	85	105	146	572	718	14	15	15
2020	66	107	117	107	459	566	10	14	14
2021	30	86	81	116	510	616	23	17	17
2022	91	136	141	136	544	688	11	15	15
2019-22 average	20	83	134	134	531	665	15	16	15
% ch 14-18 av. 2022	-51	-24	-30	0	-1	-1	-51	-23	-29
% ch 14-08 av. 1822	-35	-31	-32	-6	-4	-4	-31	-28	-29
<b>Moray</b>									
2014-18 average	13	46	283	488	782	8	7	6	
2019	30	65	286	454	719	13	13	13	
2014	19	41	270	475	745	7	9	8	
2015	7	40	247	452	757	6	8	8	
2016	17	33	286	490	785	6	7	6	
2017	16	26	42	287	523	809	6	5	5
2018	6	24	30	209	512	612	2	6	6
2019	7	34	41	300	510	809	2	7	5
2020	14	18	440	460	6				

Table 41

Adjusted slight casualties, estimated total volume of traffic, and slight casualty rate, by council and road type

		Adjusted slight casualties			Estimated total volume of traffic (million vehicles)			Adjusted slight casualty rate (per 100 million vehicles)		
		Trunk roads	Local Authority	All roads	Trunk roads	Local Authority	All roads	Trunk roads	Local Authority	All roads
		roads	roads	roads	roads	roads	roads	roads	roads	roads
Forth & Kinross	2014-18 average	59	96	158	1,600	980	2,488	10	4	7
	2013	65	163	258	1,322	936	2,257	7	17	11
	2014	62	108	170	1,383	914	2,337	9	11	6
	2015	45	145	184	1,381	960	2,360	5	10	6
	2016	65	143	148	1,487	1,035	2,521	4	8	6
	2017	73	103	175	1,608	940	2,467	9	10	6
	2018	52	94	146	1,673	943	2,622	3	10	6
	2019	34	87	97	1,607	852	2,501	6	2	6
	2020	26	90	116	1,214	738	1,952	2	12	6
	2021	64	103	153	1,351	812	2,163	4	8	6
	2022	43	93	138	1,608	887	2,477	3	11	5
	2023	43	79	122	1,504	887	2,281	8	3	8
	% on 14-18 av. 2022	-28	-14	-14	7	-19	-1	-32	9	-13
% on 14-18 av. 2022	-28	-20	-23	0	-14	-5	-28	-7	-18	-18
Rendlesham	2014-18 average	47	193	240	788	833	1,621	6	24	15
	2013	48	208	254	703	751	1,454	7	28	17
	2014	146	165	192	732	677	1,508	6	16	10
	2015	47	194	241	788	788	1,544	6	25	18
	2016	54	222	274	827	774	1,581	7	27	17
	2017	50	200	250	771	818	1,589	6	25	16
	2018	39	152	191	806	828	1,634	5	18	12
	2019	34	120	136	817	822	1,633	4	12	8
	2020	17	94	111	609	670	1,280	3	14	9
	2021	31	61	74	714	1,471	1,471	4	8	6
	2022	13	95	108	792	827	1,819	2	11	7
	2023	15	128	148	748	781	1,529	6	13	8
	% on 14-18 av. 2022	-72	-51	-55	3	3	3	-73	-52	-56
% on 14-18 av. 2022	-42	-48	-47	-3	-3	-3	-41	-46	-48	
Scottish Borders	2014-18 average	41	131	173	407	871	1,277	10	15	14
	2013	48	166	213	387	796	1,183	12	21	18
	2014	38	151	189	384	827	1,222	10	15	15
	2015	39	146	185	406	848	1,254	10	17	15
	2016	45	137	165	419	1,205	1,376	11	14	14
	2017	45	172	172	404	910	1,313	11	14	13
	2018	38	97	140	410	1,363	1,363	10	11	10
	2019	36	91	127	405	887	1,202	9	10	10
	2020	8	50	60	360	683	960	2	7	6
	2021	17	59	76	380	798	1,178	4	7	6
	2022	13	62	75	418	650	1,268	3	7	6
	2023	72	72	84	382	624	1,286	8	9	8
	% on 14-18 av. 2022	-68	-53	-57	-3	-3	-3	-69	-52	-58
% on 14-18 av. 2022	-48	-48	-48	-6	-5	-5	-43	-42	-43	
Shetland Islands	2014-18 average	-	19	19	0	230	230	-	8	8
	2013	-	18	18	0	212	212	-	7	17
	2014	-	22	22	0	219	219	-	10	10
	2015	-	22	22	0	225	225	-	10	10
	2016	-	26	26	0	233	233	-	11	11
	2017	-	11	11	0	238	238	-	5	5
	2018	-	12	12	0	234	234	-	5	5
	2019	-	17	17	0	233	233	-	7	7
	2020	-	8	8	0	189	189	-	4	4
	2021	-	5	5	0	208	208	-	2	2
	2022	-	5	5	0	224	224	-	2	2
	2023	-	9	9	0	218	218	-	4	4
	% on 14-18 av. 2022	-	-73	-73	-	-3	-3	-	-72	-72
% on 14-18 av. 2022	-	-50	-50	-	-5	-5	-	-47	-47	
South Ayrshire	2014-18 average	39	116	154	404	617	1,021	10	19	15
	2013	43	103	133	376	623	973	11	20	16
	2014	37	140	177	387	583	980	10	24	18
	2015	44	128	171	385	595	995	11	21	17
	2016	44	131	175	406	622	1,028	11	21	17
	2017	41	104	140	409	640	1,049	10	13	13
	2018	27	84	111	422	639	1,051	6	13	11
	2019	31	83	114	430	622	1,053	7	13	11
	2020	11	62	83	308	814	1,007	4	10	10
	2021	15	62	47	375	675	950	4	6	5
	2022	38	128	168	438	630	1,048	8	14	14
	2023	59	88	77	393	591	983	5	10	8
	% on 14-18 av. 2022	-69	-57	-67	6	3	3	-7	-67	-68
% on 14-18 av. 2022	-50	-50	-50	-3	-4	-4	-43	-48	-48	
South Lanarkshire	2014-18 average	83	348	430	1,390	1,332	2,792	6	26	16
	2013	94	376	476	1,298	1,177	2,513	7	27	17
	2014	96	465	490	1,281	1,325	2,585	8	30	19
	2015	106	363	404	1,264	2,668	3,443	8	17	17
	2016	106	370	440	1,328	1,385	2,713	5	27	16
	2017	64	325	349	1,195	1,401	2,736	6	23	16
	2018	90	291	381	1,501	1,308	2,809	6	22	14
	2019	62	273	310	1,535	2,836	3,591	5	17	10
	2020	41	184	225	1,128	1,055	2,181	4	17	10
	2021	41	123	164	1,075	1,183	2,559	3	16	9
	2022	59	151	190	1,528	1,528	2,793	3	10	9
	2023	58	195	250	1,413	1,223	2,836	4	16	6
	% on 14-18 av. 2022	-63	-58	-64	13	4	4	-5	-67	-67
% on 14-18 av. 2022	-34	-44	-42	5	-10	-2	-37	-38	-41	
Stirling	2014-18 average	44	193	147	525	778	1,304	8	13	11
	2013	44	156	200	468	724	1,192	9	22	17
	2014	44	95	139	465	751	1,226	9	13	9
	2015	64	127	161	500	850	1,353	13	17	15
	2016	50	126	178	544	786	1,359	10	16	13
	2017	49	116	141	544	797	1,341	7	16	10
	2018	34	111	154	554	797	1,351	6	10	8
	2019	24	66	91	564	787	1,350	6	6	6
	2020	21	44	65	389	631	1,020	5	7	7
	2021	15	38	53	481	699	1,160	3	5	5
	2022	18	74	92	515	755	1,270	3	10	7
	2023	22	60	82	497	734	1,230	8	8	7
	% on 14-18 av. 2022	-68	-58	-57	-2	-2	-2	-3	-69	-68
% on 14-18 av. 2022	-55	-42	-44	-5	-5	-5	-47	-38	-41	
West Dunbartonshire	2014-18 average	23	87	109	221	441	662	10	20	17
	2013	27	101	127	206	422	628	13	24	20
	2014	23	75	107	213	433	646	12	19	17
	2015	25	101	126	220	435	655	11	23	19
	2016	27	86	113	223	444	667	12	19	17
	2017	15	111	126	220	445	664	12	15	10
	2018	22	62	74	228	440	677	10	12	11
	2019	12	66	77	231	478	678	5	14	6
	2020	5	29	34	177	363	534	3	8	6
	2021	23	103	123	207	413	613	6	16	10
	2022	13	24	37	231	436	667	6	6	6
	2023	13	38	51	214	434	634	6	8	8
	% on 14-18 av. 2022	-43	-72	-68	5	-7	-1	-45	-72	-68
% on 14-18 av. 2022	-45	-55	-53	-3	-5	-4	-43	-53	-51	
West Lothian	2014-18 average	47	319	387	725	1,116	1,841	6	28	19
	2013	35	364	399	688	1,028	1,716	5	36	23
	2014	28	431	520	800	1,787	2,683	5	27	19
	2015	47	389	456	724	1,079	1,803	9	36	25
	2016	48	318	348	724	1,111	1,855	6	20	20
	2017	33	303	336	730	1,154	1,884	5	16	18
	2018	41	264	294	732	1,173	1,926	5	22	15
	2019	42	177	219	758	1,174	1,931	6	15	11
	2020	27	150	165	560	830	1,345	5	11	9
	2021	33	154	187	648	1,083	1,771	5	17	11
	2022	44	159	203	723	1,133	1,886	6	14	11
	2023	37	287	387	686	1,098	1,787	6	12	12
	% on 14-18 av. 2022	-48	-49	-43	0	1	1	-6	-49	-44
% on 14-18 av. 2022	-20	-45	-42	-5	-2	-3	-16	-44	-40	
Scotland	2014-18 average	1,402</								

Table 42

Killed/seriously injured casualties, estimated total volume of traffic, and hit casualty rate by police force division  
Years 2014-18, 2018-2022 average and 2017-2022

		All Killed	All adjusted serious	Child Killed	Child adjusted serious	Killed/adjusted serious	Traffic estimates (million vehicles)	Killed/seriously injured casualty rate (per 100 million vehicles)	
North East	2014-18 average	33	314	1	34	440	2,174	7	
	2014	30	439	3	36	402	4,150	10	
	2015	25	417	0	40	452	4,462	9	
	2016	26	343	-	23	303	5,018	7	
	2017	26	321	-	27	347	5,077	7	
	2018	14	297	1	14	51	5,018	5	
	2019	18	293	1	19	272	5,200	5	
	2020	18	217	-	10	220	5,067	4	
	2021	17	190	-	7	162	4,465	4	
	2022	17	137	-	2	154	5,035	3	
	2022	17	132	-	0	162	5,402	3	
	2018-22 average	17	182	0	11	189	5,177	4	
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-50	-47	-	0	-1	0	-1	-33
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-30	-42	-43	-55	-42	0	-42	-
Taynton	2014-18 average	18	200	0	20	219	4,460	5	
	2014	16	207	-	26	263	4,138	7	
	2015	20	225	-	19	260	4,206	6	
	2016	16	177	1	20	193	4,300	4	
	2017	17	189	-	27	241	4,421	5	
	2018	16	202	-	18	218	4,021	5	
	2019	10	162	-	11	160	4,590	3	
	2020	9	152	1	11	151	3,330	5	
	2021	9	151	-	11	151	3,330	5	
	2022	9	170	-	17	179	4,440	4	
	2022	9	177	-	16	187	4,428	4	
	2018-22 average	-01	-15	0	-17	-18	0	-18	-18
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-43	-12	-00	-21	-14	-	-12	-10
	Argyll & West Dumfriesshire	2014-18 average	8	123	1	11	121	1,818	8
2014		11	129	-	9	140	1,510	9	
2015		6	114	-	11	120	1,554	8	
2016		10	130	-	10	120	1,566	8	
2017		12	134	3	8	146	1,630	9	
2018		9	107	-	9	116	1,680	7	
2019		10	125	-	6	160	1,663	8	
2020		9	87	-	2	86	1,270	5	
2021		11	86	-	7	77	1,478	5	
2022		13	81	-	5	74	1,819	5	
2022		13	85	-	4	84	1,828	5	
2018-22 average		63	-00	-	-72	-43	0	-43	-
% ch 14-18 av. 1822		30	-02	-	-57	-28	-	-28	-28
Forth Valley		2014-18 average	9	165	1	16	174	3,244	5
	2014	7	196	-	17	207	3,025	7	
	2015	12	163	2	17	175	3,061	6	
	2016	14	188	-	18	202	3,163	6	
	2017	6	179	1	11	179	3,303	5	
	2018	6	187	-	19	183	3,320	5	
	2019	10	141	-	17	151	3,339	5	
	2020	13	119	-	8	132	3,347	4	
	2021	14	73	-	6	87	2,971	3	
	2022	10	82	-	5	102	2,909	4	
	2022	10	80	-	5	109	3,151	4	
	2018-22 average	11	102	-	10	118	3,383	4	
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-22	-38	-	-27	-27	-3	-38	-38
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-20	-38	-	-42	-33	-	-33	-29
Dumfries & Galloway	2014-18 average	11	114	-	8	102	2,184	5	
	2014	12	112	-	4	124	1,986	6	
	2015	11	124	-	10	124	2,022	6	
	2016	11	107	-	7	122	2,087	5	
	2017	14	94	-	2	108	2,287	5	
	2018	7	133	-	10	143	2,234	6	
	2019	8	94	-	4	102	2,240	5	
	2020	9	41	-	7	48	1,862	3	
	2021	9	76	2	3	83	2,081	4	
	2022	6	80	-	3	85	2,223	4	
	2022	6	85	0	4	92	2,098	4	
	2018-22 average	-03	-33	-	-34	-30	-3	-33	-33
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-35	-25	-	-18	-26	-	-24	-24
	Ayrshire	2014-18 average	12	200	-	20	211	2,920	7
2014		12	164	-	13	176	2,728	6	
2015		8	191	-	19	249	2,824	9	
2016		11	217	-	13	228	2,809	8	
2017		12	211	-	22	222	2,921	8	
2018		6	195	-	14	209	2,993	7	
2019		14	189	-	24	3,005	3,005	10	
2020		9	114	-	9	119	2,948	6	
2021		17	111	-	13	128	2,719	5	
2022		15	128	-	12	145	2,847	5	
2022		15	129	-	16	139	2,919	5	
2018-22 average		12	139	-	16	139	2,919	5	
% ch 14-18 av. 1822		47	-06	-	-29	-27	-	-27	-27
% ch 14-18 av. 1822		-30	-30	-	-20	-28	-4	-28	-28
Greater Glasgow	2014-18 average	12	358	0	44	370	4,890	8	
	2014	7	330	1	33	307	4,240	7	
	2015	19	349	-	42	400	4,808	8	
	2016	16	346	-	40	360	4,808	8	
	2017	9	304	-	40	382	4,828	8	
	2018	10	330	-	35	340	4,934	7	
	2019	15	301	-	35	312	5,020	7	
	2020	18	217	-	25	233	3,923	6	
	2021	19	237	-	25	244	4,478	6	
	2022	10	271	-	37	281	4,466	6	
	2022	10	279	-	36	282	4,466	6	
	2018-22 average	12	271	-	24	244	4,478	6	
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-17	-24	-	-16	-24	-	-24	-24
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-3	-24	-	-18	-24	-5	-20	-20
Lothian & Scottish Borders	2014-18 average	20	211	0	26	231	4,733	7	
	2014	17	195	2	22	232	4,379	8	
	2015	16	205	-	23	231	4,518	7	
	2016	12	197	-	21	201	4,613	6	
	2017	30	211	1	31	241	4,719	7	
	2018	16	209	-	19	209	4,619	7	
	2019	19	293	-	27	312	4,982	6	
	2020	13	194	-	12	171	3,867	5	
	2021	13	176	-	10	167	4,461	4	
	2022	22	183	-	16	205	4,811	4	
	2022	22	214	0	21	231	4,812	5	
	2018-22 average	17	214	-	21	231	4,812	5	
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-17	-41	-	-21	-28	-	-28	-39
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-15	-31	-00	-24	-30	-	-30	-38
Edinburgh	2014-18 average	7	285	0	24	281	3,884	10	
	2014	8	286	-	26	306	2,833	11	
	2015	11	303	-	32	304	2,889	12	
	2016	3	316	-	23	281	3,111	11	
	2017	9	333	1	22	342	3,026	11	
	2018	6	276	-	21	276	3,014	9	
	2019	5	237	-	20	242	3,148	8	
	2020	5	240	-	16	246	3,138	8	
	2021	9	154	1	13	140	2,465	6	
	2022	9	168	-	13	151	3,020	6	
	2022	9	167	0	17	172	2,912	7	
	2018-22 average	-08	-42	-	-17	-43	-	-43	-43
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-05	-05	-	-05	-05	-	-05	-34
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-25	-19	0	-26	-26	-	-26	-26
Highlands & Islands	2014-18 average	25	179	-	9	186	2,422	8	
	2014	24	190	2	9	214	3,151	7	
	2015	27	182	-	9	192	3,229	8	
	2016	18	164	-	9	162	3,323	5	
	2017	17	159	-	10	171	3,463	5	
	2018	25	220	-	9	207	3,587	6	
	2019	26	207	-	6	233	3,613	6	
	2020	19	136	-	11	121	2,934	4	
	2021	17	130	1	6	147	3,273	4	
	2022	26	156	-	1	161	3,974	6	
	2022	26	159	1	7	179	3,349	5	
	2018-22 average	19	177	-	7	187	3,474	6	
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	16	-13	-	-18	-10	-	-10	-9
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-10	-13	-	-18	-10	-	-10	-9
Fife	2014-18 average	10	140	1	14	150	3,024	5	
	2014	11	148	-	9	159	2,829	6	
	2015	12	138	-	9	140	2,823	5	
	2016	10	137	-	12	149	3,245	5	
	2017	5	129	-	17	134	3,124	4	
	2018	10	141	-	11	151	3,085	5	
	2019	15	144	-	17	159	3,119	5	
	2020	10	109	-	11	114	2,408	4	
	2021	2	84	-	7	85	2,955	3	
	2022	8	95	-	9	101	2,869	3	
	2022	8	119	1	13	124	2,874	4	
	2018-22 average	-18	-27	-	-21	-21	-	-21	-21
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-4	-18	-23	-13	-17	-	-17	-13
	% ch 14-18 av. 1822	-19	-28	-00	-28	-27	-	-27	-23
Fife	2014-18 average	17	264	1	36	281	5,876	5	
	2014	12	266	-	43	280	5,728	5	
	2015	16	281	-	37	290	5,684	5	
	2016	13	255	-	40	269	5,658	5	
	2017	21	283	-	40				

Table 43

## QUARTERLY TIME SERIES

Reported casualties by severity and quarter  
Years: 1981 to 2022

	Jan to March	Apr to June	July to Sept	Oct to Dec	Total for year	Average per quarter	Percentage difference from average per quarter for that year			
							Jan to March	Apr to June	July to Sept	Oct to Dec
<b>(a) Killed</b>	<i>numbers</i>						<i>percentage</i>			
1981	151	156	166	204	677	169	-11	-8	-2	21
1982	155	172	181	193	701	175	-12	-2	3	10
1983	174	133	152	165	624	156	12	-15	-3	6
1984	122	122	178	177	599	150	-19	-19	19	18
1985	128	155	157	162	602	151	-15	3	4	8
1986	124	130	154	193	601	150	-17	-13	2	28
1987	116	126	145	169	556	139	-17	-9	4	22
1988	123	117	143	171	554	139	-11	-16	3	23
1989	145	112	148	148	553	138	5	-19	7	7
1990	134	119	137	156	546	137	-2	-13	0	14
1991	104	92	146	149	491	123	-15	-25	19	21
1992	106	113	113	131	463	116	-8	-2	-2	13
1993	100	103	93	103	399	100	0	3	-7	3
1994	88	82	86	107	363	91	-3	-10	-5	18
1995	91	77	125	116	409	102	-11	-25	22	13
1996	86	83	98	90	357	89	-4	-7	10	1
1997	85	91	94	107	377	94	-10	-3	0	14
1998	70	82	127	106	385	96	-27	-15	32	10
1999	82	73	82	73	310	78	6	-6	6	-6
2000	73	65	97	91	326	82	-10	-20	19	12
2001	78	83	106	81	348	87	-10	-5	22	-7
2002	65	70	97	72	304	76	-14	-8	28	-5
2003	70	81	83	102	336	84	-17	-4	-1	21
2004	70	71	80	87	308	77	-9	-8	4	13
2005	56	64	72	94	286	72	-22	-10	1	31
2006	64	62	94	94	314	79	-18	-21	20	20
2007	70	66	75	70	281	70	0	-6	7	0
2008	61	57	76	76	270	68	-10	-16	13	13
2009	61	42	64	49	216	54	13	-22	19	-9
2010	43	42	64	59	208	52	-17	-19	23	13
2011	51	44	47	43	185	46	10	-5	2	-7
2012	44	46	47	39	176	44	0	5	7	-11
2013	32	45	54	41	172	43	-26	5	26	-5
2014	45	53	50	55	203	51	-11	4	-1	8
2015	35	48	41	44	168	42	-17	14	-2	5
2016	46	50	57	38	191	48	-4	5	19	-20
2017	27	39	35	44	145	36	-26	8	-3	21
2018	27	37	52	45	161	40	-33	-8	29	12
2019	44	39	46	35	164	41	7	-5	12	-15
2020	45	14	41	41	141	35	28	-60	16	16
2021	19	24	61	37	141	35	-46	-32	73	5
2022	41	36	54	42	173	43	-5	-17	25	-3
<b>(b) Adjusted/unadjusted seriously injured</b>										
1981	1,850	2,177	2,422	2,391	8,840	2,210	-16	-1	10	8
1982	2,044	2,239	2,479	2,498	9,260	2,315	-12	-3	7	8
1983	1,641	1,832	2,086	2,074	7,633	1,908	-14	-4	9	9
1984	1,584	1,880	2,080	2,183	7,727	1,932	-18	-3	8	13
1985	1,644	1,931	2,258	1,953	7,786	1,947	-16	-1	16	0
1986	1,565	1,763	1,969	2,125	7,422	1,856	-16	-5	6	15
1987	1,376	1,627	1,903	1,801	6,707	1,677	-18	-3	13	7
1988	1,559	1,557	1,851	1,765	6,732	1,683	-7	-7	10	5
1989	1,569	1,590	1,938	1,901	6,998	1,750	-10	-9	11	9
1990	1,446	1,457	1,747	1,602	6,252	1,563	-7	-7	12	2
1991	1,297	1,426	1,509	1,406	5,638	1,410	-8	1	7	0
1992	1,257	1,241	1,343	1,335	5,176	1,294	-3	-4	4	3
1993	1,011	1,020	1,163	1,260	4,454	1,114	-9	-8	4	13
1994	1,195	1,097	1,353	1,563	5,208	1,302	-8	-16	4	20
1995	1,165	1,176	1,390	1,199	4,930	1,233	-5	-5	13	-3
1996	877	973	1,148	1,043	4,041	1,010	-13	-4	14	3
1997	916	973	1,099	1,059	4,047	1,012	-9	-4	9	5
1998	814	1,048	1,115	1,095	4,072	1,018	-20	3	10	8
1999	860	916	1,070	919	3,765	941	-9	-3	14	-2
2000	823	872	955	918	3,568	892	-8	-2	7	3
2001	799	794	898	919	3,410	853	-6	-7	5	8
2002	693	813	919	804	3,229	807	-14	1	14	0
2003	648	744	787	778	2,957	739	-12	1	6	5
2004	1,045	1,205	1,273	1,181	4,703	1,176	-11	2	8	0
2005	1,009	1,123	1,225	1,255	4,613	1,153	-12	-3	6	9
2006	950	1,070	1,262	1,200	4,482	1,121	-15	-5	13	7
2007	983	1,036	1,056	1,022	4,097	1,024	-4	1	3	0
2008	999	1069	1071	1057	4,195	1,049	-5	2	2	1
2009	893	1034	1094	889	3,909	978	-9	6	12	-9
2010	714	877	982	808	3,381	845	-16	4	16	-4
2011	722	828	902	792	3,244	811	-11	2	11	-2
2012	752	857	911	829	3,349	837	-10	2	9	-1
2013	660	725	841	723	2,949	737	-10	-2	14	-2
2014	680	748	803	718	2,949	737	-8	1	9	-3
2015	640	685	786	728	2,840	710	-10	-3	11	3
2016	703	741	746	720	2,910	728	-3	2	3	-1
2017	638	656	710	613	2,617	654	-2	0	9	-6
2018	518	692	685	644	2,538	635	-18	9	8	1
2019	572	640	602	587	2,401	600	-5	7	0	-2
2020	408	281	480	366	1,535	384	6	-27	25	-5
2021	248	416	527	427	1,618	405	-39	3	30	6
2022	373	427	521	455	1,776	444	-16	-4	17	2

Table 43 (Continued)

QUARTERLY TIME SERIES

Reported casualties by severity and quarter  
 Years: 1981 to 2022

	Jan to March	Apr to June	July to Sept	Oct to Dec	Total for year	Average per quarter	Percentage difference from average per quarter for that year			
							Jan to March	Apr to June	July to Sept	Oct to Dec
(c) All severities	<i>numbers</i>						<i>percentage</i>			
1981	6,231	7,029	7,813	7,693	28,766	7,192	-13	-2	9	7
1982	6,298	6,933	7,606	7,436	28,273	7,068	-11	-2	8	5
1983	5,384	6,176	6,796	6,868	25,224	6,306	-15	-2	8	9
1984	5,339	6,409	6,890	7,520	26,158	6,540	-18	-2	5	15
1985	5,684	6,623	7,802	7,178	27,287	6,822	-17	-3	14	5
1986	5,745	6,207	6,656	7,509	26,117	6,529	-12	-5	2	15
1987	5,145	5,977	7,013	6,613	24,748	6,187	-17	-3	13	7
1988	5,629	5,808	6,956	7,032	25,425	6,356	-11	-9	9	11
1989	6,255	6,332	7,410	7,535	27,532	6,883	-9	-8	8	9
1990	6,184	6,559	7,360	7,125	27,228	6,807	-9	-4	8	5
1991	5,646	6,114	6,827	6,759	25,346	6,337	-11	-4	8	7
1992	5,886	5,701	6,453	6,133	24,173	6,043	-3	-6	7	1
1993	5,089	5,566	5,910	5,849	22,414	5,604	-9	-1	5	4
1994	5,522	5,164	5,674	6,213	22,573	5,643	-2	-8	1	10
1995	5,172	5,115	5,971	5,936	22,194	5,549	-7	-8	8	7
1996	4,519	5,108	5,905	6,184	21,716	5,429	-17	-6	9	14
1997	5,468	5,407	5,740	6,014	22,629	5,657	-3	-4	1	6
1998	5,060	5,419	5,780	6,208	22,467	5,617	-10	-4	3	11
1999	5,129	4,888	5,377	5,608	21,002	5,251	-2	-7	2	7
2000	4,937	4,828	5,116	5,637	20,518	5,130	-4	-6	0	10
2001	4,717	4,796	5,128	5,270	19,911	4,978	-5	-4	3	6
2002	4,527	4,615	5,141	4,992	19,275	4,819	-6	-4	7	4
2003	4,242	4,534	4,969	5,011	18,756	4,689	-10	-3	6	7
2004	4,173	4,635	4,779	4,915	18,502	4,626	-10	0	3	6
2005	4,070	4,320	4,550	4,950	17,890	4,473	-9	-3	2	11
2006	3,895	4,042	4,617	4,715	17,269	4,317	-10	-6	7	9
2007	3,926	4,054	4,132	4,127	16,239	4,060	-3	0	2	2
2008	4,014	3,641	3,946	3,991	15,592	3,898	3	-7	1	2
2009	3,474	3,686	4,091	3,792	15,043	3,761	-8	-2	9	1
2010	3,050	3,230	3,716	3,342	13,338	3,335	-9	-3	11	0
2011	2,945	3,078	3,486	3,276	12,785	3,196	-8	-4	9	2
2012	3,018	3,230	3,275	3,189	12,712	3,178	-5	2	3	0
2013	2,771	2,786	3,034	2,901	11,492	2,873	-4	-3	6	1
2014	2,714	2,714	2,964	2,910	11,302	2,826	-4	-4	5	3
2015	2,601	2,613	2,923	2,840	10,977	2,744	-5	-5	7	3
2016	2,753	2,743	2,729	2,673	10,898	2,725	1	1	0	-2
2017	2,426	2,231	2,413	2,363	9,433	2,358	3	-5	2	0
2018	1,899	2,148	2,197	2,180	8,424	2,106	-10	2	4	4
2019	1,872	1,938	2,002	1,894	7,706	1,927	-3	1	4	-2
2020	1,459	822	1,483	1,298	5,062	1,266	15	-35	17	3
2021	894	1,334	1,540	1,347	5,115	1,279	-30	4	20	5
2022	1,235	1,337	1,566	1,483	5,621	1,405	-12	-5	11	6

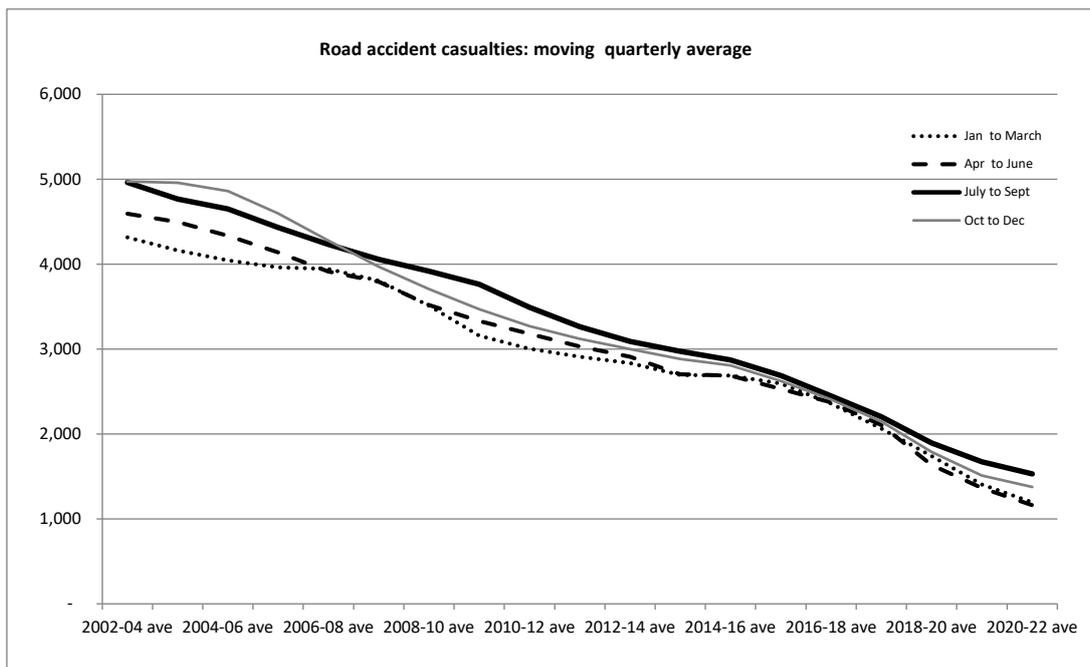


Table 44

TIME SERIES

Reported casualties aged up to 16 who were described as pupils on a journey to or from school<sup>1</sup>,  
by severity and child casualties<sup>2</sup>, by severity  
Years: 2004-08 and 2008-2012 averages and 1981 to 2012

	Casualties who were described as pupils who were on a journey to or from school <sup>(1)</sup>					Child casualties <sup>(2)</sup>			Casualties described as pupils ... as a % of all child casualties	
	Killed	Seriously injured	Killed & Serious	Slight injury	All Severities	Killed	Killed & Serious	All	KSI	All
	<i>number</i>					<i>number</i>			<i>percentage</i>	
<b>2004-08 ave.</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>341</b>	<b>2,019</b>	<b>17.7</b>	<b>19.4</b>
1981	12	286	298	797	1,095	61	1,457	4,863	20.5	22.5
1982	13	308	321	701	1,022	66	1,541	4,717	20.8	21.7
1983	7	316	323	695	1,018	73	1,511	4,861	21.4	20.9
1984	6	259	265	696	961	80	1,523	4,908	17.4	19.6
1985	14	261	275	746	1,021	67	1,522	5,058	18.1	20.2
1986	9	246	255	719	974	65	1,368	4,649	18.6	21.0
1987	2	215	217	633	850	57	1,251	4,465	17.3	19.0
1988	9	183	192	586	778	51	1,222	4,393	15.7	17.7
1989	5	217	222	577	799	44	1,216	4,506	18.3	17.7
1990	5	194	199	610	809	48	1,131	4,611	17.6	17.5
1991	4	173	177	551	728	43	1,021	4,155	17.3	17.5
1992	3	135	138	566	704	41	897	4,047	15.4	17.4
1993	2	108	110	519	629	39	776	3,691	14.2	17.0
1994	4	187	191	639	830	37	1,029	4,163	18.6	19.9
1995	3	142	145	512	657	30	950	3,935	15.3	16.7
1996	2	167	169	481	650	27	790	3,827	21.4	17.0
1997	1	114	115	471	586	26	745	3,798	15.4	15.4
1998	6	104	110	488	598	32	698	3,535	15.8	16.9
1999	4	86	90	508	598	25	625	3,196	14.4	18.7
2000	4	118	122	432	554	21	561	3,000	21.7	18.5
2001	2	103	105	476	581	20	544	2,923	19.3	19.9
2002	2	113	115	452	567	14	527	2,745	21.8	20.7
2003	2	72	74	356	430	17	432	2,480	17.1	17.3
2004	1	78	79	343	422	12	384	2,395	20.6	17.6
2005	2	56	58	403	461	11	368	2,172	15.8	21.2
2006	4	70	74	325	399	25	375	2,022	19.7	19.7
2007	3	44	47	311	358	9	278	1,817	16.9	19.7
2008	5	39	44	271	315	20	299	1,689	14.7	18.7
2009	0	54	54	224	278	5	258	1,473	20.9	18.9
2010	1	45	46	238	284	4	227	1,377	20.3	20.6
2011	0	31	31	218	249	7	210	1,316	14.8	18.9
2012	0	40	40	153	193	2	196	1,164	20.4	16.6
<b>2008-12 ave.</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>1,404</b>	<b>18.1</b>	<b>18.8</b>

1. This is the definition of "school pupil" casualty used in the road collision statistics returns.

2. Casualties aged 0 to 15, inclusive (the standard definition of "child" for the purpose of road collision statistics). Therefore, these figures do not include any 16 year old casualties who were identified as being pupils on a journey to or from school. so there is a slight inconsistency between the numerator and the denominator used to calculate the percentages.

Note: Information on pupils injured on their way to/from school is no longer collected and this table will be dropped from future editions

Table 45

Reported casualties aged up to 16 who were described as pupils on a journey to or from school<sup>1</sup>  
by mode of transport  
Years: 2004-08 and 2008-2012 averages and 1996 to 2012

	Pedestrian	Car	Bus / coach	Pedal cycle	Other	All modes
<b>2004-08 ave.</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>391</b>
1996	491	49	70	24	16	650
1997	457	50	55	19	5	586
1998	455	71	55	12	5	598
1999	464	50	62	15	7	598
2000	448	33	55	14	4	554
2001	476	51	37	13	4	581
2002	404	61	69	25	8	567
2003	322	35	39	20	14	430
2004	357	35	15	9	6	422
2005	352	51	22	16	20	461
2006	295	46	33	10	15	399
2007	259	46	26	17	10	358
2008	229	33	36	12	5	315
2009	213	43	10	11	1	278
2010	200	40	20	14	10	284
2011	184	26	21	12	6	249
2012	148	29	1	10	5	193
<b>2008-12 ave.</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>264</b>

1. This is the definition of "school pupil" casualty used in the road collision statistics returns.

Note: Information on pupils injured on their way to/from school is no longer collected and this table will be dropped from future editions

## APPENDIX F

### Frequency of use of values of most STATS 19 variables: 2022

This annex lists most of the "Stats 19" variables, showing the values which were used in the returns for the latest year and the number of times each was used. Variables such as "grid co-ordinates" and "road number" are not listed, because they have many possible values.

#### Reported attendant circumstances variables

<b><u>Month</u></b>		<b><u>Junction Control</u></b>		<b><u>Pedestrian Crossing - Physical Facilities</u></b>	
January	288	Not at or near junction	2159	None within 50m	3,386
February	309	Authorised person	7	Zebra crossing	68
March	312	Automatic traffic signal	351	Pelican, puffin or similar	323
April	316	Stop sign	37	Pedestrian phase at lights	283
May	331	Give way or uncontrolled	1580	Footbridge or subway	6
June	355			Central refuge	68
July	335	<b><u>Weather Conditions</u></b>			
August	437	Fine	3,265	<b><u>Junction Detail</u></b>	
September	372	Raining	506	Not at or within 20 metres	2,147
October	395	Snowing	42	Roundabout	252
November	368	Fine high winds	57	Mini Roundabout	39
December	316	Raining high winds	92	T or staggered junction	898
		Snowing high winds	14	Slip Road	50
<b><u>Severity of Collision</u></b>		Fog mist	16	Crossroads	299
Fatal	153	Other	88	Junction >4 arms (not rd'bt)	89
Unadjusted serious	1527	Unknown	54	Private drive	56
Unadjusted slight	2454			Other junction	304
		<b><u>First road class</u></b>			
<b><u>Local Authority</u></b>		Motorway	209	<b><u>Road Surface Conditions</u></b>	
Aberdeen City	67	A(m)	23	Dry	2,681
Aberdeenshire	143	A	1877	Wet or damp	1,310
Angus	96	B	620	Snow	41
Argyll & Bute	78	C	20	Frost or ice	90
Clackmannanshire	25	Unclassified	1385	Flood over 3cm deep	10
Dumfries & Galloway	190				
Dundee City	135	<b><u>Second road class</u></b>		<b><u>Special Conditions at site</u></b>	
East Ayrshire	88	No second road class	2,235	None	3,997
East Dunbartonshire	30	Motorway	15	Automat traffic signal out	7
East Lothian	103	A(m)	0	Road sign defect obsc	3
East Renfrewshire	58	A	402	Roadworks	13
Edinburgh, City of	507	B	199	Road surf defect	79
Eilean Siar	9	C	14	Oil or diesel	18
Falkirk	82	Unclassified	1,269	Mud	9
Fife	234				8
Glasgow City	602	<b><u>Light Conditions</u></b>		<b><u>Carriageway hazards</u></b>	
Highland	206	Daylight	3,049	None	4,019
Inverclyde	33	Dkns:lights present lit	682	Veh load in cgwy	6
Midlothian	106	Dkns:lights present unlit	23	Other object in cgwy	65
Moray	37	Dkns: no lights	362	Involved prev accdnt	12
North Ayrshire	95	Dkns: lights unknown	18	Ped in cgwy not inj	8
North Lanarkshire	220			Animal in cgwy-not horse	24
Orkney Islands	11	<b><u>Pedestrian Crossing - Human Control</u></b>			
Perth & Kinross	157	None within 50 metres	4,021	<b><u>Did a police officer attend?</u></b>	
Renfrewshire	121	School crossing patrol	32	Yes	3,397
Scottish Borders	94	Other authorised person	80	No-collision reported over counter	669
Shetland Islands	6			Unknown	68
South Ayrshire	71	<b><u>Road Type</u></b>			
South Lanarkshire	224	Roundabout	164	<b><u>Contributory Factors</u></b>	
Stirling	92	One way street	15	Please see the section on the	
West Dunbartonshire	39	Dual carriageway	674	Contributory Factors	
West Lothian	175	Single carriageway	3,190		
		Slip road	65		
		Unknown	26		
<b><u>Speed Limit</u></b>					
5	1				
20	526				
30	1774				
40	262				
50	158				
60	1090				
70	323				

## Reported vehicle variables

<b><u>Month</u></b>		<b><u>Manoeuvres</u></b>		<b><u>Hit object off carriageway</u></b>	
January	499	Reversing	87	None	6,662
February	534	Parked	346	Road sign traffic signal	43
March	555	Wtg go ahd held up	268	Lamp post	23
April	549	Slowing/stopping	382	Telegraph pole electricity pole	15
May	586	Moving off	349	Tree	94
June	623	U turn	84	Bus stop bus shelter	4
July	571	Turning left	233	Central crash barrier	29
August	760	Wtg turn left	43	Nearside or offside crash barrier	40
September	652	Turning right	662	Submerged in water	2
October	672	Wtg turn right	126	Entered ditch	53
November	648	Changing lang left	60	Other permanent object	59
December	550	Changing lane right	55	Wall or fence	175
		Overtkg mvg veh offs	156		
<b><u>Breath test</u></b>		Overtkg sty veh offs	61	<b><u>First point of impact</u></b>	
Not applicable	448	Overtkg nrsde	74	Unknown	7
Positive	127	Ahead lh bend	404	None	273
Negative	3,660	Ahead rh bend	461	Front	3,906
Not requested	640	Ahead other	3,345	Back	1,051
Refused to provide	19	Unknown	3	Offside	1,041
Driver not contacted	736			Nrside	921
Not provided (medical)	512	<b><u>Junction location of vehicle</u></b>			
Unknown	1,057	Not at or within 20 metres	3,640	<b><u>Towing and Articulation</u></b>	
		Approach junction or wait/park approach	1,690	No towing or articulation	7,013
<b><u>Sex of driver</u></b>		Cleared junction or wait/park at exit	401	Articulated vehicle	88
Male	4,820	Leaving roundabout	115	Double or multiple trailer	2
Female	2,040	Entering roundabout	203	Caravan	5
Not traced	339	Leaving main road	84	Single trailer	62
		Entering main road	224	Other tow	22
<b><u>Vehicle Reference Number</u></b>		Entering from slip rd	22	Unknown	7
1	4,132	Mid-junction on roundabout/main road	820		
2	2,539			<b><u>Hit and run</u></b>	
3	407	<b><u>Skidding and overturning</u></b>		Other	6,847
4	88	None	6,053	Hit run	221
5	23	Skidding	598	Non-stop vehicle, not hit	131
6	7	Skid overtd	249		
7	3	Jackknifed	8	<b><u>Vehicle location at time of acc - Lane</u></b>	
		Jackknifed overturned	1	On main carriageway	6,878
<b><u>Type of Vehicle</u></b>		Overturned	290	Tram light rail track	4
Pedal cycle	492			Bus lane	37
Moped	15	<b><u>Hit object in carriageway</u></b>		Busway	6
Motorcycle to 125cc	134	None	6,767	Cycle lane	42
Motorcycle over 125cc	42	Previous collision	9	Cycleway	19
Motorcycle over 500cc	256	Road works	6	On lay-by hard shldr	60
Taxi	148	Parked vehicle	205	Entering lay-by hard shldr	16
Car	5,059	Bridge roof	1	Leaving lay-by hard shldr	20
Minibus (8-16 pass)	16	Bridge side	12	Footway	114
Bus coach (17 or more pass)	137	Bollard refuge	28	Unknown	3
Agricultural vehicle	42	Open door vehicle	11		
Van/Goods to 3.5t mgw	468	Central island roundabout	14	<b><u>Journey Purpose of driver/rider</u></b>	
Goods 3.5t to 7.5t mgw	31	Kerb	75	Journey part of work	1,293
Goods 7.5t mgw and over	139	Other object	57	Commuting to/from work	788
Mobility scooter	2	Animal excluding ridden horse	14	Taking pupil to/from school	61
Electric motorcycle	13			Pupil riding to/from school	12
Other vehicle	91	<b><u>Vehicle leaving carriageway</u></b>		Other	2,874
Motorcycle unknown cc	27	Did not leave c'way	5,904	Not known	2,171
Goods vehicle unknown wgt	81	Left c'way nearside	666		
Unknown	6	Left c'way nearside rebound	70	<b><u>Was vehicle left hand drive</u></b>	
		Left c'way ahead junction	66	No	7,113
		Left c'way offside onto central reservation	39	Yes	86
		Left c'way offside onto central res & rebound	15		
		Left c'way offside and crossed central res	10		
		Left c'way offside	370		
		Left c'way offside and rebounded	59		

<u>Vehicle movement from/to</u>		<u>Age of driver</u>		<u>Age of driver</u>	
Unknown	11	Unknown	256	51	119
Parked	260	0	1	52	117
U turn frm n	23	4	1	53	123
N to ne	8	5	3	54	141
N to e	41	6	1	55	106
N to se	61	7	4	56	131
N to s	608	8	1	57	103
N to sw	99	9	4	58	135
N to w	91	10	6	59	114
N to nw	8	11	5	60	130
Ne to n	10	12	4	61	97
U turn frm ne	9	13	8	62	91
Ne to e	3	14	6	63	72
Ne to se	19	15	12	64	76
Ne to s	66	16	19	65	79
Ne to sw	479	17	62	66	56
Ne to w	103	18	130	67	61
Ne to nw	50	19	149	68	50
E to n	89	20	156	69	58
E to ne	10	21	124	70	34
U turn frm e	31	22	139	71	41
E to se	6	23	131	72	41
E to s	36	24	147	73	41
E to sw	77	25	146	74	48
E to w	761	26	115	75	38
E to nw	68	27	139	76	35
Se to n	76	28	146	77	37
Se to ne	40	29	149	78	38
Se to e	10	30	173	79	27
U turn frm se	8	31	166	80	25
Se to s	1	32	137	81	19
Se to sw	22	33	138	82	19
Se to w	79	34	155	83	17
Se to nw	443	35	153	84	21
S to n	639	36	129	85	14
S to ne	93	37	135	86	10
S to e	70	38	128	87	12
S to se	9	39	141	88	8
U turn frm s	21	40	142	89	5
S to sw	4	41	124	90	6
S to w	43	42	145	91	5
S to nw	63	43	101	92	3
Sw to n	76	44	97	93	2
Sw to ne	444	45	95	98	1
Sw to e	92	46	95		
Sw to se	46	47	101		
Sw to s	8	48	90		
U turn frm sw	15	49	126		
Sw to w	2	50	158		
Sw to nw	21				
W to n	42				
W to ne	86				
W to e	776				
W to se	88				
W to s	90				
W to sw	11				
U turn frm w	12				
W to nw	3				
Nw to n	5				
Nw to ne	31				
Nw to e	71				
Nw to se	465				
Nw to s	98				
Nw to sw	50				
Nw to w	9				
U turn frm nw	10				

## Reported casualty variables

<b><u>Month</u></b>		<b><u>Casualty Class</u></b>	
January	385	Driver or rider	3,416
February	439	Passenger - vehicle/pillion	1,293
March	411	Pedestrian	912
April	415		
May	432	<b><u>PSV passenger</u></b>	
June	490	Not psv pass	5,511
July	450	Boarding	2
August	605	Alighting	4
September	511	Standing pass	31
October	545	Seated pass	73
November	513		
December	425	<b><u>Pedestrian location</u></b>	
		Not pedestrian	4,709
<b><u>Sex of casualty</u></b>		In cwy xing ped xing	143
Male	3,384	In cwy xing zg zg appr	4
Female	2,235	In cwy xing zg zg exit	2
Unknown	2	In cwy xing wthn 50m	76
		In cwy xing elsewh	382
<b><u>Road user</u></b>		Footwy verge	95
Pedestrian	912	On refuge cent isl reserv	5
Pedal cycle	480	Cent cwy not ref ci res	73
Motor cycle	467	In cwy not xing	100
Car	3,198	Unknown other	32
Taxi	74		
Minibus	16	<b><u>Pedestrian movement</u></b>	
Bus/Coach	117	Not pedestrian	4,709
Light goods vehicle	211	Crossing driver nearside	304
Heavy goods vehicle	36	Crossing driver nearside mskd	63
Other	110	Crossing driver offside	236
		Crossing driver offside masked	52
<b><u>Severity of casualty</u></b>		In carriageway stationary not crossing	50
Killed	173	In carriageway stationary not crossing masked	11
Serious	1,776	Walking in carriageway facing traffic	32
Slight	3,672	Walking in carriageway back to traffic	35
		Unknown	129
<b><u>Bus or coach passenger</u></b>		<b><u>Car passenger</u></b>	
Not psv pass	5,511	Not car passenger	4,560
Boarding	2	Front seat car passenger	692
Alighting	4	Rear seat car passenger	369
Standing pass	31		
Seated pass	73	<b><u>Pedestrian road maintenance worker</u></b>	
		Not a pedestrian	4,710
<b><u>Use of seatbelt</u></b>		No	765
Not applicable	1,382	Yes	15
Worn independently confirm	625	Not known	131
Worn not independently confirm	1,443		
Not worn	106	<b><u>Cycle helmet worn</u></b>	
Unknown	2,065	Not cyclist	5,143
		Yes	278
<b><u>Pedestrian direction</u></b>		No	131
Not pedestrian	4,709	Not known	69
Ped stndg still	94		
Heading N	144		
Heading NE	69		
Heading E	129		
Heading SE	72		
Heading S	125		
Heading SW	64		
Heading W	138		
Heading NW	70		
Unknown	7		

<u>Age of casualty</u>		<u>Age of casualty</u>		<u>Casualty Reference Number</u>	
Unknown	1	51	86	1	4068
0	3	52	67	2	989
1	9	53	89	3	348
2	11	54	94	4	117
3	19	55	76	5	49
4	14	56	84	6	23
5	25	57	69	7	10
6	44	58	88	8	5
7	37	59	76	9	3
8	28	60	88	10	2
9	42	61	70	11	2
10	50	62	63	12	2
11	63	63	67	13	1
12	69	64	63	14	1
13	60	65	59	15	1
14	48	66	37		
15	65	67	40	<u>Vehicle Reference Number</u>	
16	56	68	44	1	3,375
17	87	69	43	2	2,053
18	122	70	29	3	163
19	152	71	35	4	25
20	134	72	45	5	3
21	112	73	40	6	2
22	110	74	51		
23	100	75	32		
24	119	76	36		
25	107	77	39		
26	90	78	36		
27	85	79	30		
28	101	80	31		
29	108	81	28		
30	96	82	25		
31	106	83	16		
32	109	84	20		
33	82	85	13		
34	104	86	14		
35	87	87	15		
36	75	88	8		
37	68	89	6		
38	80	90	11		
39	83	91	6		
40	72	92	5		
41	69	93	5		
42	107	94	1		
43	62				
44	69				
45	69				
46	57				
47	77				
48	49				
49	66				
50	83				

## Appendix A – Calendar of events affecting road traffic

1964-65: Road Traffic Act 1964 – Wider powers for speed limits. Trial 70 mph speed limit on motorway and other previously de-restricted roads. 50 mph speed limit on selected roads during summer.

1967: Seat belts compulsory on new cars – Permanent 70 mph speed limit on all roads. An offence to drink and attempt to drive with over 80 mg of alcohol per 100 ml of blood.

1968-69: Transport Act 1968 allowed regulations on length of drivers' working hours – 3 year old vehicles need test certificate.

1970: New regulations on lorry and PSV drivers' hours of work.

1973: Reorganisation of local government in Scotland, 9 regions and 3 islands areas and 53 districts.

1973-74: Safety helmets compulsory for 2-wheeled motor vehicle users – 50 mph national maximum speed limit, later motorway 70 mph, dual carriageway 60 mph – Vehicle lighting regulations.

1974: Road traffic act 1974 placed a duty on authorities to study road collisions and take measures to prevent them.

1975: Temporary 50 and 60 mph limits extended.

1976: Licensing Scotland Act 1976 – extension of licensing hours until 11pm – effective from 13 December 1976.

1977: 50 and 60 mph limits raised to 60 and 70 mph.

1977: Licensing Scotland Act 1976 – extension of Sunday opening – effective from October 1977.

1978: 60 and 70 mph limits permanent – New rules on maximum hours which may be worked by goods vehicle drivers.

1982: New 2-part motorcycle test from 29 March – Application of 2 year limit on provisional motorcycle licence took effect from 1 October.

1983: Transport Act 1981 introduced evidential breath testing and made seat belt wearing law for drivers and front seat passengers of most cars and light vans. Learner motorcyclists now only allowed to ride machines of up to 125 cc.

1984: Regulations introduced requiring spray reducing devices to be fitted to lorries and trailers.

1985: In December, Scottish Police Authorities introduced a policy of breath testing all drivers in an collision wherever possible.

1986: Deregulation of buses from 26 October 1986 as a result of the Transport Act 1985.

1986: All new cars manufactured from 1 October to be fitted with rear seat belts. Seat belt legislation made permanent. European Road Safety Year.

1987: Legal requirement introduced requiring all newly registered cars to be fitted with rear seat belts or child restraints from 1 April. Government sets a target to achieve a one-third reduction in road collision casualties by the year 2000.

1988: All coaches first used from 1 April 1974 using a motorway must have 70 mph limiters fitted by 1 April 1991.

1989: Penalty points increased for careless driving, driving without insurance and failing to stop after or to report an collision. Seat belt wearing by rear child passengers became law in cars where appropriate restraints have been fitted and are available. Accompanied motorcycle testing became mandatory.

1990: Compulsory basic training for motorcyclists introduced and learner drivers banned from carrying pillion passengers. High Risk Offenders Scheme for problem drink-drivers extended. New regulations requiring those accompanying learner drivers to be at least 21 years old and to have held a licence for 3 years. Scottish Road Safety Year.

1991: Seat belt wearing by rear adult passengers became law in cars where belts are fitted and available. New road hump regulations introduced to reduce traffic speed.

1992: Subsequent to the Road Traffic Act 1991, new road traffic offences and penalties came into force, including retesting of dangerous drivers. The Traffic Calming Act 1992 came into force enabling roads authorities to introduce a wide range of traffic calming measures. Requirement for minimum tread depth of 1.6 mm introduced for cars and light vans. All new goods vehicles over 7.5 tonnes fitted with 60 mph speed limiters.

1993: First speed enforcement cameras introduced in Scotland. The MOT test extended, including new checks on mirrors, windscreen condition, fuel tanks, seat and door security and number plates.

1994: First 20 mph zones introduced in Scotland. Traffic Calming (Scotland) Regulations came into force.

1995: Pass Plus scheme introduced for new drivers which encourages new drivers to take more lessons by offering discount on motor insurance.

1996: Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994 implemented with the creation of 32 unitary authorities replacing the previous regions and districts.

1996: Driving theory test introduced from 1 July for car and motorcycle learners. Road Traffic (New Drivers) Act 1996 – requires newly qualified drivers to retake the driving test if they acquire 6 or more penalty points within 2 years of passing their test – effective from 1 June 1997. Requirement for coaches and minibuses to be fitted with seat belts when carrying children on organised trips, including journeys between home and school – effective from February, 1997. End of concession, where seat belts are fitted, whereby 3 children could share a double seat.

1997: New Zebra, Pelican and Puffin crossing regulations introduced, with Puffin crossings prescribed for the first time.

1998: New Road Humps regulations came into force giving local authorities wider powers to establish road humps.

1999: Amendment to the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 gave local authorities power to introduce traffic calmed 20 mph zones and 20 mph speed limits, with or without traffic calming measures, at suitable locations. Revised Highway Code published.

2000: The Government announced a new road safety strategy and casualty reduction targets for the period to 2010 in “Tomorrow’s Roads – Safer for Everyone”. A review of speed policy was conducted and reported in ‘New Directions in Speed Management’.

2001: Amendment to the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 made it clear that school crossing patrols can stop traffic for children of all ages and adults and gave local authorities greater flexibility in the times that school crossing patrols can operate. Scottish Executive awarded nearly £15 million to local authorities for cycling, walking and safer streets projects, including safer routes to school schemes.

2002: New Home Zones (Scotland) Regulations came into force. These set out the procedures local authorities must follow when designating home zones.

2003: Revised guidance on school transport issued to local authorities. Scottish School Travel Advisory Group report published. Scottish Executive provided the funding to implement the report's key recommendation to create school travel co-ordinator posts within each Scottish local authority.

2004: Publication of the first three year review of the GB road safety strategy and casualty reduction targets, set out in "Tomorrow's Roads – Safer for Everyone".

2006: Road Safety Act passed. The Act made provision for a wide range of road safety matters, including drink driving, speeding, driver training and driver and vehicle licensing. Revised guidance on setting local speed limits issued to local authorities.

2007: Publication of the second three year review of the GB road safety strategy and casualty reduction targets, set out in "Tomorrow's Roads – Safer for Everyone". Publication of DfT Child Road Safety Strategy, which included measures by the Scottish Government to reduce child road casualties.

2008: GB consultation – Learning to Drive – published, on changes to the driver training and testing regime. GB consultation on Road Safety Compliance, covering speeding, drink driving, seat belts, drug driving and careless driving, published.

2009: Scotland's Road Safety Framework to 2020 published. The Framework sets Scottish specific targets for casualty reductions in the period to 2020, in line with an aspirational vision of a future where no-one is killed on Scotland's roads and the injury rate is greatly reduced.

2009/2010: ACPOS launched a Vehicle Forfeiture Scheme for Drink Drivers.

2010: Have You Clicked? Year long campaign launched on 19 April.

2010: 25 years of Road Safety Scotland. 2010 marks the 25th anniversary of Road Safety Scotland (RSS), previously operating as the Scottish Road Safety Campaign (SRSC)

2011: Launch of the United Nations Decade of Action for Road Safety 2011-2020.

2011: Publication of National Debate on Young Drivers' Safety presenting the findings of a national debate on young driver issues undertaken across Scotland.

2011: Publication of the New Strategic Framework for Road Safety by the UK Government.

2014: Devolution of powers to the Scottish Parliament in relation to the Drink-Drive alcohol blood limit, and certain national speed limits

2013: UK Government introduced changes for drivers guilty of offences such as tailgating or middle lane hogging with fixed penalty notices of a £100 fine and three penalty points being issued. Existing fixed penalty fines for most driving offences, including mobile phone use and not wearing a seat belt rise from £60 to £100.

2013: Publication of a review of the Guide to Improving School Transport and its accompanying report were issued to all local authorities in Scotland.

2014: Transport Minister, Keith Brown, announced plans to legislate in the next Scottish Parliament to ensure that seatbelts are provided on all dedicated school transport in Scotland.

2014: Following consultation that showed overwhelming support, Ministers reduced the drink drive limit from 80 mg per 100 ml of blood to 50 mg per 100 ml

2014: The A9 average speed camera system went live on 28 October alongside an increase in the HGV speed limit on the single carriageway sections between Perth and Inverness.

2015: Publication of “Good Practice Guide on 20 mph Speed Restrictions”

2015: Scottish Road Safety Week pilot undertaken.

2015: British Road Safety Statement published by the UK Government.

2016: The output of the Mid-term Review of Scotland’s Road Safety Framework is published.

2016: An updated Strategic Road Safety Plan for the trunk road network is published

2016: Scotland Act 2016 devolves speed limit, traffic sign and parking regulation powers to the Scottish Parliament.

2017: The Scottish Government announces plans to create a new criminal offence of drug driving.

2017: The Seat Belts on School Transport (Scotland) Bill is introduced to the Scottish Parliament by Gillian Martin MSP, with support from the Scottish Government. This aims to make a legal requirement for fitting seat belts on all dedicated school transport. National guidance with information on seat belt fitting, wearing and monitoring is published in June 2018 ahead of the Act coming into effect on 1 August 2018.

2018: The Scottish Government announces commitment to bring forward the necessary secondary legislation that will specify 17 drug types to be included as part of the new offence and the associated limits for each drug type, in Scotland in 2019.

2018: Learner drivers can now take motorway driving lessons

2019: European Parliament approves new minimum EU vehicle safety requirements that will come into force from May 2022 for new models and from May 2024 for existing models. European Commission publishes its Staff Working Document EU Road Safety Policy Framework 2021-2030 - Next steps towards "Vision Zero". From 1 July vehicle manufacturers must install a noise-emitting device – which sounds like a traditional engine – in new electric and hybrid vehicles. In July DfT publishes its revised Road Safety Statement and two-year action plan. From 21 October, Scotland adopts a 'zero tolerance' approach to the eight drugs most associated with illegal use, with limits set at a level where any claims of accidental exposure can be ruled out. Meanwhile, a list of other drugs associated with medical use will have limits based on impairment and road safety risk.

2019: EU directive on road infrastructure safety management formally adopted in October.

2020: New general safety regulations published in December 2019 came into force in January, updating existing rules on car safety contained in the general safety regulation (EC) 661/2009 and the pedestrian safety regulation (EC) 78/2009. - new mandatory EU vehicle safety measures

2020: Stockholm Declaration is agreed by UN Member States in February. This is followed by the adoption of the UN resolution A/74/L.86 "Improving global road safety" on 30 August.

July 2020: New UK Government regulations allowing trials of rental e-scooters on UK roads came into force

February 2021: publication of Scotland's Road Safety Framework to 2030 by the Scottish Government

April 2021: UK Government Automated and Electric Vehicle Act 2018 came into force; it makes provisions for a list to be kept by the Secretary of State for Transport of motor vehicles that are able to safely and lawfully drive themselves. It introduced new provisions to compensate the victims of collisions caused by AVs. To reduce the need for victims to be involved in prolonged litigation, the insurer is liable to compensate the victim without proof of fault. The insurer may then reclaim damages from any other party liable for the collision.

April 2021: consultation outcome of the Automated Lane Keeping System (ALKS) Call for Evidence published by UK Government, setting out set out how vehicles fitted with ALKS technology could legally be defined as self-driving, as long as they receive GB type approval and that there is no evidence to challenge the vehicle's ability to self-drive.

May 2021: UK first media reporting guidelines for crashes published

July 2021: DfT published their response to Review of The Highway Code to improve road safety for cyclists, pedestrians and horse riders. Subject to Parliamentary approval, DfT will work with the Driver and Vehicle Standards Agency to update The Highway Code. Online and hard copy versions of the revised code will be produced before the end of 2021.

Sept 2021: School transport guidance 2021 published by the Scottish Government

Sept 2021: review of INDG382 Driving for Work complete and published by HSE

Sept 2021: Scottish Government commits to ensure all appropriate roads in built up areas have a safer speed limit of 20 mph by 2025

October 2021: Traffic Regulation Order Regulations laid before Scottish parliament

## Appendix C - Consultation & reviews

### Introduction

This Appendix describes the arrangements for consulting users and providers of the road collision statistics. It also discusses the regular reviews of the Stats 19 road collision statistics specification, describing the changes to the Stats 19 specification in 2005 and the future recommendations resulting from the recent (2008) review.

### The Liaison Group on Road Accident Statistics (LGRAS)

Transport Scotland (TS) consults the Liaison Group on Road Accident Statistics (LGRAS), whose members include representatives of each Police Force and of the Association of Chief Police Officers (Scotland), of some individual local authorities and of the Society of Chief Officers of Transportation in Scotland, and of other types of user of the statistics, including the Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents, the Institute of Road Safety Officers in Scotland, a transport consultant, and an academic researcher. LGRAS meets, on average, once a year. It discusses matters such as the arrangements for the supply of the road collision statistics data, the quality of the information collected and implications of using the data for certain purposes, the likely availability of other information, proposals for changes to the Stats 19 road collision statistics specification, and improvements.

Further details of LGRAS (including papers and minutes) are available on the [Transport Scotland website](#).

### The Standing Committee on Road Accident Statistics (SCRAS)

Users and providers of reported road collision statistics across Great Britain are consulted via the Standing Committee on Road Accident Statistics (SCRAS), chaired by the Department for Transport (DfT). Its members include representatives Police Scotland, TS, and other interested parties from across Great Britain. SCRAS is responsible for reviewing the GB-wide Stats 19 road collision statistics specification (see below) and discusses other aspects of the collection and use of the road collision statistics.

Further information is available from Anil Bhagat at the DfT (Tel: 020 7944 3078).

## Reviews of the Stats 19 road collision statistics specification

National & local government police forces across Great Britain work closely to achieve an agreed standard for the system for collecting & processing statistics on road collisions involving personal injury. The statistics are subject to regular reviews (led by SCRAS) as part of the continued drive to improve quality and meet user needs whilst minimising the burden of collection.

The most recent STATS19 review started in autumn 2018 and has made a number of recommendations on changes to STATS19 going forward. These were based on evidence and detailed discussion with the review group.

Key recommendations can be found in the full [STATS19 review report](#).

For further information please contact: [STATS19REVIEW@dft.gov.uk](mailto:STATS19REVIEW@dft.gov.uk)

## Appendix D - Definitions and points to note

### The definition of severity used in the Road Collision statistics

The classification of the severity of an collision (as fatal, serious or slight) is determined by the severity of the injury to the most severely injured casualty. The police usually record this information soon after the collision occurs. However, if further information becomes available which would alter the classification (for example, if a person dies within 30 days of the collision, as a result of the injuries sustained in the collision) the police change the initial classification of the severity.

For the purposes of the Road Collisions statistical returns:

a ***fatal injury*** is one which causes death less than 30 days after the collision;

a ***fatal collision*** is an collision in which at least one person is fatally injured;

a ***serious injury*** is one which does *not* cause death less than 30 days after the collision, *and* which is in one (or more) of the following categories:

(a) an injury for which a person is detained in hospital as an in-patient

or (b) any of the following injuries (whether or not the person is detained in hospital): fractures, concussion, internal injuries, crushings, severe cuts and lacerations, severe general shock requiring treatment

or (c) any injury causing death 30 or more days after the collision;

a ***serious collision*** is one in which at least one person is seriously injured, but no-one suffers a fatal injury;

a ***slight injury*** is any injury which is neither fatal nor serious – for example, a sprain, bruise or cut which is not judged to be severe, or slight shock requiring roadside attention;

a ***slight collision*** is one in which at least one person suffers slight injuries, but no-one is seriously injured, or fatally injured.

From the middle of 2019 Police Scotland started to use the new CRaSH system for recording details of an collision. This provides a more detailed definition of the severity of casualties. The following table lists the options for determining how severe an injury is. It should be noted that in some cases in 2020 although the most

severe injury appears to be slight, if the casualty was subsequently admitted to hospital the casualty severity was classed as serious. The introduction of CRaSH has meant that the severity of injuries is recorded more accurately and has led to an increase in the number of serious injuries. Figures are therefore not directly comparable with those for the previous years.

## Classification of injury severity using the CRASH reporting system

Injury in CRASH	Detailed severity	Severity classification
Deceased	Killed	Killed
Broken neck or back	Very Serious	Serious
Severe head injury, unconscious	Very Serious	Serious
Severe chest injury, any difficulty breathing	Very Serious	Serious
Internal injuries	Very Serious	Serious
Multiple severe injuries, unconscious	Very Serious	Serious
Loss of arm or leg (or part)	Moderately Serious	Serious
Fractured pelvis or upper leg	Moderately Serious	Serious
Other chest injury (not bruising)	Moderately Serious	Serious
Deep penetrating wound	Moderately Serious	Serious
Multiple severe injuries, conscious	Moderately Serious	Serious
Fractured lower leg or ankle or foot	Less Serious	Serious
Fractured arm or collarbone or hand	Less Serious	Serious
Deep cuts or lacerations	Less Serious	Serious
Other head injury	Less Serious	Serious

Injury in CRASH	Detailed severity	Severity classification
Whiplash or neck pain	Slight	Slight
Shallow cuts or lacerations or abrasions	Slight	Slight
Sprains and strains	Slight	Slight
Bruising	Slight	Slight
Shock	Slight	Slight

Over the years, improvements in vehicle design, and the provision and use of additional safety features, together with changes in the law (eg on the fitting and wearing of seat belts), will all have helped to reduce the severity of the injuries suffered in some collisions. Road safety measures should also have reduced the levels of injuries sustained. For example, if traffic calming schemes reduce average speeds, people may suffer only slight injury in collisions that previously would have taken place at higher speeds and so might previously have resulted in serious injury.

However, it is also possible that some of the changes shown in the statistics of serious injuries and slight injuries may be due to changes in administrative practices, which may have altered the proportion of collisions which is categorised as serious. For example, the distinction between serious and slight injuries could be affected by factors such as changes in hospitals' admission policies. All else being equal, the number of serious injury cases would rise, and the number of slight injury cases would fall, if it became standard procedure for a hospital to keep in overnight, for precautionary reasons, casualties with a particular type of injury.

The increase in the number of serious injury collisions in 1994 was partly attributed to a change in the health boards' policies in admitting more child casualties for overnight observation, which in turn changed the classification of many injuries from slight to serious. The number of child casualties recorded as having serious injuries in 1994 was 35% higher than in the previous year. There could also be changes in hospitals' procedures that would reduce the numbers of serious injury cases. In addition, there is anecdotal evidence that changes in procedures for assigning severity codes may affect the categorisation of injuries. For example, different severity codes might be assigned by a police officer who was at the scene of an collision and by a clerk who bases the code on a police officer's written description of the collision.

## Other definitions

**Collision:** The statistical returns include only those collisions which result in personal injury, which occur on roads (including footways), in which a vehicle is

concerned, and which become known to the police. The vehicle need not be moving and it need not be in collision. The statistics are therefore of injury road collisions only: damage-only collisions are not included in the figures.

**Adults:** People aged 16 and over.

**Built-up roads:** collisions which occur on built-up roads are those which occur on roads which have speed limits of up to 40 miles per hour (*ignoring* temporary speed limits on roads for which the normal speed limit is over 40mph). Therefore, an collision on a motorway in an urban area would *not* be counted as occurring on a built-up road, because the speed limit on the motorway is 70mph. An collision on a stretch of motorway with a temporary speed limit of 30mph would *not* be counted as occurring on a built-up road, because the normal speed limit is 70mph.

**Buses and coaches:** Include works' buses and (in past years) trams and trolley buses. Vehicles are coded according to their construction, irrespective of their use at the time of the collision. Thus, vehicles of bus construction which are privately licensed are included under 'buses and coaches', while Public Service Vehicle licensed minibuses are included under minibuses.

**Cars:** Include estate cars and three-wheeled cars.

**Casualty:** A person killed or injured in an collision. One collision may give rise to several casualties.

**Children:** People under 16 years old.

**Darkness:** From half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise, ie 'lighting-up time'.

**Drivers:** Persons in control of vehicles other than pedal cycles and two-wheeled motor vehicles.

**Goods vehicles:** Vans, lorries, tankers, milk floats, tractor units travelling without their trailer units.

**Heavy goods vehicles:** From 1994, heavy goods vehicles have been defined as goods vehicles with a maximum permissible gross vehicle weight of more than 3.5 tonnes. Prior to 1994, they were defined as those with an *unladen* weight of more than 1.5 tons (1.52 tonnes).

**Junction:** A place at which two or more roads meet, whatever the angle of the axes of the roads (including roundabouts), or within 20 metres of such a place.

**Killed:** Sustained injuries which caused death less than 30 days after the collision.

**Light goods vehicles:** From 1994, light goods vehicles have been defined as goods vehicles with a maximum permissible gross vehicle weight of up to 3.5 tonnes. Prior to 1994, they were defined as those with an *unladen* weight of 1.5 tons (1.52 tonnes) or less.

**Major roads:** Motorways and A roads.

**Minor roads:** B roads, C roads and unclassified roads.

**Motorcycles:** Includes all two wheeled motor vehicles.

**Motorists:** The drivers or riders of motor vehicles (including, for example, motorcyclists).

**Motorways:** Include A(M) roads.

**Non built-up roads:** Roads for which the normal speed limit (*ignoring* any temporary speed limits) is more than 40mph.

**Other vehicles:** Include ambulances, fire engines, pedestrian-controlled vehicles with motors, railway trains or engines, refuse vehicles, road rollers, tractors, excavators, mobile cranes, tower wagons, army tanks, etc – and from 1999, motor caravans. Other non-motor vehicles include those drawn by an animal, ridden horses, invalid carriages without motor, street barrows, etc.

**Passengers:** Occupants of vehicles, other than the person in control, including pillion passengers.

**Pedal cycles:** Including toy cycles ridden on the carriageway, tandems and tricycles. Pedal cyclists includes any passengers of pedal cycles.

**Pedestrians:** Includes people riding toy cycles on the footway, people pushing bicycles, people pushing or pulling other vehicles or operating pedestrian-controlled vehicles, those leading or herding animals, occupants of prams or wheelchairs, and people who alight safely from vehicles and are subsequently injured.

**Riders:** People in control of pedal cycles or two-wheeled motor vehicles.

**Road users:** Pedestrians and vehicle riders, drivers and passengers.

**Trunk roads:** Roads for whose upkeep Scottish Government Ministers are responsible.

**Users of a vehicle:** All occupants, ie driver (or rider) and passengers, including persons injured while boarding or alighting from the vehicle.

**Vehicles involved in collisions:** Any vehicle directly involved in an collision where at least one injury is sustained by a pedestrian or vehicle driver, rider or passenger. Vehicles which collide after the initial collision which caused injury are not included, unless they aggravate the degree of injury or lead to further casualties.

## Some other points to note

### Driver and casualty postcodes, and estimated distances between homes and the locations of collisions

Postcodes were added to the Stats 19 returns in 1999. It was accepted that their collection would have to be phased in, as they became readily available from police administrative systems. Indeed, the Stats 20 instructions state if the postcode is not immediately available, leave blank. As a result, blank (or the not known code) is used more often than should be the case in future. There are also codes for non-UK residents and for parked and unattended vehicles.

The straight line (or as the crow flies) distance between the location of the collision and the home of a driver, rider or casualty was estimated using the postcode of the person's home. The grid co-ordinates of the centre of the postcode were obtained from the General Register Office for Scotland's postcode directory file. These were taken as an approximation to the grid co-ordinates of the person's home, and used in conjunction with the grid co-ordinates of the location of the collision (as reported by the police) to estimate the distance. A similar approach was used in the small proportion of cases where there was only the start of a postcode (eg the police might record EH10 if they knew that someone lived in Edinburgh 10, but they could not provide the full postcode) or where only the postal district or postcode sector could be matched with the postcode directory. A distance could not be estimated if the postcode were blank, coded not known or non-UK resident, did not contain a valid postal district, or were for a place outwith Scotland.

### Vehicle type: coding of motor caravans

The vehicle type code formerly used for 'Minibus/motor caravan' (code 10) was changed in 1999:

- **Minibus:** the code 10 category now covers only minibuses;
- **Motor caravans** are not identified as a separate category – they are now included with 'Other motor vehicles' (code 14)

As a result, the figures for the categories described in the tables as minibus and other are on different bases for (a) 1998 and earlier years and (b) 1999 and later years. The scale of the discontinuity is not known, because motor caravans have not been identified separately in the statistical returns. However, it is likely that this change has contributed to the fall in the minibus figures between 1998 and 1999, and the rise in the other figures.

## Estimates of the total volume of road traffic

Some tables include estimates of traffic volumes, or collision or casualty rates calculated from them. The traffic estimates were provided by the Department for Transport (DfT), which produces estimates of the total volume of road traffic for Scotland and for other parts of Great Britain.

DfT's estimates are based on an urban/rural classification of roads, *not* on the built-up/non built-up classification of roads used in the traffic estimates that were made up to 2002 (which is still used for the collision and casualty statistics). In general:

- an urban road is a road (other than a Motorway) that lies within the boundaries of an urban area with a population of 10,000 or more in 2001;
- a built-up road is one that has a speed limit of 40 m.p.h. or less

As traffic on a particular road can be classed as rural whilst collisions occurring on it classed as built-up, it would be incorrect to estimate an area's collision rate for built-up roads by dividing its number of collisions on built-up roads by its estimated volume of traffic on urban roads. Therefore, estimates of built-up and non built-up collision rates are provided in Table 5 *only* for Scotland as a *whole* – and these estimates may *not* be precise, due to the nature of the classifications.

The DfT traffic estimates provide only a rough indication of the likely total volume of traffic in each Council area. These are not National Statistics. For example, DfT believes that its estimates of the volume of traffic on minor roads (i.e. B, C and unclassified roads) for Scotland as a whole are of acceptable quality. However, the 320 or so counts now taken per year at minor road sites across Scotland represent an average of 10 per local authority per year – clearly too few to be the basis of reliable estimates for individual local authority areas for each year. DfT therefore estimate the total volume of traffic on minor roads in individual local authority areas in other ways (outlined in *Scottish Transport Statistics*). The resulting estimates, which are consistent with the overall totals for Scotland as a whole, provide only a broad indication of the likely total volume of traffic on minor roads in each local authority area. As a result:

- it is not possible for DfT to quantify the possible margins of error around them;

- they are not classed as National Statistics;
- more detailed breakdowns of the estimates for individual local authority areas (e.g. separately for B, C and unclassified roads; or for urban roads and rural roads) are not published

In addition, DfT's estimates of traffic on major roads in each local authority area are also not classed as National Statistics. They too are based on limited data: as manual traffic counts are taken on a rotating census basis, there may be several years between successive counts at a particular site. Therefore, DfT notes that there could be large errors in its traffic estimates for the major roads in some of the smaller local authority areas. Similar considerations apply to DfT's estimates of the total volume of traffic on all roads in each area, which are produced by adding together its estimates of traffic on major roads and on minor roads.

In conclusion: DfT provides its estimates of the volume of traffic in each local authority area as the best that it can produce from the limited amount of data available to it – rough indications of the likely volume of traffic in each area, for use with caution, as no better estimates are available.

## Appendix E - Local Government Reorganisation and the Trunk Road Network

### Introduction

This Appendix explains how statistics for the areas of the new Councils were produced for the period prior to local government reorganisation on 1 April 1996. It then describes the trunk road network the changes made to it then, and their effect on the statistics. The next section is about identifying collisions which occurred prior to 1 April 1996 on the roads which formed the post- 1 April 1996 trunk road network, so that figures could be produced on a consistent basis pre- and post-1996. Subsequent sections explain how the effect of the change for individual Council areas can be assessed, how the 1994-98 averages for trunk roads and local authority roads were calculated, and how collision and casualty rates for 1995 and earlier years were calculated. The final section mentions how the statistics for some types of road in some areas may be affected by the opening of new roads.

### Local Government re-organisation

The reorganisation of local government established new Councils with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April 1996, to replace the former Regions, Districts and Island Areas. Statistics for the areas covered by the new Councils for earlier years (back to 1981) were derived in three ways:

- In the case of the former Island Areas, by allocating all the collisions which occurred in each Island Area to the relevant Council.
- In those cases where a whole District fell in a new Council's area, by allocating all the collisions which occurred in that District to the area of the new Council.
- In the case of collisions occurring in the five Districts which had major parts falling in several new Councils' areas, by a special exercise, which used the grid co-ordinates recorded for each individual collision to allocate it to the area of one of the new Councils, using a computer mapping system. This was successful for 99% of collisions for these five Districts, consistently over all years from 1981. The remaining 1% of the collisions in the five Districts were assigned to the new Council in which the majority of the District's collisions fell. This should cause only a very small error (considerably less than 1%) for any of the new Councils, in any year.

## The Trunk Road Network

Trunk roads are those roads for whose upkeep Scottish Ministers are responsible. The Government's view, when it reviewed the trunk road network in 1994, was that the trunk road network should:

- provide the road user with a coherent and continuous system of routes which serve destinations of importance to industry, commerce, agriculture and tourism;
- define nationally important routes which will be developed in line with strategic national transport demands; and
- ensure that those roads which are of predominantly local importance are managed locally.

Currently, the trunk road network in Scotland consists of all the Motorways plus some (but not all) of the A roads. In some cases, the trunk road network may include the whole of a particular road; in other cases, only certain stretches of a road may be part of the trunk road network. For example, only that part of the A7 which runs south of the junction with the A6091 near Galashiels is part of the current trunk road network: the northern part is *not* a trunk road.

## Changes to the trunk road network in April 1996, and their effect on the statistics

Following the review of the trunk road network, several changes were made with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April 1996 (coinciding with the reorganisation of local government). Some roads (or stretches of road) which had previously been part of the trunk road network were transferred to local authority control: examples include the A7 from near Edinburgh to near Galashiels, and the A91 from the M90 to St Andrews. Some roads which had previously been the responsibility of local authorities became part of the new trunk road network: examples include the A720 Edinburgh City bypass east of the M8 extension and the A95 from Aviemore to Keith. The overall result was that, on 1<sup>st</sup> April 1996, about 214 miles of road ceased to be trunk road, and about 361 miles of road became trunk road.

Because of these changes to the trunk road network, the original figures for the numbers of collisions which occurred on trunk roads before and after 1<sup>st</sup> April 1996 were on different bases, and a comparison could be misleading. Comparisons of the figures for local authority roads could also be misleading, particularly when one looked at the figures for the areas covered by certain Councils, because they may relate to significantly different road networks before and after 1 April 1996.

## Identifying collisions which occurred before April 1996 on the roads which formed the post- 1 April 1996 trunk road network, to enable comparison of the numbers before and after 1996

In order to get figures for some of the years before 1996 which were on the basis of the post- 1 April 1996 road network, a special exercise was undertaken. This identified, from among the collisions which took place between 1<sup>st</sup> January 1992 and 31<sup>st</sup> March 1996, those which occurred on the stretches of road which form the new trunk road network (i.e. the trunk road network that took effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April 1996). As a result, the information that is available in the Transport Statistics branch database enables figures to be produced for the numbers of road collisions on trunk roads, and on local authority roads, using the following definitions of the status of the road:

- a. status *at the time* of the collision - these figures are available for all years
- b. status in terms of the *old* network - available up to 31 March 1996 only
- c. status in terms of the *new* network - available for all years from 1992

It should be noted that the definitions under (b) and (c) above should, strictly speaking, be expanded:

i. For collisions which occurred *before* 31<sup>st</sup> March 1996, (b) is actually the status *at the time* of the collision (rather than the status *at 31 March 1996*): the two will differ in the case of any roads whose status changed *before* 31 March 1996. For example, if a road ceased to be a trunk road on (say) 15 May 1994, then definition (b) would show it as a trunk road for collisions before that date, and would show it as a local authority road thereafter.

ii. For collisions which occurred *after* 1<sup>st</sup> April 1996, © is actually the status *at the time* of the collision (rather than the status *at 1 April 1996*): the two will differ in the case of any roads whose status changed *after* 1 April 1996. For example, if a road ceased to be a trunk road on (say) 8 July 1996, then definition © would show it as a trunk road for collisions before that date, and would show it as a local authority road thereafter.

## Assessing the effect of the April 1996 changes on the figures for trunk roads and for local authority roads, for individual local authority areas

Because data for 1992 to 1995 are available both on the basis of the old trunk road network and on the basis of the new trunk road network, one can see the extent of the change in the number of collisions on the trunk road network that was caused by the transfer of roads (or stretches of roads) between the trunk road network and the local authority road network. Similarly, one can compare the figures on the two bases for the local authority road network to see the extent of the change in the total number of collisions on that network that was caused by the transfers.

1992-95 averages on both bases were included in, for example, Tables 4 and 40© of *Road Collisions Scotland 2000*. The figures in the first of these tables showed that the April 1996 changes had little effect on the trunk road network's overall share of the total number of collisions in Scotland as a whole. However, the figures in the second table showed that the changes did have a noticeable effect on the trunk road network's share in some parts of Scotland. For example, the 1992-95 annual average number of casualties, on all types of road, in the area which is now covered by Highland Council was 1,079. Of these, an average of 423 (39%) occurred on the roads which formed the pre- 1 April 1996 trunk road network, and 495 (46%) occurred on the roads which formed the post- 1 April 1996 trunk road network. Therefore, the April 1996 changes could have a noticeable effect on the 1994-98 averages for trunk roads and local authority major roads for some local authority areas.

## How the statistics for some types of road in some areas may be affected by the opening of new roads

Finally, it should be noted that analysis by type of road does *not* take account of changes in the numbers of collisions which result from *traffic* transferring from one kind of road to another when a new road opens. For example, when a new road is built, the majority of the traffic which uses it may be traffic that previously used another road. In some cases (eg when a motorway is constructed to replace an existing trunk road) the original road which carried the traffic may cease to be a trunk road when the new road opens, because the new road replaces it as a trunk road. However, the records of the collisions which occurred on the original road will continue to show that they occurred on the original road: they will *not* be amended to be counted against the new road. In such a case, when the statistics are analysed on the basis of the new networks, those collisions which occurred on the original road will be counted as occurring on what is now part of the new local authority road network, and those collisions which occurred on the new road will be counted as

occurring on the new trunk road network. When one looks at series of figures for the new networks for a number of years, which span the year of the change, the figures for the new local authority network would fall, and the figures for the new trunk road network might rise, in the year in which the new road was opened, because of the transfer of traffic from the original road (which was a trunk road then, but is now part of the local authority road network) to the new road (which is part of the new trunk road network).

# Appendix G - Calculations of the likely range of random year-to-year variation in road collision and casualty numbers

## Introduction

This Appendix describes the methods that were used to calculate the likely range of random year-to-year variation in road collision and casualty numbers for Scotland as a whole that are shown in Figures 2, 3, 4 and 5. Two different methods were used: a simple method for Figures 2, 3 and 5, and a more complex method for Figure 4.

## Calculating the likely ranges of values for Figures 2, 3 and 5

In the case of Figures 2, 3 and 5, the likely ranges of values were calculated on the assumption that the numbers are the outcome of a Poisson process. This is a process in which events occur at random, with the probability of an event occurring depending upon the underlying rate of their occurrence (*not* upon how long it has been since a previous event, *nor* upon the number of events that have occurred in a recent period). For the purpose of producing these charts, it was assumed that the underlying rate of occurrence in each year is the same as the value of the 5-year moving average centred on that year. (That is why there are no grey dashed lines for the last two years: one cannot calculate a 5-year moving average centred on 2020 until one has the values for 2021 and 2022).

A characteristic of a Poisson distribution is that the mean and the (statistical) variance are the same. Because the numbers are all much larger than 100, the assumption of asymptotic normality applies, and one would expect only about 5% of cases to fall outwith a 95% confidence interval range of plus or minus two standard deviations. Therefore, the upper and lower limits shown on the chart were calculated simply as the moving average plus and minus twice the standard deviation (for smaller numbers, exact ranges could have been calculated using the inverse Chi-square distribution). In the case of Figures 2, 3 and 5, the standard deviation was taken to be the square root of the assumed variance (i.e. the square root of the assumed underlying rate, and therefore the square root of the moving average).

In terms of statistical theory, this approach is appropriate for the number of fatal collisions (shown in Figure 2). However, it is a simplification in the case of the numbers of casualties of various types (shown in Figures 3, 4 and 5), because they have *two* random elements: the occurrence of an collision, and the number of casualties in it. The numbers of casualties would therefore be expected to have a greater range of statistical variability than that resulting from a simple Poisson

process. However, as it happens, the simple approach appears to suffice for Figures 3 and 5 (probably because the numbers involved are relatively small, and therefore, as discussed in Section 1.4 of the Commentary, the calculated ranges are quite wide in percentage terms) – but the larger numbers in Figure 4 require a more complex method of calculation of the likely range of values.

## Calculating the likely range of values for Figure 4

An initial version of Figure 4 was produced using the approach described above – i.e. the numbers of casualties were assumed to be the result of a Poisson process whose underlying rate for each year was the moving average for that year. The standard deviation was simply calculated from the square root of the moving average, and the ranges were simply +/- twice this standard deviation. However, the initial version of the chart showed that this approach under-estimated greatly the variability of the figures, as over half the years (53%) had values which were outwith the calculated ranges.

It was noted earlier that the variation in the number of casualties is likely to be greater than that which would result from a simple Poisson process. A method to deal with this extra-Poisson variation is discussed in a paper by Washington State Department of Health, [Guidelines for using Confidence Intervals for Public Health Assessment](#).

The paper discussed the statistical problem of multiple admissions. For example, an asthma patient may be admitted many times, so that multiple admissions for an individual person are not likely to be independent of each other. A person who is hospitalised once for asthma is more likely to be hospitalised for asthma again than someone who has never been hospitalised for asthma. Therefore, the total count of admissions may not follow a Poisson distribution, and it is typical for the total count in such a situation to exhibit greater variability than would be expected from a Poisson process. As a result, simple methods of estimation (like those used to produce Figures 2, 3 and 5) will produce intervals which are too narrow.

The method proposed for calculating the variance in such a case is set out at section 4.6.2 of the Washington State Department of Health paper.

There is a clear analogy here with the road casualty figures. In our terms:

- $d$  is the number of killed and seriously injured casualties;
- $d_j$  is the number of killed and seriously injured casualties for collision  $j$ ; and
- $P$  is the total number of injury collisions (including slight collisions)

We want to calculate the variance of  $d$ .

Because  $R = d / P$  it follows that  $d = R * P$  and the variance of  $d$  can be calculated from the variance of  $R$ .

The calculation of the variance of  $R$  requires one to sum the squares of the  $d_j$ s – i.e. the squares of the numbers of people who were killed or seriously injured in each injury collision. These numbers were extracted from the Transport Scotland's computer database, which holds details of individual injury collisions back to 1979. For example, in 1979 there were 23,064 injury collisions. 14,800 of these had only slight casualties, 7,077 had one KSI casualty, 843 had two KSI casualties, 195 had three KSI casualties, and so on. The sum of the squares of the  $d_j$ s is then simply  $(7,077 * 1^2) + (843 * 2^2) + (195 * 3^2) +$  and so on. The variance of  $R$  can therefore be calculated for each year for 1979 onwards. Because figures for the numbers of casualties in each injury collision are not available for earlier years, it is not possible to calculate variances on this basis for years before 1979.

There is an added complication in our case as the total number of injury collisions (our  $P$ ), which was assumed to be the result of a Poisson process, is *also* subject to random year-to-year variation, and therefore also has a variance associated with it. The standard deviation here can be calculated in the simple way, just the square root of the moving average value.

Then, because  $d = R * P$ , the variance of  $d$  is calculated as the variance of  $R$  plus the variance of  $P$ . (There is no covariance between the  $d_j$  and the  $P_j$ , because the value of  $P_j$  is equal to one for every value of  $d_j$ , since each  $P_j$  is a single injury collision).

The likely ranges of values are then calculated in the usual way, with the interval being +/- twice the standard deviation.

Figure 4 was prepared on this basis. This method appears to produce more realistic measures of the variability of the number of KSI casualties, but there are many years' figures (around a third) outwith the calculated ranges. The likely reason for this is that *statistical variability is not the only reason for year-to-year changes* – other factors have contributed to sharp falls and rises in KSI casualty numbers, as discussed in the publication Commentary. As the Commentary mentioned, in effect, *such factors change the Poisson process's underlying rate of occurrence of collisions and/or casualties*, and therefore, in effect, introduce a break into the series of moving average values. The method used to calculate the likely range of random year-to-year variation cannot take account of the effect of such changes.

## Errors in the previous edition

This list covers errors which occurred in the preparation of the tables or the commentary in *Reported Road Casualties Scotland*.

We apologise for the following errors, which we have found in the previous edition.

Table G There was an error in the formulae used to calculate the index figures for 2021. This has now been corrected in this edition.

Table 18a The figures used for adjusted serious were repeated for adjusted serious by mistake.

If there are time-series tables that include years for which the previous edition's figures were wrong, these are correct in the current publication.

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The data collected for this statistical bulletin:

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